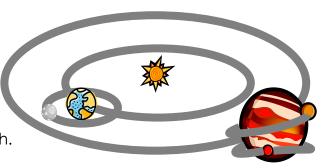
In-class Worksheet 3

# Viewing and Hierarchical Modeling

### 1. Modeling a (part of) a Solar System

Fix the following code so that it correctly models the Earth and Moon positions. You can insert Push/Pop commands and rearrange any lines of code you wish.



```
PushMatrix
Scale(7917,7917,7917) // Set Earth diameter
Translate (AU,0,0) // AU = distance from Earth to Sun
Rotate 360*days/365,(0,1,0) // Rotation around sun
Scale (2159,2519,2519) // Set moon diameter
Rotate 360*days/27,(0,1,0) // Moon rotation around Earth
Translate 238856,0,0 // Earth to moon distance
DrawMoon
DrawEarth
PopMatrix
```

#### **PushMatrix**

Rotate 360\*days/365,(0,1,0) // Rotation around sun

Translate (AU,0,0) // AU = distance from Earth to Sun

**PushMatrix** 

Rotate 360\*days/27,(0,1,0) // Moon rotation around Earth

Translate 238856,0,0 // Earth to moon distance

Scale (2159,2519,2519) // Set moon diameter

**DrawMoon** 

**PopMatrix** 

Scale(7917,7917,7917) // Set Earth diameter

DrawEarth

**PopMatrix** 

### 2. Memory Layout of Matrices in WebGL

Suppose we have the following transformation matrix:

Write down the column-major layout of the matrix in memory:

## adg0beh0cfi0txtytz1

Write down the row-major layout of the matrix in memory:

## abctxdeftyghitz0001

Our vertex shaders have typically transformed vertex positions using a line of code like this:

Suppose in your JavaScript code your matrices are laid out in row-major instead of column-major order. How could you change the vertex shader code to accommodate that? Just alter the one line.

```
gl_Position = transpose(uMVMatrix)*vec4(aVertexPosition, 1.0);
```

#### 3. View Transformation

What viewing transformation matrix is produced by having the eyepoint at (1,0,0) with the lookat point at (4,0,0) and an up vector of <0,1,0>?

$$w = \langle -1,0,0 \rangle$$
  

$$u = \langle 0,0,1 \rangle$$
  

$$v = \langle 0,1,0 \rangle$$
  

$$e = \langle 1,0,0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u & v & w & e \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$