## PlotHandler.java

```
2 //
3// File: PlotHandler.java
4 // Package: ---
5// Unit:
            Class PlotHandler
9 import java.io.File;
15
16 /**
17 * Class PlotHandler is the delegate for dealing with visualizing the data
18 * generated by the "number crunching" program, MonteCarlo. Its purpose is to
19 * be instantiated in MonteCarlo with the data to plot, where the write()
20 * method should then be called. Running this program and specifying in
21 * the command line arguments the plot files previously generated will
22 * open a graphical representation of these plots for each file.
24 * @author Jimi Ford
25 * @version 2-15-2015
26 *
27 */
28 public class PlotHandler {
29
30
     // private data members
31
     private final String fileName;
32
     private final int v;
33
     private final SimulationResultCollection collection;
34
35
36
      * Construct a new plot handler that plots average distances for a fixed
37
      * vertex count v, while varying the edge probability p
38
      * @param plotFilePrefix prefix to be used in the name of
39
40
                the plot file
41
      * @param collection collection of results of the finished set of
                 simulations.
42
      * @param v number of vertices used in each simulation
43
44
45
     public PlotHandler(String plotFilePrefix,
46
             SimulationResultCollection collection, int v) {
         fileName = plotFilePrefix + "-V-" + v + ".dwg";
47
48
         this.v = v;
49
         this.collection = collection;
50
     }
51
     /**
52
53
      * Save the plot information into a file to visualize by running
54
      * the main method of this class
55
56
      * @throws IOException if it can't write to the file specified
57
58
     public void write() throws IOException {
59
         ListXYSeries results = new ListXYSeries();
         double[] values = collection.getAveragesForV(v);
61
         for(int i = 0, p = collection.pMin; i < values.length; i++,</pre>
62
                 p += collection.pInc) {
63
             results.add(p / ((double) collection.pExp), values[i]);
```

```
64
           }
 65
           Plot plot = new Plot()
 66
                .plotTitle (String.format
 67
                   ("Random Graphs, <I>V</I> = %1s", Integer. toString(v)))
 68
                .xAxisTitle ("Edge Probability <I>p</I>")
 69
 70
                .xAxisTickFormat(new DecimalFormat("0.0"))
 71
                .yAxisTitle ("Average Distance <I>d</I>")
 72
                .yAxisTickFormat (new DecimalFormat ("0.0"))
 73
                .seriesDots (Dots.circle (5))
 74
                .seriesStroke (null)
 75
                .xySeries (results);
 76
           Plot.write(plot, new File(fileName));
 77
       }
 78
 79
 80
        * Open a GUI for each plot in order to visualize the results of a
 81
        * previously run set of simulations.
 82
 83
        * @param args each plot file generated that you wish to visualize
 84
 85
       public static void main(String args[]) {
 86
           if(args.length < 1) {</pre>
 87
                System.err.println("Must specify at least 1 plot file.");
 88
                usage();
 89
           }
 90
 91
           for(int i = 0; i < args.length; i++) {</pre>
 92
                try {
 93
                    Plot plot = Plot. read(args[i]);
 94
                    plot.getFrame().setVisible(true);
 95
                } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
 96
                    System.err.println("Could not deserialize " + args[i]);
                } catch (IOException e) {
 97
                    System.err.println("Could not open " + args[i]);
 98
 99
                }
100
           }
101
102
       }
103
104
105
        * Print the usage message for this program and gracefully exit.
106
107
       private static void usage() {
108
           System.err.println("usage: java PlotHandler <plot-file-1> "+
109
                    "(<plot-file-2> <plot-file-3>... etc.)");
110
           System.exit(1);
111
       }
112 }
113
```