

Pain Research - Dr. Marc O. Martel

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```
# Two different files
#setwd("~/Desktop/Project; Daily diaries; 30-days/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; Project; M
#setwd("~/Desktop/Project; Daily diaries; 30-days/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; Project; J

## Load packages
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.1
## v ggplot2    3.4.4      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr     1.3.0
## v purrr      1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(haven)## This library provides functions to read sav file into R
library(lme4)

## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##     expand, pack, unpack

library(lmerTest)

##
## Attaching package: 'lmerTest'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##     lmer
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     step
```

```

## Baseline data
#df1 <- read_sav("~/Desktop/Project; Daily diaries; 30-days/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; .
df1 <- read_sav("E:/UWO/DR Marc O Martel data/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; Project; Jamis
## Daily data
#df2 <- read_sav("~/Desktop/Project; Daily diaries; 30-days/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; .
df2 <- read_sav("E:/UWO/DR Marc O Martel data/Pain-Research-1-Dr-Marc-O-Martel/Datasets; Project; Jamis

## Examine the duplicated observation
df1$ID[which(duplicated(df1$ID))]

## [1] 476
df2$StudyID[which(duplicated(df2$StudyID))]

## [1] 476
df1 <- df1 |>
  filter(!duplicated(ID))
df2 <- df2 |>
  filter(!duplicated(StudyID)) |>
  rename(ID = StudyID)

## Time variable to numerical day (consecutive)
date_cols <- grep("^Date", names(df2), value = TRUE)

df2 <- df2 %>%
  mutate(across(all_of(date_cols), as.Date, format = "%Y-%m-%d"))

## Warning: There was 1 warning in `mutate()`.
## i In argument: `across(all_of(date_cols), as.Date, format = "%Y-%m-%d")`.
## Caused by warning:
## ! The `...` argument of `across()` is deprecated as of dplyr 1.1.0.
## Supply arguments directly to `.fns` through an anonymous function instead.
##
## # Previously
## across(a:b, mean, na.rm = TRUE)
##
## # Now
## across(a:b, \(x) mean(x, na.rm = TRUE))

## Correct aberrant years
df2 <- df2 %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(across(all_of(date_cols), ~ {
    if (. != Date1 && !is.na(.)) {
      day_diff <- as.numeric(. - Date1)
      if (day_diff < 0) {
        update(., year = year(Date1))
      } else {
        .
      }
    } else {
      .
    }
  })

```

```

})) %>%
ungroup()

##### Below investigates the rest of aberrant objects #####
##### Above does not solve those entering a new year #####
df2_investigate <- df2 |>
  pivot_longer(
    cols = starts_with("Date"),
    names_to = "Date_Number",
    values_to = "Date_Value"
  ) |>
  select(ID, Date_Value)

print(n = 36, df2_investigate[df2_investigate$ID == 673,])

```

```

## # A tibble: 36 x 2
##       ID Date_Value
##   <dbl> <date>
## 1   673 2023-01-04
## 2   673 2023-01-05
## 3   673 2023-01-06
## 4   673 2023-01-07
## 5   673 2023-01-08
## 6   673 2023-01-09
## 7   673 2023-01-10
## 8   673 2023-01-11
## 9   673 2023-01-12
## 10  673 2023-01-13
## 11  673 2023-01-14
## 12  673 2023-01-15
## 13  673 2023-01-16
## 14  673 2023-01-17
## 15  673 2023-01-18
## 16  673 2023-01-20
## 17  673 2023-01-21
## 18  673 2023-01-22
## 19  673 2023-01-23
## 20  673 2023-01-24
## 21  673 2023-01-25
## 22  673 2023-01-26
## 23  673 2023-01-27
## 24  673 2023-01-28
## 25  673 2023-01-29
## 26  673 2023-01-30
## 27  673 2023-01-31
## 28  673 2023-01-02
## 29  673 2023-02-08
## 30  673 2023-02-09
## 31  673 2023-02-10
## 32  673 2023-02-11
## 33  673 2023-02-12
## 34  673 2023-02-13
## 35  673 2023-02-14
## 36  673 NA

```

```
#####

## Below solved all objects date problem
df2$Date8[df2$ID == 610] <- "2023-01-01"
df2$Date8[df2$ID == 703] <- "2022-01-09"
df2$Date8[df2$ID == 741] <- "2021-01-10"
df2$Date8[df2$ID == 680] <- "2023-01-09"
df2$Date28[df2$ID == 673] <- "2023-02-02"

## Convert the date to number
df2 <- df2 |>
  mutate(across(all_of(date_cols[-1]), ~ as.numeric(. - df2$Date1 + 1)))

df2$Date1 <- 1
all_cols <- names(df2)

#for (i in 2:length(date_cols)) {
#  if (any(df2[[date_cols[i]]] == 1, na.rm = TRUE)) {
#    same_day_cols <- grep(paste0("_", i), all_cols, value = TRUE)
#    df2[df2[[date_cols[i]]] == 1 & !is.na(df2_test[[date_cols[i]]]), same_day_cols] <- NA
#  }
#}

## Wide to long
df2_long <- df2 |>
  pivot_longer(cols = -ID,
               names_to = c(".value", "day"),
               names_pattern = "([A-Za-z]+)(\\d+)" |>
  select(-day) |>
  rename(Day = Date) |>
  filter(Day <= 30 & !is.na(Day)) |>
  group_by(ID) |>
  distinct(Day, .keep_all = TRUE) |>
  complete(Day = seq(1,30))

## replace all -1 to NA
df2_long <- df2_long |>
  mutate_all(~if_else(. < 0, NA_real_, .))

## `mutate_all()` ignored the following grouping variables:
## * Column `ID`
## i Use `mutate_at(df, vars(-group_cols()), myoperation)` to silence the message.

df2_long <- df2_long |>
  rename(GlobalImprovement = Changed)

## Calculate the lagged variable
df2_long <- df2_long |>
  group_by(ID) |>
  arrange(ID, Day) |>
  mutate(AvePain_Change = AvePain - lag(AvePain),
         ActivityInt_Change = ActivityInt - lag(ActivityInt),
         Mood_Change = Mood - lag(Mood))

```

```

df2_greaterthan7 <- df2_long |>
  group_by(ID) %>%
  summarise(NonMissingGI = sum(!is.na(GlobalImprovement))) %>%
  filter(NonMissingGI >= 7) %>%
  inner_join(df2_long, by = "ID")

## lmer Analysis (GlobImp vs. AvePain_Change)
model_1 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (1|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7) # Random in
summary(model_1)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 15963
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.2035 -0.4653  0.0104  0.4963  4.3924
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## ID      (Intercept) 1.300   1.140
## Residual          1.838   1.356
## Number of obs: 4418, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  5.056e+00  7.627e-02 5.051e+02  66.290  <2e-16 ***
## AvePain_Change 3.912e-01  1.601e-02 4.123e+03  24.437  <2e-16 ***
## Day           5.886e-03  2.577e-03 4.236e+03   2.284  0.0224 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) AvPn_C
## AvePan_Chng  0.008
## Day          -0.464 -0.010

model_2 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (Day|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7) # Random in

## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00293479 (tol = 0.002, component 1)

summary(model_2)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (Day | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 15862.9
##
## Scaled residuals:

```

```

##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -5.1370 -0.4367 -0.0004  0.4580  4.3993
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##   ID       (Intercept) 1.598138 1.26418
##           Day          0.002075 0.04555 -0.44
##   Residual                1.706147 1.30620
## Number of obs: 4418, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  5.061e+00  8.294e-02 2.907e+02  61.017  <2e-16 ***
## AvePain_Change 3.921e-01  1.558e-02 3.976e+03  25.171  <2e-16 ***
## Day          5.328e-03  3.826e-03 2.341e+02   1.393    0.165
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) AvPn_C
## AvePan_Chng  0.007
## Day          -0.579 -0.008
## optimizer (nlptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00293479 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
model_3 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (1|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7)
summary(model_3)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 15831.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -5.1162 -0.4627  0.0070  0.4953  4.4936
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   ID       (Intercept) 1.280      1.131
##   Residual                1.783      1.335
## Number of obs: 4416, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  5.055e+00  7.551e-02 5.045e+02  66.946  <2e-16 ***
## AvePain_Change 3.502e-01  1.618e-02 4.118e+03  21.649  <2e-16 ***
## Mood_Change   1.741e-01  1.530e-02 4.124e+03  11.378  <2e-16 ***
## Day          6.057e-03  2.540e-03 4.232e+03   2.385    0.0171 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:

```

```

##              (Intr) AvPn_C Md_Chn
## AvePan_Chng  0.007
## Mood_Change  0.001 -0.222
## Day          -0.461 -0.011  0.001
model_4 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (Day|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7)

## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.0080542 (tol = 0.002, component 1)

summary(model_4)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (Day |
##       ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 15723.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.0140 -0.4439 -0.0015  0.4708  4.5065
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups    Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##   ID        (Intercept)  1.602434  1.26587
##   Day                0.002127  0.04611  -0.45
## Residual                1.648244  1.28384
## Number of obs: 4416, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  5.060e+00  8.269e-02 2.914e+02  61.192  <2e-16 ***
## AvePain_Change 3.512e-01  1.571e-02 3.969e+03  22.350  <2e-16 ***
## Mood_Change   1.736e-01  1.484e-02 3.962e+03  11.695  <2e-16 ***
## Day           5.407e-03  3.821e-03 2.355e+02   1.415    0.158
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) AvPn_C Md_Chn
## AvePan_Chng  0.007
## Mood_Change  0.000 -0.222
## Day          -0.585 -0.008 -0.001
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.0080542 (tol = 0.002, component 1)

## Model comparison for above analysis
anova(model_1, model_2)

## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
## Models:
## model_1: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
## model_2: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Day + (Day | ID)

```

```

##          npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_1      5 15953 15985 -7971.5    15943
## model_2      7 15858 15902 -7921.8    15844 99.331  2 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

anova(model_3, model_4)

## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)

## Data: df2_greaterthan7
## Models:
## model_3: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
## model_4: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Day + (Day | ID)
##          npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_3      6 15817 15855 -7902.4    15805
## model_4      8 15713 15764 -7848.6    15697 107.57  2 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## lmer Analysis (GlobImp vs. Mood_Change)
model_5 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (1|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7) # random inter
summary(model_5)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 16284.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.1992 -0.4668 -0.0036  0.4831  4.5103
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## ID (Intercept) 1.292 1.137
## Residual 1.987 1.410
## Number of obs: 4418, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.046e+00 7.709e-02 5.213e+02 65.462 <2e-16 ***
## Mood_Change 2.482e-01 1.575e-02 4.133e+03 15.759 <2e-16 ***
## Day 6.339e-03 2.677e-03 4.246e+03 2.368 0.0179 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) Md_Chn
## Mood_Change 0.002
## Day -0.477 -0.001

model_6 <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (Day|ID), data = df2_greaterthan7) # Add random

## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
```



```
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00397988 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
summary(model_6)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (Day | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 16203.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.3118 -0.4244 -0.0109  0.4523  4.5002
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## ID      (Intercept) 1.552117 1.24584
## Day      Day      0.001928 0.04391 -0.42
## Residual      1.863542 1.36512
## Number of obs: 4418, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.049e+00  8.297e-02 2.889e+02 60.850  <2e-16 ***
## Mood_Change 2.477e-01  1.537e-02 3.982e+03 16.119  <2e-16 ***
## Day         5.917e-03  3.831e-03 2.347e+02  1.545   0.124
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) Md_Chn
## Mood_Change  0.002
## Day         -0.577 -0.002
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00397988 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
anova(model_5, model_6) # prefer random slope + intercept
```

```
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
```

```
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
```

```
## Models:
```

```
## model_5: GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (1 | ID)
```

```
## model_6: GlobalImprovement ~ Mood_Change + Day + (Day | ID)
```

```
##      npar   AIC   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
```

```
## model_5    5 16274 16306 -8132    16264
```

```
## model_6    7 16198 16243 -8092    16184 79.939  2 < 2.2e-16 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
model_4plus <- lmer(GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Sleep + Day + (Day|ID),
                    data = df2_greaterthan7)
```

```
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
```

```
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.010327 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
summary(model_4plus)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: GlobalImprovement ~ AvePain_Change + Mood_Change + Sleep + Day +
##       (Day | ID)
## Data: df2_greaterthan7
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 15133.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.6944 -0.4464  0.0247  0.4596  4.4767
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##  ID       (Intercept)  1.42773    1.19488
##          Day          0.00196    0.04428  -0.55
## Residual                1.44937    1.20390
## Number of obs: 4415, groups: ID, 334
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  3.559e+00  9.846e-02 5.555e+02  36.145  <2e-16 ***
## AvePain_Change 2.811e-01  1.499e-02 4.037e+03  18.749  <2e-16 ***
## Mood_Change   1.532e-01  1.395e-02 3.950e+03  10.984  <2e-16 ***
## Sleep         3.196e-01  1.275e-02 2.254e+03  25.074  <2e-16 ***
## Day           8.056e-03  3.619e-03 2.251e+02   2.226    0.027 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) AvPn_C Md_Chn Sleep
## AvePan_Chng  0.118
## Mood_Change  0.038 -0.207
## Sleep        -0.610 -0.185 -0.061
## Day          -0.528 -0.013 -0.003  0.033
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.010327 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
confint(model_4plus)
```

```
## Computing profile confidence intervals ...
```

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %
## .sig01        1.067452536  1.32927467
## .sig02       -0.661350130 -0.40598666
## .sig03        0.036925411  0.05186034
## .sigma        1.176821096  1.23126884
## (Intercept)   3.363607156  3.75301219
## AvePain_Change 0.251740310  0.31058156
## Mood_Change   0.125885124  0.18057442
## Sleep         0.294104583  0.34508793
## Day          0.000939749  0.01515566
```