```
for black box model
              Model's detailed specification
1 sample 2 ~ ( [ ( [ ] ) ) = II ( ) ( [ 26 () ] ( )
                                                                                                    Y. MXT (4x100 tor case studi)
(2) sample 7~ Po(Y/z,g,u) = P(Y/M,E)
                                                                                                     Y=[y1,y2-.. yT]
                                                 M = \psi(X)
                                                  \Sigma = \ell(\chi_z)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         neural natwork weights
                                  \dot{x} = w_1^+(x, \psi) - x \circ w_2^+(x, \psi)
                                                                                                     X = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_T]
                                  \dot{V} = W_a^+(V, x, \psi) - V \odot W_t^+(V, x, \psi) \quad V = [V_1, V_2, \cdots V_{\underline{f}}]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ODE function = w(x,4;0)
                                                 D in general: parameters that can be adjusted during learning
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ψ= {≥p, ≥a, ≥I, u, g}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \dot{x} = W_1^{\dagger}(x, \psi) - x_0 W_2^{\dagger}(x, \psi)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ODE fuction
                                                                                                    9/2(e) = N (N= 12/0= exp(2Vel)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ytor black box model
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \ddot{V} = W_{8}^{+}(V, \gamma, \psi) - V \odot W_{4}^{+}(V, \gamma, \psi)
                                                                      \Rightarrow $\times_{\frac{1}{2}\cdots}$\ \times_{\frac{1}{2}\cdots}$\ \times_{\frac{1}\cdots}$\ \times_{\frac{1}{2}\cdots}$\ \times_{\frac
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Wt: a neural network
                                                                                      9\phi_{\tau}(k) = \mathcal{N}(\mathcal{U} = M_k(Y, g), \sigma^2 = V_k(Y, g))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       X = [X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_T]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   with softplus
                                                                                                                                           Zn~94 (z 19)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      >= [V,,V2,V3 --- VT]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 activation function
                                                                                                 90/4 (m) = N (W=Um g, += exp{=/m g})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          M=X (if the state space = observation space y)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          otherwise M = \psi(X) showcase an observation process
                                                                                                                                              notation有些问题
                          ELBO of log PCY 19, W)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Y~P(YIM, Z
                    Eq. (z/Y,g,u) [ logPo(Y/z,g,u) + logPo(z/g) - log q, (z/Y,g)]
                                                                                                                        iwae - a tweak at cot function to advise a tighter lower bound
                        Lo dosed form ?
                                                                                                                         DReG -> less variance for gradient estimation
                                       log Po (Y 12,9,4) - KL (9p(217,9) | Po (2/9))
                                                                                                                    FLBO: \rightarrow 69 PCF=19= U2) \rightarrow N Sum([]) = 65
                               batch size = N
                                                                                                                     -ELBON -> 100 PCFUlgu, UN)
```