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# 4.12

## Enumerated Types

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# Enums

- Enums are a little more difficult in Scala than in Java (although Java enums certainly have plenty issues)
- There are essentially two ways to create enums:
  - case objects
  - extending *Enumeration*
- each has some advantages/disadvantages:
  - For detailed information see: [StackOverflow](#)

# Cards by enumeration

```
object Rank extends Enumeration {
  type Rank = Value
  val Deuce, Trey, Four, Five, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten, Knave, Queen, King, Ace = Value
  class RankValue(rank: Value) {
    def isSpot = !isHonor
    def isHonor = rank match {
      case Ace | King | Queen | Knave | Ten => true
      case _ => false
    }
  }
  implicit def value2RankValue(rank: Value) = new RankValue(rank)
}

object Suit extends Enumeration {
  type Suit = Value
  val Clubs, Diamonds, Hearts, Spades = Value
  class SuitValue(suit: Value) {
    def isRed = !isBlack
    def isBlack = suit match {
      case Clubs | Spades => true
      case _ => false
    }
  }
  implicit def value2SuitValue(suit: Value) = new SuitValue(suit)
}

import Rank._
import Suit._
case class Card (rank: Rank, suit: Suit)
```

# Cards by case object (1)

```
trait Concept extends Ordered[Concept]{
  val name: String
  val priority: Int
  override def toString = name
  def compare(that: Concept) = priority - that.priority
  def initial: String = name.substring(0,1)
}
sealed trait Rank extends Concept {
  def isHonor = priority > 7
  def isSpot = !isHonor
}
sealed trait Suit extends Concept {
  def isRed = !isBlack
  def isBlack = this match {
    case Spades | Clubs => true
    case _ => false
  }
}
object Concept {
  // This ordering gives the expected rank and suit (in bridge) order, at least for games where A
  // is considered to outrank K.
  implicit def ordering[A <: Concept]: Ordering[A] = Ordering.by(_.priority)
  // This ordering is for the traditional ordering for displaying bridge hands
  def reverseOrdering[A <: Concept]: Ordering[A] = ordering.reverse
}
```

# Cards by case object (2)

```
case object Ace extends Rank {val name = "Ace"; val priority = 12 }
case object King extends Rank {val name = "King"; val priority = 11 }
case object Queen extends Rank {val name = "Queen"; val priority = 10 }
case object Knave extends Rank {val name = "Knave"; val priority = 9; override def initial = "J"}
case object Ten extends Rank {val name = "10"; val priority = 8; override def initial = "T"}
case object Nine extends Rank {val name = "9"; val priority = 7}
case object Eight extends Rank {val name = "8"; val priority = 6}
case object Seven extends Rank {val name = "7"; val priority = 5}
case object Six extends Rank {val name = "6"; val priority = 4}
case object Five extends Rank {val name = "5"; val priority = 3}
case object Four extends Rank {val name = "4"; val priority = 2}
case object Trey extends Rank {val name = "3"; val priority = 1}
case object Deuce extends Rank {val name = "2"; val priority = 0}
case object Spades extends Suit { val name = "Spades"; val priority = 3 }
case object Hearts extends Suit { val name = "Hearts"; val priority = 2 }
case object Diamonds extends Suit { val name = "Diamonds"; val priority = 1 }
case object Clubs extends Suit { val name = "Clubs"; val priority = 0 }
case class Card (suit: Suit, rank: Rank) extends Ordered[Card] {
  val bridgeStyle = true // as opposed to poker-style
  private def nameTuple = (suit.initial,rank.initial)
  override def toString = if (bridgeStyle) nameTuple.toString else nameTuple.swap.toString
  def compare(that: Card): Int = implicitly[Ordering[(Suit, Rank)]].compare(Card.unapply(this).get,
Card.unapply(that).get)
}
object Cards extends App {
  println(List(Card(Clubs,Deuce),Card(Clubs,King),Card(Clubs,Ten),Card(Spades,Deuce)).sorted)
}
```

# More information

- [The curious incident...](#)
- [Yuri's blog](#)
- [Dotty enums](#)