









GROWTH OF INTERFACE CRACKS ON CONSECUTIVE FIBERS: ON THE SAME OR ON THE OPPOSITE SIDES?

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Outline

- Micromechanical Modeling of Initiation of Transverse Cracks
- Conclusions











Micromechanical Modeling of Initiation of Transverse Cracks Conclusion Initiation of Transverse Cracking in FRPCs

MICROMECHANICAL MODELING OF INITIATION OF TRANSVERSE CRACKS





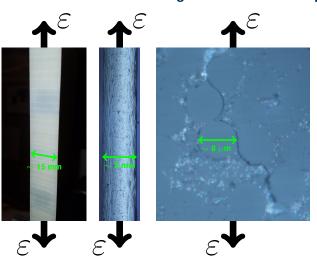






Micromechanical Modeling of Initiation of Transverse Cracks Conclusions Initiation of Transverse Cracking in FRPCs

Initiation of Transverse Cracking in FRPCs: Microscopic Observations



Left:

front view of $[0, 90_2]_S$, visual inspection.

Center:

edge view of $[0, 90]_S$, optical microscope.

Right:

edge view of $[0, 90]_S$, optical microscope.











Micromechanical Modeling of Initiation of Transverse Cracks Conclusions













Micromechanical Modeling of Initiation of Transverse Cracks Conclusions

Conclusions

 \rightarrow $f_{\text{straight crack}}(\Delta \theta): \sqrt{G_l}, \times G_{ll}$

 $f_{\text{inclined crack}}(\Delta \theta)$: $\sqrt{G_{I}}$, $\sqrt{G_{II}}$, $\times \# f_{\text{inclined crack}}(\Delta \theta = \frac{\pi}{2})$

 $f_{\text{curved crack}}(\Delta \theta)$: $\sqrt{G_I}$, $\sqrt{G_{II}}$

⇒ scaling breaks for $\Delta\theta \leq 20^{\circ}$ → microstructure is important for small debonds!

