

ZOMATO

Data Analysis Portfolio

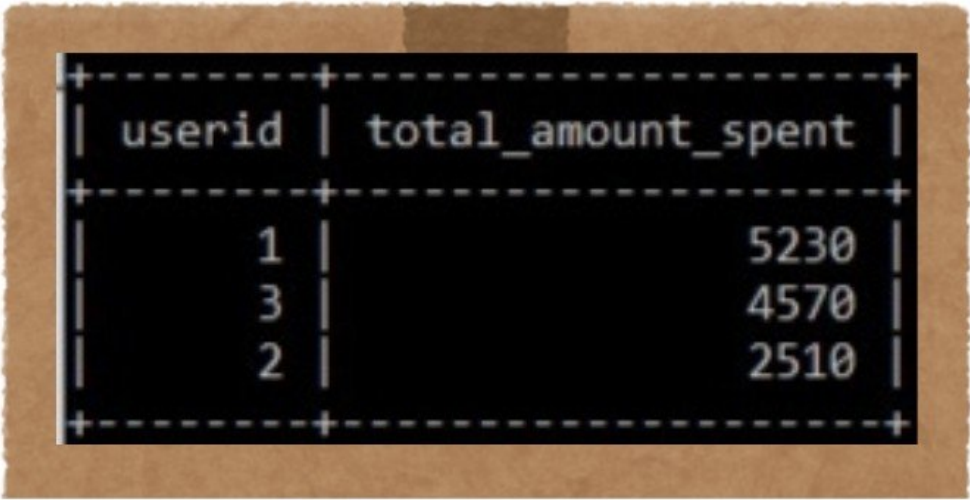


OBJECTIVE

The objectives of analyzing these queries are to understand customer spending patterns, track purchase frequency, identify initial product preferences, and evaluate product popularity and engagement before and after users became gold members. These insights help in optimizing marketing strategies, improving customer retention, and enhancing overall sales performance.

1. What is the total amount spent by each user on all purchased products?

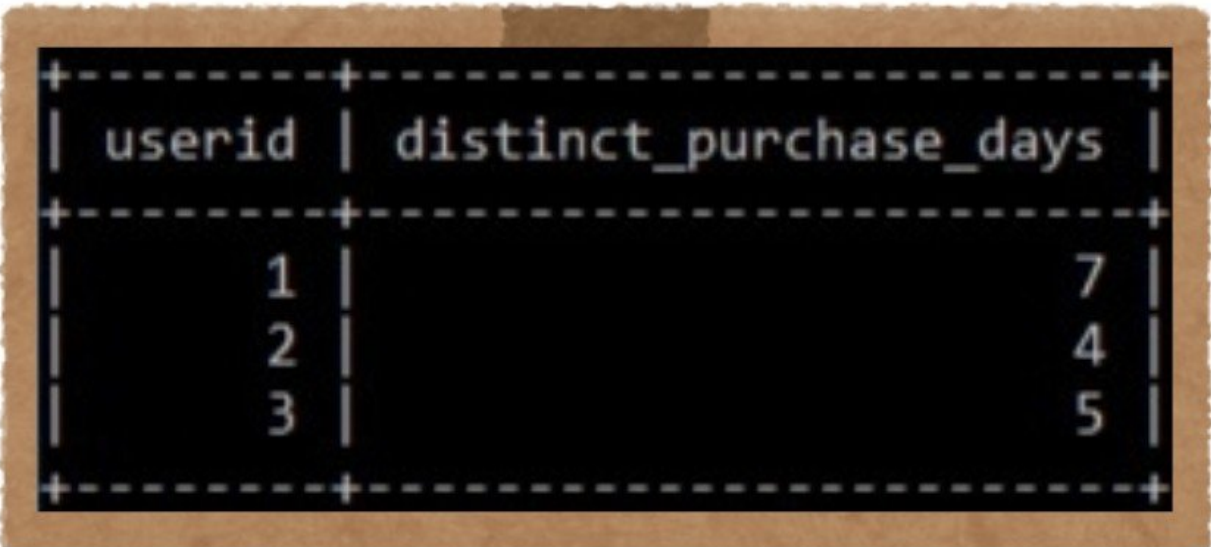
```
SELECT s.userid, SUM(p.price) AS total_amount_spent  
FROM sales s  
INNER JOIN product p  
ON s.product_id = p.product_id  
GROUP BY s.userid;
```



userid	total_amount_spent
1	5230
3	4570
2	2510

2. How many distinct days did each user make purchases?

```
SELECT userid, COUNT(DISTINCT created_date) AS  
distinct_purchase_days  
FROM sales  
GROUP BY userid;
```



userid	distinct_purchase_days
1	7
2	4
3	5

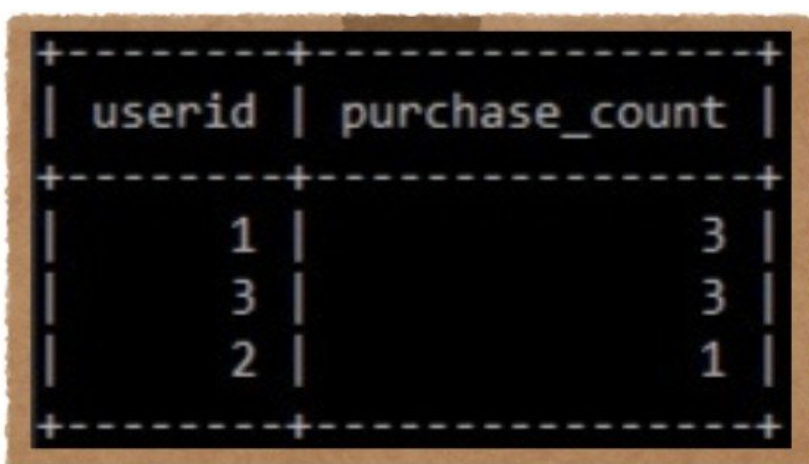
3. What was the first product purchased by each user?

```
SELECT userid, MIN(created_date) AS  
first_purchase_date, MIN(product_id) AS  
first_product_purchased  
FROM sales  
GROUP BY userid;
```

userid	first_purchase_date	first_product_purchased
1	2016-03-11	1
3	2016-11-10	1
2	2017-09-24	1

4. For each user, which product did they purchase the most frequently, and how many times did they purchase it?

```
SELECT userid, COUNT(product_id) AS  
purchase_count  
FROM sales  
WHERE product_id = (SELECT product_id FROM  
sales GROUP BY product_id ORDER BY  
COUNT(product_id) DESC LIMIT 1)  
GROUP BY userid;
```



userid	purchase_count
1	3
3	3
2	1

5. For each user, which product has the highest purchase frequency, and how many times was it purchased?

```
SELECT *  
FROM (SELECT *, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY userid  
ORDER BY purchase_count DESC) AS  
rank_by_purchase_count  
FROM (SELECT userid, product_id, COUNT(*) AS  
purchase_count  
FROM sales GROUP BY userid, product_id) AS  
product_purchase_counts) AS ranked_products  
WHERE rank_by_purchase_count = 1;
```

userid	product_id	purchase_count	rank_by_purchase_count
1	2	3	1
2	3	2	1
3	2	3	1

6. Find the first product purchased by each user after they became a gold member.

```
SELECT d.userid, d.created_date, d.product_id,  
d.gold_signup_date  
FROM (SELECT c.*, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY userid  
ORDER BY created_date) AS rnk  
FROM (SELECT a.userid, a.created_date, a.product_id,  
b.gold_signup_date FROM sales a  
INNER JOIN goldusers_signup b ON a.userid = b.userid  
WHERE a.created_date >= b.gold_signup_date) c) d  
WHERE d.rnk = 1;
```

userid	created_date	product_id	gold_signup_date
1	2018-03-19	3	2017-09-22
3	2017-12-07	2	2017-04-21

7. Which were the most recent products purchased by users just before they became gold members, including their respective gold membership signup dates?

```
SELECT d.userid, d.created_date, d.product_id,  
d.gold_signup_date  
FROM (SELECT c.*, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY userid  
ORDER BY created_date DESC) AS rnk  
FROM (SELECT a.userid, a.created_date, a.product_id,  
b.gold_signup_date  
FROM sales a INNER JOIN goldusers_signup b ON a.userid  
= b.userid  
WHERE a.created_date <= b.gold_signup_date) c) d  
WHERE d.rnk = 1;
```

userid	created_date	product_id	gold_signup_date
1	2017-04-19	2	2017-09-22
3	2016-12-20	2	2017-04-21

8. What is the total number of orders and the total amount spent for each customer before they became a member?

```
SELECT a.userid, COUNT(s.product_id) AS  
total_orders, SUM(p.price) AS total_amount_spent  
FROM users a LEFT JOIN sales s ON a.userid =  
s.userid LEFT JOIN product p ON s.product_id =  
p.product_id  
WHERE s.created_date < (SELECT gold_signup_date  
FROM goldusers_signup b WHERE b.userid =  
a.userid)  
GROUP BY a.userid;
```

userid	total_orders	total_amount_spent
1	5	4030
3	3	2720

9. Identify the Top Product by Points Earned, using the following points system: product 1 earns 5 points, product 2 earns 2 points, and product 3 earns 5 points, and rank the products to find the top performer?

```
SELECT * FROM (SELECT *, RANK() OVER(ORDER BY total_point_earned
DESC) AS rnk
FROM (SELECT product_id, SUM(total_points) AS total_point_earned
FROM (SELECT e.*, amt / points AS total_points
FROM (SELECT d.*, CASE
WHEN product_id = 1 THEN 5
WHEN product_id = 2 THEN 2
WHEN product_id = 3 THEN 5 ELSE 0 END AS points
FROM (SELECT c.userid, c.product_id, SUM(price) AS amt
FROM (SELECT a.*, b.price
FROM sales a INNER JOIN product b ON a.product_id = b.product_id) c
GROUP BY userid, product_id) d) e) f
GROUP BY product_id) g) h
WHERE rnk = 1;
```

product_id	total_point_earned	rnk
2	3045.0000	1

10. Calculate Total and Maximum Points for Each User, using the following points system: product 1 earns 5 points, product 2 earns 10 points, and product 3 earns 5 points?

```
SELECT userid, SUM(total_points) AS total_points_collected, MAX(points)
AS max_points_product
FROM (SELECT f.userid, f.product_id, FLOOR(f.total_amt /
f.points_per_zomato) AS total_points, CASE
WHEN f.product_id = 1 THEN FLOOR(f.total_amt / 5)
WHEN f.product_id = 2 THEN FLOOR(f.total_amt / 10) * 5
WHEN f.product_id = 3 THEN FLOOR((f.total_amt - 2) / 5) ELSE 0 END AS
points
FROM (SELECT e.userid, e.product_id, SUM(e.price) AS total_amt, CASE
WHEN e.product_id = 1 THEN 5 WHEN e.product_id = 2 THEN 10 WHEN
e.product_id = 3 THEN 5 ELSE 0 END AS points_per_zomato
FROM (SELECT d.userid, d.product_id, b.price
FROM sales d INNER JOIN product b ON d.product_id = b.product_id) e
GROUP BY e.userid, e.product_id) f) g
GROUP BY userid;
```

userid	total_points_collected	max_points_product
1	785	1305
3	653	1305
2	415	435