

Mini-Project: COVID-19 Vaccination Rates

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Overview of the data

```
# Import vaccination data
vax <- read.csv( "covid19vaccinesbyzipcode_test.csv" )
head(vax)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction      county
## 1 2021-01-05           92549           Riverside      Riverside
## 2 2021-01-05           92130           San Diego      San Diego
## 3 2021-01-05           92397      San Bernardino San Bernardino
## 4 2021-01-05           94563      Contra Costa      Contra Costa
## 5 2021-01-05           94519      Contra Costa      Contra Costa
## 6 2021-01-05           91042      Los Angeles      Los Angeles
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile      vem_source
## 1                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                             2 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1                2348.4                2461                NA
## 2                46300.3                53102                61
## 3                3695.6                4225                NA
## 4                17216.1                18896                NA
## 5                16861.2                18678                NA
## 6                23962.2                25741                NA
##   persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                        NA                        NA
## 2                        27                        0.001149
## 3                        NA                        NA
## 4                        NA                        NA
## 5                        NA                        NA
## 6                        NA                        NA
##   percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1                        NA
## 2                        0.000508
## 3                        NA
## 4                        NA
```

```
## 5 NA
## 6 NA
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count
## 1 NA NA
## 2 0.001657 NA
## 3 NA NA
## 4 NA NA
## 5 NA NA
## 6 NA NA
## redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 3 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 4 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 5 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 6 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
```

Q1. What column details the total number of people fully vaccinated?

The `persons_fully_vaccinated` column.

Q2. What column details the Zip code tabulation area?

The `zip_code_tabulation_area` column.

Q3. What is the earliest date in this dataset?

2021-01-05

Q4. What is the latest date in this dataset?

2022-03-01 I got red mark on the course website for this question but I think the data might have updated to include more recent dates.

```
tail(vax)
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction
## 107599 2022-03-01 91945 San Diego
## 107600 2022-03-01 91741 Los Angeles
## 107601 2022-03-01 91768 Los Angeles
## 107602 2022-03-01 91345 Los Angeles
## 107603 2022-03-01 91356 Los Angeles
## 107604 2022-03-01 94402 San Mateo
## county vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 107599 San Diego 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 107600 Los Angeles 3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 107601 Los Angeles 1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 107602 Los Angeles 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 107603 Los Angeles 3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 107604 San Mateo 4 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
```

```
## 107599          22820.5          25486          18164
## 107600          22895.7          25243          19051
## 107601          29837.1          32658          20587
## 107602          16767.4          18029          14872
## 107603          26392.1          28379          22863
## 107604          21862.1          24150          23094
##      persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 107599          4032          0.712705
## 107600          1438          0.754704
## 107601          2467          0.630382
## 107602          1371          0.824893
## 107603          2114          0.805631
## 107604          1697          0.956273
##      percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 107599          0.158205
## 107600          0.056966
## 107601          0.075540
## 107602          0.076044
## 107603          0.074492
## 107604          0.070269
##      percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count redacted
## 107599          0.870910          6542          No
## 107600          0.811670          10331          No
## 107601          0.705922          8694          No
## 107602          0.900937          6715          No
## 107603          0.880123          12372          No
## 107604          1.000000          16049          No
```

```
# install.packages("skimr")
library(skimr)
skimr::skim(vax)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	vax
Number of rows	107604
Number of columns	15
Column type frequency:	
character	5
numeric	10
Group variables	None

Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
as_of_date	0	1	10	10	0	61	0
local_health_jurisdiction	0	1	0	15	305	62	0
county	0	1	0	15	305	59	0

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
vem_source	0	1	15	26	0	3	0
redacted	0	1	2	69	0	2	0

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
zip_code_tabulation_area	0	1.00	93665.111817.39	90001	92257.7593658.5095380.5097635.0					
vaccine_equity_metric_quartile	5207	0.95	2.44	1.11	1	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.0	
age12_plus_population	0	1.00	18895.0418993.91	0	1346.95	13685.1031756.1288556.7				
age5_plus_population	0	1.00	20875.2421106.02	0	1460.50	15364.0034877.00101902.0				
persons_fully_vaccinated	18338	0.83	12155.6113063.88	11	1066.25	7374.50	20005.0077744.0			
persons_partially_vaccinated	18338	0.83	831.74	1348.68	11	76.00	372.00	1076.00	34219.0	
percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated	18338	0.83	0.51	0.26	0	0.33	0.54	0.70	1.0	
percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated	18338	0.83	0.05	0.09	0	0.01	0.03	0.05	1.0	
percent_of_population_with_plus_dose	18338	0.83	0.54	0.28	0	0.36	0.58	0.75	1.0	
booster_recip_count	64317	0.40	4100.55	5900.21	11	176.00	1136.00	6154.50	50602.0	

Q5. How many numeric columns are in this dataset?

9

Q6. Note that there are “missing values” in the dataset. How many NA values there in the persons_fully_vaccinated column?

18174

Q7. What percent of persons_fully_vaccinated values are missing (to 2 significant figures)?

17.17%

```
n = 18174/105840
n
```

```
## [1] 0.171712
```

Q8. [Optional]: Why might this data be missing?

Some zip codes might not have residents or they failed to provide the data.

Working with dates

```
# install.packages("lubridate")
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
today()
```

```
## [1] "2022-03-05"
```

```
# converting data into a lubridate format
# Specify that we are using the year-month-day format
vax$as_of_date <- ymd(vax$as_of_date)
```

```
# How many days have passed since the first vaccination reported in this dataset?
today() - vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 424 days
```

```
# how many days the dataset span?
vax$as_of_date[nrow(vax)] - vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 420 days
```

Q9. How many days have passed since the last update of the dataset?

6

Q10. How many unique dates are in the dataset (i.e. how many different dates are detailed)?
61 as shown by the code chunk below

```
length(unique(vax$as_of_date))
```

```
## [1] 61
```

Working with ZIP codes

```
# install.packages("zipcodeR")
library(zipcodeR)
```

```
# find the centroid of the La Jolla 92037
geocode_zip('92037')
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   zipcode lat lng
##   <chr>   <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 92037   32.8 -117.
```

```
# Calculate the distance between the centroids of any two ZIP codes in miles
zip_distance('92037', '92109')
```

```
##   zipcode_a zipcode_b distance
## 1      92037      92109      2.33
```

```
# pull census data about ZIP code areas
reverse_zipcode(c('92037', "92109") )
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 24
##   zipcode zipcode_type major_city post_office_city common_city_list county state
##   <chr>   <chr>         <chr>      <chr>                <blob> <chr> <chr>
## 1 92037   Standard      La Jolla   La Jolla, CA          <raw 20 B> San D~ CA
## 2 92109   Standard      San Diego  San Diego, CA          <raw 21 B> San D~ CA
## # ... with 17 more variables: lat <dbl>, lng <dbl>, timezone <chr>,
## #   radius_in_miles <dbl>, area_code_list <blob>, population <int>,
## #   population_density <dbl>, land_area_in_sqmi <dbl>,
## #   water_area_in_sqmi <dbl>, housing_units <int>,
## #   occupied_housing_units <int>, median_home_value <int>,
## #   median_household_income <int>, bounds_west <dbl>, bounds_east <dbl>,
## #   bounds_north <dbl>, bounds_south <dbl>
```

```
# Pull data for all ZIP codes in the dataset
# zipdata <- reverse_zipcode( vax$zip_code_tabulation_area )
```

Focus on the San Diego area

```
# using base R
sd <- vax[ which(vax$county == "San Diego") , ]
nrow(sd)
```

```
## [1] 6527
```

```
# Using dplyr
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
sd <- filter(vax, county == "San Diego")
nrow(sd)
```

```
## [1] 6527
```

```
# Using dplyr is often more convenient when we are subsetting across multiple criteria
# for example all San Diego county areas with a population of over 10,000.
```

```
sd.10 <- filter(vax, county == "San Diego" &
                age5_plus_population > 10000)
head(sd.10)
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 1 2021-01-05 92130 San Diego San Diego
## 2 2021-01-05 91945 San Diego San Diego
## 3 2021-01-05 92103 San Diego San Diego
## 4 2021-01-05 92075 San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-01-05 92084 San Diego San Diego
## 6 2021-01-05 92116 San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 1 4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3 4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4 4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6 3 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1 46300.3 53102 61
## 2 22820.5 25486 NA
## 3 32146.4 33213 45
## 4 11136.3 12177 NA
## 5 42677.7 47784 12
## 6 30255.7 31673 NA
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 27 0.001149
## 2 NA NA
## 3 30 0.001355
## 4 NA NA
## 5 17 0.000251
## 6 NA NA
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1 0.000508
## 2 NA
## 3 0.000903
## 4 NA
## 5 0.000356
## 6 NA
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count
## 1 0.001657 NA
```

```
## 2 NA NA
## 3 0.002258 NA
## 4 NA NA
## 5 0.000607 NA
## 6 NA NA
## redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 3 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 4 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 5 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 6 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
```

Q11. How many distinct zip codes are listed for San Diego County? 107

```
length(unique(sd$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

```
## [1] 107
```

Q12. What San Diego County Zip code area has the largest 12 + Population in this dataset? 92154

```
ardsd <- sd %>%
  arrange(desc(age12_plus_population))
head(ardsd)
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 1 2021-01-05 92154 San Diego San Diego
## 2 2021-01-12 92154 San Diego San Diego
## 3 2021-01-19 92154 San Diego San Diego
## 4 2021-01-26 92154 San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-02-02 92154 San Diego San Diego
## 6 2021-02-09 92154 San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 1 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1 76365.2 82971 18
## 2 76365.2 82971 282
## 3 76365.2 82971 671
## 4 76365.2 82971 986
## 5 76365.2 82971 1381
## 6 76365.2 82971 2136
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 22 0.000217
## 2 37 0.003399
```



```
## 3          93          0.008087
## 4         216          0.011884
## 5         432          0.016644
## 6         761          0.025744
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1          0.000265
## 2          0.000446
## 3          0.001121
## 4          0.002603
## 5          0.005207
## 6          0.009172
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count
## 1          0.000482          NA
## 2          0.003845          NA
## 3          0.009208          NA
## 4          0.014487          NA
## 5          0.021851          NA
## 6          0.034916          NA
##                                redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 3 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 4 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 5 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 6 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
```

```
# Using dplyr select all San Diego "county" entries on "as_of_date" "2022-02-22"
sd0222 <- sd %>%
  filter(as_of_date == "2022-02-22")

head(sd0222)
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 1 2022-02-22          92064          San Diego San Diego
## 2 2022-02-22          92103          San Diego San Diego
## 3 2022-02-22          92118          San Diego San Diego
## 4 2022-02-22          92083          San Diego San Diego
## 5 2022-02-22          92056          San Diego San Diego
## 6 2022-02-22          92069          San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile          vem_source
## 1          4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2          4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3          3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4          2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5          3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6          2 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1          42177.1          46855          34266
## 2          32146.4          33213          46456
## 3          19835.0          21470          14954
## 4          32246.5          36283          24146
## 5          45552.2          49110          34782
## 6          41447.3          46850          32505
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
```

```
## 1          6861          0.731320
## 2          8434          1.000000
## 3          7405          0.696507
## 4          5924          0.665491
## 5          7362          0.708247
## 6          7043          0.693810
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1          0.146430
## 2          0.253937
## 3          0.344900
## 4          0.163272
## 5          0.149908
## 6          0.150331
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count redacted
## 1          0.877750          15499          No
## 2          1.000000          14627          No
## 3          1.000000          5721          No
## 4          0.828763          7322          No
## 5          0.858155          15441          No
## 6          0.844141          12168          No
```

Q13. What is the overall average “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” value for all San Diego “County” as of “2022-02-22”? 0.7041551

```
mean(sd0222$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated, na.rm = TRUE)
```

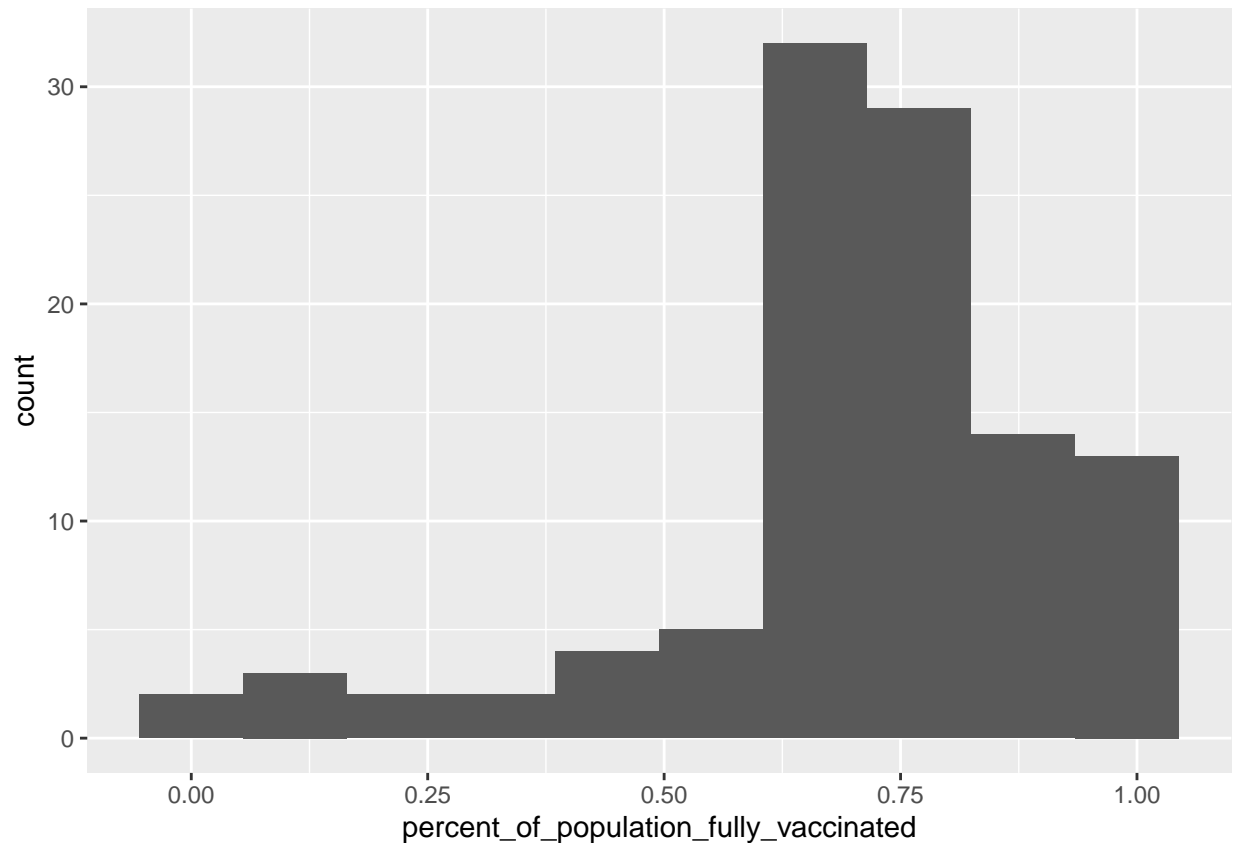
```
## [1] 0.7041551
```

Q14. Using either ggplot or base R graphics make a summary figure that shows the distribution of Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated values as of “2022-02-22”?

I couldn’t get the same graph as shown on the instruction page. Perhaps the data was updated by the time I downloaded it.

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(sd0222, aes(x = percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 10)
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



Focus on UCSD/La Jolla

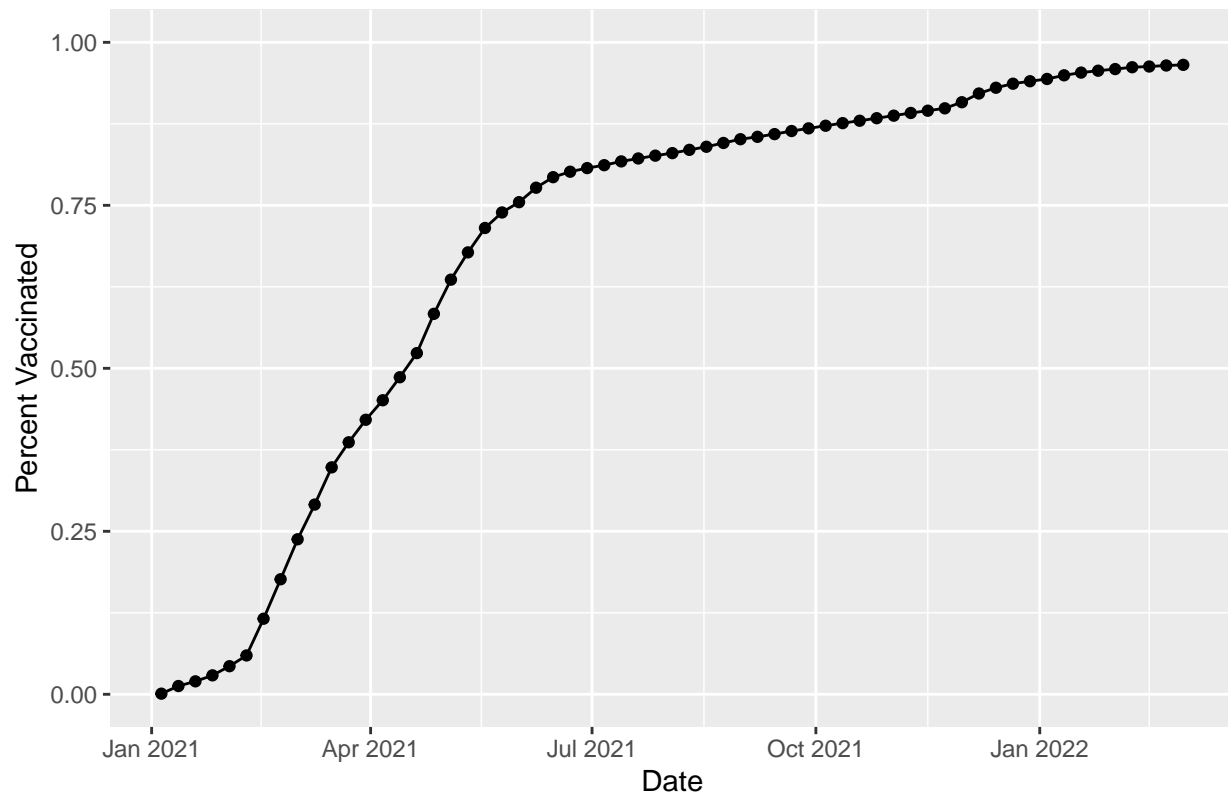
```
ucsd <- filter(sd, zip_code_tabulation_area=="92037")
ucsd[1,]$age5_plus_population
```

```
## [1] 36144
```

Q15. Using ggplot make a graph of the vaccination rate time course for the 92037 ZIP code area:

```
plt <- ggplot(ucsd) +
  aes(x = as_of_date,
       y = percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(group=1) +
  ylim(c(0,1)) +
  labs(x = "Date", y="Percent Vaccinated", title = "Vaccination Rate of La Jolla CA 92037")
plt
```

Vaccination Rate of La Jolla CA 92037



Comparing to similar sized areas

```
# Subset to all CA areas with a population as large as 92037
vax.36 <- filter(vax, age5_plus_population > 36144 &
  as_of_date == "2022-02-22")

head(vax.36)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction    county
## 1 2022-02-22          92840                Orange      Orange
## 2 2022-02-22          92064                San Diego    San Diego
## 3 2022-02-22          92508                Riverside    Riverside
## 4 2022-02-22          95403                Sonoma      Sonoma
## 5 2022-02-22          90001                Los Angeles  Los Angeles
## 6 2022-02-22          92802                Orange      Orange
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile      vem_source
## 1                               2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                               4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                               3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4                               3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5                               1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                               2 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
```

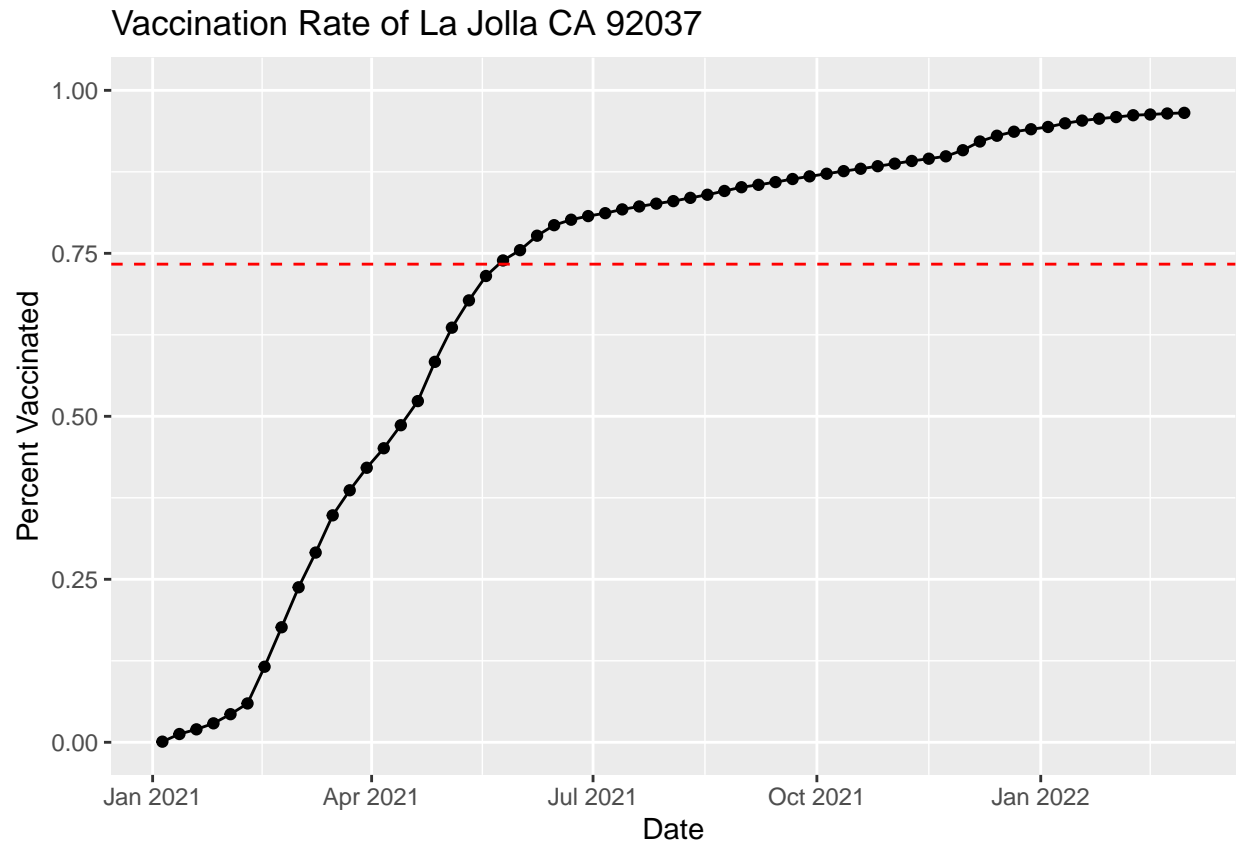
```
## 1          47302.5          51902          40725
## 2          42177.1          46855          34266
## 3          32415.3          36303          21925
## 4          38545.9          42294          33158
## 5          47175.7          54805          43075
## 6          35113.6          39393          29268
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1              4324              0.784652
## 2              6861              0.731320
## 3              1714              0.603945
## 4              2833              0.783988
## 5             13917              0.785968
## 6              6138              0.742975
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1              0.083311
## 2              0.146430
## 3              0.047214
## 4              0.066983
## 5              0.253937
## 6              0.155814
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose booster_recip_count redacted
## 1              0.867963              20654          No
## 2              0.877750              15499          No
## 3              0.651159              10753          No
## 4              0.850971              18659          No
## 5              1.000000              13408          No
## 6              0.898789              12816          No
```

Q16. Calculate the mean “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” for ZIP code areas with a population as large as 92037 (La Jolla) as_of_date “2022-02-22”. Add this as a straight horizontal line to your plot from above with the `geom_hline()` function?

```
mean.36 <- mean(vax.36$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
mean.36
```

```
## [1] 0.733385
```

```
plt + geom_hline(yintercept = mean.36, color = "red", linetype = "dashed")
```



Q17. What is the 6 number summary (Min, 1st Qu., Median, Mean, 3rd Qu., and Max) of the “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” values for ZIP code areas with a population as large as 92037 (La Jolla) as_of_date “2022-02-22”?

As shown by the output of the chunk below.

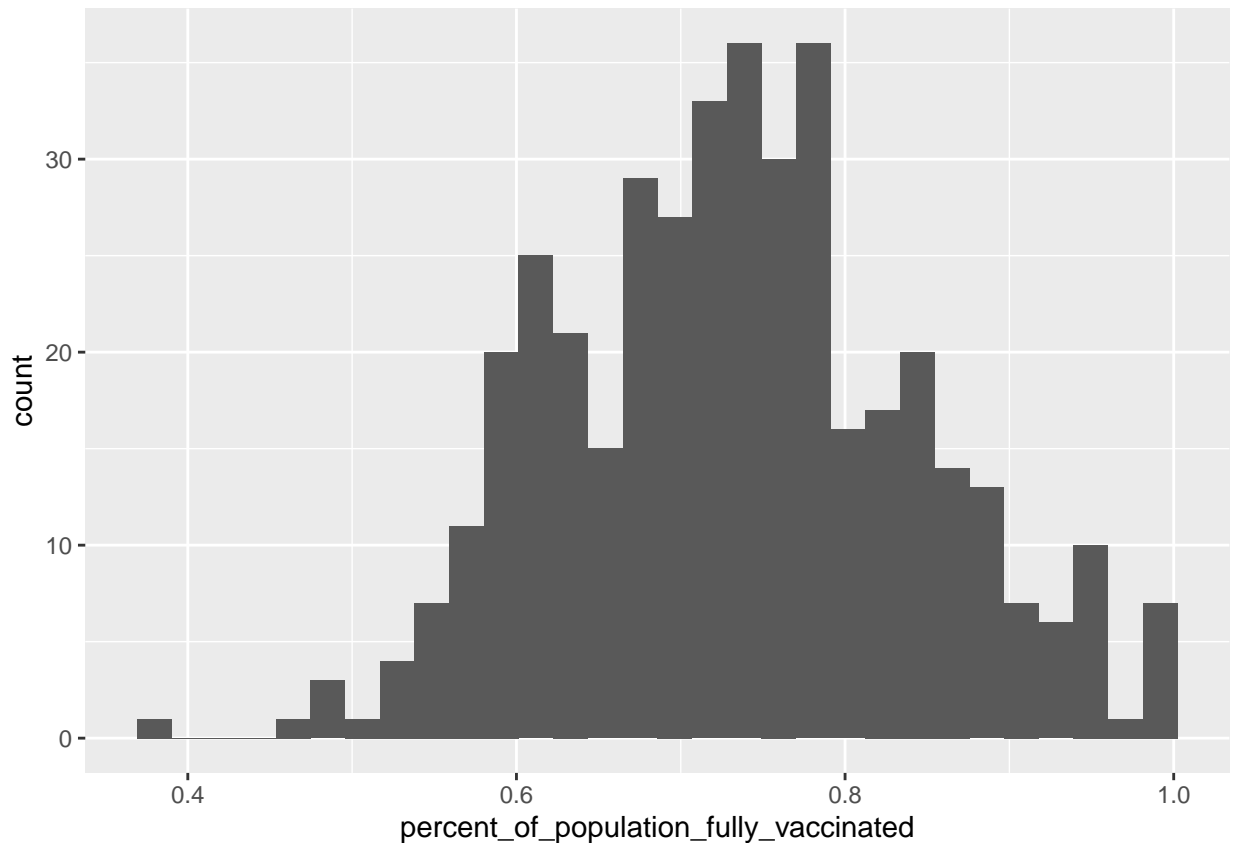
```
summary(vax.36$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.3881 0.6539 0.7333 0.7334 0.8027 1.0000
```

Q18. Using ggplot generate a histogram of this data.

```
ggplot(vax.36, aes(x = percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)) +
  geom_histogram()
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```



Q19. Is the 92109 and 92040 ZIP code areas above or below the average value you calculated for all these above?

The mean calculated before was 0.7334, as shown below, the 92109 and 92040 ZIP code areas are both **below** 0.7334.

```
vax %>% filter(as_of_date == "2022-02-22") %>%
  filter(zip_code_tabulation_area %in% c("92040","92109")) %>%
  select(percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##   percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                                0.551304
## 2                                0.723044
```

Q20. Finally make a time course plot of vaccination progress for all areas in the full dataset with a age5_plus_population > 36144.

```
vax.36.all <- filter(vax, age5_plus_population > 36144)

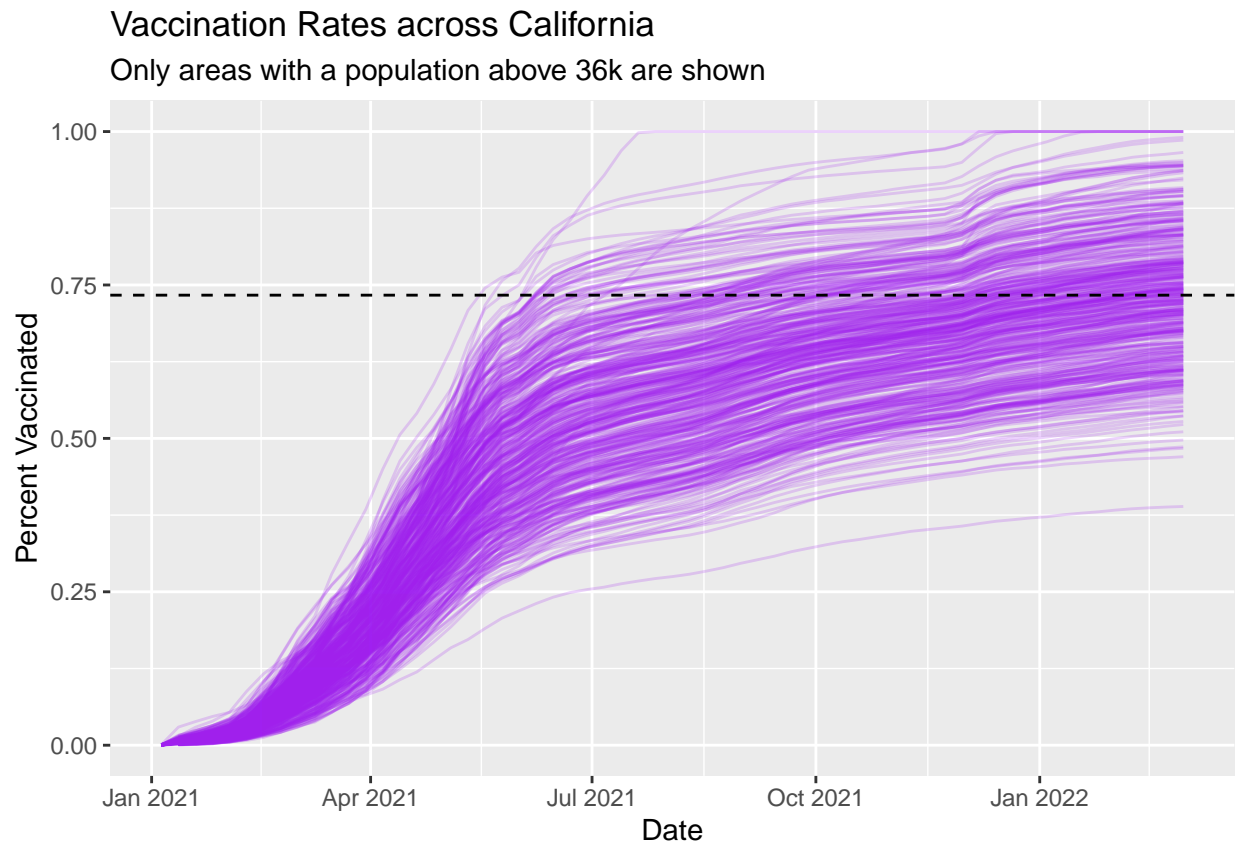
ggplot(vax.36.all) +
  aes(
    as_of_date,
    percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated,
```

```

    group=zip_code_tabulation_area) +
  geom_line(alpha=0.2, color="purple") +
  ylim(0, 1) +
  labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated",
       title="Vaccination Rates across California",
       subtitle="Only areas with a population above 36k are shown") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = mean.36, linetype="dashed")

```

Warning: Removed 311 row(s) containing missing values (geom_path).



Q21. How do you feel about traveling for Spring Break and meeting for in-person class afterwards?

Based on the figures, the majority of CA has a vaccination rate above 70%. I feel relatively safe about going back in person with the vaccination status of the state.