### PlotHandler.java

```
2 //
3// File: PlotHandler.java
4 // Package: ---
 5// Unit:
            Class PlotHandler
9 import java.io.File;
10 import java.io.IOException;
11 import java.text.DecimalFormat;
12 import edu.rit.numeric.ListXYSeries;
13 import edu.rit.numeric.plot.Plot;
14 import edu.rit.numeric.plot.Strokes;
15 import edu.rit.util.AList;
16
17 /**
18 * Class PlotHandler is the delegate for dealing with visualizing the data
19 * generated by the "number crunching" program, SimulationStation.
20 * Its purpose is to be instantiated in SimulationStation with the data to plot,
21 * where the write() method should then be called.
22 *
23 * Running this program and specifying in the command line arguments the plot
24 * files previously generated will open a graphical representation of these
25 * plots for each file.
26 *
27 * @author Jimi Ford
28 * @version 4-4-2015
29 *
30 */
31 public class PlotHandler {
33
     // private data members
     private final String averagePowerFile;
34
35
     private final String probabilityFile;
36
     private final AList<SimulationResult> results;
37
38
39
      * Construct a new plot handler that plots average distances for a fixed
40
      * vertex count v, while varying the edge probability p
41
      * @param
                plotFilePrefix prefix to be used in the name of
42
43
                 the plot file
44
      * @param
                results collection of results of the finished set of
45
                 simulations.
46
47
     public PlotHandler(String plotFilePrefix,
48
             AList<SimulationResult> results) {
49
         averagePowerFile = plotFilePrefix + "-average-power.dwg";
         probabilityFile = plotFilePrefix + "-probability-connected.dwg";
50
51
         this.results = results;
52
     }
53
54
55
      * Save the plot information into a file to visualize by running
      * the main method of this class
56
57
58
      * @throws IOException if it can't write to the file specified
```

```
59
        */
 60
       public void write() throws IOException {
 61
           ListXYSeries averagePowerSeries = new ListXYSeries();
 62
           ListXYSeries probabilitySeries = new ListXYSeries();
 63
           SimulationResult result = null;
 64
           for(int i = 0; i < this.results.size(); i++) {</pre>
 65
                result = results.get(i);
 66
                if(!Double.isNaN(result.averagePower))
 67
                    averagePowerSeries.add(result.v, result.averagePower);
 68
                if(!Double.isNaN(result.percentConnected))
 69
                    probabilitySeries.add(result.v, result.percentConnected);
 70
           }
 71
 72
           Plot powerPlot = new Plot()
                .plotTitle ("Average Power vs. Number of Nodes")
 73
 74
                .xAxisTitle ("Number of Nodes <I>V</I>")
 75
                .xAxisTickFormat(new DecimalFormat("0"))
 76
                .yAxisTitle ("Average Power Needed")
                .yAxisTickFormat (new DecimalFormat ("0E0"))
 77
 78
                .seriesDots(null)
 79
                .seriesStroke (Strokes.solid(2))
 80
                .xySeries (averagePowerSeries);
 81
            Plot.write(powerPlot, new File(averagePowerFile));
 82
            Plot probabilityPlot = new Plot()
 83
            .plotTitle ("Percent Connected vs. Number of Nodes")
            .xAxisTitle ("Number of Nodes <I>V</I>")
 84
 85
            .xAxisTickFormat(new DecimalFormat("0"))
 86
            .yAxisTitle ("Percent Connected")
 87
            .yAxisTickFormat (new DecimalFormat ("0.0"))
 88
            .seriesDots(null)
 89
            .seriesStroke (Strokes.solid(2))
 90
            .xySeries (probabilitySeries);
 91
           Plot.write(probabilityPlot, new File(probabilityFile));
 92
       }
 93
       /**
 94
 95
        * Open a GUI for each plot in order to visualize the results of a
 96
        * previously run set of simulations.
 97
 98
        * @param args each plot file generated that you wish to visualize
 99
100
       public static void main(String args[]) {
101
           if(args.length < 1) {</pre>
                System.err.println("Must specify at least 1 plot file.");
102
103
                usage();
104
           }
105
106
           for(int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) {</pre>
107
                try {
108
                    Plot plot = Plot. read(args[i]);
109
                    plot.getFrame().setVisible(true);
110
                } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
111
                    System.err.println("Could not deserialize " + args[i]);
112
                } catch (IOException e) {
113
                    System.err.println("Could not open " + args[i]);
114
                } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
115
                    System.err.println("Error in file " + args[i]);
116
                }
```

# PlotHandler.java

```
117
       }
118
     }
119
120
     * Print the usage message for this program and gracefully exit.
121
122
123
     private static void usage() {
        124
125
        System.exit(1);
126
127
     }
128}
129
```

### SimulationResult.java

```
2//
3// File: SimulationResult.java
4 // Package: ---
5// Unit: Class SimulationResult
8
9 /**
10 * Class SimulationResult is designed to be just a data container for recording
11 * the results of running <I>n</I> simulations given a number of space stations
* @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
14 * @version 4-4-2015
15 */
16 public class SimulationResult {
17
18
      * the percentage of connected networks generated
19
20
21
     public final double percentConnected;
22
23
      * the average power needed by the stations to transmit to any other station
24
25
      * in each network
      */
26
27
     public final double averagePower;
28
29
30
      * the number of vertices (i.e. nodes or space stations)
31
32
     public final int v;
33
34
     * the number of trials that were run to generate this result
35
36
37
     public final int trials;
38
     /**
39
40
      * Construct a SimulationResult
41
      * @param v number of space stations
42
      * @param trials number of trials that were run
43
      * @param connectedCount the number of connected networks produced
44
      * @param averagePower the average power needed by each space station to
45
            transmit messages to any other space station in the network
      */
46
47
     public SimulationResult(int v, int trials, int connectedCount,
            double averagePower) {
48
49
         this.v = v;
50
         this.trials = trials;
51
         this.percentConnected = connectedCount / (double) trials;
52
         this.averagePower = averagePower;
53
     }
54 }
55
```

### SimulationStation.java

```
2 //
 3// File:
             SimulationStation.java
 4 // Package: ---
 5 // Unit:
             Class SimulationStation
 6 //
 9 import java.io.IOException;
10 import edu.rit.pj2.Task;
11 import edu.rit.util.AList;
13 /**
14 * Class runs a number of trials simulating a network of space stations
16 * @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
17 * @version 4-2-2015
18 */
19 public class SimulationStation extends Task {
20
21
      // java pj2 SimulationStation
22
      // [0] = <lower_bound_stations>
23
      // [1] = <upper_bound_stations>
24
      // [2] = <increment_stations>
      // [3] = <seed>
25
      // [4] = <file_prefix>
26
27
28
      private static final int
29
         LOWER\_INDEX = 0,
30
         UPPER\_INDEX = 1,
31
         INCREMENT\_INDEX = 2,
32
         TRIALS_INDEX = 3,
33
         SEED\_INDEX = 4,
34
         FILE\_INDEX = 5;
35
      /**
36
37
       * main method
38
       * @param args command line arguments
39
40
      public void main(String[] args) {
41
         if(args.length != 6) {
42
             usage();
43
44
         int lowerBound = 0, upperBound = 0, increment = 0, trials = 0;
45
         long seed = 0;
46
         String filePrefix = null;
47
         try {
48
             lowerBound = Integer.parseInt(args[LOWER_INDEX]);
             upperBound = Integer.parseInt(args[UPPER_INDEX]);
49
50
             increment = Integer.parseInt(args[INCREMENT_INDEX]);
             trials = Integer.parseInt(args[TRIALS_INDEX]);
51
52
             seed = Long.parseLong(args[SEED_INDEX]);
53
             filePrefix = args[FILE_INDEX];
54
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
55
             error("Detected non-numeric input where expected numeric value");
56
57
         AList<SimulationResult> results = new AList<SimulationResult>();
58
         for(int vertices = lowerBound; vertices <= upperBound;</pre>
```

### SimulationStation.java

```
59
                  vertices += increment) {
60
              results.addLast(
61
                       new Simulator(this, vertices, trials, seed).simulate());
          }
62
63
          try {
64
              new PlotHandler(filePrefix, results).write();
65
              new TableHandler(filePrefix, results).write();
          } catch (IOException e) {
66
               error("Error writing results file(s) using prefix: " + filePrefix);
67
68
          }
69
70
      }
71
72
73
       * print usage statement and gracefully exit
74
75
      private static void usage() {
          System.err.println("java pj2 SimulationStation "
76
77
                  + "<lower_bound_stations> "
                  + "<upper_bound_stations> "
78
79
                  + "<increment_stations> "
                  + "<num_trials> "
80
                  + "<seed> "
81
                  + "<file_prefix>");
82
83
          System.exit(1);
84
      }
85
      /**
86
87
       * print an error message and call the usage() method
88
       * @param msg the error message to print
89
      private static void error(String msg) {
90
          System.err.println(msg);
91
92
          usage();
93
      }
94 }
95
```

### Simulator.java

```
2 //
 3// File:
             Simulator.java
 4 // Package: ---
 5// Unit:
             Class Simulator
 6 //
 7 //***************************
 9 import edu.rit.pj2.Loop;
10 import edu.rit.pj2.Task;
11 import edu.rit.pj2.vbl.DoubleVbl;
12 import edu.rit.pj2.vbl.IntVbl;
13 import edu.rit.util.Random;
14
15 /**
16 * Class is responsible for the majority of the runtime of the program. It
17 * generates the given number of networks in parallel by utilizing Prof. Alan
18 * Kaminsky's PJ2 library.
19 *
20 * @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
21 * @version 4-4-2015
22 */
23 public class Simulator {
24
25
      private Task ref;
26
      private int v;
27
      private int trials;
28
     private long seed;
29
     private IntVbl.Sum countConnected;
30
      private DoubleVbl.Mean averagePower;
31
     /**
32
      * Construct a Simulator
33
       * @param ref the reference to the main task - necessary for utilizing the
34
35
             class's parallelFor method
36
       * @param v number of space stations (or nodes in the graph)
37
       * @param trials the number of random networks to generate
38
       * @param seed seed value for the PRNG used in instantiated classes
39
       */
40
      public Simulator(Task ref, int v, int trials, long seed) {
41
         this.ref = ref;
42
         this.v = v;
43
         this.trials = trials;
44
         this.seed = seed;
45
         countConnected = new IntVbl.Sum();
46
         averagePower = new DoubleVbl.Mean();
47
      }
48
49
      * Run all <TT>trials<TT>
50
51
       * @return a SimulationResult containing the findings of the given number of
52
               simulations
       */
53
54
      public SimulationResult simulate() {
         ref.parallelFor(0, trials - 1).exec(new Loop() {
55
56
57
             Random prnq;
58
             DoubleVbl.Mean thrAverage;
```

# Simulator.java

```
59
               IntVbl.Sum thrCount;
60
61
               // (Non-javadoc)
62
               public void start() {
                   prng = new Random(seed + rank());
63
64
                   thrAverage = threadLocal(averagePower);
                   thrCount = threadLocal(countConnected);
65
66
               }
67
68
               // (Non-javadoc)
69
               public void run(int i) throws Exception {
70
                   SpaceNetwork sn = new SpaceNetwork(prng, v);
71
                   if(sn.isConnected()) {
72
                       thrCount.item++;
73
                   }
74
                   sn.accumulatePower(thrAverage);
75
               }
76
          });
77
           return new SimulationResult(
78
                   ٧,
79
                   trials,
80
                   countConnected.intValue(),
                   averagePower.doubleValue());
81
82
      }
83 }
84
```

### SpaceNetwork.java

```
2//
3// File:
             SpaceNetwork.java
4 // Package: ---
5 // Unit:
            Class SpaceNetwork
9 import edu.rit.pj2.vbl.DoubleVbl;
10 import edu.rit.util.Random;
11
12
13 /**
14 * Class models a network of space stations placed in random positions in 3D
15 * space. The space stations' locations are limited to
16 * 1E8 million kilometers X 1E8 million kilometers X 1E8 million kilometers.
17 *
18 * @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
19 * @version 4-2-2015
20 */
21 public class SpaceNetwork {
22
23
24
      * maximum dimension value allowed in 3D space
25
26
     public static final double MAX_DIM = 1.0E8;
27
     /**
28
29
      * number of space stations
30
31
     public final int n;
32
33
     // private data members
34
     private boolean connected;
35
     private double[][] adj;
     private double[][] shortest;
36
37
     private SpaceStation[] stations;
38
39
40
      * Construct a SpaceNetwork
41
42
      * @param prng the <u>pseudorandom</u> number generator to use
43
      * @param n the number of space stations in this network
44
45
     public SpaceNetwork(Random prng, final int n) {
46
         this.n = n;
47
         this.adj = new double[n][n];
48
         this.shortest = new double[n][n];
49
         this.stations = new SpaceStation[n];
50
         initStations(prng);
51
         initAdjacency();
52
         floydWarshall();
53
         checkConnectivity();
54
     }
55
56
57
      * initialize the coordinates of the <TT>n</TT> stations
      * @param prng the pseudorandom number generator to get random numbers from
58
```

```
59
        */
       private void initStations(Random prng) {
 60
 61
            double x, y, z;
 62
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 63
                x = prng.nextDouble() * MAX_DIM;
                y = prng.nextDouble() * MAX_DIM;
 64
 65
                z = prng.nextDouble() * MAX_DIM;
 66
                stations[i] = new SpaceStation(i, x, y, z);
 67
           }
 68
       }
 69
 70
 71
        * initialize the weights of the edges between nodes with the power needed
 72
        * to transmit from one station to another
 73
        */
 74
       private void initAdjacency() {
 75
            SpaceStation s1, s2;
 76
            double distance, power;
 77
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 78
                adj[i][i] = 0; // not needed
 79
                s1 = get(i);
 80
                for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++) {
 81
                    s2 = get(j);
 82
                    distance = s1.distance(s2);
 83
                    if(distance > SpaceStation.MAX_DISTANCE) {
                        power = Double.POSITIVE_INFINITY;
 84
 85
                    } else {
 86
                        power = s1.powerNeeded(s2);
 87
                    }
 88
                    adj[i][j] = power;
 89
                    adj[j][i] = power;
 90
                }
 91
           }
 92
       }
 93
 94
 95
        * Run Floyd-Warshall on the space network to determine all-pairs shortest
        * paths. This will tell us the least amount of power a station needs to
 96
 97
        * transmit to any other station in the network by forwarding the message
 98
        * along the shortest path to that station.
99
        */
100
       private void floydWarshall() {
            System.arraycopy(adj, 0, shortest, 0, n);
101
102
            double s_i_j, s_i_k, s_k_j;
103
            for(int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
104
                for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
105
                    for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
106
                        s_{i_j} = shortest[i][j];
107
                        s_i_k = shortest[i][k];
108
                        s_k_j = shortest[k][j];
109
                        if(s_i_j > s_i_k + s_k_j)  {
110
                            shortest[i][j] = s_i_k + s_k_j;
111
112
                    }
113
               }
114
           }
115
       }
116
```

```
/**
117
118
        * Check if the network is connected
119
120
       private void checkConnectivity() {
121
           boolean connected = true;
122
           double temp;
123
           for(int i = 0; i < n && connected; i++) {</pre>
124
                for(int j = 0; j < n && connected; <math>j++) {
                    temp = shortest[i][j];
125
126
                    connected = !Double.isInfinite(temp);
127
                }
128
129
           this.connected = connected;
130
       }
131
132
133
        * get whether the network is connected or not
        * @return true if the network is fully-connected
134
135
136
       public boolean isConnected() {
137
           return connected;
138
       }
139
       /**
140
        * get a space station
141
142
        * @param n the unique identifier of the space station
143
        * @return the space station with identifier = n
144
       private SpaceStation get(int n) {
145
146
           return stations[n];
147
148
149
        * Accumulate the powers needed to transmit messages into a thread-local
150
151
        * copy of a DoubleVbl.Mean. This is what averages the powers across
152
        * multiple networks
153
        * @param power
154
        */
       public void accumulatePower(DoubleVbl.Mean power) {
155
156
           double temp;
157
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
158
                for(int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {</pre>
                    temp = shortest[i][j];
159
160
                    if(!Double.isInfinite(temp) && temp != 0)
161
                        power.accumulate(temp);
162
                }
163
           }
164
       }
165 }
166
```

### SpaceStation.java

```
2//
3// File:
            SpaceStation.java
4 // Package: ---
5// Unit: Class SpaceStation
6 //
8
9 /**
10 * Class models a space station floating around in 3D space. This class contains
11 * the math needed to calculate distances to other stations and the power needed
12 * to transmit to them.
13 *
14 * @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
15 * @version 4-2-2015
16 *
17 */
18 public class SpaceStation {
20
21
      * maximum distance a space station can transmit
22
23
     public static final double MAX_DISTANCE = 40.0E6;
24
25
26
     * the station's x-coordinate
27
28
     public final double x;
29
30
31
      * the station's y-coordinate
32
33
     public final double y;
34
35
     * the station's z-coordinate
36
37
38
     public final double z;
39
40
41
      * the station's unique identifier
42
43
     public final int id;
44
45
      * Construct a new space station. It is assumed that all the parameters are
46
      * less than or equal to MAX_DIM.
47
      * @param x x-coordinate in 3D space
48
      * @param y y-coordinate in 3D space
49
      * @param z z-coordinate in 3D space
50
51
52
     public SpaceStation(int id, double x, double y, double z) {
53
        this.id = id;
54
         this.x = x;
55
         this.y = y;
56
         this.z = z;
57
     }
58
```

### SpaceStation.java

```
/**
59
60
       * compute the straight line distance to another space station
61
       * @param other the other space station to compute the distance to
       * @return the Euclidean distance to this space station
62
63
64
      public double distance(SpaceStation other) {
          return Math.sqrt(powerNeeded(other));
65
66
67
68
       * compute the power needed to transmit to another space station
69
       * @param other the other space station to calculate the power needed
70
       * @return the power needed to transmit to the other space station
71
72
73
      public double powerNeeded(SpaceStation other) {
74
          return ((other.x - x)*(other.x - x)) +
                  ((other.y - y)*(other.y - y)) +
75
                  ((other.z - z)*(other.z - z));
76
77
      }
78 }
79
```

### TableHandler.java

```
2 //
 3// File:
            TableHandler.java
 4 // Package: ---
 5// Unit:
            Class TableHandler
 6 //
 9 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
10 import java.io.PrintWriter;
11 import edu.rit.util.AList;
13 /**
14 * Class handles writing the CSV file containing the results of the simulations.
16 * @author Jimi Ford (jhf3617)
17 * @version 4-4-2015
18 */
19 public class TableHandler {
20
21
      // private data members
22
      private final String file;
23
      private final AList<SimulationResult> results;
24
25
      * Construct a <u>Tablehandler</u>
26
       * @param prefix the prefix of the file name
27
28
       * @param results the collective results of the simulations
29
30
      public TableHandler(String prefix, AList<SimulationResult> results) {
31
         this.file = prefix + "-table.csv";
32
         this.results = results;
33
      }
34
35
36
      * write a CSV file containing the results of the simulations
37
38
      public void write() {
39
         SimulationResult temp;
40
         StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder();
41
         builder.append("num_stations, average_power, percent_connected,"+'\n');
42
         for(int i = 0; i < results.size(); i++) {</pre>
43
             temp = results.get(i);
44
             builder.append(temp.v + ", " + temp.averagePower + ", " +
45
                     temp.percentConnected + ", " +'\n');
46
47
         PrintWriter tableWriter = null;
48
         try {
49
             tableWriter = new PrintWriter(file);
50
             tableWriter.print(builder.toString());
51
         } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
52
             System. err. println("Error writing table data to file \"" +
53
                     file+"\"");
54
         } finally {
55
             if(tableWriter != null) tableWriter.close();
56
         }
57
      }
58 }
```

59