

# Groups and Rings - SF2729

## Homework3 (Rings)

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**Exercise 1.** Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with unity of prime characteristic  $p$ . Show that the map  $\phi_p : R \rightarrow R$  given by  $\phi_p(a) = a^p$  is a homomorphism.

*Solution.* In a commutative ring

$$(a + b)^n = \sum \binom{n}{k} a^k b^{n-k} \quad (1)$$

holds. Where

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \quad (2)$$

and we can see that we have if  $n$  is prime.

$$p \mid \binom{p}{i} \quad \forall i \in [1, p-1] \quad (3)$$

and hence the terms

$$\binom{p}{i} a^i b^{p-i} = 0 \quad (4)$$

in a commutative ring with characteristic  $p$ . This gives us the "freshman's dream"

$$(a + b)^p = a^p + b^p \quad (5)$$

With these facts its easy to show that  $\phi$  is a homomorphism.

$$\phi_p(a + b) = (a + b)^p = a^p + b^p = \phi_p(a) + \phi_p(b) \quad (6)$$

and trivially since  $R$  is commutative

$$\phi_p(ab) = (ab)^p = a^p b^p = \phi_p(a) \phi_p(b) \quad (7)$$

and thus  $\phi_p$  is a homomorphism.  $\square$

**Exercise 2. Prove that if  $F$  is a field, every proper nontrivial prime ideal of  $F[x]$  is maximal.**

*Solution.* By theorem 26.24 from the book every ideal of  $F[x]$  is principal. Suppose  $\langle f(x) \rangle \neq 0$  is a proper prime ideal of  $F[x] \Rightarrow$  all polynomial in  $\langle f(x) \rangle$  has degree equal or greater than the degree of  $f(x)$ . Thus if we have  $f = gh$  in  $F[x]$  with both  $g, h$  degrees less than  $f$ , neither  $g$  nor  $h$  can be in  $\langle f(x) \rangle$ . Which is a contradiction on the fact that we said it was an prime ideal  $\Rightarrow$  no such factorization in  $F[x]$  could exist  $\Rightarrow f$  irreducible in  $F[x]$  and by theorem 26.25 from the book  $\langle f(x) \rangle$  is therefore a maximal ideal of  $F[x]$ .  
 $\square$