Standard library (STL)

Programming Concepts in Scientific Computing EPFL, Master class

October 25, 2023

STL: input/output streams library: cout/cin

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   std::cout << "Hello" << std::endl;
   double a;
   std::cin >> a;
   std::cout << "Hello: " << a << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

STL: input/output streams library: cout/cin

```
#include <iomanip>
#include <iostream>
int main() {
 double a;
  std::cin >> a;
  std::cout << std::scientific;</pre>
  std::cout << std::setprecision(15);</pre>
  std::cout << "Hello: " << a << std::endl;
```

STL: string of character: string

```
# include <iostream>
# include <string>

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
   std::string name;
   name = argv[1];

   std::cout << "Hello: " << name << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

STL: file input/output: fstream

```
#include <fstream>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  std::string name;
 name = argv[1];
  std::ifstream fin(name.c str());
 while (fin.good()) {
    double a;
    fin >> a;
```

STL: string input/output: stringstream

```
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  std::stringstream sstr;
 for (int i = 1; i < argc; ++i) {
   sstr << argv[i] << ",";
  std::cout << "Comma separated list of arguments: ";</pre>
  std::cout << sstr.str() << std::endl;
  int N = 0;
  sstr >> N;
```

STL: containers

- ► STL Containers: generic description (design pattern)
- ▶ They are based on a container-iterator relation
- ▶ This simplifies the transition from one type to another
- Classical types are:
 - vector
 - list
 - set
 - map
 - multimap

STL containers: vector

The include:

#include <vector>

STL containers: vector

Loops:

STL containers: vector

```
Loops:
  int N = 100;
  std::vector<double> v(N);
  for (unsigned int i = 0; i < v.size(); ++i) {</pre>
    v[i] = 100.;
Or equivalently
                      pointer
  std::vector<double>::iterator it = v.begin();
  std::vector<double>::iterator end = v.end();
  while (it != end) {
    *it = 100;
    ++it;
```

STL containers: map

Associating keys with values Python: dictionary

```
# include <map>
```

STL containers: map

Example with planets

```
enum ParticleType {
  planet,
  star,
  atom,
};
  std::map<std::string, ParticleType> particle types;
  particle types["mars"] = planet;
  particle types["sun"] = star;
  particle types["copper"] = atom;
```

STL containers: map Looping over keys and values

```
std::map<std::string, ParticleType>::iterator it = particleType>std::map<std::string, ParticleType>::iterator end = particleType>std::string key = particleType>std::string key = it->first;
ParticleType p_type = it->second;
std::cout << "key:" << key << " -> ";
std::cout << p_type << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

STL: algorithms

There are many STL algorithms available.

Examples:

- ▶ std::find searches for a match in a container in O(N) advances.
- ▶ std::sort sorts a container in $O(N \cdot log_2(N))$ swaps (which then is not the same for list, vectors)
- std::binary_search searches into a sorted container in O(log2(N)) advances (which is then long for non random access iterators like lists)

Take away message

```
http://en.cppreference.com/
http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/
```