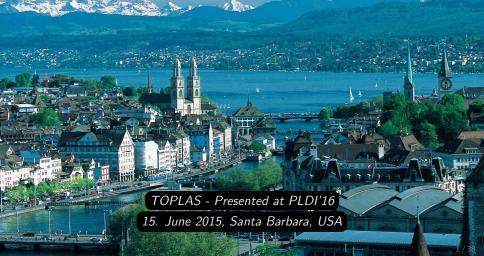
Polyhedral AST generation is more than scanning polyhedra

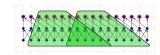
Tobias Grosser, Sven Verdoolaege, Albert Cohen

ETH Zurich, Polly Labs, INRIA

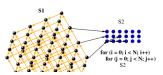




AST Generation at the Heart of Research



PolyMage - ASPLOS'15



Pluto - PLDI'08



Basic Structured Linear Algebra Compiler - CGO'16



Associative Reordering - PLDI'14



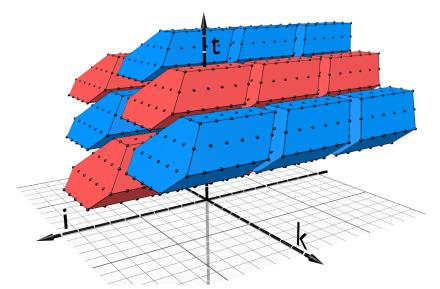
LLVM Polly - PPL'12



Hybrid-Hexagonal Tiling of Stencils - CGO'14



Hybrid-Hexagonal Tiling for Stencil Computations



Copy code from hybrid hexagonal tiling - Original



Copy code from hybrid hexagonal tiling - Unrolled

```
A[0][6 * b0 + 1][128 * g7 + (t1 + 125) % 128) - 1] = ...;
A[0][6 * b0 + 2][128 * g7 + (t1 + 127) % 128) - 3] = ...;
if (t1 <= 2 && t1 >= 1)
   A[0][6 * b0 + 2][128 * g7 + t1 + 128] = ...;
A[0][6 * b0 + 3][128 * g7 + (t1 + 127) % 128) - 3] = ...;
if (t1 <= 2 && t1 >= 1)
   A[0][6 * b0 + 3][128 * g7 + t1 + 128] = ...;
A[0][6 * b0 + 4][128 * g7 + (t1 + 125) % 128) - 1] = ...;
A[1][6 * b0 + 1][128 * g7 + (t1 + 126) % 128) - 2] = ...;
A[1][6 * b0 + 2][128 * g7 + (t1 + 126) % 128) - 2] = ...;
if (t1 <= 3 && t1 >= 2)
   A[1][6 * b0 + 2][128 * g7 + t1 + 128] = ...;
A[1][6 * b0 + 3][128 * g7 + (t1 + 126) % 128) - 2] = ...;
if (t1 <= 3 && t1 >= 2)
   A[1][6 * b0 + 3][128 * g7 + t1 + 128] = ...;
A[1][6 * b0 + 4][128 * g7 + (t1 + 126) % 128) - 2] = ...;
```



State of Variables



State of Variables

$$n=4$$
, $i=0$, $j=0$



State of Variables

$$n=4$$
, $i=1$, $j=0$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 1$, $j = 1$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 0$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 1$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 2$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 0$

$$S(3,0),$$

 $S(2,0),$ $S(2,1),$ $S(2,2)$
 $S(1,0),$ $S(1,1)$
 $S(0,0)$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 1$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 2$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 3$

$$S(3,0), S(3,1), S(3,2), S(3,3)$$

 $S(2,0), S(2,1), S(2,2)$
 $S(1,0), S(1,1)$
 $S(0,0)$



State of Variables

$$n=4$$
, $i=4$, $j=0$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 1$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 2$



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 3$

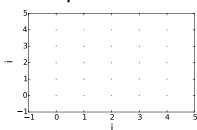


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 4$



Iteration space

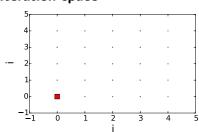


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 4$



Iteration space

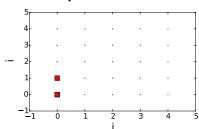


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 0$, $j = 0$



Iteration space

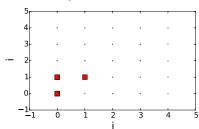


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 1$, $j = 0$



Iteration space

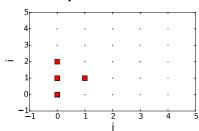


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 1$, $j = 1$



Iteration space

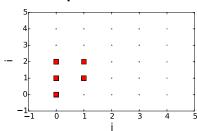


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 0$



Iteration space

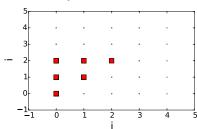


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 1$



Iteration space

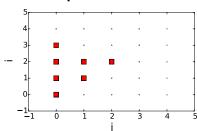


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 2$, $j = 2$



Iteration space

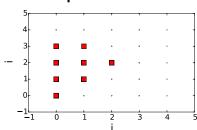


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 0$



Iteration space

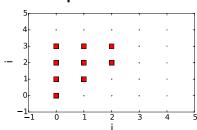


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 1$



Iteration space

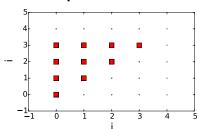


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 2$



Iteration space

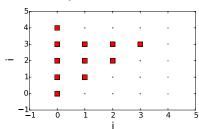


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 3$, $j = 3$



Iteration space

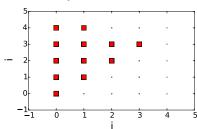


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 0$



Iteration space

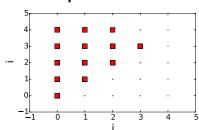


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 1$



Iteration space

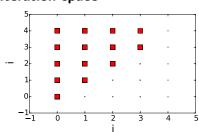


State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 2$



Iteration space



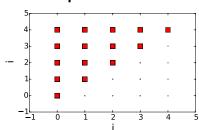
State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 3$



Program

Iteration space



State of Variables

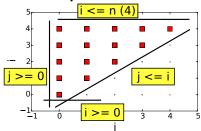
$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 4$

Statement Instances Executed



Program

Iteration space



State of Variables

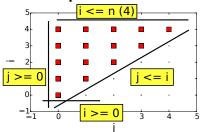
$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 4$

Statement Instances Executed



Program

Iteration space



State of Variables

$$n = 4$$
, $i = 4$, $j = 4$

Statement Instances Executed

$$= \{S(i,j) \mid 0 \le i \le n \land 0 \le j \le i\}$$



$$\{ S1(i) \rightarrow (i, 0, 0) | 0 \le i < n; \\ S2(i, j) \rightarrow (i, 1, j) | 0 \le j < i < n; \\ S3(i) \rightarrow (i, 2, 0) | 0 \le i < n \}$$



$$\{ (i, 0, 0) \to S1(i) & | 0 \le i < n; \\ (i, 1, j) \to S2(i, j) & | 0 \le j < i < n; \\ (i, 2, 0) \to S3(i) & | 0 \le i < n \}$$



Project on dim. 1

$$\{ (i) \mid \mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{i} < \mathbf{n} \}$$



$$\{ (i,0,0) \rightarrow S1(i)$$

$$(i,1,j) \rightarrow S2(i,j)$$

$$(i,2,0) \rightarrow S3(i)$$

$$| 0 \le i < n;$$

 $| 0 \le j < i < n;$
 $| 0 \le i < n \}$

Project on dim. 1

$$\{ (i) \mid \mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{i} < \mathbf{n} \}$$

Project on dim. 1, 2

$$\{ (i,t) \mid 0 \le i < n \land \mathbf{0} \le \mathbf{t} \le \mathbf{2} \}$$



$$\{ (i,0,0) \rightarrow S1(i)$$

$$(i,1,j) \rightarrow S2(i,j)$$

$$(i,2,0) \rightarrow S3(i)$$

$$| 0 \le i < n;$$

 $| 0 \le j < i < n;$
 $| 0 \le i < n \}$

Project on dim. 1

$$\{ (i) \mid \mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{i} < \mathbf{n} \}$$

Project on dim. 1, 2

$$\{ (i,t) \mid 0 \le i < n \land \mathbf{0} \le \mathbf{t} \le \mathbf{2} \}$$

Project on dim. 1, 2, 3

$$\{ (i, t, j) \mid 0 \le i < n \land$$

$$0 \le t \le 2 \land$$

$$0 \le i < i \}$$



Elimination of Existentially Quantified Variables

Domain

$$\{(t): (\exists \alpha: \alpha \geq -1 + t \land 2\alpha \geq 1 + t \land \alpha \leq t \land 4\alpha \leq N + 2t)\}$$

Quantifier Elimination

$$\left\{ (t) : (t \ge 3 \land 2t \le 4 + N) \lor (t \le 2 \land t \ge 1 \land 2t \le N) \right\}$$
 for (c0 = 1; c0 <= min(2, floordiv(N, 2)); c0 += 1)
// body
for (c0 = 3; c0 <= floordiv(N, 2) + 2; c0 += 1)
// body

Fourier-Motzkin (Rational Quantifier Elimination)

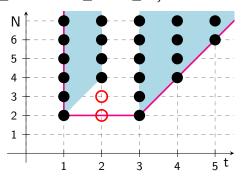
```
 \left\{ \left(t\right) : 2t \leq 4 + N \land N \geq 2 \land t \geq 1 \right\}  for (c0 = 1; c0 <= floordiv(N, 2) + 2; c0 += 1)    // body
```



Elimination of Existentially Quantified Dimensions

QE:
$$\{(t): (t \ge 3 \land 2t \le 4 + N) \lor (t \le 2 \land t \ge 1 \land 2t \le N)\}$$

FM: $\{(t): 2t \le 4 + N \land N \ge 2 \land t \ge 1\}$



Two more points in FM: $\{(2): 2 \le N \le 3\}$

- ▶ Simple code at outer levels → Fourier-Motzkin
- lacktriangle No approximation at innermost level ightarrow Quant. Elimination



Semantic Unrolling

Domain: $\{i \mid 0 \le i < 1000 \land N \le i < N+4\}$



Semantic Unrolling

Domain: $\{i \mid 0 \le i < 1000 \land N \le i < N + 4\}$

Lower Bound: 0 < i

```
if (N <= 0 && 0 < N + 4)
   S(0);
if (N <= 1 && 1 < N + 4)
   S(1);
if (N <= 2 && 2 < N + 4)
   S(2);
if (N <= 3 && 3 < N + 4)
   S(3);
...
if (N <= 999 && 999 < N + 4)
   S(999);</pre>
```

Lower Bound: N < i

```
if (N >= 0 && N <= 999)
S(N);
if (N >= -1 && N <= 998)
S(N + 1);
if (N >= -2 && N <= 997)
S(N + 2);
```



Isolation

```
Domain: \{(i) \mid m \leq i < n\}
Schedule: \{(i) \rightarrow (i)\}
for (i = m; i < n; i++)
A(i);
```



Isolation

```
Domain: \{(i) \mid m \leq i < n\}

Schedule: \{(i) \rightarrow (4\lfloor i/4 \rfloor), i\}

for (c0 = 4 * floordiv(m, 4); c0 < n; c0 += 4)

for (c1 = max(m, c0); c1 <= min(n - 1, c0 + 3); c1 += 1)

A(c1);
```

Isolation

```
Domain: \{(i) | m \le i < n\}
Schedule: \{(i) \to (4|i/4|, i)\}, Isolate: \{(t) | m \le t \land t + 3 < n\}
  // Before
  if (n >= m + 4)
    for (c1 = m; c1 \le 4 * floordiv(m - 1, 4) + 3; c1 += 1)
      S(c1):
  // Main
  for (c0 = 4 * floordiv(m - 1, 4) + 4; c0 < n - 3; c0 += 4)
    for (c1 = c0; c1 \le c0 + 3; c1 += 1)
      S(c1):
  // After
  if (n >= m + 4 \&\& 4 * floordiv(n - 1, 4) + 3 >= n) {
    for (c1 = 4 * floordiv(n - 1, 4); c1 < n; c1 += 1)
      S(c1):
  } else if (m + 3 >= n)
    // Other
    for (c0 = 4 * floordiv(m, 4); c0 < n; c0 += 4)
      for (c1 = max(m, c0); c1 \le min(n - 1, c0 + 3); c1 += 1)
        S(c1):
```



AST Expression Generation

Piecewise Affine Expr.

- $(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/4 \rfloor)$
- $(i) \to (i \bmod 4)$

AST Expression

 \rightarrow floordiv(i, 4)

 \rightarrow i - 4 * floordiv(i, 4)



AST Expression Generation

Piecewise Affine Expr.

$$(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/4 \rfloor)$$

$$(i) \rightarrow (i \bmod 4)$$

AST Expression

ightarrow floordiv(i, 4)

 \rightarrow i - 4 * floordiv(i, 4)

C implementation

```
#define floordiv(n, d) \ (((n)<0) ? -((-(n)+(d)-1)/(d)) : (n)/(d))
```



AST Expression Generation

Piecewise Affine Expr.

$$(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/4 \rfloor)$$

$$(i) \rightarrow (i \bmod 4)$$

AST Expression

$$ightarrow$$
 floordiv(i, 4)

$$\rightarrow$$
 i - 4 * floordiv(i, 4)

C implementation

#define floordiv(n, d) \
$$(((n)<0) ? -((-(n)+(d)-1)/(d)) : (n)/(d))$$

Pw. Aff. Expr.

Context

AST Expression

$$(i) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/4 \rfloor)$$

$$i \ge 0$$

 $i < 0$

$$ightarrow$$
 i / 4

$$i \mod 4 = 0 \longrightarrow i / 4$$

$$\rightarrow$$
 -((-i + 3) / 4)

$$(i) \rightarrow (i \mod 4)$$

$$i \ge 0$$

$$\rightarrow$$
 i $\%$ 4

$$i \leq 0$$

$$\rightarrow$$
 -((-i + 3) % 4) + 3



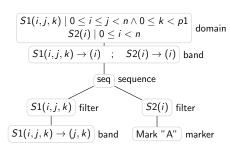
Schedule Trees - A structured schedule representation

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  for (j = i; j < n; j++)
    for (k = 0; k < p1; k++)

S1:    A[i][j] = k * B[i]

// Mark "A"

S2: A[i][i] = A[i][i] / B[i];
}</pre>
```





Example - Start

$$\begin{array}{c|c} S1(i,j,k) \mid 0 \leq i \leq j < n \land 0 \leq k < p1 \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (i,j,k) \end{array} \text{ domain}$$



Example - Tiling

```
for (c0 = 0; c0 < n; c0 += 128)
for (c1 = 0; c1 < n; c1 += 128)
for (c2 = 0; c2 < n; c2 += 128)
for (c3 = 0;
c3 <= min(127, n - c0 - 1);
c3 += 1)
for (c4 = 0;
c4 <= min(127, n - c1 - 1);
c4 += 1)
for (c5 = 0;
c5 <= min(127, n - c2 - 1);
c5 += 1)
S1(c0 + c3, c1 + c4, c2 + c5);
```



Example - Split



Example - Strip-mine and interchange

```
 \begin{array}{c|c} S1(i,j,k) \mid 0 \leq i \leq j < n \land 0 \leq k < p1 \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/128 \rfloor, \lfloor j/128 \rfloor, \lfloor k/128 \rfloor) \text{ band} \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (i\%128) \text{ band} \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor (j\%128)/8 \rfloor) \text{ band} \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (k\%128) \text{ band} \\ \hline \\ S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (j\%8) \text{ band} \\ \hline \end{array}
```

```
[...]
  for (c3 = 0;
       c3 \le min(127, n - c0 - 1);
        c3 += 1)
   for (c4 = 0;
         c4 \le min(127, n - c1 - 1):
         c4 += 1)
    for (c5 = 0;
          c5 \le min(127, n - c2 - 1);
          c5 += 1)
     // SIMD Parallel Loop
     // at most 8 iterations
      for (c6 = 0):
           c6 \le min(7, n - c1 - c4 - 1):
           c6 += 1)
        S1(c0 + c3, c1 + c4 + c6, c2 + c5):
```



Example - Isolate Core Computation

```
\begin{array}{c|c} S1(i,j,k) \mid 0 \leq i \leq j < n \land 0 \leq k < p1 \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/128 \rfloor, \lfloor j/128 \rfloor, \lfloor k/128 \rfloor) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (i\%128) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (i\%128) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/128 \rfloor, \lfloor k/128 \rfloor) \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/128 \rfloor, \lfloor k/128 \rfloor) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (\lfloor i/128 \rfloor, \lfloor k/128 \rfloor) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (k\%128) \text{ band} \\ \hline S1(i,j,k) \rightarrow (j\%8) \text{ band} \\ \hline \end{array}
```

```
[...]

for (c3 = 0;
    c3 <= min(127, n - c0 - 1);
    c3 += 1)

if (n >= 128 * c1 + 128) {
    for (c4 = 0; c4 <= 127; c4 += 8)
    for (c5 = 0;
        c5 <= min(127, n - c2 - 1); c5 += 1)

// SIMD Parallel Loop
// Exactly 8 Iterations
    for (c6 = 0; c6 <= 7; c6 += 1)
        S1(c0 + c3, c1 + c4 + c6, c2 + c5);
} else {
// Handle remainder
```

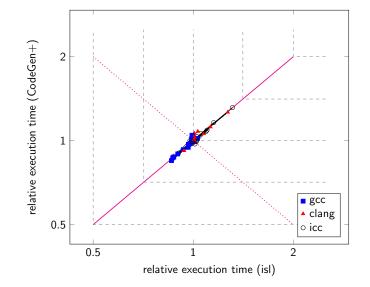


Experimental Evaluation

Robustness

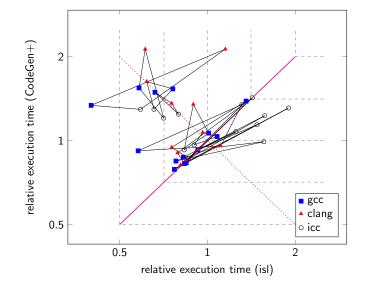


Generated Code Performance - Consistent Performance





Generated Code Performance - Outliers





Code Quality: youcefn [Bastoul 2004]

CLooG 0.14.1

```
for(i=1; i<=n-2; i++) {
  SO(i,i);
  S1(i,i);
  for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++)
    S1(i,j);
  S1(i,n);
  S2(i,n);
SO(n-1,n-1);
S1(n-1,n-1);
S1(n-1,n);
S2(n-1,n);
SO(n,n);
S1(n,n);
S2(n,n);
for (i=n+1; i \le m; i++)
  S3(i,j);
```



Code Quality: youcefn [Bastoul 2004]

CLooG 0.14.1

CodeGen+

```
for(i=1; i<=n-2; i++) {
                            for(i=1; i<=m; i++) {
                              if(i>=n +1) {
  SO(i,i);
  S1(i,i);
                                S2(i,n);
  for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++)
                              } else {
    S1(i,j);
                                SO(i,i);
  S1(i,n);
                                S1(i,i);
  S2(i,n);
                                if (i>=n)
                                  S2 (i,i);
SO(n-1,n-1);
S1(n-1,n-1);
                              for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++)
S1(n-1,n);
                                SO(i,j);
S2(n-1,n):
                              if(n >= i+1) {
SO(n,n);
                                SO(i,n);
S1(n,n);
                                S2(i,n);
S2(n,n);
for (i=n+1; i <= m; i++)
  S3(i,j);
```



Code Quality: youcefn [Bastoul 2004]

CLooG 0.14.1

SO(i,i);

S1(i,i);

S1(i,n);

S2(i,n);

S0(n-1,n-1);S1(n-1,n-1);

S1(n-1,n):

S2(n-1,n):

SO(n,n);

S1(n,n);

S2(n,n);

S3(i,j);

S1(i,j);

for(i=1; i<=n-2; i++) {

for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++)

for (i=n+1; i <= m; i++)

CodeGen+

```
for(i=1; i<=m; i++) {
   if(i>=n +1) {
      S2(i,n);
   } else {
      S0(i,i);
      S1(i,i);
      if (i>=n)
            S2 (i,i);
   }
   for(j=i+1; j<=n-1; j++)
      S0(i,j);
   if(n >= i+1) {
      S0(i,n);
   }
}
```

S2(i,n);

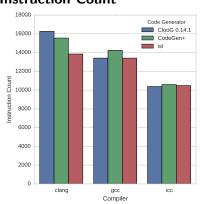
isl codegen

```
for (c0=1;c0 \le n;c0+=1) {
  SO(c0, c0);
  for (c1=c0:c1 \le n:c1+=1)
    S1(c0, c1):
  S2(c0, n);
for (c0=n+1;c0 \le m;c0+=1)
  S2(c0, n);
```

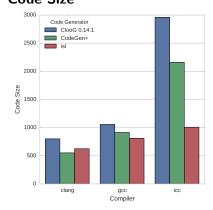


youcefn [Bastoul 2004] - Statistics

Instruction Count



Code Size





Code Quality: [Chen 2012] - Figure 8(b)

CLooG 0.18.1

```
if (n >= 2)
  for (i = 2; i <= n; i += 2) {
    if (i¼4 == 0)
      SO(i);
    if ((i+2)¼4 == 0)
      S1(i);
}</pre>
```



Code Quality: [Chen 2012] - Figure 8(b)

CLooG 0.18.1

```
if (n >= 2)
  for (i = 2; i <= n; i += 2) {
    if (i%4 == 0)
      SO(i);
    if ((i+2)%4 == 0)
      S1(i);
}</pre>
```

CodeGen+

```
#define intMod(a,b) ((a) >= 0 ? (a) % (b) : (b) - abs((a) % (b)) % (b))
for(i = 2; i <= n; i += 2)
  if (intMod(i,4) == 0)
    SO(i);
  else
    S1(i);</pre>
```



Code Quality: [Chen 2012] - Figure 8(b)

CLooG 0.18.1

```
if (n >= 2)
  for (i = 2; i <= n; i += 2) {
    if (i%4 == 0)
      SO(i);
    if ((i+2)%4 == 0)
      S1(i);
}</pre>
```

isl codegen

```
for (c0 = 2; c0 < n - 1; c0 += 4) {
   S1(c0);
   S0(c0 + 2);
}
if (n >= 2 && n % 4 >= 2)
   S1(-(n % 4) + n + 2);
```

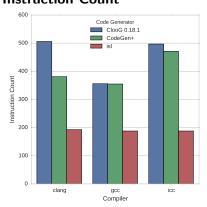
CodeGen+

```
#define intMod(a,b) ((a) >= 0 ? (a) % (b) : (b) - abs((a) % (b)) % (b))
for(i = 2; i <= n; i += 2)
   if (intMod(i,4) == 0)
    SO(i);
   else
    S1(i);</pre>
```

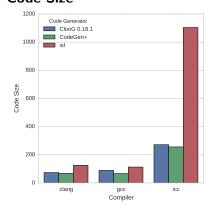


[Chen 2012] - Figure 8(b) - Statistics

Instruction Count



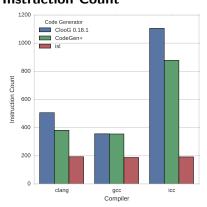
Code Size



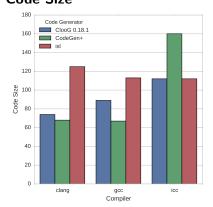


[Chen 2012] - Figure 8(b) - Statistics (-no-vec, -no-unroll)

Instruction Count



Code Size





Modulo and Existentially Quantified Variables

CodeGen+

```
// Simple
for(i = intMod(n,128); i <= 127; i += 128)
   S(i);

// Shifted
for(i = 7+intMod(t1-7,128); i <= 134; i += 128)
   S(i);

// Conditional
for(i = 7+intMod(t1-7,128); i <= 130; i += 128)
   S(i);</pre>
```

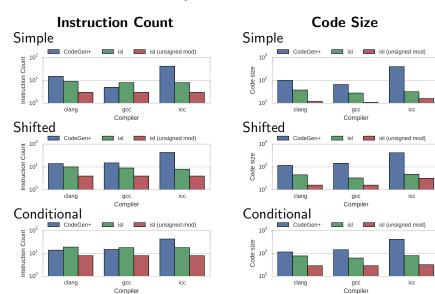


Modulo and Existentially Quantified Variables

CodeGen+



Modulo and Existentially Quantified Variables - Statistics





Polyhedral Unrolling

Normal loop code

```
// Two e.q. variables
for (c0 = 0; c0 <= 7; c0 += 1)
  if (2 * (2 * c0 / 3) >= c0)
    S(c0);

// Multiple bounds
for (c0 = 0; c0 <= 1; c0 += 1)
  for (c1 = max(t1 - 384, t2 - 514);
    c1 < t1 - 255; c1 += 1)
  if (c1 + 256 == t1 ||
    (t1 >= 126 && t2 <= 255 &&
    c1 + 384 == t1) ||
    (t2 == 256 && c1 + 384 == t1))
    S(c0, c1);
```



Polyhedral Unrolling

Normal loop code

```
// Two e.q. variables
for (c0 = 0; c0 <= 7; c0 += 1)
  if (2 * (2 * c0 / 3) >= c0)
    S(c0);

// Multiple bounds
for (c0 = 0; c0 <= 1; c0 += 1)
  for (c1 = max(t1 - 384, t2 - 514);
    c1 < t1 - 255; c1 += 1)
  if (c1 + 256 == t1 ||
    (t1 >= 126 && t2 <= 255 &&
    c1 + 384 == t1) ||
    (t2 == 256 && c1 + 384 == t1))
    S(c0. c1):
```

Unrolled

```
// Two e.q. variables
S(0); S(2); S(3);
S(4); S(5); S(6); S(7);

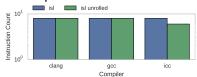
// Multiple bounds
if (t1 >= 126)
    S(0, t1 - 384);
S(0, t1 - 256);
if (t1 >= 126)
    S(1, t1 - 384);
S(1, t1 - 256);
```



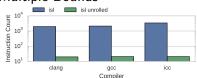
Polyhedral Unrolling - Statistics

Instruction Count

Two e.g. variables

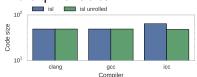


Multiple Bounds

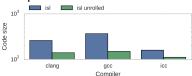


Code Size

Two e.q. variables

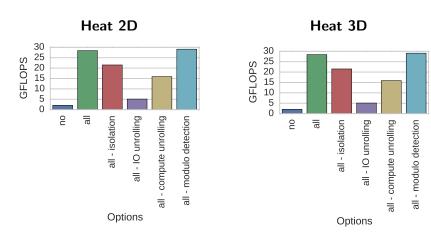


Multiple Bounds





AST Generation Strategies for Hybrid-Hexagonal Tiling



Hybrid hexagonal/classical tiling for GPUs, Tobias Grosser, Albert Cohen, Justin Holewinski, P. Sadayappan, Sven Verdoolaege, International Symposium on Code Generation and Optimization (CGO'14) Hardware: NVIDIA NVS 5200M GPU, CUDA 5.5



AST Generation beyond Polyhedral Scanning

- Complete support for Presburger Relations
 - Existentially quantified variables
 - Piecewise schedules
- Aggressive simplification of AST expressions
- Stride and component detection
- Fine-grained options: code-size vs. control
- Specialization:
 - Polyhedral unrolling
 - User-directed versioning
- AST generation from structured schedules

http://playground.pollylabs.org