

- Project proposal -

Automated detection of fiber/matrix interface cracks in cross-ply laminates

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1. Introduction

Detection and geometric characterization of fiber/matrix interface cracks (or debonds) in carbon and glass fiber reinforced polymers is important to develop a correct understanding of the mechanisms underpinning the onset and propagation of transverse cracks at the microscopic level. Given the many variables at play, a statistical treatment of the problem is unavoidable, which requires large amount of data to provide reliable results. However, characterization of debonds can today be performed on an optical microscope only in a manual, where the operator identifies the debonds and performs the necessary measurements. Automation of these tasks would thus translates into significant gain in terms of a reduced tests' time as well as in an increased number of measurements, and thus more reliable statistics. The development of an algorithm for automatic detection of debonds represents the first towards automating the characterization of the fiber/matrix interface crack.

2. Objectives

3. Materials

4. Methods

5. Expected outcomes