

# Manual on the Code of the Book “Acoustic Waves Generated by Parametric Array Loudspeakers”

Jiaxin Zhong

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## 1 Introduction

This document introduces the usage of the code package, which is a supplementary material for the book “Acoustic Waves Generated by Parametric Array Loudspeakers”. All demos and functions were tested by MATLAB R2022b installed on a personal computer with an AMD Ryzen Threadripper 3960X central processing unit (CPU) with 256 GB of random access memory (RAM).

## 1.1 Installation

Steps:

1. Download all codes from GitHub: JiaxinZhong/AWPAL
2. Run the script AWPAL.m at first to add subfolders to the path.

## 2 Demo Scripts and Core Functions

### 2.1 Direct Integration Method (DIM)

#### 2.1.1 Audio Sound Field

##### 2.1.1.1 On-Axis

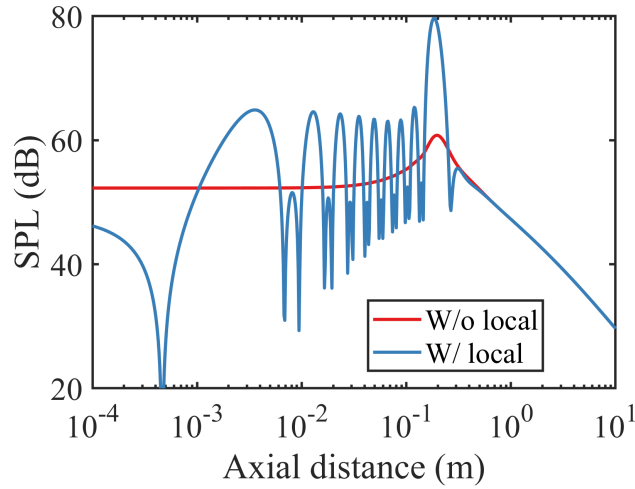


Figure 1: On-axis SPL (dB) as a function of the axial distance ( $z$ , m) [1, Fig. 2(e)].

**Demo:** PalDIM3D\_CircSrc\_Axis\_Demo.m

**Function:** PalDIM3D\_CircSrc\_Axis.m Calculate the audio sound field on the axis  $\rho = 0$  using the DIM. The source profile is assumed to be

axisymmetric in the azimuthal direction, i.e.,  $v_{i,z}(\mathbf{r}_s)$  is independent of  $\varphi_s$ . The formula used in this function is

$$p_a(\rho = 0, \varphi, z) = -\frac{\beta\omega_a^2}{2\rho_0 c_0^4} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{p_1^*(\mathbf{r}_v)p_2(\mathbf{r}_v)}{\sqrt{\rho_v^2 + (z - z_v)^2}} e^{ik_a\sqrt{\rho_v^2 + (z - z_v)^2}} \rho_v d\rho_v dz_v \quad (1)$$

### 3 Known Issues

### References

- [1] Jiaxin Zhong, Tao Zhuang, Ray Kirby, Mahmoud Karimi, Xiaojun Qiu, Haishan Zou, and Jing Lu. Low frequency audio sound field generated by a focusing parametric array loudspeaker. *IEEE/ACM Trans. Audio Speech Lang. Process.*, 30:3098–3109, 2022.