

Procedure for converting to CNF



$$\Box (a \leftrightarrow b) \equiv (a \rightarrow b) \land (b \rightarrow a)$$

■ To eliminate
$$\rightarrow$$

$$\square (a \rightarrow b) \equiv \neg a \lor b$$

■ Double negation ¬

$$\Box \neg (\neg a) \equiv a$$

■ De Morgan

$$\Box \neg (a \land b) \equiv (\neg a \lor \neg b)$$

■ Distributivity of ∧ over ∨

$$\Box (a \land (b \lor c)) \equiv ((a \land b) \lor (a \land c))$$

■ Distributivity of v over ∧

$$\Box (a \lor (b \land c)) \equiv ((a \lor b) \land (a \lor c))$$





Reduce to Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) the formula

$$\neg(\neg p \lor q) \lor (r \to \neg s)$$

1.
$$\neg(\neg p \lor q) \lor (\neg r \lor \neg s)$$

2.
$$(\neg \neg p \land \neg q) \lor (\neg r \lor \neg s)$$

3.
$$(p \land \neg q) \lor (\neg r \lor \neg s)$$

4.
$$(p \lor \neg r \lor \neg s) \land (\neg q \lor \neg r \lor \neg s)$$

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Example #2



Reduce to Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) the formula

$$(\neg p \to q) \to (q \to \neg r)$$

1.
$$\neg(\neg p \to q) \lor (q \to \neg r)$$

$$2. \ \neg (p \lor q) \lor (\neg q \lor \neg r)$$

3.
$$(\neg p \land \neg q) \lor (\neg q \lor \neg r)$$

4.
$$(\neg p \lor \neg q \lor \neg r) \land (\neg q \lor \neg r)$$





 $Reduce\ to\ Conjunctive\ Normal\ Form\ (CNF)\ the\ formula$

$$\neg((\neg p o \neg q) \wedge \neg r)$$

$$\neg((\neg p \to \neg q) \land \neg r) \equiv \neg((\neg \neg p \lor \neg q) \land \neg r)
\equiv \neg((p \lor \neg q) \land \neg r)
\equiv \neg(p \lor \neg q) \lor \neg \neg r
\equiv \neg(p \lor \neg q) \lor r
\equiv (\neg p \land \neg \neg q) \lor r
\equiv (\neg p \land q) \lor r
\equiv (\neg p \lor r) \land (q \lor r)$$

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Example #4



Reduce to Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) the formula

$$(p
ightarrow q)
ightarrow (
eg r \wedge q)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (\neg r \wedge q) \equiv \neg (p \rightarrow q) \vee (\neg r \wedge q) \\ \equiv \neg (\neg p \vee q) \vee (\neg r \wedge q) \\ \equiv (\neg \neg p \wedge \neg q) \vee (\neg r \wedge q) \\ \equiv (p \wedge \neg q) \vee (\neg r \wedge q) \\ \equiv (p \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \wedge (\neg q \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \\ \equiv (p \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r) \wedge (\neg q \vee q) \\ \equiv (p \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r) \wedge \mathbf{T} \\ \equiv (p \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r) \\ \equiv (p \vee (\neg r \wedge q)) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r) \\ \equiv (p \vee \neg r) \wedge (p \vee q) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r) \end{array}$$





Reduce to Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF) the formula

$$(A \rightarrow B \lor C) \rightarrow (A \land D)$$

- $\equiv \neg (A \rightarrow B \lor C) \lor (A \land D)$
- $\equiv (A \land \neg (B \lor C)) \lor (A \land D)$
- $\equiv (A \land \neg B \land \neg C) \lor (A \land D)$
- $\equiv ((A \land \neg B \land \neg C) \lor A) \land ((A \land \neg B \land \neg C) \lor D)$
- $\equiv A \wedge ((A \wedge \neg B \wedge \neg C) \vee D)$
- $\equiv A \land (A \lor D) \land (\neg B \lor D) \land (\neg C \lor D)$
- $\equiv A \land (\neg B \lor D) \land (\neg C \lor D)$

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Evample



Example #6

 $Reduce\ to\ Conjunctive\ Normal\ Form\ (CNF)\ the\ formula$

$$((p \wedge q) \vee (r \wedge s)) \vee (\neg q \wedge (p \vee t))$$

$$\equiv (((p \wedge q) \vee r) \wedge ((p \wedge q) \vee s)) \vee (\neg q \wedge (p \vee t))$$

$$\equiv ((p \vee r) \wedge (q \vee r) \wedge (p \vee s) \wedge (q \vee s)) \vee (\neg q \wedge (p \vee t))$$

$$\equiv \ ((p \vee r) \vee (\neg q \wedge (p \vee t)) \wedge$$

$$((q \lor r) \lor (\neg q \land (p \lor t)) \land$$

$$((p \lor s) \lor (\neg q \land (p \lor t)) \land$$

$$((q\vee s)\vee (\neg q\wedge (p\vee t))$$

$$\equiv \ (p \vee r \vee \neg q) \wedge (p \vee r \vee p \vee t) \wedge$$

$$(q \vee r \vee \neg q) \wedge (q \vee r \vee p \vee t) \wedge$$

$$(p \lor s) \lor \neg q) \land (p \lor s \lor p \lor t) \land$$

$$(q \lor s \lor \neg q) \land (q \lor s \lor p \lor t)$$