```
In [1]: # Import libraries
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        from scipy import stats
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import matplotlib.transforms as mtransforms
        import os
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
        # For Jupyter Notebook plotting
        %matplotlib inline
        Hosp_d=pd.read_csv('Hospitalisation details.csv')
In [2]:
        Med_d=pd.read_csv('Medical Examinations.csv')
        name_d=pd.read_excel('Names.xlsx')
In [3]:
        print("Hospital_Data")
        print(Hosp_d.head(3))
        print("Medical_Data")
        print(Med_d.head(3))
        print("Name_Data")
        print(name_d.head(3))
        Hospital_Data
          Customer ID year month date children charges Hospital tier City tier \
               Id2335 1992
                                        0
                                                            tier - 2 tier - 3
                             Jul
                                   9
                                                  563.84
                                                               tier - 2 tier - 1
        1
               Id2334 1992
                             Nov
                                    30
                                              0
                                                   570.62
                                                               tier - 2 tier - 1
                                              0 600.00
               Id2333 1993
                             Jun 30
          State ID
        0
             R1013
             R1013
        2
             R1013
        Medical Data
          Customer ID
                         BMI HBA1C Heart Issues Any Transplants Cancer history \
                Id1 47.410
                             7.47
                                                                            No
                 Id2 30.360
        1
                              5.77
                                              No
                                                              No
                                                                            No
                  Id3 34.485 11.87
                                           yes
                                                             No
                                                                            No
          NumberOfMajorSurgeries smoker
        0
                No major surgery
                                   yes
        1
                No major surgery
                                   yes
        2
                                   yes
        Name_Data
          Customer ID
        0
                 Id1
                           Hawks, Ms. Kelly
                  Id2 Lehner, Mr. Matthew D
        2
                               Lu, Mr. Phil
                  Id3
In [4]: Hosp_d.info()
```

```
-----
                           _____
        ---
            Customer ID 2343 non-null
                                           object
         0
                           2343 non-null
         1
                                           object
             year
         2
            month
                          2343 non-null
                                           object
         3
            date
                          2343 non-null
                                           int64
         4
            children
                          2343 non-null
                                           int64
         5
            charges
                           2343 non-null float64
           Hospital tier 2343 non-null object
         6
         7
             City tier
                          2343 non-null
                                           object
         8
             State ID
                           2343 non-null
                                           object
        dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(6)
        memory usage: 164.9+ KB
In [5]:
        Med_d.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 2335 entries, 0 to 2334
        Data columns (total 8 columns):
            Column
                                    Non-Null Count Dtype
            -----
                                    -----
         0
            Customer ID
                                    2335 non-null
                                                    object
             BMI
                                    2335 non-null
                                                    float64
         1
         2
            HBA1C
                                                    float64
                                   2335 non-null
         3 Heart Issues
                                   2335 non-null object
                                   2335 non-null
         4
           Any Transplants
                                                    object
         5
            Cancer history
                                    2335 non-null
                                                    object
             NumberOfMajorSurgeries 2335 non-null
         6
                                                    object
         7
             smoker
                                    2335 non-null
                                                    object
        dtypes: float64(2), object(6)
        memory usage: 146.1+ KB
In [6]:
        name_d.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 2335 entries, 0 to 2334
        Data columns (total 2 columns):
                         Non-Null Count Dtype
           Column
         0
            Customer ID 2335 non-null object
                         2335 non-null
         1
             name
                                        object
        dtypes: object(2)
        memory usage: 36.6+ KB
In [7]:
        Name_Hosp_d=pd.merge(name_d, Hosp_d,on='Customer ID')
        Name Hosp d.head(2)
Out[7]:
             Customer
                                                                           Hospital
                                                                                     City
                                                                                            State
                                 name
                                      year month date children
                                                                charges
                  ID
                                                                              tier
                                                                                      tier
                                                                                              ID
        0
                  ld1
                         Hawks, Ms. Kelly
                                      1968
                                                    12
                                                             0 63770.43
                                                                                    tier - 3
                                                                                            R1013
                                              Oct
                                                                            tier - 1
                      Lehner, Mr. Matthew
        1
                  ld2
                                       1977
                                                     8
                                                             0 62592.87
                                                                                            R1013
                                              Jun
                                                                            tier - 2
                                                                                    tier - 3
                                    D
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2343 entries, 0 to 2342
Data columns (total 9 columns):

Non-Null Count Dtype

Column

In [8]:

df.head()

df=pd.merge(Name\_Hosp\_d, Med\_d,on='Customer ID')

```
tier
                         Hawks,
                                                                               tier
                                 1968
                                                12
                                                         0 63770.43
                                                                                    R1013 47.410
          0
                   ld1
                                         Oct
                                                                       tier - 1
                                                                                                    7.47
                                                                                                            No
                        Ms. Kelly
                                                                               - 3
                         Lehner,
                            Mr.
                                                                               tier
          1
                                 1977
                                                8
                                                                                    R1013 30.360
                                                                                                    5.77
                   ld2
                                         Jun
                                                         0 62592.87
                                                                       tier - 2
                                                                                                            No
                       Matthew
                                                                               - 3
                             D
                         Lu, Mr.
                                                                               tier
          2
                                 1970
                                                11
                                                                                    R1012 34.485
                   ld3
                                                         3 60021.40
                                                                       tier - 1
                                                                                                   11.87
                                                                                                            yes
                           Phil
                       Osborne,
                                                                               tier
                   ld4
                            Ms.
                                1991
                                         Jun
                                                            58571.07
                                                                       tier - 1
                                                                                    R1024 38.095
                                                                                                    6.05
                                                                                                            No
                          Kelsey
                         Kadala,
          4
                   ld5
                            Ms.
                                1989
                                         Jun
                                                19
                                                         0 55135.40
                                                                       tier - 1
                                                                                    R1012 35.530
                                                                                                    5.45
                                                                                                            No
                         Kristyn
          df.columns = df.columns.str.replace(' ', '_')
          df.columns
 Out[9]: Index(['Customer_ID', 'name', 'year', 'month', 'date', 'children', 'charges',
                  'Hospital_tier', 'City_tier', 'State_ID', 'BMI', 'HBA1C',
                  'Heart_Issues', 'Any_Transplants', 'Cancer_history',
                  'NumberOfMajorSurgeries', 'smoker'],
                 dtype='object')
In [10]:
          df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          Int64Index: 2335 entries, 0 to 2334
          Data columns (total 17 columns):
                                         Non-Null Count
               Column
                                                           Dtype
                -----
                                                           object
           0
               Customer ID
                                          2335 non-null
           1
               name
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
           2
               year
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
           3
               month
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
           4
               date
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           int64
           5
               children
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           int64
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           float64
           6
               charges
           7
               Hospital_tier
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
           8
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
               City_tier
           9
               State_ID
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
                                                           float64
           10 BMI
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           float64
           11 HBA1C
                                          2335 non-null
           12 Heart_Issues
                                         2335 non-null
                                                           object
                                                           object
           13 Any Transplants
                                         2335 non-null
                                         2335 non-null
           14 Cancer_history
                                                           object
           15
               NumberOfMajorSurgeries 2335 non-null
                                                           object
               smoker
                                          2335 non-null
                                                           object
           16
          dtypes: float64(3), int64(2), object(12)
          memory usage: 328.4+ KB
```

Hospital

charges

City

State

ID

Heart

Issues

**BMI HBA1C** 

Out[8]:

Customer

ID

(df == '?').sum()

In [11]:

name year month date children

```
Out[11]: Customer_ID
         name
                                   0
         year
                                   3
         month
         date
         children
         charges
         Hospital_tier
                                   1
         City_tier
                                   1
         State_ID
         BMI
         HBA1C
         Heart_Issues
         Any_Transplants
         Cancer_history
                                   0
         NumberOfMajorSurgeries
         smoker
         dtype: int64
```

3. Find the percentage of rows that have trivial value (for example, ?), and delete such rows if they do not contain significant information

```
In [12]: Missing_Value=len(df[df.eq('?').any(axis=1)])/len(df)*100
print("Missing_Value : ",round(Missing_Value,4),"%")
print("That means",round(100-Missing_Value,4), "% data is OK" )

Missing_Value : 0.4283 %
That means 99.5717 % data is OK
```

#### **Data Details & Handling**

# 4. Use the necessary transformation methods to deal with the nominal and ordinal categorical variables in the dataset

```
In [13]: df = df.replace("?", np.nan)
    df = df.dropna()
    df
```

Out[13]:	Cu	stomer_ID	name	year	month	date	children	charges	Hospital_tier	City_tier	State_ID	ВМ
	0	ld1	Hawks, Ms. Kelly	1968	Oct	12	0	63770.43	tier - 1	tier - 3	R1013	47.41(
	1	ld2	Lehner, Mr. Matthew D	1977	Jun	8	0	62592.87	tier - 2	tier - 3	R1013	30.360
	3	ld4	Osborne, Ms. Kelsey	1991	Jun	6	1	58571.07	tier - 1	tier - 3	R1024	38.09!
	4	ld5	Kadala, Ms. Kristyn	1989	Jun	19	0	55135.40	tier - 1	tier - 2	R1012	35.53(
	5	Id6	Baker, Mr. Russell B.	1962	Aug	4	0	52590.83	tier - 1	tier - 3	R1011	32.800
	•••											
	2330	ld2331	Brietzke, Mr. Jordan	1998	Jul	27	0	637.26	tier - 3	tier - 3	R1013	22.34(
	2331	Id2332	Riveros Gonzalez, Mr. Juan	1992	Sep	13	0	604.54	tier - 3	tier - 3	R1013	17.70(

30

30

9

Jun

Nov

Jul

600.00

570.62

563.84

tier - 2

tier - 2

tier - 2

tier - 1

tier - 1

tier - 3

R1013 16.470

R1013 17.600

R1013 17.580

0

0

0

2325 rows × 17 columns

memory usage: 327.0+ KB

Id2333

Id2334

ld2335

In [14]: df.info()

2332

2333

2334

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 2325 entries, 0 to 2334
Data columns (total 17 columns):

D. Sr.

1993

1992

Albano,

Ms. Julie

Rosendahl,

Mr. Evan P

German,

Mr. Aaron 1992

Κ

Data columns (total 1/ columns):									
# Column Non-Null Count Dty	pe								
0 Customer_ID 2325 non-null obj	ect								
1 name 2325 non-null obj	ect								
2 year 2325 non-null obj	ect								
3 month 2325 non-null obj	ect								
4 date 2325 non-null int	64								
5 children 2325 non-null int	64								
6 charges 2325 non-null flo	at64								
7 Hospital_tier 2325 non-null obj	ect								
8 City_tier 2325 non-null obj	ect								
9 State_ID 2325 non-null obj	ect								
10 BMI 2325 non-null flo	at64								
11 HBA1C 2325 non-null flo	at64								
12 Heart_Issues 2325 non-null obj	ect								
13 Any_Transplants 2325 non-null obj	ect								
14 Cancer_history 2325 non-null obj	ect								
15 NumberOfMajorSurgeries 2325 non-null obj	ect								
16 smoker 2325 non-null obj	ect								
<pre>dtypes: float64(3), int64(2), object(12)</pre>									

```
In [15]: (df == '?').sum()
                                     0
Out[15]: Customer_ID
                                     0
          name
                                     0
          year
          month
                                     0
          date
                                     0
                                     0
          children
                                     0
          charges
         Hospital_tier
                                     0
                                     0
          City_tier
          State_ID
                                     0
          BMI
                                     0
         HBA1C
                                     0
         Heart Issues
                                     0
          Any_Transplants
                                     0
          Cancer_history
                                     0
          NumberOfMajorSurgeries
                                     0
          smoker
          dtype: int64
```

5. The dataset has State ID, which has around 16 states. All states are not represented in equal

proportions in the data. Creating dummy variables for all regions may also result in too many insignificant predictors. Nevertheless, only R1011, R1012, and R1013 are worth investigating further. Design a suitable strategy to create dummy variables with these restraints.

```
In [16]: df[['City_tier', 'Hospital_tier']]
```

```
Out[16]:
                      City_tier Hospital_tier
                  0
                        tier - 3
                                         tier - 1
                        tier - 3
                                         tier - 2
                  3
                        tier - 3
                                         tier - 1
                        tier - 2
                                         tier - 1
                  5
                                         tier - 1
                        tier - 3
              2330
                        tier - 3
                                         tier - 3
              2331
                        tier - 3
                                          tier - 3
              2332
                        tier - 1
                                         tier - 2
              2333
                        tier - 1
                                          tier - 2
              2334
                        tier - 3
                                         tier - 2
```

2325 rows × 2 columns

```
In [18]: pd.crosstab(df['City_tier_ord'],df['City_tier'])
              City_tier tier - 1 tier - 2 tier - 3
Out[18]:
          City tier ord
                   0.0
                            0
                                   0
                                         789
                   1.0
                                  807
                                           0
                   2.0
                          729
                                   0
                                           0
          pd.crosstab(df['Hospital_tier_ord'],df['Hospital_tier'])
Out[19]:
              Hospital_tier tier - 1 tier - 2 tier - 3
          Hospital_tier_ord
                                0
                                             691
                      0.0
                                       0
                                     1334
                                               0
                       1.0
                      2.0
                              300
                                       0
                                               0
In [20]:
          df.head(3
                 )
Out[20]:
             Customer ID
                                   year month date children charges Hospital_tier City_tier State_ID
                                                                                                         BMI HE
                             name
                            Hawks,
          0
                      ld1
                                   1968
                                            Oct
                                                            0 63770.43
                                                                                       tier - 3
                                                                                                R1013 47.410
                                                                              tier - 1
                          Ms. Kelly
                           Lehner,
                               Mr.
          1
                      ld2
                                   1977
                                                            0 62592.87
                                                                              tier - 2
                                                                                       tier - 3
                                                                                                R1013 30.360
                                            Jun
                          Matthew
                                D
                          Osborne,
          3
                     ld4
                              Ms.
                                   1991
                                            Jun
                                                   6
                                                            1 58571.07
                                                                              tier - 1
                                                                                       tier - 3
                                                                                                R1024 38.095
                            Kelsey
In [21]:
          df.shape
Out[21]: (2325, 19)
In [22]: vc= df.State_ID.value_counts()
          vc[:3].index
Out[22]: Index(['R1013', 'R1011', 'R1012'], dtype='object')
In [23]:
          for i in vc[:3].index:
              var_name = 'State_ID_' +i # create name for the dummy varible
               print(var name)
               df[var_name] = 0  # giving a dummy value 0 to dummy variable
               df.loc[df.State_ID == i,var_name] = 1 # replacing 0 by 1 where state id is equal to cate
          State_ID_R1013
          State ID R1011
          State_ID_R1012
In [24]: df.State_ID.value_counts()
```

```
Out[24]: R1013
                  609
         R1011
                  574
         R1012
                  572
         R1024
                  159
         R1026
                  84
                  70
         R1021
         R1016
                  64
         R1025
                  40
                  38
         R1023
         R1017
                  36
                 26
         R1019
         R1022
                  14
                  13
         R1014
                 11
         R1015
         R1018
                   9
         R1020
                    6
         Name: State_ID, dtype: int64
         Corresponding value of Top 3
In [25]:
         print(df['State_ID_R1013'].value_counts())
         print(df['State_ID_R1011'].value_counts())
         print(df['State_ID_R1012'].value_counts())
         a
              1716
               609
         Name: State_ID_R1013, dtype: int64
              1751
               574
         Name: State_ID_R1011, dtype: int64
             1753
         1
               572
         Name: State_ID_R1012, dtype: int64
```

## 6. The variable NumberOfMajorSurgeries also appears to have string values. Apply a suitable method to clean up this variable

```
In [26]: df.NumberOfMajorSurgeries.unique()
Out[26]: array(['No major surgery', '3', '1', '2'], dtype=object)
In [27]: df.loc[df.NumberOfMajorSurgeries=='No major surgery', 'NumberOfMajorSurgeries'] = 0
In [28]: df.NumberOfMajorSurgeries=df.NumberOfMajorSurgeries.astype(int)
In [29]: df.NumberOfMajorSurgeries.unique()
Out[29]: array([0, 3, 1, 2])
```

#### 7. Age appears to be a significant factor in this analysis. Calculate the patients' ages based on their dates of birth.

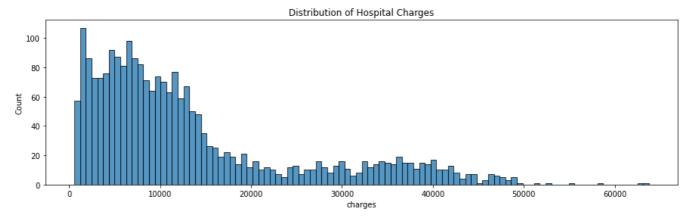
```
In [30]: df.year=df.year.astype(int)
In [31]: df['Age']=2025-df.year
```

#### 8. The gender of the patient may be an important factor in determining the cost of hospitalization. The

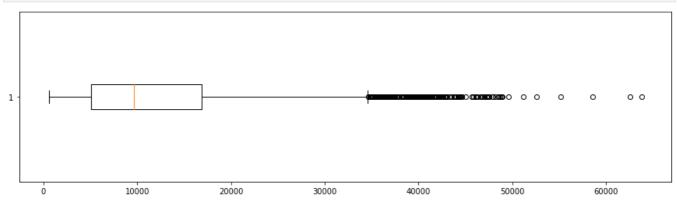
# salutations in a beneficiary's name can be used to determine their gender. Make a new field for the beneficiary's gender.

#### 9. You should also visualize the distribution of costs using a histogram, box and whisker plot, and swarm plot.

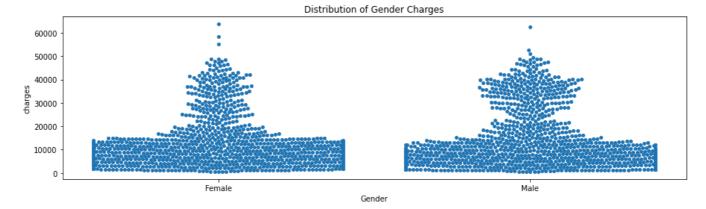
```
In [34]: plt.figure(figsize = (15,4))
  plt.title("Distribution of Hospital Charges")
  sns.histplot(df['charges'], bins=100)
  plt.show()
```



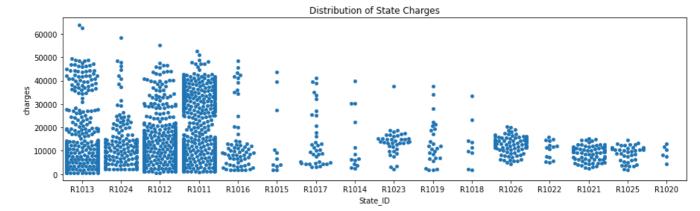
```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize = (15,4))
  plt.boxplot(df.charges, vert = False)
  plt.show()
```



```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=UserWarning, module="seaborn")
plt.figure(figsize = (15,4))
plt.title("Distribution of Gender Charges")
sns.swarmplot(x="Gender", y="charges", data=df)
plt.show()
```

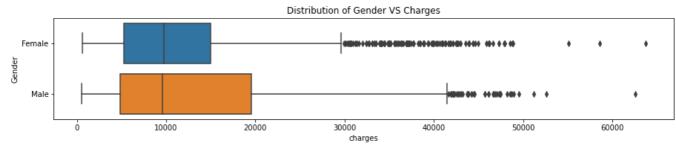


```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize = (15,4))
  plt.title("Distribution of State Charges")
  sns.swarmplot(x="State_ID", y="charges", data=df)
  plt.show()
```

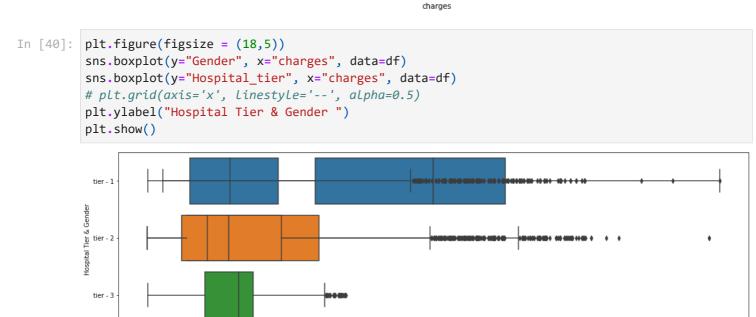


### 10. State how the distribution is different across gender and tiers of hospitals

```
In [38]: plt.figure(figsize = (15,2.5))
  plt.title("Distribution of Gender VS Charges")
  sns.boxplot(x = "charges",y = "Gender", data = df)
  plt.show()
```



```
In [39]: plt.figure(figsize = (15,5))
  plt.title("Distribution of Hospital VS Charges")
  sns.boxplot(x = "charges",y = "Hospital_tier", data = df)
  plt.show()
```



### 11. Create a radar chart to showcase the median hospitalization cost for each tier of hospitals

### 12. Create a frequency table and a stacked bar chart to visualize the count of people in the different tiers of cities and hospitals

```
freq_table = pd.crosstab(df['City_tier'], df['Hospital_tier'])
In [43]:
          print(freq_table)
          freq_table.plot(kind="bar", stacked=True)
          plt.title("Distribution People Count City & Hospital")
          plt.show()
          Hospital_tier tier - 1 tier - 2 tier - 3
          City_tier
          tier - 1
                                85
                                          403
                                                     241
          tier - 2
                               106
                                          479
                                                     222
          tier - 3
                               109
                                          452
                                                     228
                     Distribution People Count City & Hospital
          800
                                                      Hospital tier
                                                          tier - 1
          700
                                                          tier - 2
                                                         tier - 3
          600
          500
          400
          300
          200
```

City\_tier

100

#### 13. Test the following null hypotheses:

- a. The average hospitalization costs for the three types of hospitals are not significantly different.
- b. The average hospitalization costs for the three types of cities are not significantly different.
- c. The average hospitalization cost for smokers is not significantly different from the average cost for nonsmokers.
- d. Smoking and heart issues are independent

#### 13(a) The average hospitalization costs for the three types of hospitals are not significantly different.

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
In [44]:
          from statsmodels.formula.api import ols
          mod = ols('charges ~ Hospital_tier', data = df).fit()
          res = sm.stats.anova_lm(mod)
          res
Out[44]:
                          df
                                                                        PR(>F)
                                  sum sa
                                              mean sa
          Hospital tier
                         2.0 9.763011e+10 4.881505e+10 493.989566 1.773822e-179
              Residual 2322.0 2.294554e+11 9.881799e+07
                                                                          NaN
                                                             NaN
```

### 13(b). The average hospitalization costs for the three types of cities are not significantly different.

#### 13(c). The average hospitalization cost for smokers is not significantly different from the average cost for nonsmokers.

```
In [46]: sample1 = df.loc[df.smoker == 'yes', 'charges']
    sample2 = df.loc[df.smoker != 'yes', 'charges']
    stats.ttest_ind(sample1, sample2)
```

Out[46]: Ttest\_indResult(statistic=74.15560699695726, pvalue=0.0)

#### 13(d). Smoking and heart issues are independent.

```
In [47]: # observed_table = pd.crosstab(df.smoker, df. Heart_Issues)
# observed_table
```

```
In [48]: # chi, p, df, expected = stats.chi2_contingency(observed_table)
# chi, p, df, expected
```

# 14. Examine the correlation between predictors to identify highly correlated predictors Hint: Use a heatmap to visualize this

```
df.columns
In [49]:
Out[49]: Index(['Customer_ID', 'name', 'year', 'month', 'date', 'children', 'charges',
                      'Hospital_tier', 'City_tier', 'State_ID', 'BMI', 'HBA1C',
                      'Heart_Issues', 'Any_Transplants', 'Cancer_history',
                     'NumberOfMajorSurgeries', 'smoker', 'City_tier_ord',
                     'Hospital_tier_ord', 'State_ID_R1013', 'State_ID_R1011',
                     'State_ID_R1012', 'Age', 'Gender'],
                    dtype='object')
            data = df.drop(columns = ['Customer_ID', 'name', 'year', 'month', 'date', 'Hospital_tier',
In [50]:
                     'City_tier', 'State_ID', 'Gender'])
In [51]:
            corr_plot = data.select_dtypes(exclude='object').corr()
            ma = np.ones_like(corr_plot)
            ma[np.tril_indices_from(ma)] = 0
            plt.figure(figsize = (18,5))
In [52]:
            sns.heatmap(corr_plot, annot= True , mask = ma, cmap='PuRd')
            plt.show()
                      children
                              0.056
                              -0.1
                       HBA1C
                                               -0.0069
                              -0.11
                                               0.019
            NumberOfMajorSurgeries
                                       0.053
                                                        -0.092
                                                        0.0054
                              0.016
                                       -0.035
                                               -0.038
                                                                -0.028
                 Hospital_tier_ord -
                              0.052
                                                0.1
                                                                         -0.04
                                                                                                                                  0.2
                 State ID R1013 -
                             -0.014
                                       -0.15
                                               -0.21
                                                        0.033
                                                                -0.0021
                                                                        -0.0028
                                                                                 -0.0025
                 State_ID R1011 -
                             0.012
                                                0.12
                                                        0.016
                                                                0.00021
                                                                         -0.036
                                                                                  0.11
                                                                                          -0.34
                 State ID R1012 -
                             0.0052
                                       -0.075
                                               0.018
                                                                -0.0021
                                                                         0.018
                                                                                  -0.02
                                                                                          -0.34
                                                                                                   -0.33
                                                                         0.0081
                                                BM
                                                                          P.
                                                                                   ord
                                                                                                                     Age
                                        charges
                                                                 NumberOfMajorSurgeries  
                                                                                                    ID_R1011
                                                                                                            ID R1012
                                                                          tier
                                                                                   Hospital_tier
                                                                          Ġ,
                                                                                                            State
```

15. Develop a regression model Linear or Ridge. Evaluate the model with k-fold cross validation.

Also, ensure that you apply all the following suggestions:

- Implement the stratified 5-fold cross validation technique for both model building and validation
- Utilize effective standardization techniques and hyperparameter tuning
- Incorporate sklearn-pipelines to streamline the workflow
- Apply appropriate regularization techniques to address the bias-variance trade-off
- Create five folds in the data, and introduce a variable to identify the folds

• Develop Gradient Boost model and determine the variable importance scores, and identify the redundant variables

```
data_2 = pd.get_dummies(data, drop_first=True)
In [53]:
          data_2.reset_index(drop=True, inplace = True)
          data_2.head()
In [54]:
                                BMI HBA1C NumberOfMajorSurgeries City_tier_ord Hospital_tier_ord State_ID_R101:
             children
Out[54]:
                      charges
                   0 63770.43 47.410
                                        7.47
                                                                  0
                                                                             0.0
                                                                                              2.0
          1
                   0 62592.87 30.360
                                        5.77
                                                                  0
                                                                             0.0
                                                                                              1.0
                   1 58571.07 38.095
                                                                  0
                                                                             0.0
                                                                                              2.0
          2
                                        6.05
          3
                   0 55135.40 35.530
                                        5.45
                                                                                              2.0
                                                                  0
                                                                             1.0
                   0 52590.83 32.800
                                                                  0
                                                                             0.0
                                                                                              2.0
          4
                                        6.59
          # rearrange data to put 'charges' as first column or last
In [55]:
          model_data = data_2.drop(columns = 'charges')
          model_data.head()
          model_data['charges'] = data_2.charges
          model_data.head()
Out[55]:
             children
                       BMI HBA1C NumberOfMajorSurgeries City_tier_ord Hospital_tier_ord State_ID_R1013 State_ID
          0
                   0 47.410
                                                         0
                                                                    0.0
                                                                                     2.0
                                                                                                     1
                               7.47
          1
                   0 30.360
                                                                    0.0
                               5.77
                                                                                     1.0
                                                                                                     0
          2
                   1 38.095
                                                         0
                                                                    0.0
                                                                                     2.0
                               6.05
                   0 35.530
                               5.45
                                                                     1.0
                                                                                     2.0
                                                         0
                                                                    0.0
                                                                                     2.0
                                                                                                     0
          4
                   0 32.800
                               6.59
In [56]:
          model_data.columns = model_data.columns.str.lower()
In [57]: model_data.columns
Out[57]: Index(['children', 'bmi', 'hba1c', 'numberofmajorsurgeries', 'city_tier_ord',
                  'hospital_tier_ord', 'state_id_r1013', 'state_id_r1011',
                  'state id r1012', 'age', 'heart issues yes', 'any transplants yes',
                  'cancer_history_yes', 'smoker_yes', 'charges'],
                dtype='object')
In [58]:
          # converting y to categorical for stratified k fold
          y = model_data['charges']
          X = model_data.drop(columns = 'charges')
In [59]: X.head()
```

```
0 47.410
          0
                             7.47
                                                                0.0
                                                                               2.0
                                                                                              1
                  0 30.360
          1
                             5.77
                                                                0.0
                                                                               1.0
          2
                  1 38.095
                             6.05
                                                     0
                                                                0.0
                                                                               2.0
                                                                                              0
                  0 35.530
                             5.45
                                                                1.0
                                                                               2.0
          4
                  0 32.800
                             6.59
                                                     0
                                                                0.0
                                                                               2.0
                                                                                             0
In [60]:
         #Setting up a pipeline
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge
         from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
          pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[('scaler', StandardScaler()), ('regressor', Ridge())])
In [61]: # Defining the parameters for hyperparameter tuning
          parameters = {'regressor_alpha': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100]}
In [62]:
         # Creating the KFold object
         from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
          kfold = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
In [63]:
         # Creating the grid search object
         model_ridge = GridSearchCV(pipeline, parameters, cv=kfold, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
In [64]:
         model_ridge.fit(X, y)
               GridSearchCV
Out[64]:
          ▶ estimator: Pipeline
             StandardScaler
                  ▶ Ridge
In [65]:
         # Getting the best parameters and the best model
         model_ridge.best_params_
Out[65]: {'regressor alpha': 0.001}
In [66]:
         model_ridge.best_estimator_
Out[66]:
                Pipeline
            StandardScaler
                ▶ Ridge
```

bmi hba1c numberofmajorsurgeries city\_tier\_ord hospital\_tier\_ord state\_id\_r1013 state\_id\_r10

#### **Gradient Boosting Algorithm**

Out[59]:

children

```
In [67]: from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor
```

```
In [68]: # Assuming df is your DataFrame
# Use df appropriately to prepare X (input) and y (output)
```

```
# Split the data into training and testing sets
          # (Make sure to replace X and y with your data appropriately)
          X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y)
          # Train the XGBoost model
          model = GradientBoostingRegressor()
          model.fit(X_train, y_train)
          # You can print the feature importances if needed
          print(model.feature_importances_)
          # Identify redundant variables based on the importance scores
          [6.06873700e-03 1.22086653e-01 6.64718978e-03 6.67714146e-05
           1.07082634e-04 2.15589986e-02 4.11685856e-03 6.61051684e-03
           6.51293324e-05 9.22142885e-02 2.02432302e-05 1.33923042e-04
           2.83737159e-04 7.40019871e-01]
In [69]:
          pd.DataFrame({'Features':model.feature_names_in_,'Importance':model.feature_importances_}).so
Out[69]:
                           Features Importance
          13
                         smoker_yes
                                       0.740020
           1
                               bmi
                                       0.122087
           9
                                       0.092214
                               age
           5
                     hospital_tier_ord
                                       0.021559
           2
                             hba1c
                                       0.006647
           7
                                       0.006611
                       state_id_r1011
           0
                            children
                                       0.006069
                                       0.004117
           6
                       state_id_r1013
          12
                   cancer_history_yes
                                       0.000284
          11
                                       0.000134
                  any_transplants_yes
                        city_tier_ord
                                       0.000107
              numberofmajorsurgeries
                                       0.000067
           8
                       state_id_r1012
                                       0.000065
          10
                     heart_issues_yes
                                       0.000020
In [70]:
          # train score
          model.score(X_train,y_train)
Out[70]: 0.9343337435845835
 In [ ]:
In [71]:
          # test score
          model.score(X_test,y_test)
```

16. Case scenario: Estimate the cost of hospitalization for Christopher, Ms. Jayna (Date of birth 12/28/1988; height 170 cm; and weight 85 kgs). She lives with her partner and two children in a tier-1 city, and her state's State ID is R1011. She was found to be nondiabetic (HbA1c = 5.8). She smokes but is otherwise healthy. She has had no transplants or major surgeries. Her father died of

Out[71]: 0.9186761532215257

#### lung cancer. Hospitalization costs will be estimated using tier-1 hospitals.

```
In [72]: model_data.columns
Out[72]: Index(['children', 'bmi', 'hba1c', 'numberofmajorsurgeries', 'city_tier_ord',
                 'hospital_tier_ord', 'state_id_r1013', 'state_id_r1011',
                 'state_id_r1012', 'age', 'heart_issues_yes', 'any_transplants_yes',
                 'cancer_history_yes', 'smoker_yes', 'charges'],
                dtype='object')
         pred_data = pd.DataFrame({'Name' : ['Christopher, Ms. Jayna'],
In [73]:
                                'DOB' : ['12/28/1988'],
                                'City_tier' : ['tier - 1'], 'children' :[ 2],
                                 'HbA1c' : [5.8],
                                  'smoker_yes' : [1],
                                 'heart_issues_yes' : [0],
                                 'any_transplants_yes' : [0],
                                 'numberofmajorsurgeries' :[ 0],
                                  'cancer_history_yes' : [1],
                                 'Hospital_tier' : ['tier - 1'],
                                 'bmi' : [85/(1.70 **2)],
                                 'state_id_R1011' : [1]
                                })
In [74]: pred_data
Out[74]:
                             DOB City_tier children HbA1c smoker_yes heart_issues_yes any_transplants_yes numb
                 Name
            Christopher,
                       12/28/1988
                                                2
                                                      5.8
                                                                  1
                                                                                                   0
                                   tier - 1
                                                                                 0
              Ms. Jayna
In [75]:
         pred_data.columns = pred_data.columns.str.lower()
         pred_data['gender_male'] = 0
In [76]:
         pred_data.loc[pred_data.name.str.split('[,.]').str[1] == 'Mr', 'gender_male'] = 1
         pred_data.drop(columns = 'name', inplace = True)
In [77]: pred_data
Out[77]:
                  dob city_tier children hba1c smoker_yes heart_issues_yes any_transplants_yes numberofmajorsurg
          0 12/28/1988
                        tier - 1
                                          5.8
                                                      1
                                                                                       0
         # pred_data['Age'] =2023 - pred_data.dob.astype(np.datetime64).dt.year
In [78]:
         pred data['Age'] = 2023 - pd.to datetime(pred data['dob']).dt.year
In [79]: pred_data.drop(columns = 'dob', inplace = True)
In [80]:
         pred_data.rename(columns={
              'city_tier': 'City_tier',
              'hospital_tier': 'Hospital_tier'
         }, inplace=True)
         pred_data[['city_tier_ord', 'hospital_tier_ord']] = ordinal.transform(pred_data[['City_tier',
         pred_data.drop(columns =['City_tier', 'Hospital_tier'], inplace = True )
In [81]:
```

```
In [82]: for col in model_data.columns:
              if col not in pred_data.columns and col != 'charges':
                  pred_data[col] = 0
In [83]: pred_data
Out[83]:
            children hba1c smoker_yes heart_issues_yes any_transplants_yes numberofmajorsurgeries cancer_history_y
         0
                  2
                                                  0
                                                                    0
                                                                                         0
                       5.8
                                   1
In [84]: ### Apply Gradient BOOST model for predi
         model_data.columns
Out[84]: Index(['children', 'bmi', 'hba1c', 'numberofmajorsurgeries', 'city_tier_ord',
                 'hospital_tier_ord', 'state_id_r1013', 'state_id_r1011',
                 'state_id_r1012', 'age', 'heart_issues_yes', 'any_transplants_yes',
                 'cancer_history_yes', 'smoker_yes', 'charges'],
                dtype='object')
In [85]:
         pred_data.columns
Out[85]: Index(['children', 'hba1c', 'smoker_yes', 'heart_issues_yes',
                 'any_transplants_yes', 'numberofmajorsurgeries', 'cancer_history_yes',
                 'bmi', 'state_id_r1011', 'gender_male', 'Age', 'city_tier_ord',
                 'hospital_tier_ord', 'state_id_r1013', 'state_id_r1012', 'age'],
               dtype='object')
In [86]:
         pred_data=pred_data[model_data.drop(columns='charges').columns]
In [87]: model.predict(pred_data)
Out[87]: array([22230.05332452])
```