Code last run 2021-02-16. Daily: Data as of January 29, 2021. Neighbourhood: Data as of January 28, 2021.

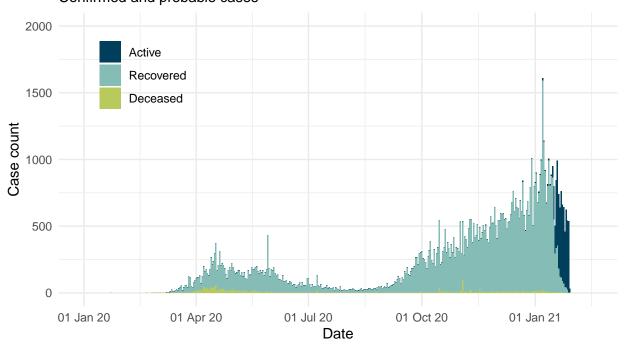
Task 1: Daily cases

Data wrangling

Data visualization

```
# Task 1 Data Visualization
reported %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Reported_Date, y=Count, fill = Case)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity") +
  theme minimal() +
  labs(title="Cases reported by day in Toronto, Canada",
       subtitle="Confirmed and probable cases",
       x = "Date",
       y = "Case count",
       caption = str c(
         "Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T\n",
         "Source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES\n",
         date_daily[1,1])) +
  scale_x_date(labels = scales::date_format("%d %b %y"),
               limits = c(date("2020-01-01"), Sys.Date())) +
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0, 2000)) +
  theme(legend.title = element_blank(), legend.position = c(0.15, 0.8)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#003F5C", "#86BCB6", "#B9CA5D"))
```

Cases reported by day in Toronto, Canada Confirmed and probable cases



Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T Source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES Data as of January 29, 2021

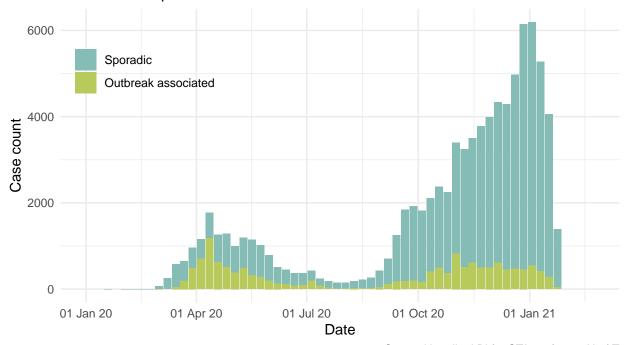
Task 2: Outbreak type

Data wrangling

Data visualization

```
outbreak %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Episode_Week, y=Cases, fill=Outbreak_or_Sporadic)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "Cases by outbreak type and week in Toronto, Canada",
       subtitle = "Confirmed and probable cases",
       x = "Date",
      y = "Case count",
       caption = str c(
         "Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T\n",
         "Source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES\n",
         date_daily[1,1])) +
  scale_x_date(labels = scales::date_format("%d %b %y"), limits = c(date("2020-01-01"),
                                                                     Sys.Date()+7)) +
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0, max(outbreak$total_cases))) +
  theme(legend.title = element_blank(), legend.position = c(0.15, 0.8)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#86BCB6", "#B9CA5D"))
```

Cases by outbreak type and week in Toronto, Canada Confirmed and probable cases



Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T Source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES Data as of January 29, 2021

Task 3: Neighbourhoods

Data wrangling: part 1

Data wrangling: part 2

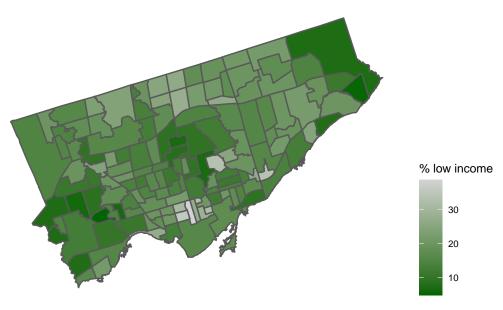
```
nbhoods_all <- nbhoods_shape_raw %>%
  mutate(neighbourhood_name = str_remove(AREA_NAME, "\\s\\((\\d+\\)\$")) %>%
  mutate(neighbourhood_name = str_replace(neighbourhood_name, "St.James", "St. James")) %>%
  mutate(neighbourhood_name = str_replace(neighbourhood_name, "Weston-Pellam", "Weston-Pelham")) %>%
  full_join(nbhood_raw, by = "neighbourhood_name") %>%
  full_join(income, by = "neighbourhood_name") %>%
  select(-c(neighbourhood_id, case_count)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(rate_per_100_000_people)) %>%
  rename(rate_per_100000 = rate_per_100_000_people))
```

Data wrangling: part 3

```
nbhoods_final <- nbhoods_all %>%
  mutate(med_inc = median(percentage)) %>%
  mutate(med_rate = median(rate_per_100000)) %>%
  mutate(nbhood_type = case_when(
    percentage >= med_inc & rate_per_100000 >= med_rate
    ~ "Higher low income rate, higher case rate",
    percentage >= med_inc & rate_per_100000 < med_rate
    ~ "Higher low income rate, lower case rate",
    percentage < med_inc & rate_per_100000 >= med_rate
    ~ "Lower low income rate, higher case rate",
    percentage < med_inc & rate_per_100000 < med_rate
    ~ "Lower low income rate, higher case rate",
    percentage < med_inc & rate_per_100000 < med_rate
    ~ "Lower low income rate, lower case rate"
))</pre>
```

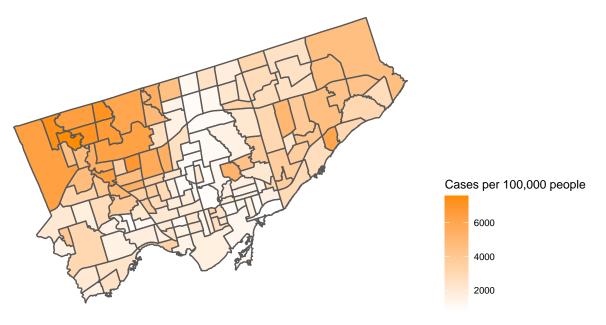
Data visualization

Percentage of 18 to 64 year olds living in a low income family Neighbourhoods of Toronto, Canada



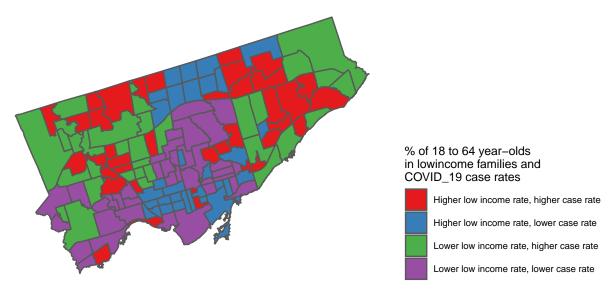
Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T Source: Census Profile 98–316–X2016001 via OpenData Toronto Data as of January 29, 2021

COVID_19 cases per 100,000, by neighbourhood in Toronto, Canada



Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T Source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES Data as of January 29, 2021

COVID-19 cases per 100,000, by neighbourhood in Toronto, Canada



Created by: Jiaqi Bi for STA303/1002, U of T Income data source: Census Profile 98–316–X2016001 via OpenData Toronto COVID data source: Ontario Ministry of Health, Integrated Public Health Information System and CORES Data as of January 29, 2021

```
# This chunk of code helps you prepare your assessment for submission on Crowdmark
# This is optional. If it isn't working, you can do it manually/take another approach.
# Run this chunk by hand after knitting your final version of your pdf for submission.
# A new file called 'to_submit' will appear in your working directory with each page of your assignment
# Install the required packages
if(!match("staplr", installed.packages()[,1], nomatch = FALSE))
  {install.packages("staplr")}
# Don't edit anything in this function
prep_for_crowdmark <- function(pdf=NULL){</pre>
  # Get the name of the file you're currently in.
  this_file <- rstudioapi::getSourceEditorContext()$path</pre>
  pdf_name <- sub(".Rmd", ".pdf", sub('.*/', '', this_file))</pre>
  # Create a file called to_submit to put the individual files in
  # This will be in the same folder as this file is saved
  if(!match("to_submit", list.files(), nomatch = FALSE))
   {dir.create("to_submit")}
  # Split the files
  if(is.null(pdf)){
  staplr::split_pdf(pdf_name, output_directory = "to_submit", prefix = "page_")} else {
    staplr::split_pdf(pdf, output_directory = "to_submit", prefix = "page_")
  }
}
prep_for_crowdmark()
```