Class06

Jiawei Xu

```
student1 <- c(100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 90)
  student2 <- c(100, NA, 90, 90, 90, 90, 97, 80)
  student3 <- c(90, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA)
  #for grading the student1, who does not have NA
  which.min(student1)
[1] 8
  student1[-which.min(student1)]
[1] 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
  mean(student1[-which.min(student1)])
[1] 100
  # for students that have NA scores, NA needs to be removed first.
  student2_temp <- student2</pre>
  student2_temp[is.na(student2_temp)] <- 0  # assign 0 to NA</pre>
  student2_temp
[1] 100
         0 90 90 90 97 80
  mean(student2_temp[-which.min(student2_temp)])
[1] 91
```

```
student3_temp <- student3</pre>
  student3_temp[is.na(student3_temp)] <- 0</pre>
  student3_temp
[1] 90 0 0 0 0 0 0
  mean(student3_temp[-which.min(student3_temp)])
[1] 12.85714
  # write r function grade()
  grade <- function(student_grade){</pre>
    student_grade_temp <- student_grade</pre>
    student_grade_temp <- as.numeric(student_grade_temp)</pre>
    student_grade_temp[is.na(student_grade_temp)] <- 0</pre>
    mean(student_grade_temp[-which.min(student_grade_temp)])
  }
  # grade() fucntion test
  grade(student1)
[1] 100
  grade(student2)
[1] 91
  grade(student3)
[1] 12.85714
  # input csv file
  scores <- read.csv("https://tinyurl.com/gradeinput", row.names = 1)</pre>
```

```
result <- apply(scores, 1, grade)</pre>
  result
 student-1 student-2 student-3 student-4 student-5 student-6 student-7
     91.75
                82.50
                           84.25
                                       84.25
                                                  88.25
                                                             89.00
                                                                         94.00
 student-8 student-9 student-10 student-11 student-12 student-13 student-14
     93.75
                87.75
                           79.00
                                       86.00
                                                  91.75
                                                             92.25
                                                                         87.75
student-15 student-16 student-17 student-18 student-19 student-20
     78.75
                89.50
                           88.00
                                       94.50
                                                  82.75
                                                             82.75
  # Q2 Who is the top scoring student overall in the gradebook?
  which.max(result)
student-18
        18
  # student 18 is the top scoring student
  # Q3. From your analysis of the gradebook, which homework was toughest on students
  # (i.e. obtained the lowest scores overall?
  apply(scores, 2, mean, na.rm = T)
              hw2
                       hw3
     hw1
                                hw4
                                          hw5
89.00000 80.88889 80.80000 89.63158 83.42105
  which.min(apply(scores, 2, mean, na.rm = T))
hw3
  3
  # HW3 was toughest on students
  #Q4. From your analysis of the gradebook, which homework was most predictive of overall
  # score (i.e. highest correlation with average grade score)?
  mask_Q4 <- scores</pre>
  mask_Q4[is.na(mask_Q4)] <- 0</pre>
```

```
cor(result, mask_Q4)

hw1 hw2 hw3 hw4 hw5
[1,] 0.4250204 0.176778 0.3042561 0.3810884 0.6325982

apply(mask_Q4, 2, cor, y = result)

hw1 hw2 hw3 hw4 hw5
0.4250204 0.1767780 0.3042561 0.3810884 0.6325982
```

HW5 was the most predictive