## Groups and Rings - SF2729

## Skeleton

Jim Holmström - 890503-7571

April 24, 2012

Exercise 1. Let R be a commutative ring with unity of prime characteristic p. Show that the map  $\phi_p: R \to R$  given by  $\phi_p(a) = a^p$  is a homomorphism.

Solution. In a commutative ring

$$(a+b)^n = \sum \binom{n}{k} a^i b^{n-i} \tag{1}$$

holds. Where

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \tag{2}$$

and we can see that we have if n is prime.

$$p|\binom{p}{i} \quad \forall i \in [1, p-1] \tag{3}$$

and hence the terms

$$\binom{p}{i}a^ib^{p-i} = 0 \tag{4}$$

in a commutative ring with characteristic p. This gives us the "freshman's dream"

$$(a+b)^p = a^p + b^p \tag{5}$$

With these facts its easy to show that  $\phi$  is a homomorphism.

$$\phi_p(a+b) = (a+b)^p = a^p + b^p = \phi_p(a) + \phi_p(b)$$
(6)

and trivially since R is commutative

$$\phi_p(ab) = (ab)^p = a^p b^p = \phi_p(a)\phi_p(b) \tag{7}$$

and thus  $\phi_p$  is a homomorphism.

Exercise 2. Prove that if F is a field, every proper nontrivial prime ideal of F[x] is maximal.

Solution.