Hospital DRG Payment Analysis

Applied Business Analytics BAN5650

Team Grand

Jigyansha Dahal Rojina Sapkota Veerasaimohit Dandu



Methodology

- Rndrng Prvdr State Abrvtn = MA
- Combined 2019 and 2021 data
- Concatenated DRG codes and DRG Description
- Complied all DRGs from 2019 and 2021 data
 - Grouped Total Discharges and Average Total Payment for respective years
- Effect of service mix change
 - 2021 service mix
 - 2021 service mix on 2019 total discharges (How many hospitalizations would there have been in 2021 if we had considered total hospitalization volume from 2019?)
 - 2019 average total payment
 - Cost using 2019 average total payment and 2021 service mix on 2019 total discharge
 - 2019 average payment at 2019 service mix
 - Impact of service change
- Effect of individual average DRG payment

CHANGE IN AVERAGE MEDICARE REIMBURSEMENT IN MASSACHUSETTS (2019 – 2021)

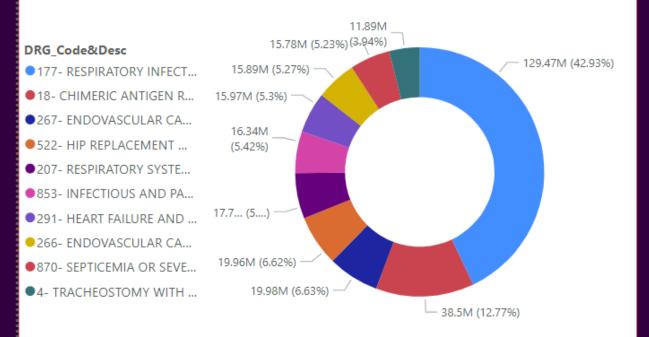
 60% of the increase in overall average payment was due to change in individual DRG payments

• 40% of the increase in overall average payment was due to change in service mix

Step 5: Summarize YOY Overall Avg Payment Cl	nange	
Impact of Service mix change	\$	220,936,018
2019 Total Discharge		223222
The total average payment per unit change	\$	990
Impact of DRG Avg payment change	\$	277,134,548
2021 Total Discharge		185708
The total average payment per unit change	\$	1,492
Total Impact	\$	2,482

DRGs contributing to average payment increase due to service mix change

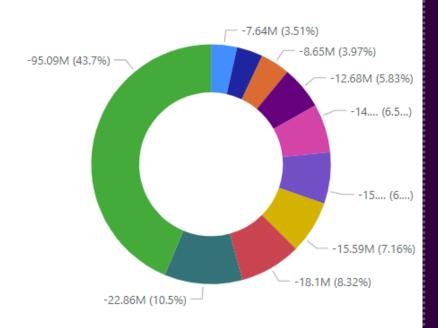
Top 10 DRGs



Bottom 10 DRGs



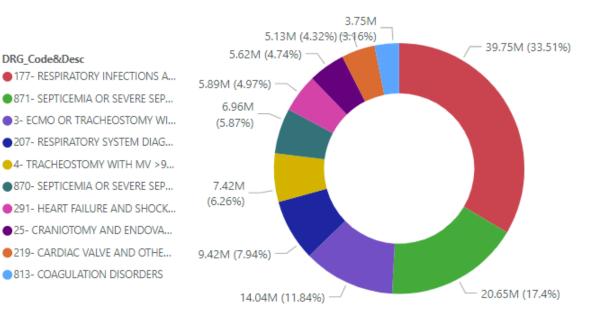
- 215- OTHER HEART ASSIS...
- ●202- BRONCHITIS AND A...
- ●1- HEART TRANSPLANT ...
- ●16- AUTOLOGOUS BONE ...
- ●469- MAJOR HIP AND KN...
- ●483- MAJOR JOINT OR LI...
- 194- SIMPLE PNEUMONI...
- ●190- CHRONIC OBSTRUC...
- ■193- SIMPLE PNEUMONI...
- ●470- MAJOR HIP AND KN...



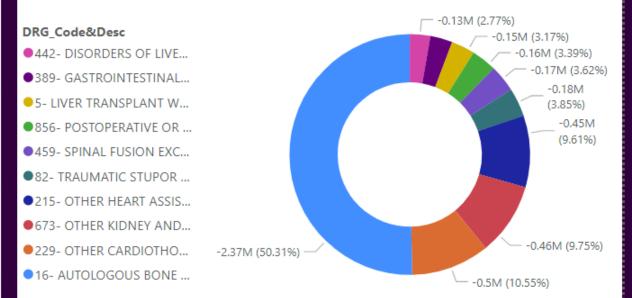
DRGs contributing to average payment increase due to individual DRG average payment change



DRG_Code&Desc



Bottom 10 DRGs



Acquisition Decisions

- Medicare reimbursement rate setting process ensures covering the costs that "reasonably efficient providers would incur in furnishing high-quality care" (Medpac, 2019).
- Higher average Medicare reimbursement rates imply there has been a change in the costs as indicated above.
- When Hospitals optimize their service mix within their DRGs to deliver highreimbursing services, efficiently manage resources, enhance quality of care, they improve the patient outcomes.
- Hospitals benefit from an improved negotiation power when dealing with various stakeholders, including hospital agents and payers.

Acquisition Decisions

- Hospitals with better negotiation power attract and retain skilled healthcare professionals aiding to boost their brand value
- Better standing in the community helps these hospitals attract Medicare beneficiaries when combined with the fact that 60% of the change in overall average payment was induced by change in individual average DRG payment.
- This means increased revenue and increased profit margin if these hospitals efficiently manage their resources.
- Acquiring hospitals in MA could be a good opportunity to explore.



REFRENCES

• Medical Payment Advisory Commission. (March, 2019). Report to the Congress: Medicare Payment Policy.

https://www.medpac.gov/document/march-2019-report-to-the-congress-medicare-payment-policy/

