ADIP 2018 Fall Project Foreground Extraction- Group 4

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Abstract—The foreground extraction methods from previous group. They either use a heavy computation method, Deeplab or manually assign region to achieve human based foreground extraction. In this final project we implement a semi-automatic foreground extraction software to.

I. INTRODUCTION

II. PROCEDURE METHOD

Fig 1 shows the system structure for our semi-foreground segmentation method. Our system can automatically define the foreground keypoints when user load a image. To achive the function, we based on OpenPose[1] For background keypoints, user need to use our user interface to select the backgroud keypoints. Once system get both OpenPose foreground keypoints and user difine backgroud then we apply Foreground/Backgroud segmentation to extract foreground form the input image.

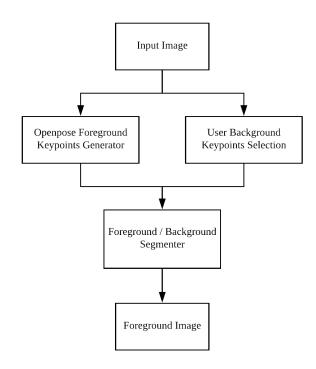


Fig. 1: System structure

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$$\alpha + \beta = \chi \tag{1}$$

Note that the equation is centered using a center tab stop. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use (1), not Eq. (1) or equation (1), except at the beginning of a sentence: Equation (1) is . . .

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- The word data is plural, not singular.
- The subscript for the permeability of vacuum ?0, and other common scientific constants, is zero with subscript formatting, not a lowercase letter o.
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- Do not confuse imply and infer.
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- There is no period after the et in the Latin abbreviation et al...
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TABLE I: An Example of a Table

One	Two
Three	Four

Figure Labels: Use 8 point Times New Roman for Figure labels. Use words rather than symbols or abbreviations when writing Figure axis labels to avoid confusing the reader. As

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Fig. 2: Inductance of oscillation winding on amorphous magnetic core versus DC bias magnetic field

an example, write the quantity Magnetization, or Magnetization, M, not just M. If including units in the label, present them within parentheses. Do not label axes only with units. In the example, write Magnetization (A/m) or Magnetization A[m(1)], not just A/m. Do not label axes with a ratio of quantities and units. For example, write Temperature (K), not Temperature/K.

V. CONCLUSIONS

A conclusion section is not required. Although a conclusion may review the main points of the paper, do not replicate the abstract as the conclusion. A conclusion might elaborate on the importance of the work or suggest applications and extensions.

APPENDIX

Appendixes should appear before the acknowledgment.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The preferred spelling of the word acknowledgment in America is without an e after the g. Avoid the stilted expression, One of us (R. B. G.) thanks . . . Instead, try R. B. G. thanks. Put sponsor acknowledgments in the unnumbered footnote on the first page.

References are important to the reader; therefore, each citation must be complete and correct. If at all possible, references should be commonly available publications.

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