Package 'HonestDiD'

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Imports
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Description This package provides functions to conduct robust inference in difference-indifferences and event study designs by implementing the methods developed in Rambachan & Roth (2019). Inference is conducted under a weaker version of the parallel trends assumption. Uniformly valid confidence sets are constructed based upon conditional confidence sets, fixed-length confidence sets and hybridized confidence sets. See Ashesh Rambachan & Jonathan Roth, ``An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends'', 2019 for details on the methods.
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basisVector

Creates a standard basis vector.

Description

Creates a basis vector of length size with a 1 in the index position.

Usage

Index

```
# Create the third basis vector in R^6
basisVector(index = 1, size = 1)
```

Arguments

index The index at which there should be a one. Default equals one.

size The length of the vector. Default equals one.

Value

Returns a basis vector of length size with a 1 in the index position.

```
{\tt computeConditionalCS\_DeltaRMI}
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land RMI(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^RMI(Mbar).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter for Delta^RMI(Mbar) that governs degree of similarity be-

tween pre-period differential trend and post-period differential trend. Defaul

sets Mbar = 0.

alpha Desired size of the FLCI. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95% confidence

interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^RMI(Mbar) – See Section 6 of Rambachan & Roth (2019)

for details. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

 $Logical\ value.\ If\ TRUE,\ function\ excludes\ moments\ for\ Delta^SD(M)\ that\ only$

include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, 1 vec'betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

computeConditionalCS_DeltaSD

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land SD(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SD(M).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

alpha Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set.

Default equals "FLCI".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set. Default equals

FALSE.)

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only

include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDB
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land SDB(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta $^SDB(M)$. The set Delta $^SDB(M)$ adds an additional sign restriction to Delta $^SD(M)$ that restricts the sign of the bias to be either positive (delta >= 0) or negative (delta <= 0).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

alpha Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set.

Default equals "FLCI".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

biasDirection Specifies direction of bias restriction. If "positive", bias is restricted to be pos-

itive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0.

Default equals "positive".

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only

include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec' betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

```
{\tt computeConditionalCS\_DeltaSDM}
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta^SDM(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDM(M). The set Delta^SDB(M) adds an additional shape restriction to Delta^SD(M) that restricts the underlying trend to be monotone. It may either be increasing (delta_t >= delta_t-1) or decreasing (delta_t <= delta_t-1).

Usage

Arguments

hybrid_kappa

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients. sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients. numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods. 1_{vec} Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest, theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-М lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0 Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95% alpha confidence interval) Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP" hybrid_flag specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. Default equals "FLCI".

Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10. If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

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returnLength

Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confidence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals FALSE.

monotonicityDirection

Specifies direction of monotonicity restriction. If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, $delta_t >= delta_{t-1}$. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be decreasing delta $t <= delta_{t-1}$.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under

parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

grid.lb

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

constructOriginalCS $Constructs \ original \ confidence \ interval \ for \ parameter \ of \ interest, \ theta = l_vec'tau.$

Description

Constructs original confidence interval for parameter of interest, theta = l_vec tau using the user-specified estimated event study coefficients and variance-covariance matrix.

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Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

alpha Desired size of the robust confidence sets. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

createEventStudyPlot Constructs event study plot

Description

Constructs event study plot using the estimated event study coefficients and standard errors.

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

stdErrors Vector of standard errors associated with the estimated event study coefficients.

Default equals NULL. Either stdErrors or sigma must be specified by the user. If stdErrors is not specified but sigma is, the stdErrors are set to equal the square

root of the diagonal elements of sigma.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients. Default equals NULL. Either

stdErrors or sigma must be specified by the user.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

timeVec Vector that contains the time periods associated with the event study coefficients.

This vector should not include the reference period that is normalized to zero.

referencePeriod

Scalar that contains the time period associated with the reference period.

useRelativeEventTime

Logical that specifies whether user would like the plot to be in relative event time (normalizes the reference period to be zero). Default equals FALSE.

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Value

Returns ggplot object of the event study plot.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

createSensitivityPlot Constructs sensitivity plot for $Delta = Delta \land SD(M)$, $Delta \land SDB(M)$ and $Delta \land SDM(M)$

Description

This function constructs sensitivity plots that examine how the robust confidence sets change as the parameter M varies for Delta = Delta^SD(M), Delta^SDB(M) and Delta^SDM(M). Similar plots are constructed in Section 10 of Rambachan & Roth (2019).

Usage

 $create Sensitivity Plot(robust Results, \ original Results, \ rescale Factor = 1, \ max M = Inf, \ add_x Axis = TR Axis = TR$

Arguments

robustResults Dataframe that contains the upper/lower bounds of robust confidence sets for

each choice of M. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing robust confidence set (e.g., "FLCI"), lb – Lower bound of robust confidence set, ub – Upper bound of robust confidence set, M-M values associated with each robust confidence set.

originalResults

Dataframe that contains the original confidence set for the parameter of interest. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing confidence set (e.g., "Original"), lb – Lower bound of confidence set, ub – Upper bound of confidence set,

M - M values associated with each robust confidence set (e.g., M = 0).

rescaleFactor Scalar that is used to rescale the user specified choices of M and the upper/lower

bounds of the confidence sets. Default equals one.

maxM Scalar that specifies the maximum M value to plot in the sensitivity plot. Default

equals infinity (no truncation).

add_xAxis Logical specifying whether to plot the x-axis in the sensitivity plot. Default

equals TRUE.

Value

Returns ggplot object of the sensitivity plot.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

createSensitivityResults

Constructs robust confidence intervals for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$, $Delta^SDB(M)$ and $Delta^SDM(M)$ for vector of possible M values.

Description

Constructs robust confidence intervals for a choice Delta = Delta^SD(M), Delta^SDB(M) and Delta^SDM(M) for vector of possible M values. By default, the function constructs robust confidence intervals for Delta^SD(M).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

method String that specifies the choice of method for constructing robust confidence intervals. This must be one of "FLCI", "Conditional", "C-F" (conditional FLCI hy-

brid), or "C-LF" (conditional least-favorable hybrid). Default equals NULL and the function automatically sets method based on the recommendations in Rambachan & Roth (2019) depending on the choice of Delta. If Delta = DeltaSD, default selects the FLCI. If Delta = DeltaSDB or DeltaSDM, default delects the conditional ELCI hybrid

conditional FLCI hybrid.

Mvec Vector of M values for which the user wishes to construct robust confidence

intervals. If NULL, the function constructs a grid of length 10 that starts at M = 0 and ends at M equal to the upper bound constructed from the pre-periods

using the function DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre. Default equals null.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

biasDirection This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional bias restriction

to Delta $^{SD}(M)$. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta ≥ 0 . If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta ≤ 0 . Default equals NULL.

monotonicityDirection

This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional monotonicity restriction to Delta^SD(M). If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be decreasing delta_t <= delta_t-1. Default equals NULL

alpha Desired size of the robust confidence sets. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

parallel Logical to indicate whether the user would like to construct the robust confi-

dence intervals in parallel. This uses the Foreach package and doParallel pack-

age. Default equals FALSE.

Value

Returns a dataframe with columns

Lower bound of robust confidence sets.Upper bound of robust confidence sets.

method Method for constructing robust confidence sets

Delta The set Delta that was specified.

M Values of M associated with each robust confidence set.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

DeltaSD_lowerBound_Mpre

Construct lower bound for M for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$ based on observed pre-period coefficients.

Description

Constructs a lower bound for M using the observed pre-period coefficients. It constructs a one-sided confidence interval for the maximal second difference of the observed pre-period using the conditional test developed in Andrews, Roth & Pakes (2019).

Usage

DeltaSD_lowerBound_Mpre(betahat, sigma, numPrePeriods, alpha = 0.05, grid.ub = NA, gridPoints = 1000

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods.

alpha Desired size of the one-sided confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

grid.ub Upper bound of grid of values of M that is used to construct the confidence

interval by test inversion. Default equals NA and the upper bound of the grid is set equal to three times the maximum standard error of the observed pre-period

event-study coefficients.

gridPoints Number of points to include in the grid that is used to construct the confidence

interval by test inversion. Default equals 1000 points.

Value

Returns a scalar that equals the lower bound of a one-sided confidence interval for the maximal second difference of the observed pre-period coefficients.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Andrews, Isaiah, Jonathan Roth and Ariel Pakes. "Inference for Linear Conditional Moment Inequalities." 2019. Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre

Construct upper bound for M for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$ based on observed pre-period coefficients.

Description

Constructs an upper bound for M using the observed pre-period event study coefficients. This is constructed using (1-alpha) level one-sided upper confidence intervala for the second differences of the observed pre-period event study coefficients.

Usage

DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre(betahat, sigma, numPrePeriods, alpha = 0.05)

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods.

alpha Desired size of the one-sided confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

Details

This function returns the maximum of the upper bounds of one-sided upper confidence intervals for the observed second differences of the pre-period event study coefficients.

Value

Returns a scalar that equals the maximum of the upper bounds of one-sided upper confidence intervals for the observed second differences of the pre-period event study coefficients.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

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References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

 $findOptimalFLCI \qquad \textit{Constructs optimal fixed length confidence interval for Delta} =$

 $Delta^SD(M)$.

Description

Computes the optimal FLCI for the scalar parameter of interest under Delta = Delta^SD(M).

Usage

findOptimalFLCI(betahat, sigma, numPrePeriods, numPostPeriods, l_vec, M = 0 numPoints = 100, alpha =

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods Number of pre-periods. numPostPeriods Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

numPoints Number of possible values when optimizing the FLCI. Default equals 100.

Desired size of the FLCI. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95% confidence

interval)

Value

Returns a list containing items

FLCI Vector containing lower and upper bounds of optimal FLCI.

optimalVec Vector of length numPrePeriods + numPostPeriods that contains the vector of

coefficients associated with the optimal FLCI.

optimalPrePeriodVec

Vector of length numPrePeriods that contains the vector of coefficients for the optimal FLCI that are associated with the pre-period event study coefficients.

optimalHalfLength

A scalar that equals the half-length of the optimal FLCI.

M Value of M at which the FLCI was computed.

status Status of optimization.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

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Format

A list, containing 7 objects:

Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

betalgana Estimated variance-covariance matrix.

timeVec Vector that contains the time periods associated with the event study coefficients.

referencePeriod Reference period that is normalized to zero.

prePeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the pre-periods.

postPeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the post-periods.

stdErrors Vector of standard errors associated with estimated event study coefficients

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