

Building Gapminder plot using Models

The low-level API that lets you build pieces up individually

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_notebook, show  
        output_notebook()
```

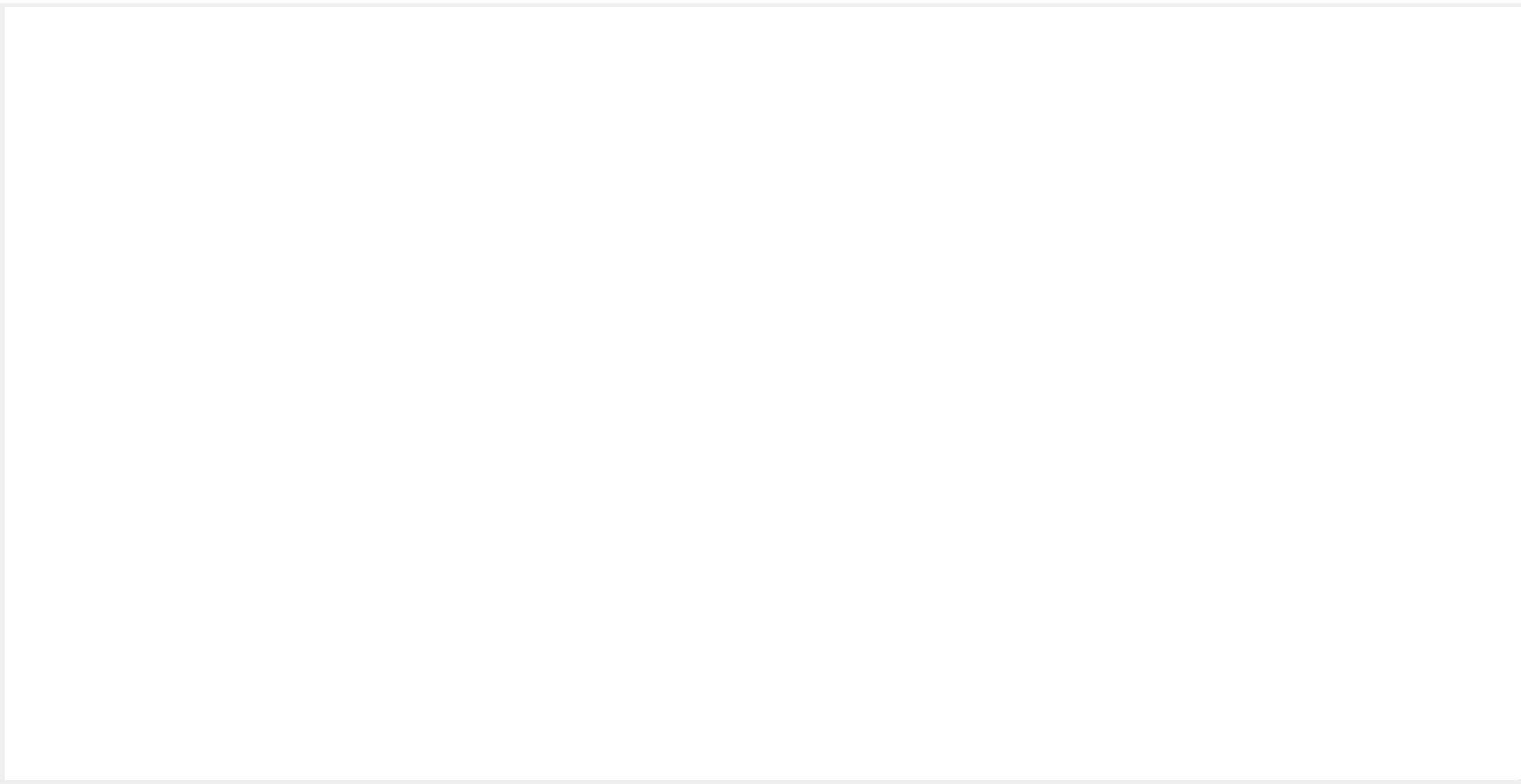
<http://bokeh.pydata.org>

BokehJS successfully loaded.

```
In [2]: from bokeh.models import Range1d, Plot
```

```
def get_plot():  
    xdr = Range1d(1, 9)  
    ydr = Range1d(20, 100)  
    plot = Plot(  
        x_range=xdr,  
        y_range=ydr,  
        title="",  
        plot_width=800,  
        plot_height=400,  
        outline_line_color=None,  
        toolbar_location=None,  
        #responsive=True  
    )  
    return plot  
show(get_plot())
```

```
ERROR:/Users/jimstearns/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/bokeh/validation/check.py:W-100
0 (MISSING_RENDERERS): Plot has no renderers: Plot, ViewModel:Plot, ref _id: 89095a23-281d-4
fe5-8ddf-cb869d684c75
ERROR:/Users/jimstearns/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/bokeh/validation/check.py:W-100
1 (NO_GLYPH_RENDERERS): Plot has no glyph renderers: Plot, ViewModel:Plot, ref _id: 89095a2
3-281d-4fe5-8ddf-cb869d684c75
```



Note the warnings are expected and useful - they're telling you why you're just seeing a blank box above!

```
In [3]: AXIS_FORMATS = dict(
    minor_tick_in=None,
    minor_tick_out=None,
    major_tick_in=None,
    major_label_text_font_size="10pt",
    major_label_text_font_style="normal",
    axis_label_text_font_size="10pt",

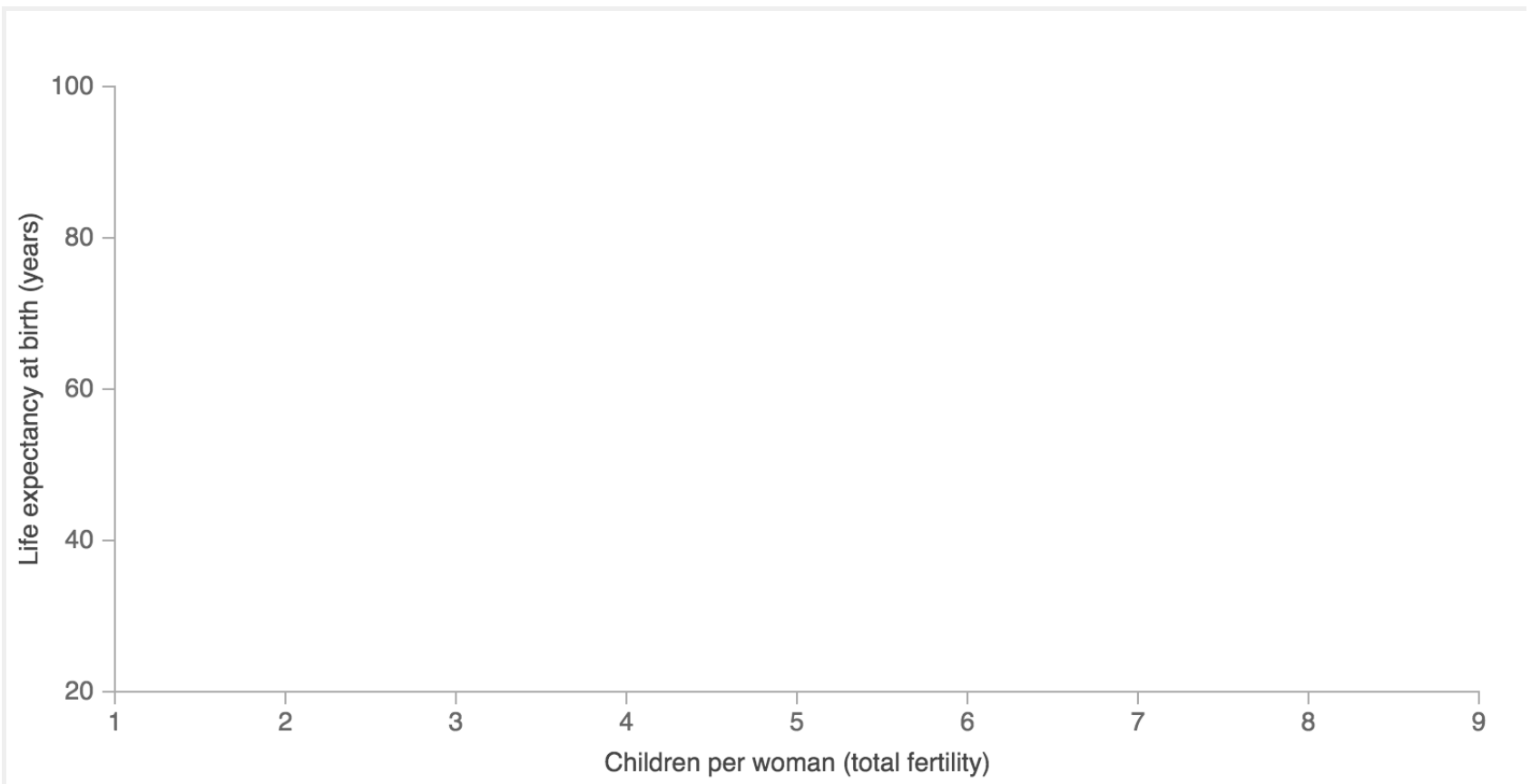
    axis_line_color='#AAAAAA',
    major_tick_line_color='#AAAAAA',
    major_label_text_color='#666666',

    major_tick_line_cap="round",
    axis_line_cap="round",
    axis_line_width=1,
    major_tick_line_width=1,
)
```

```
In [4]: from bokeh.models import LinearAxis, SingleIntervalTicker

def add_axes(plot):
    xaxis = LinearAxis(SingleIntervalTicker(interval=1), axis_label="Children per woman (total fertility)", **AXIS_FORMATS)
    yaxis = LinearAxis(SingleIntervalTicker(interval=20), axis_label="Life expectancy at birth (years)", **AXIS_FORMATS)
    plot.add_layout(xaxis, 'below')
    plot.add_layout(yaxis, 'left')
    return plot
show(add_axes(get_plot()))
```

ERROR:/Users/jimstearns/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/bokeh/validation/check.py:W-100
1 (NO_GLYPH_RENDERERS): Plot has no glyph renderers: Plot, ViewModel:Plot, ref _id: d12bd6d
0-0c09-49e9-9280-b680dcb3399a

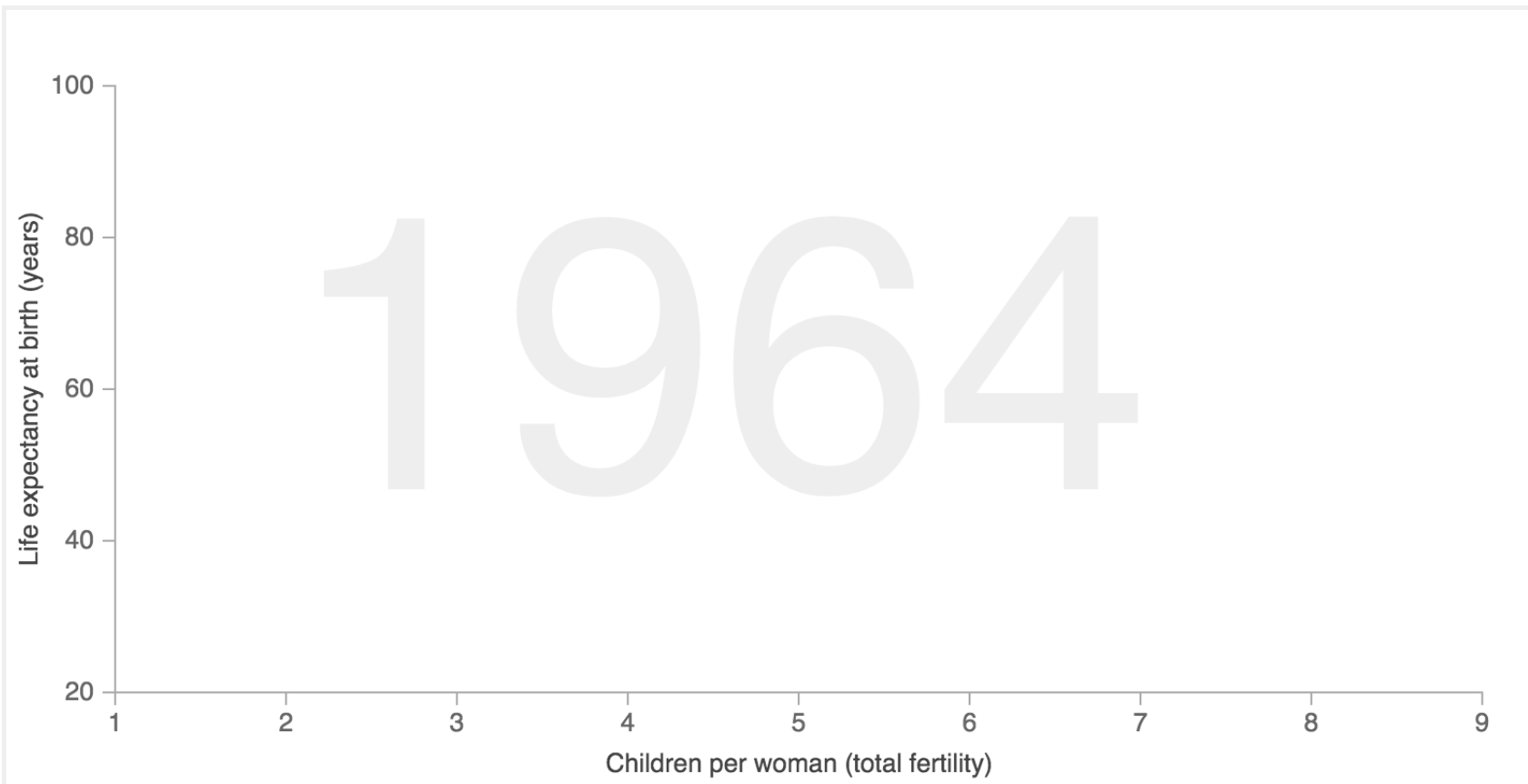


```
In [5]: from bokeh.models import ColumnDataSource, Text

text_source = ColumnDataSource({'year': ['1964']})

def add_text(plot):
    plot = add_axes(plot)
    # Add the year in background (add before circle)
    text = Text(x=2, y=35, text='year', text_font_size='150pt', text_color='#EEEEEE')
    plot.add_glyph(text_source, text)
    return plot

show(add_text(get_plot()))
```



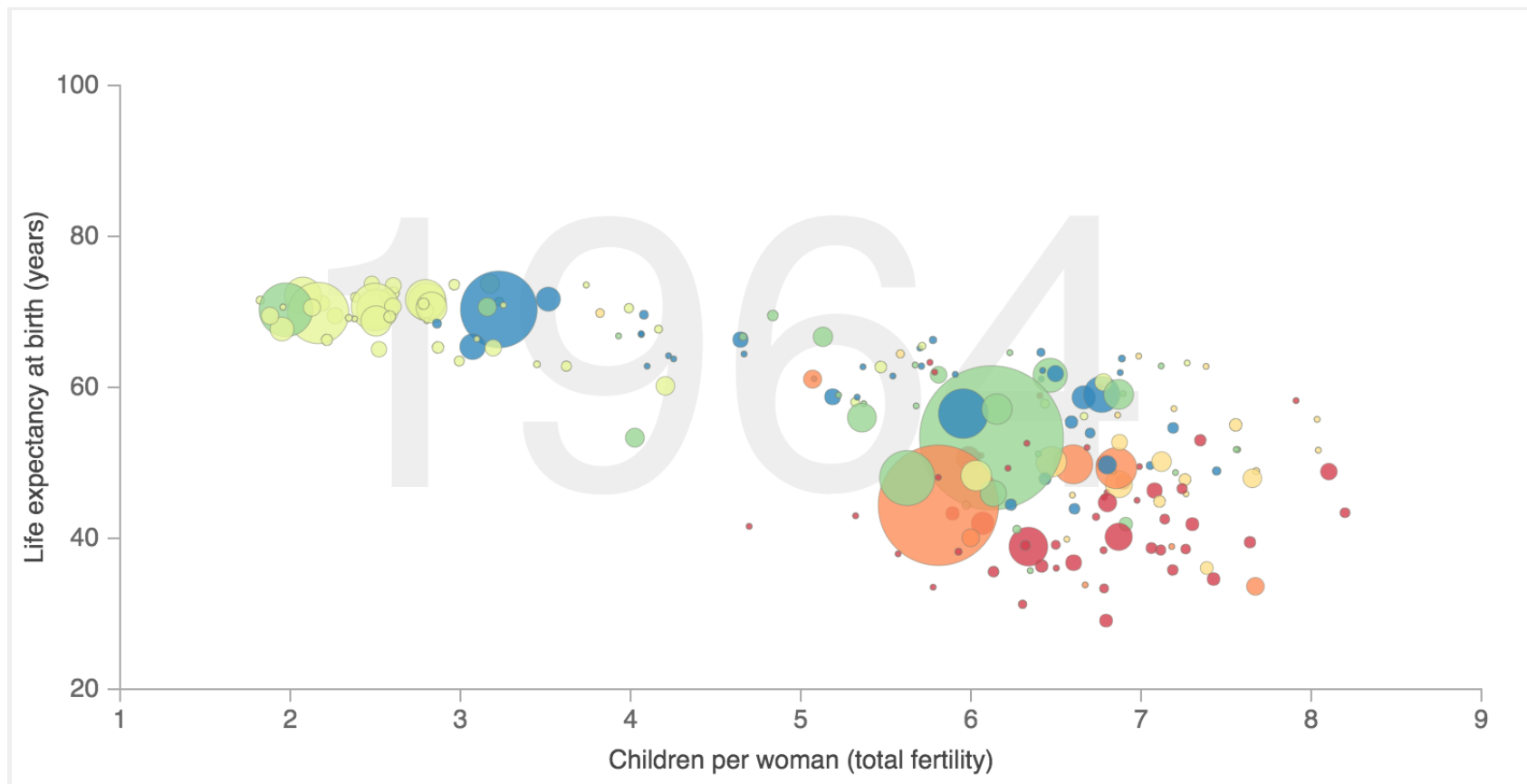
```
In [7]: from bokeh.models import Circle, HoverTool
        from bokeh.palettes import Spectral6
        from utils import get_gapminder_1964_data

        renderer_source = ColumnDataSource(get_gapminder_1964_data())

        def add_circles(plot):
            plot = add_text(plot)
            # Add the circle
            circle_glyph = Circle(
                x='fertility', y='life', size='population',
                fill_color='region_color', fill_alpha=0.8,
                line_color='#7c7e71', line_width=0.5, line_alpha=0.5)
            circle_renderer = plot.add_glyph(renderer_source, circle_glyph)

            # Add the hover (only against the circle and not other plot elements)
            tooltips = "@index"
            plot.add_tools(HoverTool(tooltips=tooltips, renderers=[circle_renderer]))
            return plot

        show(add_circles(get_plot()))
```

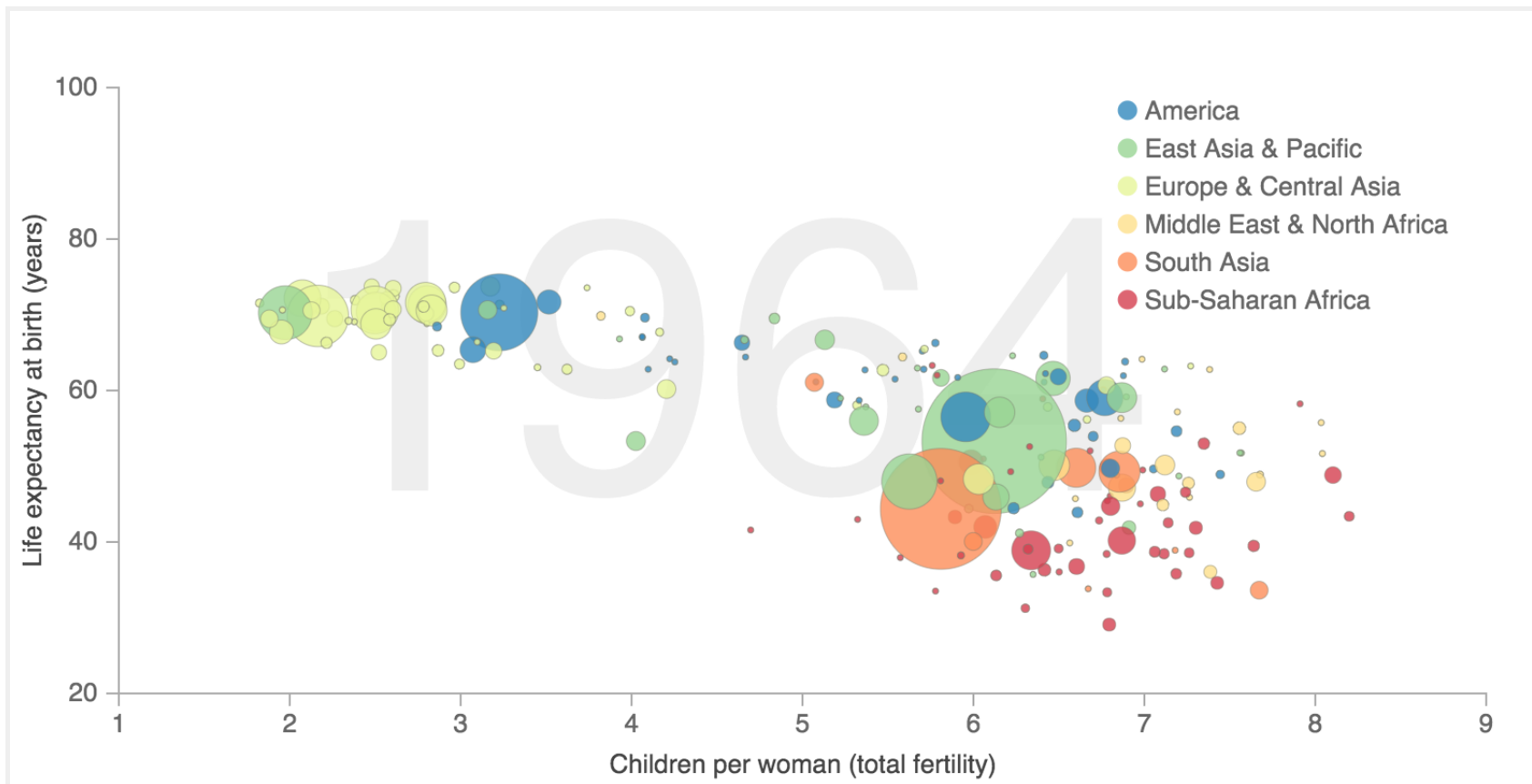


```
In [8]: from utils import _process_gapminder_data, get_gapminder_1964_data
fertility_df, life_expectancy_df, population_df_size, regions_df, years, regions = _process_gapminder_data()
```



```
In [9]: def add_legend(plot):
    plot = add_circles(plot)
    # Add a custom legend
    text_x = 7
    text_y = 95
    for i, region in enumerate(regions):
        plot.add_glyph(Text(x=text_x, y=text_y, text=[region], text_font_size='10pt', text_color='#666666'))
        plot.add_glyph(Circle(x=text_x - 0.1, y=text_y + 2, fill_color=Spectral6[i], size=10,
                               line_color=None, fill_alpha=0.8))
        text_y = text_y - 5
    return plot

show(add_legend(get_plot()))
```



Interaction

```

In [11]: import pandas as pd
         from bokeh.models import CustomJS, Slider
         from bokeh.plotting import vplot
         sources = {}

         region_color = regions_df['region_color']
         region_color.name = 'region_color'

         def make_interactive(plot):
             plot = add_legend(plot)

             for year in years:
                 fertility = fertility_df[year]
                 fertility.name = 'fertility'
                 life = life_expectancy_df[year]
                 life.name = 'life'
                 population = population_df_size[year]
                 population.name = 'population'
                 new_df = pd.concat([fertility, life, population, region_color], axis=1)
                 sources['_' + str(year)] = ColumnDataSource(new_df)

         dictionary_of_sources = dict(zip([x for x in years], ['_%s' % x for x in years]))
         js_source_array = str(dictionary_of_sources).replace("'", "")

         # Add the slider
         code = """
             var year = slider.get('value'),
                 sources = %s,
                 new_source_data = sources[year].get('data');
             renderer_source.set('data', new_source_data);
             renderer_source.trigger('change');
             text_source.set('data', {'year': [String(year)]});
             text_source.trigger('change');
         """ % js_source_array

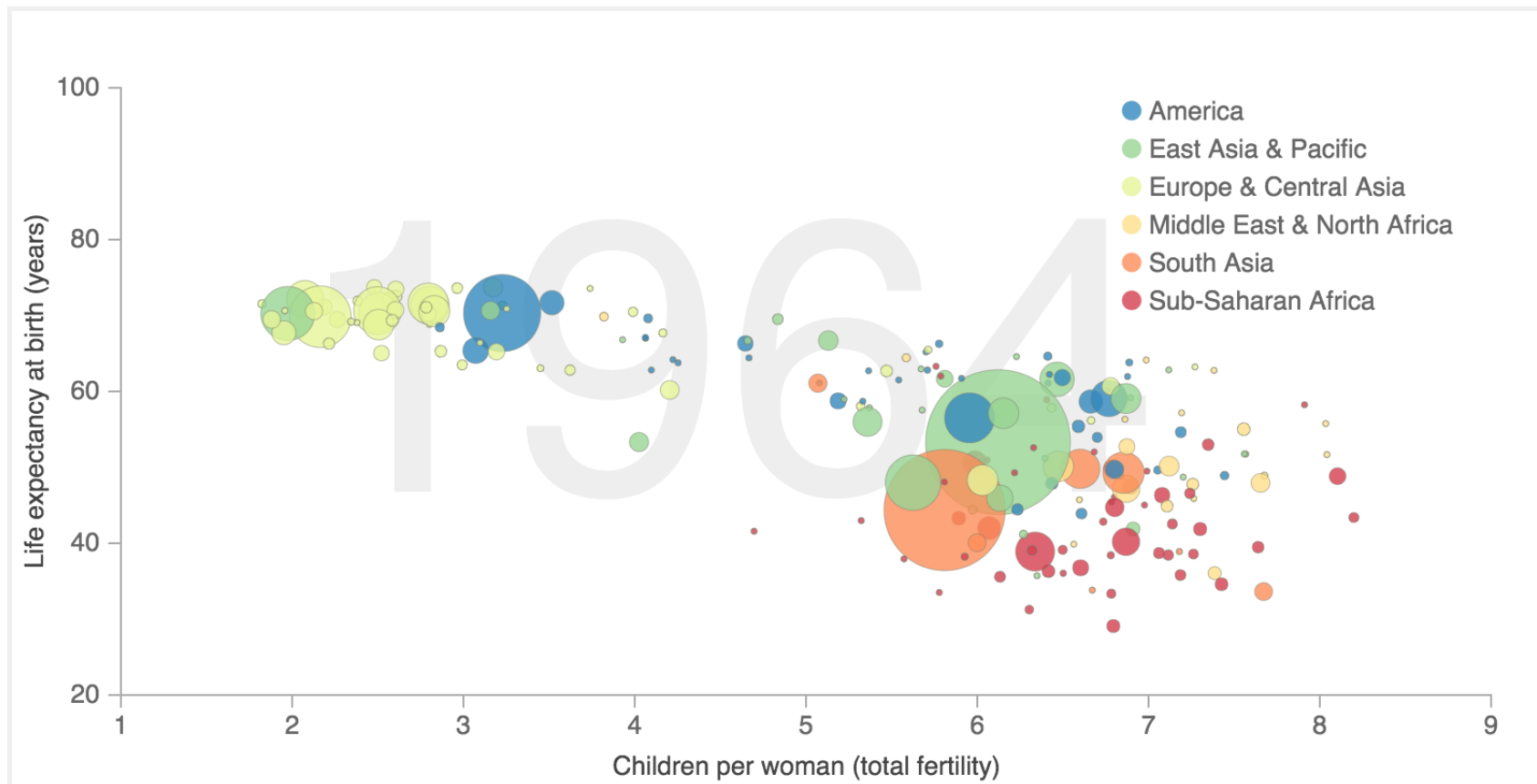
         callback = CustomJS(args=sources, code=code)
         slider = Slider(start=years[0], end=years[-1], value=1, step=1, title="Year", callback=callback)
         callback.args["slider"] = slider
         callback.args["renderer_source"] = renderer_source

```

```
callback.args["text_source"] = text_source
```

```
return vplot(plot, slider)
```

```
show(make_interactive(get_plot()))
```



Year: 1964



Let's break that down a little

Setting up the data

The plot animates with the slider showing the data over time from 1964 to 2013. We can think of each year as a separate static plot, and when the slider moves, we use the Callback to change the data source that is driving the plot.

We could use bokeh-server to drive this change, but as the data is not too big we can also pass all the datasets to the javascript at once and switch between them on the client side.

This means that we need to build one data source for each year that we have data for and are going to switch between using the slider. We build them and add them to a dictionary sources that holds them under a key that is the name of the year prefixed with a _.

```
In [12]: fertility_df, life_expectancy_df, population_df_size, regions_df, years, regions = _process_gapminder_data()

sources = {}

region_color = regions_df['region_color']
region_color.name = 'region_color'

for year in years:
    fertility = fertility_df[year]
    fertility.name = 'fertility'
    life = life_expectancy_df[year]
    life.name = 'life'
    population = population_df_size[year]
    population.name = 'population'
    new_df = pd.concat([fertility, life, population, region_color], axis=1)
    sources['_' + str(year)] = ColumnDataSource(new_df)
```

```
In [13]: print(sources['_1964'])
         print(sources['_1965'])
         print(sources['_1966'])
```

```
ColumnDataSource, ViewModel:ColumnDataSource, ref _id: 8e64be1f-90ef-4edf-9157-8b8ade0d8dd3
ColumnDataSource, ViewModel:ColumnDataSource, ref _id: 4a5e8769-11e0-4324-b635-907b0718b5b7
ColumnDataSource, ViewModel:ColumnDataSource, ref _id: 5bc3f84e-77a9-4f4e-be56-2465c50404f5
```

We will pass this sources dictionary to the CustomJS.

In doing so, we will find that in our javascript we have an object called, for example 1964, that refers to our ColumnDataSource 1964!!! (I think this is so cool).

Note that we needed the prefixing as JS objects cannot begin with a number.

Finally we construct a string that we can insert into our javascript code to define an object.

The string looks like this: {1962: _1962, 1963: _1963, ...}

Note the keys of this object are integers and the values are the references to our ColumnDataSources from above. So that now, in our JS code, we have an object that's storing all of our ColumnDataSources and we can look them up.

```
In [14]: dictionary_of_sources = dict(zip([x for x in years], ['_1964' % x for x in years]))
         js_source_array = str(dictionary_of_sources).replace("'", "")
```

Last, but not least, we add the slider widget and the JS callback code which changes the data of the `renderer_source` (powering the bubbles / circles) and the data of the `text_source` (powering background text). After we've set() the data we need to trigger() a change. `slider`, `renderer_source`, `text_source` are all available because we add them as args to `Callback`.

It is the combination of `""sources = %s "" % js_source_array` in the code and `CustomJS(args=sources...)` that provides the ability to look-up, by year, the JS version of our python-made ColumnDataSource.

```
In [15]: # Add the slider
code = """
    var year = slider.get('value'),
        sources = %s,
        new_source_data = sources[year].get('data');
    renderer_source.set('data', new_source_data);
    renderer_source.trigger('change');
    text_source.set('data', {'year': [String(year)]});
    text_source.trigger('change');
    """ % js_source_array

callback = CustomJS(args=sources, code=code)
slider = Slider(start=years[0], end=years[-1], value=1, step=1, title="Year", callback=callback)
callback.args["slider"] = slider
callback.args["renderer_source"] = renderer_source
callback.args["text_source"] = text_source
```

Embedding

- `ipython - output_notebook()` & show
 - works on [nbviewer \(nbviewer.ipynb.org\)](http://nbviewer.ipynb.org) and [anaconda viewer \(https://notebooks.anaconda.org/\)](https://notebooks.anaconda.org/)
 - Does not work on github notebook viewer - you'll be able to see your code but not your bokeh plots.
- `file - output_file()` & show / save
- embed functions - `file_html`, `components`, ...
- understand Resources - CDN, INLINE, other...

```
In [20]: from jinja2 import Template
         from bokeh.templates import JS_RESOURCES
         from bokeh.resources import Resources
         from bokeh.embed import components

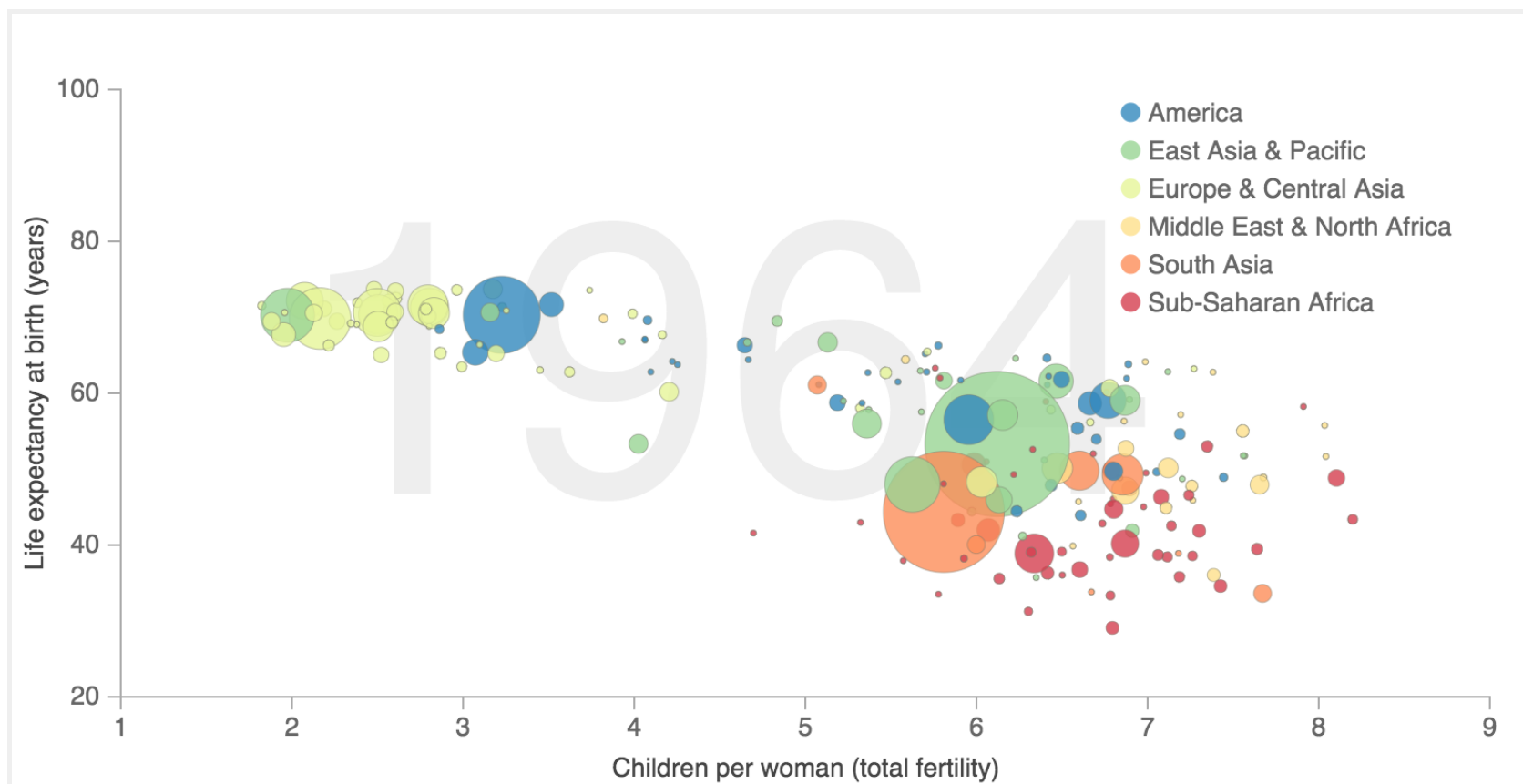
         with open('assets/gapminder_template.jinja', 'r') as f:
             template = Template(f.read())

         resources = Resources(mode='server', root_url='tree/')

         bokeh_js = JS_RESOURCES.render(js_files=resources.js_files)
         script, div = components(make_interactive(get_plot()))
         html = template.render(
             title="Bokeh - Gapminder demo",
             bokeh_js=bokeh_js,
             plot_script=script,
             plot_div=div,
         )
```



```
In [21]: from IPython.display import display, HTML
display(HTML(html))
```



Year: 1964



```
In [19]: import os
print(os.getcwd())
```

/Users/jimstearns/GoogleDrive/Learning/example_python_code/bokeh

In []: