

## Project 1: Computational Cluster Building

### Objective:

Develop a computational cluster to manage and process jobs based on their dependencies and the availability of computational resources.

### Instructions:

#### 1. Cluster Creation (Basic):

- Set up at least two virtual machines on your system.
- Designate one machine as the 'master' node responsible for resource allocation and job initiation.
- The remaining machines will function as 'worker' nodes.
- Create the capability to submit jobs to the cluster. These jobs can be basic programs for demonstration.
- The master node will receive a list of jobs with varying runtimes. It should allocate jobs to idle worker nodes and retrieve the results. If the master node is idle, it can also function as a worker node.
- Provide proof of the cluster's functionality using test cases, logs, and screenshots.

#### 2. Job Dependencies (Advanced):

- Extend the basic functionality to support job dependencies. Some jobs can operate on a 'first come, first serve' basis, while others might require the completion of certain tasks before starting.
- Develop a format for job submission that includes a description of dependencies.
- Ensure the master node launches jobs based on worker node availability and job dependencies.
- Demonstrate the cluster's enhanced functionality with comprehensive test cases and logs.
- Detect and handle cyclic dependencies, which are deemed invalid.
- Implement mechanisms to gracefully manage failed or stuck jobs.

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## Project 2: Trading Strategy Simulation

### Objective:

Design a system to simulate trading strategies using aggressive orders. Evaluate the strategies using a real-time Level 3 order book.

## Instructions:

### 1. System Framework:

- Utilize a Level 3 order book that updates in real-time with new orders, cancellations, or executions.
- Each update to the order book should trigger a callback function. Similarly, a callback (`onSendOrder`) should be activated each time a strategy sends an order.
- Your primary simulation logic should operate within these callbacks. Extend the system as needed for market data or trading strategy considerations.

### 2. Callback Functions:

- For C++:

```
```cpp
void onOrderAdd(OrderBook& orderBook, const OrderInfo& orderInfo);
void onOrderCancel(OrderBook& orderBook, const OrderInfo& orderInfo);
void onOrderExecution(OrderBook& orderBook, const OrderInfo& orderInfo, const
ExecutionInfo& executionInfo);
void onSendOrder(OrderBook& orderBook, const OrderInfo& orderInfo);
```
```

- For Golang:

```
```go
func onOrderAdd(orderBook OrderBook, orderInfo OrderInfo) {}
func onOrderCancel(orderBook OrderBook, orderInfo OrderInfo) {}
func onOrderExecution(orderBook OrderBook, orderInfo OrderInfo, executionInfo
ExecutionInfo) {}
func onSendOrder(orderBook OrderBook, orderInfo OrderInfo) {}
```
```

### 3. Data Structures:

- `OrderBook`, `OrderInfo`, and `ExecutionInfo` are structured datasets containing relevant data. In each callback, the order book will have been updated with the latest order operations.

### 4. Submission:

- Your submission should not necessarily be a fully compilable program, but it must be syntactically correct.
- Use comments judiciously to explain your logic and design choices.
- Ensure your code reflects not only programming competency but also a deep understanding of the simulation's precision.

- Submit your finalized code in either C++ or Golang.

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