# day09-课堂笔记

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- 1. crawlSpider的使用
- 2. Scrapy的日志和配置文件
- 2.1 Scrapy日志
- 2.2 Scrapy配置文件

## 1. crawlSpider的使用

#### 需求:

- 要抓取的地址: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat\_8001/
- 要抓取的数据内容
  - 。 图书的名字
  - 。 几成新
  - 。 价格
  - 。作者
  - 。 出版社
  - 。 出版日期
  - 。店铺名
  - 。 还需要图书的图片: 详情页中的图片
- 还需要翻页

#### 创建项目以及创建爬虫

```
(spider_py3) E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\scrapy startproject books

New Scrapy project 'books', using template directory 'e:\py_env\spider_py3\lib\site-packages\scrapy\templates\project', created in: E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books

You can start your first spider with: cd books scrapy genspider example example.com

(spider_py3) E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books

(spider_py3) E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books

Created spider 'book' using template 'basic' in module: books.spiders.book

(spider_py3) E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books>
```

```
# 图书的标题
           item["title"] =
div.xpath(".//a[@class='link']/text()").extract_first()
           # 图书的详情页的url地址
           item["detail_href"] =
div.xpath(".//a[@class='link']/@href").extract_first()
           item["new_num"] = div.xpath(".//div[@class='quality bold
gray3']/text()").extract_first()
           item["price"] =
div.xpath(".//span[@class='bold']/text()").extract_first()
           # 进入到详情页中 获取图书的图片
           # 将详情页的url地址构造成request对象
           yield scrapy.Request(
               url=item["detail_href"],
               callback=self.parse_detail,
               meta={"item": item}
  def parse_detail(self, response):
       # 接收一下 从列表页中传递过来的数据
       item = response.meta["item"]
       item["img_url_list"] = response.xpath("//ul[@id='figure-info-
box']/li//img/@src").extract()
       print(item)
```

想要在列表页面中 去进行到详情页中

- 获取到详情页的url地址
- 将详情页的url地址构造成request对象返回给引擎

能不能将 寻找ur1地址和构造request对象的操作简化, 简化成一个步骤。 这个时候就要使用到 crawspider

crawlspider: 可以根据我们指定的一些规则,自动的从页面中找到符合规则的url地址,并且自动的将获取到的url地址构造成request对象)

如何使用crawlspider:

可以使用命令来创建一个crawlspider 爬虫

```
1 创建普通爬虫
2 scrapy genspider 爬虫的名字 爬虫允许的域名范围
3 切建crawlspider爬虫
5 scrapy genspider - t crawl 爬虫的名字 爬虫允许的域名范围
```

```
import scrapy

# LinkExtractor 连接提取器 (从页面中去提取连接 url地址)

from scrapy.linkextractors import LinkExtractor

# CrawlSpider 创建的爬虫父类

# Rule 规则

from scrapy.spiders import CrawlSpider, Rule

# 爬虫类 继承了 CrawlSpider

class CrawlBookSpider(CrawlSpider):

name = 'crawl_book'

allowed_domains = ['book.kongfz.com']
```

### 具体使用

```
import scrapy
  from scrapy.linkextractors import LinkExtractor
4 | # CrawlSpider 创建的爬虫父类
   from scrapy.spiders import CrawlSpider, Rule
  from pprint import pprint
  # 爬虫类 继承了 CrawlSpider
  class CrawlBookSpider(CrawlSpider):
     name = 'crawl book'
      allowed_domains = ['book.kongfz.com']
     start_urls = ['https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/']
         # 规则对象, 三个参数
         # LinkExtractor(allow=r'Items/'): 连接提取器对象,在连接提取器对象中去指定
   提取ur1地址的规则、
         # allow=r'Items/' allow=正则表达式, 表示 连接提取器根据指定的正则表达式的规
   则 去获取 符合规则的url地址。、
                         此参数接收的是一个 xpath 会根据 xpath去获取url地址
         # callback 回调: 表示的是根据连接提取器提取出来的新的url地址的响应交给哪一个
         # follow=True 是否跟进=True 表示跟进,跟进的意思就是,从连接提取器提取出来的
   url地址的响应中继续使用连接提取器提取符合规则的url地址,直到获取不到
         Rule(LinkExtractor(restrict_xpaths="//a[@class='link']"),
   callback='parse_item'),
      def parse_item(self, response):
         # response参数的值 就是 详情页的response
         item["title"] = response.xpath("//h1/text()").extract_first().strip()
```

```
item["price"] = response.xpath("//i[@class='now-price-
text']/text()").extract_first().strip()

item["img_url_list"] = response.xpath("//ul[@id='figure-info-
box']/li/a/@href").extract()

pprint(item)
```

# 2. Scrapy的日志和配置文件

### 2.1 Scrapy日志

日志一般在实际的开发中比较重要,记录程序在运行过程中的状态以及输出的一些信息。方便我们去查看程序的运行状态,以及如果程序在运行过程中出现了bug,我们能够根据日志信息能够快速的定位到错误的所在,以及去解决这个问题。

在使用scrapy框架的时候,运行爬虫的时候 scrapy crawl 爬虫名 会在控制台输出很多的信息,这些信息就是日志。

```
(spider_py3)E:\爬虫-左文彬\day89-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books><mark>scrapy crawl crawl book</mark> 运行爬虫的命令
2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.utils.log] INFO: Scrapy 2.5.0 started (bot: books) scrapy個緊張行政本 項目 books 通行3crapy個聚節的機 体制的一些其他級体值包
2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.utils.log] INFO: Versions: lxml 4.6.3.0, libxml2 2.9.5, cssselect 1.1.0, parsel 1.6.0, w3lib 1.22.0, Twisted 21.7.0, Python 3.9.7
1016ef3, Aug 30 2021, 20:19:38) [MSC v.1929 64 bit (AMD64)], pyOpenSSL 20.0.1 (OpenSSL 1.1.1l 24 Aug 2021), cryptography 3.4.8, Platform Windows-10-10.0.19042-SP0
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.crawler] INFO: Overridden settings: 复写的配置,配置文件
 {'BOT_NAME': 'books', 项目
  'NEWSPIDER_MODULE': 'books.spiders', 例址
  'ROBOTSTXT_OBEY': True, 是否遵循rotots协议,默认是遵循,但是一般是不遵循 False
  'SPIDER_MODULES': ['books.spiders']} 爬虫存储的路径
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.middleware] INFO: Enabled extensions:
 ['scrapy.extensions.corestats.CoreStats', 启用的
  'scrapy.extensions.telnet.TelnetConsole',
  'scrapy.extensions.logstats.LogStats']
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.middleware] INFO: Enabled downloader middlewares: @BB0788860000
 ['scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.robotstxt.RobotsTxtMiddleware',
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.httpauth.HttpAuthMiddleware'
   'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.downloadtimeout.DownloadTimeoutMiddleware',
  "scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.defaultheaders.DefaultHeadersMiddleware",\\
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.useragent.UserAgentMiddleware'
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.retry.RetryMiddleware'
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.redirect.MetaRefreshMiddleware'
   'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.httpcompression.HttpCompressionMiddleware',
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.redirect.RedirectMiddleware'
   'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.cookies.CookiesMiddleware'
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.httpproxy.HttpProxyMiddleware'
  'scrapy.downloadermiddlewares.stats.DownloaderStats']
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.middleware] INFO: Enabl<mark>e</mark>d spider middlewares: <mark>启用的爬虫中间件</mark>
 ['scrapy.spidermiddlewares.httperror.HttpErrorMiddleware'
   'scrapy.spidermiddlewares.offsite.OffsiteMiddleware',
  'scrapy.spidermiddlewares.referer.RefererMiddleware
  'scrapy.spidermiddlewares.urllength.UrlLengthMiddleware',
  'scrapy.spidermiddlewares.depth.DepthMiddleware']
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.middleware] INFO: Enabled item pipelines: 启用的管道,如果自己书写了管道保存了数据,并且在配置文件中开启了管道, 这个列表就不是空列表了。
 2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.core.engine] INFO: Spider opened 爬虫开始运行
2021-09-09 18:49:33 [scrapy.extensions.logstats] INFO: Crawled 0 pages (at 0 pages/min), scraped 0 items (at 0 items/min)
                         2821-89-89 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (288) <GET https://book.kongfz.com/robots.txt> (referer: None) 2821-89-89 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (288) <GET https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8881/> Greft
                                                                                                                               none) 就是起始页的url地址
> (referer: None)
                                                                                                                             (referer: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/)
(referer: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/)
 2021-09-09 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (200) <GET
 2021-09-09 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (200) <GET https://book.kongfz.com/344134/3826422911/2
2021-09-09 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (200) GET https://book.kongfz.com/15469/3827663154/; 2021-09-09 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (200) GET https://book.kongfz.com/156358/38266387149/;
                                                                                                                             (referer: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/)
                                                                                                                             (referer: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/)
 2021-09-09 18:49:34 [scrapy.core.engine] DEBUG: Crawled (200) <<u>GET https://book.kongfz.com/27537/3826461187/> (</u>referer: <u>https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/</u>)
 {'img_url_list': ['https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/2269d2a49c2c2e4b_b.jpg',
                     https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/cd13096495fcd627_b.jpg',
                     https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/5fdbe7f44c06f942_b.jpg'
                     'https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/48bbdc37b13aa57a_b.jpg',
                     https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/0143a59d1caedf73_b.jpg',
                     'https://www.kfzimq.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimq/2363798/e57c07bcb2dd01d2 b.ipq',
                      https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/38db4f906c1afa1d_b.jpg',
                     https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/862587074cb28c7e_b.jpg'
                     'https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/2363798/ce4bc500e9ea5388_b.jpg'
```

```
2021-09-09 18:49:35 | scrapy.core.engine | DEBUG: Crawled (200) | CGET https://book.kongfz.com/192261/3827992957/> (referer: https://book.kongfz.com/Cxianzhuang/cat_8001/)
                      https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/ceccbdfb/6095d60cc8c19bcd_b.jpg',
                                                                                                                   什么时间 从哪一个url地址中抓取到了那些数据
                      'https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/dfceaeff/46aa06d0e7fcbb2b_b.jpg',
                      https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/feffafaa/754f8b755ccdfba0_b.jpg',
                     'https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/dededfec/0ba568fdec269bab_b.jpg',
                      https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/eccbcefb/972a4c4f5142ca4a_b.jpg'
                     'https://www.kfzimg.com/sw/kfz-cos/kfzimg/ecceeedf/0fd5b31889fd7aba_b.jpg'],
  'price': '580.00',
Terminal: Local < Local (2) * + * IE在关闭肥虫、已经将所有的数据抓取完 2021-09-09 18:49:36 [scrapy.core.engine] INFO: Closing spider (finished
 2021-0-0 18:49:36 [Scrapy.statscollectors] IMFG: Dumping Scrapy stats: scrapy框架在运行的过程中一些状态 {'downloader/request_bytes': 23956, 发送请求的总的数据的大小
   'downloader/request_count': 52, <mark>总共发送了52次请求</mark>
'downloader/request_method_count/GET': 52, <mark>发送了get请求52次</mark>
   'downloader/response_bytes': 1366547, 总的响应数据的大小
'downloader/response_count': 52, 响应的次数
   'downloader/response_status_count/200': 52, 响应状态码是200的 有 52个
'elapsed_time_seconds': 2.575408, 程序运行需要的时间
    'finish_reason': 'finished',
   'finish_time': datetime.datetime(2021, 9, 9, 10, 49, 36, 425495), 程序运行结束的时间
    'httpcompression/response_bytes': 9309616,
   'httpcompression/response_count': 52,
   'log_count/DEBUG': 52,
   'log_count/INFO': 10,
   'request depth max': 1.
   'response_received_count': 52,
   'robotstxt/request_count': 1,
    'robotstxt/response_count': 1,
   'robotstxt/response_status_count/200': 1,
   'scheduler/dequeued': 51,
   'scheduler/dequeued/memory': 51,
   'scheduler/enqueued': 51,
   'scheduler/enqueued/memory': 51,
   'start time': datetime.datetime(2021, 9, 9, 10, 49, 33, 850087)}
  2021-09-09 18:49:36 [scrapy.core.engine] INFO: Spider closed (finished) 爬虫关闭
《spider_py3》E:\爬虫-左文彬\day09-scrapy框架\02-课堂代码\books>
```

### 2.2 Scrapy配置文件

```
BOT_NAME = 'books'
# 爬虫文件存储的路径
SPIDER MODULES = ['books.spiders']
# 创建一个新的爬虫。要拆创建在哪个位置
NEWSPIDER_MODULE = 'books.spiders
# 设置日志保存到文件中。
LOG_FILE = "spider.log"
# 设置 User-Agent的
USER_AGENT = 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36
# 是否遵循 robots 协议, 我们是不遵循的
ROBOTSTXT OBEY = False
# 设置scrapy在发送请求的时候的最大并发数 一次同时发送多少次请求 (default: 16)
# 如果说 想要让程序 一次性访问更多的url地址, 可以去修改下面的数字
CONCURRENT_REQUESTS = 100
# 设置下载延迟, 每个请求之间的 间隔时间,不建议设置,
# 设置请求头信息、
# 设置爬虫中间件
```