Groups and Rings - SF2729

Homework 7

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Exercise 1. How many p-Sylow subgroups the group A_5 has for p=3,5,7

Solution.

Theorem 0.1 (Third Sylow Teorem). p prime $\bigwedge p \mid |G| \Rightarrow \#\{\text{Sylow } p\text{-subgroups}\} \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \land \#\{\text{Sylow } p\text{-subgroups}\} \mid |G|$

$$S = \{a : a \mid |A_5| = 5!/2\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30, 60\}$$

1
$$p = 3$$

 ${a \in S : a \equiv 1 \pmod{3}} = {1, 4, 10}$

Subgroups generate by cycles of order 3 in A_5 is Sylow 3-subgroups.

 $\langle (123) \rangle, \langle (124) \rangle, \langle (125) \rangle, \langle (134) \rangle, \langle (135) \rangle, \dots$

Which is more then 4 distinct Sylowgroups which results in:

 $\#\{\text{Sylow 3-subgroups}\} = 10$

2 p = 5

 $\{a \in S : a \equiv 1 \pmod{5}\} = \{1, 6\}$

Subgroups generate by cycles of order 5 in A_5 is Sylow 5-subgroups.

 $\langle (12345)\rangle, \langle (12354)\rangle, \dots$ Which is more then 1 distinct Sylow groups which results in:

 $\#\{\text{Sylow 5-subgroups}\} = 6$

3 p = 7

 $\{a \in S : a \equiv 1 \pmod{7}\} = \{1, 15\}$

 $7 \notin S \land Lagrange$'s Theorem⇒ $\not\exists$ subgroups of order 7. And thus:

 $\#\{\text{Sylow 7-subgroups}\} = 0$