

Bayesian Time Series Methods: Introductory

Computer Tutorial 5: The Unobserved Components Stochastic Volatility Model (UC-SV)

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

- Following Stock and Watson (2007), we write the UC-SV model as

$$\pi_t = \tau_t + \eta_t, \quad \eta_t \sim N(0, \sigma_t^\eta),$$

$$\tau_t = \tau_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t, \quad \varepsilon_t \sim N(0, \sigma_t^\varepsilon),$$

$$\log(\sigma_t^\eta) = \log(\sigma_{t-1}^\eta) + \nu_t^\eta, \quad \nu_t^\eta \sim N(0, \gamma_1),$$

$$\log(\sigma_t^\varepsilon) = \log(\sigma_{t-1}^\varepsilon) + \nu_t^\varepsilon, \quad \nu_t^\varepsilon \sim N(0, \gamma_2).$$

- The observable inflation rate π_t is modelled as the sum of the unobserved component τ_t and the disturbance ε_t .
- We are interested in estimating the parameters $\gamma = (\gamma_1, \gamma_2)$ and the state variable τ_t . The parameters γ reflect the smoothness of the evolution of the stochastic volatility process.

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

Rewrite the Model

- Write the model in a more compact way

$$y_t = X_t' B_t + \eta_t,$$

$$X_t' = I_m \otimes (1, y_{t-1}', \dots, y_{t-k}').$$

- \otimes is the Kronecker product and $t = 1, \dots, T$.
- All time periods for one variable are grouped together in this setup.

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

Rewrite the Model in MATLAB

% Generate lagged Y matrix. This will be part of the X matrix

ylag = mlag2(Y,plag); % Y is [T x m]. ylag is [T x (nk)]

% Form RHS matrix $X_t = [1 \ y_{t-1} \ y_{t-2} \ \dots \ y_{t-k}]$ for $t=1:T$

ylag = ylag(plag+1:t,:);

% m is the number of elements in the state vector

m = 1 + plag; % m is the number of elements in the state vector

% Create X_t matrix

Z = [ones(t-plag,1) ylag];

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model Priors

- Use OLS with noninformative priors

$$p(B) \sim N(\underline{B}, \underline{V}),$$

$$p(h) \sim G(\underline{s}^{-2}, \underline{v}),$$

%use relatively noninformative values

```
B_OLS = zeros(m,1);
```

```
VB_OLS = eye(m);
```

```
h_OLS = ones(m,1);
```

```
sigma_OLS = 1;
```

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model Priors

- Set prior means and variances

$$p(B_0) \sim N(B_{OLS}, 4 \cdot V_{B_{OLS}}),$$

$$p(\log(\sigma_0^\eta)) \sim N(\log(\sigma_{OLS}^\eta), I_n),$$

$$p(\log(\sigma_0^\varepsilon)) \sim N(\log(\sigma_{OLS}^\varepsilon), I_n),$$

% Set prior means and variances (_prmean / _prvar)

B_0_prmean = B_OLS;

B_0_prvar = 4*VB_OLS;

h_prmean = h_OLS;

h_prvar = 4*eye(m);

sigma_prmean = sigma_OLS;

sigma_prvar = 4;

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

Priors

- Priors for parameters

$$\gamma_1 \sim IW(\kappa_{\gamma_1}^2 \cdot T_0 \cdot V_{B_{OLS}}, T_0),$$

$$\gamma_2 \sim IW(\kappa_{\gamma_2}^2 \cdot T_0 \cdot V_{B_{OLS}}, T_0).$$

- where $\kappa_{\gamma_1} = 0.001$, $\kappa_{\gamma_2} = 0.001$ and $T_0 = m + 1$.

% Set some hyperparameters

- $k_Q = 0.001$;
- $k_W = 0.001$;

% Scale and shape parameters

$Q_{prmean} = ((k_Q)^2) \cdot (1+m) \cdot V_{B_{OLS}}$;

$Q_{prvar} = 1 + m$;

$W_{prmean} = ((k_W)^2) \cdot 2 \cdot \text{eye}(p)$;

$W_{prvar} = 2$;

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

Initial Values

- We assume the prior for the state as

$$p(\tau_t) \sim N(\tau_0, V_0),$$

- Initial values

$$\tau_{0|0} = \tau_{t-1}, \quad V_{0|0} = 1,$$

$$\gamma_{1,0} = 0.00001 \quad \text{and} \quad \gamma_{2,0} = 0.0001.$$

➤ Exercise: The UC-SV Model

Gibbs Sampling

- Sample the parameters and the state as follows
 1. $p(\sigma_t^\eta \mid \sigma_t^{\eta(j-1)}, \sigma_t^{\varepsilon(j-1)}, \gamma_1^{(j-1)}, \gamma_2^{(j-1)}, y_t)$ and $p(\gamma_1 \mid \sigma_t^{\eta(j-1)}, y_t)$.
 2. $p(\sigma_t^\varepsilon \mid \sigma_t^{\varepsilon(j-1)}, \sigma_t^{\eta(j-1)}, \gamma_1^{(j-1)}, \gamma_2^{(j-1)}, y_t)$ and $p(\gamma_2 \mid \sigma_t^{\varepsilon(j-1)}, y_t)$.
 3. $p(\tau_t \mid \gamma_1^{(j-1)}, \gamma_2^{(j-1)}, y_t)$ by using Carter and Kohn (1994).
- Repeat step 1 to 3 until convergence.

➤ References

- Carter, C. K. and Kohn, R. (1994), On Gibbs sampling for state space models, *Biometrika*, 81, 541–553.
- Koop, G. (2003), *Bayesian econometrics*, Wiley.
- Koop, G., Poirier, D. and Tobias, J. (2007), *Bayesian econometric methods*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Primiceri, G. E. (2005), Time varying structural vector autoregressions and monetary policy, *Review of Economic Studies*, 72, 821–852.