Statistische Methoden der Datenanalyse

Excersise Sheets

Physik

UNI WIEN

1 Sheet

1.1 Bernoulli

1.1.1 Clopper and Pearson confidence interval

A Bernoulli experiment is repeated n = 200 times with k = 121 successes. Calculate the symmetric 95% interval for the parameter p. The Interval boundaries can be calculated with the inverse beta distribution.

$$G_1(k) = \beta\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}; k, n - k + 1\right) = 0.534$$
 (1.1)

$$G_2(k) = \beta\left(\frac{1-\alpha}{2}; k+1, n-k\right) = 0.673$$
 (1.2)

1.1.2 Approximation by normal distribution (bootstrap and robust)

Estimate p:

$$\hat{p} = \frac{k}{n} = \frac{121}{200} \tag{1.3}$$

With that estimate σ

$$\sigma\left[\hat{p}\right] = \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}\left(1-\hat{p}\right)}{n}}\tag{1.4}$$

$$=\sqrt{\frac{9559}{8\cdot 10^6}}\approx 0.035\tag{1.5}$$

$$z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} = f_{\text{norm}} \left(1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) = 0.248$$
 (1.6)

Now the interval boundaries are for the bootstrap method:

$$G_1(k) = \hat{p} - z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}} \approx 0.591$$
 (1.7)

$$G_1(k) = \hat{p} + z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}} \approx 0.619$$
 (1.8)

and for the robust method

$$G_1(k) = \hat{p} - z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{n}} \approx 0.585$$
 (1.9)

$$G_1(k) = \hat{p} + z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{n}} \approx 0.625$$
 (1.10)

1.2 1 SHEET

1.1.3 Agresti-Coull

$$G_1(k) \approx 0.585G_2(k) \approx 0.624$$
 (1.11)

1.2