

Exercise 1: 1.12.3.10 Intersection of sigma algebras

\mathcal{F}_1 and \mathcal{F}_2 are two sigma algebras of subsets of Ω . Show that

$$\mathcal{F}_1 \cap \mathcal{F}_2 \tag{1}$$

is a sigma algebra of subsets of Ω .

Solution.

Exercise 2: 2.6.5.6 Use Chen's Lemma

$X \in \text{Po}(\lambda)$. Show that

$$\mathbb{E}[X^n] = \lambda \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \binom{n-1}{k} \mathbb{E}[X^k]. \quad (2)$$

Aid: Use Chen's Lemma with suitable $H(x)$.

Solution.

*Lemma 0.1. **Chen's Lemma*** $X \in \text{Po}(\lambda)$ and $H(x)$ is a bounded Borel function, then

$$\mathbb{E}[XH(X)] = \lambda \mathbb{E}[H(X+1)]. \quad (3)$$

Exercise 3: 3.8.3.1 Joint Distributions & Conditional Expectations

Let (X, Y) is a bivariate random variable, where X is discrete and Y is continuous. (X, Y) has a joint probability mass - and density function given by

$$f_{X,Y}(k, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{\partial P(X=k, Y \leq y)}{\partial y} = \lambda \frac{(\lambda y)^k}{k!} e^{-2\lambda y} & , k \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}, y \in [0, \infty) \\ 0 & . \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

(a) Check that

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(k, y) dy = \int_0^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(k, y) dy = 1 \quad (5)$$

(b) Compute the mixed moment $E[XY]$ defined as

$$E[XY] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(k, y) dy. \quad (6)$$

Answer: $\frac{2}{\lambda}$

(c) Find the marginal p.m.f. of X . *Answer:* $X \in \text{Ge}(1/2)$

(d) Compute the marginal density of Y here defined as

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f_{X,Y}(k, y) & , y \in [0, \infty) \\ 0 & . \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

Answer: $Y \in \text{Exp}(\frac{1}{\lambda})$

(e) Find

$$p_{X|Y}(k|y) = p(X = k|Y = y), k \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \quad (8)$$

Answer: $X|Y = y \in \text{Po}(\lambda y)$.

(f) Compute $E[X|Y = y]$ and then $E[XY]$ using double expectation. Compare your results with (b).

Solution.

Exercise 4: 3.8.3.14 Computing moments

Let (X, Y) be a bivariate r.v. such that

$$Y|X = x \in \text{Fs}(x), \quad f_X(x) = 3x^2, \quad x \in [0, 1]. \quad (9)$$

Compute $E[Y]$, $\text{Var}[Y]$, $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$ and the p.m.f. of Y . *Answer:* $E[Y] = \frac{3}{2}$, $\text{Var}[Y] = \frac{9}{4}$, $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = -\frac{1}{8}$, and $p_Y(k) = \frac{18}{(k+3)(k+2)(k+1)k}$, $k \geq 1$.

Solution.

Exercise 5: 4.7.2.4 Equidistribution

Let $\{X_k\}_{k=1}^n$ be independent and identically distributed. Furthermore $\{a_k\}_{k=1}^n$, $a_k \in \mathbb{R}$.
Set

$$Y_1 = \sum_k a_k X_k \tag{10}$$

and

$$Y_2 = \sum_k a_{n-k+1} X_k. \tag{11}$$

Show that

$$Y_1 \stackrel{d}{=} Y_2. \tag{12}$$

Solution.

Exercise 6: 5.8.3.11 Title of the problem

Solution.

Exercise 7: 7.6.1.1 Title of the problem

Solution.