

# Martel Paper - Daily OA Pain

2024-03-18

## Data Wrangling

```
## Load packages
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(haven) ## This library provides functions to read sav file into R
library(lme4)
library(lmerTest)
```

```
## Read data
data_paper <- read_sav("Dataset; 2024.1.sav")
checkdf3 <- data_paper |>
  subset(ID == 2072) |>
  select(c(ID,
           Level1_Even_DateIn,
           Level1_Even_TimeIn))
```

## Adjusting Wave Day

- $DT_i$  combines  $D_i$  and  $T_i$ : 'DateTime' variable
- $DT_0$  is the first response 'DateTime' for each patient
- $W_i$  is the adjusted 'Wave\_Day' variable
- Add a grace period  $G$  for calculating the adjusted  $W_i$ , in our case  $G = 6$  hours
- Calculate the datetime difference  $H_i$  in \*\*hours\*\* from the first response, incorporating the grace period:

$$H_i = DT_i - DT_{i-1}$$

- Then apply the grace period indicator  $I_i$ :

$$I_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } H_i \leq 24 + G \\ \left\lceil \frac{H_i - G}{24} \right\rceil & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- The initial response for ‘Wave\_Day’ is 1, i.e.,  $W_0 = 1$ , then the adjusted ‘Wave\_Day’  $W_i$  is

$$W_i = \sum_{i=0}^{i-1} I_i$$

```
## Consecutive Days - Grace Period 6 hours
data_paper <- data_paper |>
  mutate(Lev1_DateTimeIn = as.POSIXct(strptime(paste(Level1_Even_DateIn,
                                                    Level1_Even_TimeIn,
                                                    format="%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:")), |>

arrange(ID, Lev1_DateTimeIn) |>
group_by(ID) |>
mutate(
  TimeDiffHours = as.numeric(difftime(Lev1_DateTimeIn,
                                      lag(Lev1_DateTimeIn,
                                           default = first(Lev1_DateTimeIn)),
                                      units = "hours")), # T diff

  WithinGracePeriod = if_else(TimeDiffHours <= 30,
                              1,
                              ceiling((TimeDiffHours - 6) / 24)), # Check grace perio

  Wave_Day_Adjusted = cumsum(WithinGracePeriod) # Adjusted Wave_Day
) |>
ungroup()

##### Check if the above approach is correct #####
checkdf <- data_paper |> select(c(ID,
                                Lev1_DateTimeIn,
                                TimeDiffHours,
                                WithinGracePeriod,
                                Wave_Day_Adjusted))

checkdf2 <- checkdf |> subset(ID == 2072) # Weird ID 2072
max(checkdf$Wave_Day_Adjusted, na.rm = TRUE) # Maybe these two are different patients?

## [1] 3588

## Fill in the gap of Wave_Day
data_paper2 <- data_paper |>
  group_by(ID) |>
  complete(Wave_Day = 1:14) |>
  ungroup()

## Check the aberrant values
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev1_NegativeAffect_Total) # Lev 1 Negative Affect

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.     NA's
##  0.000   8.667   20.500   25.154   36.667   97.333   1220
```

```
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev1_Catastrophizing_Total) # Lev 1 Catas
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##    0.000   2.792  12.667  23.018  37.750 100.000   1220
```

```
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev2_QST_BaselinePPTh) # Lev 2 PPTs?
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##    67.0   235.5   369.0   395.3   473.5  1200.0   1313
```

```
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev2_QST_TSPAve) # Lev 2 TSP?
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##   -2.50    1.50    7.50   13.93   15.00   94.00   1276
```

```
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev2_QST_CpmTrialAve) # Lev 2 CPM?
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##   37.56  103.21  119.69  122.83  135.13  251.76   1321
```

```
summary(data_paper2$IndexLev1_PainAverage) # Lev 1 Pain?
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##      0.0    24.0    38.0    41.7    59.0   100.0   1226
```

```
##### Check if lagged value is correct #####
```

```
data_paper2_check <- data_paper2 |>
```

```
  select(c(ID, Wave_Day_Adjusted, IndexLev1_PainAverage, IndexLev1_PainAverage_Lagged))
```

$$APE(t_i) = I(PAIN(t_i) - PAIN(t_i - 1) \geq 20)$$

```
## APE index
```

```
data_paper2 <- data_paper2 |>
```

```
  group_by(ID) |>
```

```
  mutate(APE = ifelse(IndexLev1_PainAverage - IndexLev1_PainAverage_Lagged >= 20, 1, 0))
```

```
##### Check if it is correctly coded #####
```

```
data_paper2_check <- data_paper2 |>
```

```
  select(c(ID, Wave_Day_Adjusted, IndexLev1_PainAverage, IndexLev1_PainAverage_Lagged, APE))
```

For calculating the RPE based on the within person mean, define the indicator that the pain is above the average pain for person  $i$  on day  $t_i$ .

$$A(t_i) = I(PAIN(t_i) > \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{t=1}^{n_i} PAIN(t_i))$$

Then define the RPE given  $A(t_i) = 1$  for person  $i$  on day  $t_i$ .

$$RPE(t_i) = I\left([PAIN(t_i) \leq \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{t=1}^{n_i} PAIN(t_i)] | A(t_i - 1)\right)$$

```
## RPE Index using within person mean
data_paper2 <- data_paper2 |>
  group_by(ID) |>
  mutate(AVE = mean(IndexLev1_PainAverage, na.rm = TRUE),
         A = ifelse(IndexLev1_PainAverage > AVE, 1, 0),
         A_lag = lag(A),
         Lev1_RPE_useMean = ifelse(A_lag == 1,
                                   ifelse(IndexLev1_PainAverage <= AVE, 1, 0), 0))

##### Check #####
data_paper2_check <- data_paper2 |>
  select(c(ID, Wave_Day_Adjusted, IndexLev1_PainAverage, IndexLev1_PainAverage_Lagged,
          AVE, A, A_lag, Lev1_RPE_useMean))
# 203 RPEs
```

For calculating the RPE based on the APE,

$$RPE(t_i) = I\left([PAIN(t_i) \leq \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{t=1}^{n_i} PAIN(t_i)] | APE(t_i - 1)\right)$$

```
## RPE Index using APE
data_paper2 <- data_paper2 |>
  group_by(ID) |>
  mutate(APE_lag = lag(APE),
         Lev1_RPE_useAPE = ifelse(APE_lag == 1,
                                   ifelse(IndexLev1_PainAverage <= 20, 1, 0), 0))

##### Check #####
data_paper2_check <- data_paper2 |>
  select(c(ID, Wave_Day_Adjusted, IndexLev1_PainAverage, IndexLev1_PainAverage_Lagged,
          APE, APE_lag, Lev1_RPE_useAPE))
# 4 RPEs
```