

7. Disk Scheduling

Aim:

To implement a disk scheduling algorithm.

Program:

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Collections;

/**
 * JAVA program to demonstrate the LOOK
 * disk scheduling algorithm.
 *
 * @author jimil
 */
public class LookAlgorithmImpl {

    static int workflowSize = 0;
    static int totalCylinders = 0;
    static int initDir = 0;
    static Integer workflow[];
    static int movement = 0;
    static BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
    InputStreamReader(System.in));

    /**
     * Driver function for the program
     *
     * @param args
     */
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        int headStart;
        System.out.println("Enter the total number of cylinders: ");
        totalCylinders = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter the number of cylinder requests: ");
        workflowSize = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
        workflow = new Integer[workflowSize];
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the cylinder requests: ");
for(int i = 0; i < workFlowSize; i++) {
    workflow[i] = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
}
System.out.println("Enter the starting location of the Head: ");
headStart = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
System.out.println("Head Start Loc = " + headStart);
System.out.println("Enter the initial direction for head movement:
");

System.out.println("0. Left");
System.out.println("1. Right");
initDir = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
int prev;
int current = 0;
if(initDir == 0) {
    Arrays.sort(workflow, Collections.reverseOrder());
    prev = headStart;
    int unprocessed[] = new int[20];
    int idx = 0;
    int min = getMinValue(workflow, workFlowSize);
    int count = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < workFlowSize; i++) {
        if(workflow[i] < headStart && workflow[i] >= min) {
            if(count == 0) {
                count++;
                current = workflow[i];
                System.out.println(headStart + "-" + current + ",
movement = " + Math.abs(headStart-current));
                movement += Math.abs(headStart-current);
            } else {
                count ++;
                prev = current;
                current = workflow[i];
                System.out.println(prev + "-" + current + ",
movement = " + Math.abs(prev-current));
                movement += Math.abs(prev-current);
            }
        } else {
            unprocessed[idx++] = workflow[i];
        }
    }
}
/**
```

```
        * TODO Comment below sort call to implement C-LOOK instead of  
LOOK  
        */  
        Arrays.sort(unprocessed);  
        for(int i = 0; i < unprocessed.length; i++) {  
            if(unprocessed[i] > 0) {  
                prev = current;  
                current = unprocessed[i];  
                System.out.println(prev + "-" + current + ", movement =  
" + Math.abs(prev-current));  
                movement += Math.abs(prev-current);  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println("Total Movement = " + movement);  
    } else if(initDir == 1) {  
        Arrays.sort(workflow);  
        prev = headStart;  
        Integer unprocessed[] = new Integer[20];  
        int idx = 0;  
        int max = getMaxValue(workflow, workFlowSize);  
        int count = 0;  
        for(int i = 0; i < workFlowSize; i++) {  
            if(workflow[i] > headStart && workflow[i] <= max) {  
                if(count == 0) {  
                    count++;  
                    current = workflow[i];  
                    System.out.println(headStart + "-" + current + ",  
movement = " + Math.abs(headStart-current));  
                    movement += Math.abs(headStart-current);  
                } else {  
                    count ++;  
                    prev = current;  
                    current = workflow[i];  
                    System.out.println(prev + "-" + current + ",  
movement = " + Math.abs(prev-current));  
                    movement += Math.abs(prev-current);  
                }  
            } else {  
                unprocessed[idx++] = workflow[i];  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    /**
```

```
        * TODO Comment below sort call to implement C-LOOK instead of
LOOK
        */
        Arrays.sort(unprocessed, 0, idx, Collections.reverseOrder());
        for(int i = 0; i < unprocessed.length; i++) {
            if(unprocessed[i] != null) {
                if(unprocessed[i] > 0) {
                    prev = current;
                    current = unprocessed[i];
                    System.out.println(prev + "-" + current + ",
movement = " + Math.abs(prev-current));
                    movement += Math.abs(prev-current);
                }
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Total Movement = " + movement);
    }
}

/**
 * Utility function to get min from an array.
 *
 * @param arr
 * @param len
 * @return
 */
public static int getMinValue(Integer arr[], int len) {
    int min = arr[0];
    for(int i = 1; i < len; i++) {
        if(arr[i] < min) {
            min = arr[i];
        }
    }
    return min;
}

/**
 * Utility function to get max from an array.
 *
 * @param arr
 * @param len
 * @return
 */
```

```
*/  
public static int getMaxValue(Integer arr[], int len) {  
    int max = arr[0];  
    for(int i = 1; i < len; i++) {  
        if(arr[i] > max) {  
            max = arr[i];  
        }  
    }  
    return max;  
}  
}
```

Output:

Case 1 - Head initially moving in the right direction

```
Enter the total number of cylinders: 200  
Enter the number of cylinder requests: 5  
Enter the cylinder requests:  
23 89 132 42 187  
Enter the starting location of the Head:  
100  
Enter the initial direction for head movement:  
0. Left  
1. Right  
1  
-----  
100-132, movement = 32  
132-187, movement = 55  
187-89, movement = 98  
89-42, movement = 47  
42-23, movement = 19  
Total Movement = 251
```

Case 2 - Head initially moving in the left direction

```
Enter the total number of cylinders: 200
Enter the number of cylinder requests: 5
Enter the cylinder requests:
23 89 132 42 187
Enter the starting location of the Head: 100
Enter the initial direction for head movement:
0. Left
1. Right
0
-----
100-89, movement = 11
89-42, movement = 47
42-23, movement = 19
23-132, movement = 109
132-187, movement = 55
Total Movement = 241
```

Conclusion:

Thus, through this experiment, I understood the need for a disk scheduling algorithm and implemented the LOOK disk scheduling algorithm.