

```

> # -----
> #                               Program Description
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Load packages
> library(foreign)

> library(data.table)

> library(AER)

> library(scales)

> library(grid)

> # =====
> #                               1. Intensity and Firm Size
> # ===== .... [TRUNCATED]

> # ----- Data Processing -----
> # Aggregate ownership rights type
> # 0: missing, 1: State/collective, 3: privat .... [TRUNCATED]

> # State and collective
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$type == 110 | KEYFIRM$type == 141
+           | KEYFIRM$type == 151 | KEYFIRM$type == 120 | KEYFIRM$type == ....
[TRUNCATED]

> KEYFIRM$type_a[sel] <- 1

> # Private
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$type == 170 | KEYFIRM$type == 171
+           | KEYFIRM$type == 172 | KEYFIRM$type == 173
+           | KEYFIRM$type == 174 | K .... [TRUNCATED]

> KEYFIRM$type_a[sel] <- 3

> # Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$type == 200 | KEYFIRM$type == 210
+           | KEYFIRM$type == 220 | KEYFIRM$type == 230 | KEYFIRM$t .... [TRUNCATED]

> KEYFIRM$type_a[sel] <- 4

> # Foreign
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$type == 300 | KEYFIRM$type == 310
+           | KEYFIRM$type == 320 | KEYFIRM$type == 330 | KEYFIRM$type == 340)

> KEYFIRM$type_a[sel] <- 5

```

```

> # Aggregate treatment technology type
> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a <- 0

> # Physical
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$dm1_code >= 1000 & KEYFIRM$dm1_code < 2000)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a[sel] <- 1

> # Chemical
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$dm1_code >= 2000 & KEYFIRM$dm1_code < 3000)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a[sel] <- 2

> # Physiochemical
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$dm1_code >= 3000 & KEYFIRM$dm1_code < 4000)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a[sel] <- 3

> # Biological
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$dm1_code >= 4000 & KEYFIRM$dm1_code < 5000)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a[sel] <- 4

> # Combination
> sel <- which(KEYFIRM$dm1_code >= 5000 & KEYFIRM$dm1_code < 6000)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a[sel] <- 5

> # dm1_code_a == 0 means the equipment is unclassified
>
> KEYFIRM$province <- factor(KEYFIRM$province)

> KEYFIRM$industry_a <- factor(KEYFIRM$industry_a)

> KEYFIRM$Census_Type <- factor(KEYFIRM$Census_Type)

> KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a <- factor(KEYFIRM$dm1_code_a)

> KEYFIRM$type_a <- factor(KEYFIRM$type_a)

> POL5 <- KEYFIRM[industry_a == 22 | industry_a == 13 | industry_a == 15
+       | industry_a == 17 | industry_a == 26]

> POL5 <- POL5[product > 0 & cod_e > 0 & type_a != 0]

> POL5$intensity <- with(POL5, intensity <- cod_e/product)

> # ===== Regression 1 =====
> lm_pol5_all <- lm(log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province + type_a
+       .... [TRUNCATED]

```

```
> summary(lm_pol5_all)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province + type_a +  
    industry_a, data = POL5)
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-13.6730	-1.3044	0.1236	1.4294	7.0787

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-3.74667	0.17009	-22.028	< 2e-16	***
log(product)	0.63167	0.00650	97.183	< 2e-16	***
province12	0.91936	0.20300	4.529	5.95e-06	***
province13	2.20219	0.17029	12.932	< 2e-16	***
province14	1.92921	0.19939	9.675	< 2e-16	***
province15	2.32190	0.20945	11.086	< 2e-16	***
province21	1.04860	0.17693	5.927	3.13e-09	***
province22	1.16683	0.20672	5.645	1.67e-08	***
province23	1.14120	0.20289	5.625	1.87e-08	***
province31	0.15526	0.17847	0.870	0.3843	
province32	0.87671	0.16575	5.289	1.24e-07	***
province33	1.28765	0.16572	7.770	8.10e-15	***
province34	1.02464	0.18074	5.669	1.45e-08	***
province35	1.09303	0.17353	6.299	3.04e-10	***
province36	1.40749	0.18537	7.593	3.22e-14	***
province37	1.02133	0.16742	6.100	1.07e-09	***
province41	1.45293	0.17725	8.197	2.56e-16	***
province42	1.45913	0.18507	7.884	3.27e-15	***
province43	1.73715	0.17642	9.847	< 2e-16	***
province44	0.37106	0.16536	2.244	0.0248	*
province45	2.37634	0.17445	13.622	< 2e-16	***
province46	1.35907	0.21786	6.238	4.48e-10	***
province50	0.82452	0.18430	4.474	7.71e-06	***
province51	1.11428	0.17044	6.538	6.36e-11	***
province52	1.62967	0.21824	7.467	8.41e-14	***
province53	1.87311	0.18206	10.288	< 2e-16	***
province54	-0.82673	1.23624	-0.669	0.5037	
province61	1.78717	0.19826	9.014	< 2e-16	***
province62	2.81659	0.20997	13.414	< 2e-16	***
province63	2.27521	0.38008	5.986	2.17e-09	***
province64	3.44462	0.24508	14.055	< 2e-16	***
province65	1.85097	0.20195	9.165	< 2e-16	***
type_a3	-0.18557	0.02870	-6.466	1.02e-10	***
type_a4	-0.46878	0.05507	-8.513	< 2e-16	***
type_a5	-0.44802	0.04846	-9.245	< 2e-16	***
industry_a15	0.37125	0.06110	6.076	1.25e-09	***
industry_a17	0.70557	0.03988	17.695	< 2e-16	***

```
industry_a22 1.34876    0.03972 33.960 < 2e-16 ***
industry_a26 -1.65741    0.03646 -45.454 < 2e-16 ***
---
```

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Residual standard error: 2.121 on 29014 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.4137,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.4129
F-statistic: 538.7 on 38 and 29014 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
> # ===== Figure 1 =====
> # Residual intensity versus production
> lm_pol5_aux1 <- lm(log(inten .... [TRUNCATED])

> lm_pol5_aux2 <- lm(log(product) ~
+   province + type_a + industry_a, data = POL5)

> POL5$res_intensity <- residuals(lm_pol5_aux1)

> POL5$res_product <- residuals(lm_pol5_aux2)

> pdf("./Results/Figure1.pdf",height=5,width=5)

> plot((POL5$res_intensity)~(POL5$res_product),
+   cex=0.5,mgp=c(1.75, 0.75, 0),
+   xlab="Log Production",ylab="Log Intensity",
+   main=" ..." ... [TRUNCATED])

> pol5_residual <- lm(res_intensity ~ res_product, data = POL5)

> abline(pol5_residual,col="red",lwd=4)

> dev.off()
null device
      1

> # =====
> #           2. Firm Size and Technology
> # ===== .... [TRUNCATED]

> clean_share <- (sum(dmtb[5:6]))/sum(dmtb)

> # ===== Table 2 =====
> # Table 2 Column 2
> PAPER <- KEYFIRM[industry_a == 22]

> dmtb <- table(PAPER$dm1_code_a)

> phyrate <- dmtb[2]/sum(dmtb[2:6])
```

```

> chemrate <- dmtb[3]/sum(dmtb[2:6])

> biorate <- sum(dmtb[5:6])/sum(dmtb[2:6])

> phyrate
      1
0.2588981

> chemrate
      2
0.3364213

> biorate
[1] 0.3859906

> # Table 2 Column 1
> PAPER <- within(PAPER,{
+   cod_eg <- cod_e/cod_g
+   dm1_unit <- dm1_quant/dm1_inv
+   dm1_prod <- dm1_inv/product
+   .... [TRUNCATED]

> phyeffc <- 1 -
+   mean(PAPER$cod_eg[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 1 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)

> chemeffc <- 1 -
+   mean(PAPER$cod_eg[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 2 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm = TRUE)

> bioeffc <- 1 -
+   mean(PAPER$cod_eg[(PAPER$dm1_code_a == 4 | PAPER$dm1_code_a == 5)
+   & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)

> phyeffc
[1] 0.633705

> chemeffc
[1] 0.7496254

> bioeffc
[1] 0.8090434

> # Table 2 Column 3
> median(PAPER$dm1_inv[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 1 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 13

> median(PAPER$dm1_inv[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 2 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 40

> median(PAPER$dm1_inv[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 4 | PAPER$dm1_code_a == 5
+   & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)

```

```

[1] 120

> # Table 2 Column 4
> median(PAPER$product[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 1 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 500

> median(PAPER$product[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 2 & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 1093

> median(PAPER$product[PAPER$dm1_code_a == 4 | PAPER$dm1_code_a == 5
+          & PAPER$cod_eg <= 1],na.rm=TRUE)
[1] 2500

> # ===== Unnumbered Regression in Section I.B =====
> # Linear Probability Model of Technology Adoption
> POL5$clean <- 0

> sel <- which(POL5$dm1_code_a == 4 | POL5$dm1_code_a == 5)

> POL5$clean[sel] <- 1

> lm_clean <- lm(clean ~ log(product) + industry_a
+               + province + type_a, data = POL5)

> summary(lm_clean)

```

Call:

```
lm(formula = clean ~ log(product) + industry_a + province + type_a,
    data = POL5)
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-1.0984	-0.4362	0.1371	0.3836	1.0067

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	0.226661	0.036117	6.276	3.53e-10	***
log(product)	0.050771	0.001380	36.785	< 2e-16	***
industry_a15	0.193266	0.012975	14.895	< 2e-16	***
industry_a17	0.149922	0.008467	17.706	< 2e-16	***
industry_a22	-0.171980	0.008433	-20.392	< 2e-16	***
industry_a26	-0.118606	0.007743	-15.318	< 2e-16	***
province12	0.009535	0.043105	0.221	0.824936	
province13	0.037040	0.036160	1.024	0.305682	
province14	-0.142380	0.042341	-3.363	0.000773	***
province15	-0.324525	0.044476	-7.297	3.02e-13	***
province21	-0.031092	0.037570	-0.828	0.407920	
province22	-0.018096	0.043896	-0.412	0.680154	
province23	-0.041018	0.043082	-0.952	0.341062	
province31	0.024112	0.037897	0.636	0.524622	

province32	0.052733	0.035196	1.498	0.134072	
province33	0.014269	0.035190	0.405	0.685129	
province34	0.095733	0.038378	2.494	0.012621	*
province35	0.015461	0.036848	0.420	0.674782	
province36	-0.131637	0.039362	-3.344	0.000826	***
province37	0.095923	0.035550	2.698	0.006975	**
province41	0.098538	0.037638	2.618	0.008848	**
province42	-0.110602	0.039299	-2.814	0.004890	**
province43	-0.200871	0.037461	-5.362	8.29e-08	***
province44	0.006629	0.035114	0.189	0.850269	
province45	-0.224777	0.037043	-6.068	1.31e-09	***
province46	0.294139	0.046261	6.358	2.07e-10	***
province50	0.014527	0.039135	0.371	0.710488	
province51	0.020746	0.036193	0.573	0.566507	
province52	-0.138789	0.046342	-2.995	0.002748	**
province53	-0.132013	0.038660	-3.415	0.000639	***
province54	-0.260093	0.262509	-0.991	0.321793	
province61	-0.081688	0.042100	-1.940	0.052345	.
province62	-0.239881	0.044585	-5.380	7.50e-08	***
province63	-0.292911	0.080709	-3.629	0.000285	***
province64	-0.348792	0.052042	-6.702	2.09e-11	***
province65	-0.277478	0.042883	-6.471	9.92e-11	***
type_a3	0.006451	0.006094	1.059	0.289796	
type_a4	0.037742	0.011694	3.228	0.001250	**
type_a5	0.030796	0.010290	2.993	0.002767	**

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.4504 on 29014 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1748, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1737
F-statistic: 161.7 on 38 and 29014 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
> # ===== Regressions 2 and 3 =====
> # Regression 2
> lm1 <- lm(log(intensity) ~ log(product) + province + .... [TRUNCATED]

> summary(lm1)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(intensity) ~ log(product) + province + industry_a +
    type_a, data = POL5[(dm1_code_a == 4 | dm1_code_a == 5) &
    intensity > 0])
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-9.7304	-1.2138	0.0905	1.3078	6.7582

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
--	----------	------------	---------	----------

(Intercept)	-4.374769	0.201832	-21.675	< 2e-16	***
log(product)	-0.328767	0.008516	-38.605	< 2e-16	***
province12	0.889520	0.238464	3.730	0.000192	***
province13	1.957752	0.199367	9.820	< 2e-16	***
province14	1.507262	0.251767	5.987	2.19e-09	***
province15	1.334745	0.305127	4.374	1.23e-05	***
province21	0.837918	0.208160	4.025	5.71e-05	***
province22	1.065066	0.248824	4.280	1.88e-05	***
province23	1.046365	0.244212	4.285	1.84e-05	***
province31	0.060901	0.207311	0.294	0.768941	
province32	0.650567	0.192645	3.377	0.000734	***
province33	0.985663	0.192656	5.116	3.15e-07	***
province34	0.733646	0.209165	3.507	0.000454	***
province35	0.823319	0.203296	4.050	5.15e-05	***
province36	0.991369	0.230861	4.294	1.76e-05	***
province37	0.984008	0.193573	5.083	3.75e-07	***
province41	1.364155	0.205159	6.649	3.04e-11	***
province42	1.006770	0.224382	4.487	7.28e-06	***
province43	1.253971	0.225356	5.564	2.67e-08	***
province44	0.095277	0.192749	0.494	0.621096	
province45	2.172592	0.219463	9.900	< 2e-16	***
province46	1.043812	0.240177	4.346	1.39e-05	***
province50	0.728835	0.219800	3.316	0.000915	***
province51	0.641214	0.199636	3.212	0.001321	**
province52	0.863803	0.289354	2.985	0.002837	**
province53	1.222854	0.225320	5.427	5.81e-08	***
province54	-0.265770	1.407365	-0.189	0.850219	
province61	1.634067	0.240529	6.794	1.13e-11	***
province62	1.385544	0.289341	4.789	1.69e-06	***
province63	1.234785	0.623177	1.981	0.047559	*
province64	2.401801	0.417353	5.755	8.83e-09	***
province65	1.630515	0.284198	5.737	9.79e-09	***
industry_a15	0.927166	0.065424	14.172	< 2e-16	***
industry_a17	1.379724	0.046669	29.564	< 2e-16	***
industry_a22	1.976992	0.055367	35.707	< 2e-16	***
industry_a26	-0.911262	0.046754	-19.490	< 2e-16	***
type_a3	-0.148889	0.036002	-4.136	3.56e-05	***
type_a4	-0.418407	0.061753	-6.775	1.28e-11	***
type_a5	-0.494661	0.054677	-9.047	< 2e-16	***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.971 on 16444 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.341, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3395
F-statistic: 224 on 38 and 16444 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
> # Regression 3
> lm_pool <- lm(log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province
+ + industry_a + type_a + dm1_code_a,
```



```
+ data = POL5[dm1_code_a == 2 | .... [TRUNCATED]
```

```
> summary(lm_pool)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province + industry_a +  
  type_a + dm1_code_a, data = POL5[dm1_code_a == 2 | dm1_code_a ==  
  1 & intensity > 0])
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-13.5261	-1.3318	0.1716	1.4589	7.0484

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-3.411377	0.308077	-11.073	< 2e-16	***
log(product)	0.636428	0.010704	59.455	< 2e-16	***
province12	0.877321	0.373335	2.350	0.018792	*
province13	2.398772	0.311135	7.710	1.36e-14	***
province14	2.305851	0.341491	6.752	1.52e-11	***
province15	2.499805	0.342710	7.294	3.20e-13	***
province21	1.634000	0.320426	5.099	3.46e-07	***
province22	1.369609	0.359516	3.810	0.000140	***
province23	1.409001	0.357297	3.944	8.08e-05	***
province31	0.157992	0.329889	0.479	0.632002	
province32	0.972083	0.306410	3.172	0.001515	**
province33	1.660023	0.305519	5.433	5.64e-08	***
province34	1.491665	0.335623	4.444	8.89e-06	***
province35	1.525967	0.315727	4.833	1.36e-06	***
province36	1.833069	0.323272	5.670	1.46e-08	***
province37	1.153179	0.312808	3.687	0.000228	***
province41	1.491101	0.331443	4.499	6.90e-06	***
province42	1.983633	0.327685	6.053	1.46e-09	***
province43	2.128578	0.311388	6.836	8.56e-12	***
province44	0.717447	0.303951	2.360	0.018272	*
province45	2.512743	0.309797	8.111	5.53e-16	***
province46	2.336285	0.474999	4.919	8.84e-07	***
province50	1.037225	0.328890	3.154	0.001616	**
province51	1.694596	0.310655	5.455	5.00e-08	***
province52	2.055213	0.358467	5.733	1.01e-08	***
province53	2.171727	0.319901	6.789	1.19e-11	***
province54	-2.087014	2.237590	-0.933	0.350991	
province61	1.758006	0.348761	5.041	4.71e-07	***
province62	3.379671	0.345207	9.790	< 2e-16	***
province63	2.938252	0.533538	5.507	3.73e-08	***
province64	3.664042	0.370164	9.898	< 2e-16	***
province65	1.985978	0.334277	5.941	2.91e-09	***
industry_a15	-0.233624	0.149345	-1.564	0.117770	
industry_a17	-0.345430	0.081089	-4.260	2.06e-05	***
industry_a22	0.641278	0.063903	10.035	< 2e-16	***

```

industry_a26 -2.498887    0.061544 -40.603 < 2e-16 ***
type_a3      -0.191692    0.046530  -4.120 3.82e-05 ***
type_a4      -0.622441    0.111481  -5.583 2.41e-08 ***
type_a5      -0.305781    0.095740  -3.194 0.001407 **
dm1_code_a2  -0.009086    0.048002  -0.189 0.849879
---

```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 2.21 on 11636 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.4143, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4124
F-statistic: 211.1 on 39 and 11636 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

> # ===== Unnumbered 3 Regressions in Appendix C.1 =====
> # The first one
> lm_phy <- lm(log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province
.... [TRUNCATED]

```

```
> summary(lm_phy)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province + industry_a +
    type_a, data = POL5[dm1_code_a == 1 & intensity > 0])
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-13.7156	-1.3293	0.1174	1.4785	6.9085

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	-3.500637	0.403139	-8.683	< 2e-16	***
log(product)	0.582348	0.013274	43.872	< 2e-16	***
province12	0.846645	0.507475	1.668	0.095292	.
province13	3.096634	0.408158	7.587	3.71e-14	***
province14	2.484245	0.441634	5.625	1.93e-08	***
province15	2.871060	0.432071	6.645	3.27e-11	***
province21	1.851277	0.429662	4.309	1.67e-05	***
province22	1.844069	0.464755	3.968	7.33e-05	***
province23	1.801350	0.457662	3.936	8.37e-05	***
province31	0.367272	0.444393	0.826	0.408573	
province32	1.174934	0.404203	2.907	0.003663	**
province33	1.803062	0.405948	4.442	9.07e-06	***
province34	1.751814	0.460865	3.801	0.000145	***
province35	1.828152	0.417334	4.381	1.20e-05	***
province36	2.008088	0.423044	4.747	2.11e-06	***
province37	1.402372	0.414149	3.386	0.000713	***
province41	2.112781	0.444800	4.750	2.08e-06	***
province42	2.493308	0.430359	5.794	7.19e-09	***
province43	2.543748	0.406858	6.252	4.29e-10	***
province44	1.232054	0.399293	3.086	0.002040	**

```

province45    3.088893    0.403751    7.650 2.27e-14 ***
province46    2.852169    0.559446    5.098 3.52e-07 ***
province50    0.981104    0.425045    2.308 0.021015 *
province51    2.016241    0.405682    4.970 6.86e-07 ***
province52    2.532615    0.453468    5.585 2.43e-08 ***
province53    2.635054    0.413783    6.368 2.04e-10 ***
province61    2.094637    0.443755    4.720 2.40e-06 ***
province62    3.811586    0.432909    8.805 < 2e-16 ***
province63    3.401091    0.637907    5.332 1.00e-07 ***
province64    4.139412    0.459758    9.003 < 2e-16 ***
province65    2.278728    0.423618    5.379 7.73e-08 ***
industry_a15 -0.111130    0.162809   -0.683 0.494896
industry_a17 -0.293487    0.112760   -2.603 0.009267 **
industry_a22  0.562485    0.078578    7.158 9.01e-13 ***
industry_a26 -2.453962    0.072406  -33.892 < 2e-16 ***
type_a3       -0.136418    0.060497   -2.255 0.024166 *
type_a4       -0.553279    0.174231   -3.176 0.001502 **
type_a5       -0.006735    0.133354   -0.051 0.959723

```

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 2.249 on 6900 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.3888, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3855
F-statistic: 118.6 on 37 and 6900 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

> # The second one
> lm_chem <- lm(log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province
+               + industry_a + type_a,
+               data = POL5[dm1_code_a == 2 & intensity > 0])

```

```
> summary(lm_chem)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = log(cod_e) ~ log(product) + province + industry_a +
    type_a, data = POL5[dm1_code_a == 2 & intensity > 0])
```

Residuals:

```

      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-9.8953 -1.1604  0.2451  1.3255  7.3782

```

Coefficients:

```

              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)  -4.58718    0.49127  -9.337 < 2e-16 ***
log(product)   0.77137    0.01837  41.990 < 2e-16 ***
province12     0.57384    0.54098   1.061 0.288858
province13     1.11495    0.46934   2.376 0.017563 *
province14     2.11332    0.52997   3.988 6.78e-05 ***
province15     1.76706    0.65011   2.718 0.006590 **
province21     1.18859    0.47385   2.508 0.012163 *

```

province22	0.44509	0.55706	0.799	0.424334	
province23	0.93514	0.56862	1.645	0.100123	
province31	-0.35811	0.48449	-0.739	0.459862	
province32	0.43475	0.45875	0.948	0.343340	
province33	1.03523	0.45649	2.268	0.023388	*
province34	0.92300	0.48814	1.891	0.058702	.
province35	0.96699	0.47187	2.049	0.040492	*
province36	1.41880	0.48978	2.897	0.003787	**
province37	0.59127	0.46660	1.267	0.205154	
province41	0.54242	0.48801	1.111	0.266415	
province42	1.17812	0.49269	2.391	0.016834	*
province43	1.37782	0.47316	2.912	0.003609	**
province44	-0.08719	0.45725	-0.191	0.848777	
province45	1.22942	0.47623	2.582	0.009865	**
province46	0.04499	1.14165	0.039	0.968570	
province50	1.48362	0.51536	2.879	0.004010	**
province51	0.93969	0.47376	1.983	0.047373	*
province52	0.94591	0.60478	1.564	0.117873	
province53	1.26253	0.50438	2.503	0.012343	*
province54	-2.50401	2.18486	-1.146	0.251823	
province61	1.08927	0.57867	1.882	0.059847	.
province62	1.59209	0.73537	2.165	0.030436	*
province63	1.93016	1.04072	1.855	0.063712	.
province64	1.92502	0.71889	2.678	0.007437	**
province65	2.20191	0.63455	3.470	0.000525	***
industry_a15	0.31078	0.41469	0.749	0.453641	
industry_a17	0.67574	0.17430	3.877	0.000107	***
industry_a22	1.67873	0.16256	10.327	< 2e-16	***
industry_a26	-1.60910	0.16327	-9.855	< 2e-16	***
type_a3	-0.20871	0.07240	-2.883	0.003962	**
type_a4	-0.74229	0.14168	-5.239	1.68e-07	***
type_a5	-0.65906	0.13443	-4.903	9.77e-07	***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 2.098 on 4699 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.4799, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4757

F-statistic: 114.1 on 38 and 4699 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
> # ===== Fixed Cost/Output Ratio of Clean Firms =====
```

```
> # Used in calibration
```

```
> sel <- which(POL5$dm1_code_a == 4 | POL5$dm1_ .... [TRUNCATED])
```

```
> sum(POL5$dm1_inv[sel], na.rm = TRUE)/sum(POL5$product[sel], na.rm = TRUE)
[1] 0.02500509
```

```
> # =====
```

```
> # 3. Firm Size Distribution
```

```
> # ===== .... [TRUNCATED]
```

```

> load("./Data/CNEC_avgp.RData")

> CHNall <- CNEC_avgp

> rm(CNEC_avgp)

> USall <- read.csv("./Data/susb04.csv",header = TRUE)

> USall <- as.data.table(USall)

> USall <- USall[,list(NAICS, ENTRSIZE, FIRM, ESTB,
+                   EMPL, NAICSDSCR, ENTRSIZE, ENTRSIZE_DSCR)]

> qup <- quantile(CHNall$nbarworkers, probs=c(.995),na.rm= TRUE)

> qdown <- quantile(CHNall$nbarworkers, probs=c(.01),na.rm= TRUE)

> sel <- which(CHNall$nbarworkers > 0 & CHNall$nbarworkers < qup
+             & CHNall$nbarworkers > qdown)

> CHNall <- CHNall[sel]

> # -----
> #               Pooled Polluting
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> CH <- CHNall[sel]

> sel <- which(USall$NAICS == 3221 | USall$NAICS == 311
+             | USall$NAICS == 313 | USall$NAICS == 3251
+             | USall$NAICS == 3252 | USall$NAICS = .... [TRUNCATED]

> US <- USall[sel]

> # Process the U.S. Data
> sel <- which(US$ENTRSIZE != 1 & US$ENTRSIZE != 6 & US$ENTRSIZE != 9)

> US <- US[sel]

> USSUM <- US[, list(FIRM=sum(FIRM, na.rm = TRUE),
+                   ESTB=sum(ESTB, na.rm = TRUE), EMPL=sum(EMPL, na.rm = TRUE)),
+             by=list(ENTRSIZE .... [TRUNCATED]

> cf <- c(0,4,9,14,19,24,29,34,39,44,49,74,99,149,199,299,
+         399,499,749,999,1499,2499,5000)

> USSUM <- within(USSUM,
+                 {AVGF <- EMPL/FIRM    # Average firm size
+                 AVGE <- EMPL/ESTB    # Average plant size

```

```

+      .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Calculate the employment share
> cutoff <- c(1,19,99,399)

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

> distchn <- rep(0,n1)

> distus <- distchn

> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[i-1] & USSUM$AVGF <= cutoff[i])
+   distus[i-1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])
+   sel1 <- which(CH$n .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Last group
> sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[n1])

> distus[n1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])

> distus <- distus/sum(distus)

> sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[n1])

> distchn[n1] <- sum(CH$nbarworkers[sel1])

> distchn <- distchn/sum(distchn)

> # ===== Figure 2 =====
> pdf("./Results/Figure2_Left.pdf",height=6,width=7.5)

> barplot(rbind(distchn,distus),beside=TRUE,col=c("red","blue"),
+   ylim=c(0,1.0),xlab="Firm Size",main="Pooled Polluting",
+   cex.main = 2.50, .... [TRUNCATED]

> title(ylab = "Employment Share", line = 2.3, cex.lab = 1.5)

> legend("topleft", c("China","US"),fill=c("red","blue"),
+   bty="o",cex=1.5)

> dev.off()
null device
      1

> # Size Distribution by groups used in computation
> cutoff <- c(1,19,49,99,399)

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

```

```

> distchn <- rep(0,n1)

> distus <- distchn

> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[i-1] & USSUM$AVGF <= cutoff[i])
+   distus[i-1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])
+   sel1 <- which(CH$n .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Last category
> sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[n1])

> distus[n1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])

> distus <- distus/sum(distus)

> sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[n1])

> distchn[n1] <- sum(CH$nbarworkers[sel1])

> distchn <- distchn/sum(distchn)

> # Employment distribution for polluting industries
> distchn
[1] 0.0906827 0.1594206 0.1597259 0.3495389 0.2406319

> # -----
> #           All Manufacturing
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> sel <- which(USall$NAICS == "31-33")

> US <- USall[sel]

> # Process the U.S. Data
> sel <- which(US$ENTRSIZE != 1 & US$ENTRSIZE != 6 & US$ENTRSIZE != 9)

> US <- US[sel]

> USSUM <- US[, list(FIRM=sum(FIRM, na.rm = TRUE),
+   ESTB=sum(ESTB, na.rm = TRUE), EMPL=sum(EMPL, na.rm = TRUE)),
+   by=list(ENTRSIZE)]

> cf <- c(0,4,9,14,19,24,29,34,39,44,49,74,99,149,199,299,
+   399,499,749,999,1499,2499,5000)

> USSUM <- within(USSUM,
+   {AVGF <- EMPL/FIRM    # Average firm size
+   AVGE <- EMPL/ESTB    # Average plant size
+   .... [TRUNCATED]

```

```

> # Calculate the employment share
> cutoff <- c(1,19,99,399)

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

> distchn <- rep(0,n1)

> distus <- distchn

> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[i-1] & USSUM$AVGF <= cutoff[i])
+   distus[i-1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])
+   sel1 <- which(CH$n .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Last category
> sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[n1])

> distus[n1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])

> distus <- distus/sum(distus)

> sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[n1])

> distchn[n1] <- sum(CH$nbarworkers[sel1])

> distchn <- distchn/sum(distchn)

> # ===== Figure 2 =====
> pdf("./Results/Figure2_Right.pdf",height=6,width=7.5)

> barplot(rbind(distchn,distus),beside=TRUE,col=c("red","blue"),
+   ylim=c(0,1.0),xlab="Firm Size",main="All Manufacturing",
+   cex.main = 2.50 .... [TRUNCATED]

> title(ylab = "Employment Share", line = 2.3, cex.lab = 1.5)

> legend("topleft", c("China","US"),fill=c("red","blue"),
+   bty="o",cex=1.5)

> dev.off()
null device
      1

> # -----
> # Compute the calibration target of employment distribution
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

```



```

> distchn <- rep(0,n1)

> distus <- distchn

> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[i-1] & USSUM$AVGF <= cutoff[i])
+   distus[i-1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])
+   sel1 <- which(CH$n .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Last category
> sel <- which(USSUM$AVGF > cutoff[n1])

> distus[n1] <- sum(USSUM$EMPL[sel])

> distus <- distus/sum(distus)

> sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[n1])

> distchn[n1] <- sum(CH$nbarworkers[sel1])

> distchn <- distchn/sum(distchn)

> # ===== Calibration Target =====
> # Employment share used in quantitative part
> distchn
[1] 0.08640851 0.16107471 0.16553707 0.35010698 0.23687273

> # -----
> # Compute the calibration target of firm size distribution
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

> distchn <- rep(0,n1)

> # distus <- distchn
>
> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[i-1]
+             & CH$nbarworkers <= cutoff[i])
+   distchn[i-1] .... [TRUNCATED]

> sel1 <- which(CH$nbarworkers > cutoff[n1])

> distchn[n1] <- length(sel1)

> distchn <- distchn/sum(distchn)

> # ===== Calibration Target =====
> # Firm size distribution used in quantitative part

```

```

> distchn
[1] 0.46980903 0.27976175 0.12895600 0.10196701 0.01950621

> # =====
> #                               4. Distortions
> # ===== .... [TRUNCATED]

> load("./Data/CNEC_avgp.RData")

> CNEC <- CNEC_avgp

> rm(CNEC_avgp)

> # Drop irregular samples
> CNEC <- CNEC[status == 1]

> CNEC <- CNEC[product > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[totcapital > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[nbarworkers > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[wage + nonwage > 0]

> # Construct categorical variables
> CNEC$type_a <- factor(CNEC$type_a)

> CNEC$province <- factor(CNEC$province)

> CNEC$industry <- factor(CNEC$industry)

> CNEC$industry_a <- factor(CNEC$industry_a)

> # Calculate new variables
> CNEC <- within(CNEC,
+   {lcomp <- wage + nonwage
+   age <- 2005 - founding_y
+   })

> # Calculate average factor products
> alpha = 0.5376

> gamma = 0.93

> CNEC <- within(CNEC,
+   {phik <- product/totcapital
+   phil <- product/lcomp
+   phil_1 <- product/nbarworkers
+   phi < .... [TRUNCATED]

```

```

> philz <- CNEC

> # Five Polluting Industries
> sel <- which(philz$industry_a == 22 | philz$industry_a == 13
+           | philz$industry_a == 15 | philz$industry_a == 1 .... [TRUNCATED]

> philz_pol <- philz[sel]

> cutup = 0.90

> cutdown = 0.10

> phiup <- quantile(philz_pol$phil, probs=c(cutup), na.rm = TRUE)

> phidown <- quantile(philz_pol$phil, probs=c(cutdown), na.rm = TRUE)

> zup <- quantile(philz_pol$z, probs=c(cutup), na.rm = TRUE)

> zdown <- quantile(philz_pol$z, probs=c(cutdown), na.rm = TRUE)

> sel <- which(philz_pol$z > zup)

> zupnew <- mean(philz_pol$z[sel])

> sel <- which(philz_pol$z < zdown)

> zdownnew <- mean(philz_pol$z[sel])

> sel <- which(philz_pol$phil > phiup)

> phiupnew <- mean(philz_pol$phil[sel])

> sel <- which(philz_pol$phil < phidown)

> phidownnew <- mean(philz_pol$phil[sel])

> phi_quant <- (log(phidownnew/phiupnew))/(log(zupnew/zdownnew))

> # Five polluting industries only
> phi_quant
[1] -0.02887093

> # All Manufacturing Industries
> cutup = 0.90

> cutdown = 0.10

> phiup <- quantile(CNEC$phil, probs=c(cutup), na.rm = TRUE)

> phidown <- quantile(CNEC$phil, probs=c(cutdown), na.rm = TRUE)

```

```

> zup <- quantile(CNEC$z, probs=c(cutup), na.rm = TRUE)
> zdown <- quantile(CNEC$z, probs=c(cutdown), na.rm = TRUE)
> sel <- which(CNEC$z > zup)
> zupnew <- mean(CNEC$z[sel])
> sel <- which(CNEC$z < zdown)
> zdownnew <- mean(CNEC$z[sel])
> sel <- which(CNEC$phil > phiup)
> phiupnew <- mean(CNEC$phil[sel])
> sel <- which(CNEC$phil < phidown)
> phidownnew <- mean(CNEC$phil[sel])
> phi_quant <- (log(phidownnew/phiupnew))/(log(zupnew/zdownnew))

> # ===== phil in calibration =====
> # All manufacturing
> phi_quant
[1] -0.02811157

> # -----
> # Plot Figure 3
> # ----- .... [TRUNCATED]

> load("./Data/CNEC_avg.RData")
> CNEC <- CNEC_avgp
> rm(CNEC_avgp)

> # Drop irregular samples
> CNEC <- CNEC[status == 1]

> CNEC <- CNEC[product > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[totcapital > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[nbarworkers > 0]

> CNEC <- CNEC[wage + nonwage > 0]

> # Construct categorical variables

```

```

> CNEC$type_a <- factor(CNEC$type_a)

> CNEC$province <- factor(CNEC$province)

> CNEC$industry <- factor(CNEC$industry)

> CNEC$industry_a <- factor(CNEC$industry_a)

> # Calculate new variables
> CNEC <- within(CNEC,
+               {lcomp <- wage + nonwage
+               age <- 2005 - founding_y
+               .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Calculate average factor products
> alpha = 0.5376

> gamma = 0.93

> CNEC <- within(CNEC,
+               {phik <- product/totcapital
+               phil <- product/lcomp
+               phil_1 <- product/nbar .... [TRUNCATED]

> CNEC_RSV = CNEC

> sel <- which(CNEC$industry_a == 22 | CNEC$industry_a == 13
+             | CNEC$industry_a == 15 | CNEC$industry_a == 17
+             | CNEC$in .... [TRUNCATED]

> CNEC <- CNEC[sel]

> CNEC_NPOL <- CNEC_RSV[-sel]

> # now CNEC is polluting industries
> qup <- quantile(CNEC$phi, probs=c(.975),na.rm=TRUE)

> qdown <- quantile(CNEC$phi, probs=c(0.025),na.rm=TRUE)

> sel <- which(CNEC$phi>qdown & CNEC$phi<qup)

> CNEC_TRIM <- CNEC[sel]

> qup <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$z, probs=c(.975),na.rm=TRUE)

> qdown <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$z, probs=c(0.025),na.rm=TRUE)

> sel <- which(CNEC_TRIM$z>qdown & CNEC_TRIM$z<qup)

> CNEC_TRIM <- CNEC_TRIM[sel]

```

```

> CNEC_TRIM <- within(CNEC_TRIM,
+                     {logzratio <- log(z)/(mean(log(z),na.rm = TRUE))
+                     logphiratio <- log(phi)/ .... [TRUNCATED]

> # Calculate quintiles
> cutoff <- seq(from = 0.01, to = 0.99, by = 0.04)

> qcut <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$logzratio, probs = cutoff, na.rm = TRUE)

> n1 <- length(cutoff)

> zplot <- rep(0,n1-1)

> zplotraw <- zplot

> phiplot <- zplot

> phiplotraw <- zplot

> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(CNEC_TRIM$logzratio > qcut[i-1]
+               & CNEC_TRIM$logzratio <= qcut[i])
+   zplot[i-1] <-
+   sum(C .... [TRUNCATED]

> # ===== Figure 3 =====
> pdf("./Results/Figure3_Left.pdf",height=5,width=5)

> plot(phiplot~zplot,cex=0.5,mgp=c(1.75, 0.75, 0),
+       xlab="Log Productivity",ylab="Log AFP",
+       main="Average Factor Product: \n Polluting S ..." ... [TRUNCATED]

> dev.off()
null device
      1

> # now CNEC is non-polluting industries
> CNEC <- CNEC_NPOL

> qup <- quantile(CNEC$phi, probs=c(.975),na.rm=TRUE)

> qdown <- quantile(CNEC$phi, probs=c(0.025),na.rm=TRUE)

> sel <- which(CNEC$phi>qdown & CNEC$phi<qup)

> CNEC_TRIM <- CNEC[sel]

> qup <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$z, probs=c(.975),na.rm=TRUE)

```

```

> qdown <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$z, probs=c(0.025),na.rm=TRUE)
> sel <- which(CNEC_TRIM$z>qdown & CNEC_TRIM$z<qup)
> CNEC_TRIM <- CNEC_TRIM[sel]
> CNEC_TRIM <- within(CNEC_TRIM,
+                     {logzratio <- log(z)/(mean(log(z),na.rm = TRUE))
+                     logphiratio <- log(phi)/ .... [TRUNCATED]
> # Calculate quintiles
> cutoff <- seq(from = 0.01, to = 0.99, by = 0.04)
> qcut <- quantile(CNEC_TRIM$logzratio, probs = cutoff, na.rm = TRUE)
> n1 <- length(cutoff)
> zplot <- rep(0,n1-1)
> zplotraw <- zplot
> phiplot <- zplot
> phiplotraw <- zplot
> for (i in 2:n1){
+   sel <- which(CNEC_TRIM$logzratio > qcut[i-1]
+               & CNEC_TRIM$logzratio <= qcut[i])
+   zplot[i-1] <-
+     sum(C .... [TRUNCATED]
> # ===== Figure 3 =====
> pdf("./Results/Figure3_Right.pdf",height=5,width=5)
> plot(phiplot~zplot,cex=0.5,mgp=c(1.75, 0.75, 0),
+       xlab="Log Productivity",ylab="Log AFP",
+       main="Average Factor Product: \n Non-Polluti ..." ... [TRUNCATED]
> dev.off()
null device
1

```