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# **FMU Export of a memoryless Python-driven Simulator**

*Release 0.1.0*

**LBL - Building Technology and Urban Systems Division**

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## INTRODUCTION

This user manual explains how to install and use SimulatorToFMU.

SimulatorToFMU is a software package written in Python which allows users to export a memoryless Python-driven simulation program or script as a *Functional Mock-up Unit* (FMU) for model exchange or co-simulation using the *Functional Mock-up Interface* (FMI) standard *version 1.0 or 2.0*. This FMU can then be imported into a variety of simulation programs that support the import of Functional Mock-up Units.

A memoryless Python-driven simulation program/script is a simulation program which meets following requirements:

- The simulation program/script can be invoked through a Python script.
- The invocation of the simulation program/script is memoryless. That is, the output of the simulation program at any invocation time  $t$  depends only on the inputs at the time  $t$ .
- The inputs and the outputs of the simulation program/script must be *real* numbers.



## DOWNLOAD

The SimulatorToFMU release includes scripts and source code to export a Simulator as an FMU for model exchange or co-simulation.

To install SimulatorToFMU, follow the section *Installation and Configuration*.

Download the latest development version of SimulatorToFMU at <https://github.com/tsnoudui/SimulatorToFMU>.





## INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION

This chapter describes how to install, configure, and uninstall SimulatorToFMU.

### Software requirements

To export a Simulator as an FMU, SimulatorToFMU needs:

1. Python and following dependencies:

- jinja2
- lxml

2. Modelica parser

3. C-Compiler

SimulatorToFMU has been tested with:

- Python 2.7.13
- Python 3.5.0
- Dymola 2017 FD01 (Modelica parser, Windows and Linux)
- OpenModelica 1.11.0 (Modelica parser, Windows)
- Microsoft Visual Studio 10 Professional (C-Compiler)

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**Note:** SimulatorToFMU can use OpenModelica and Dymola to export a Simulator as an FMU. However OpenModelica 1.11.0 (on Windows) and Dymola 2017 FD01 (on Linux) do not copy all required libraries dependencies to the FMU. As a workaround, SimulatorToFMU checks if there are missing libraries dependencies and copies the dependencies to the FMU.

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### Installation

To install SimulatorToFMU,

1. download the installation repository from the [Download](#) page into a directory (hereafter referred to as the “installation directory”).

The installation directory should contain the following subdirectories:

- bin/ (Python scripts for running unit tests)

- doc/ (Documentation)
- fmus/ (FMUs folder)
- parser/ (Python scripts, Modelica templates and XML validator files)

2. Add following folders to your system path:

- Python installation folder (e.g. C:\Python35)
- Python scripts folder (e.g. C:\Python35\Scripts)
- Dymola executable folder (e.g. C:\Program Files (x86)\Dymola2017 FD01\bin64)
- OpenModelica executable folder (e.g. C:\OpenModelica1.11.0-32bit\)

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**Note:** You can add folders to your system path by performing following steps on Windows 8 or 10:

In Search, search for and then select: System (Control Panel)

Click the Advanced system settings link.

Click Environment Variables. In the section System Variables, find the PATH environment variable and select it. Click Edit.

In the Edit System Variable (or New System Variable) window, specify the value of the PATH environment variable (e.g. C:\Python35, C:\Python35\Scripts). Click OK. Close all remaining windows by clicking OK.

Reopen Command prompt window for your changes to be active.

---

To check if the variables have been correctly added to the system path, type `python`, `dymola`, or `omc` into a command prompt to see if the right version of Python, Dymola, or OpenModelica starts up.

4. Install Python dependencies by running

```
pip install -r bin\simulatorstofmu-requirements.txt
```

## Uninstallation

To uninstall SimulatorToFMU, delete the *installation directory*.

## BEST PRACTICE

This section explains to users the best practice in configuring a Simulator XML input file, and implementing the Python wrapper which will interface with the Simulator.

### Configuring the Simulator XML input file

To export Simulator as an FMU, the user needs to write an XML file which contains the list of inputs, outputs and parameters of the FMU. The XML snippet below shows how a user has to write such an input file. A template named `SimulatorModeldescription.xml` which shows such a file is provided in the `parser/utilities` installation folder of `SimulatorToFMU`. This template should be adapted to create new XML input file.

The following snippet shows an input file where the user defines 1 input and 1 output variable.

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <SimulatorModelDescription
3   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4   fmiVersion="2.0"
5   modelName="Simulator"
6   description="Input data for a Simulator FMU"
7   generationTool="SimulatorToFMU">
8   <ModelVariables>
9     <ScalarVariable
10      name="v"
11      description="Voltage"
12      causality="input">
13       <Real
14        unit="V"
15        start="0.0"/>
16     </ScalarVariable>
17     <ScalarVariable
18      name="i"
19      description="Current "
20      causality="output">
21       <Real
22        unit="A"/>
23     </ScalarVariable>
24   </ModelVariables>
25 </SimulatorModelDescription>
```

To create such an input file, the user needs to specify the name of the FMU (Line 5). This is the `modelName` which should be unique. The user then needs to define the inputs and outputs of the FMUs. This is done by adding `ScalarVariable` into the list of `ModelVariables`.

To parametrize the `ScalarVariable` as an input variable, the user needs to

- define the name of the variable (Line 10),
- give a brief description of the variable (Line 11)
- give the causality of the variable (input for inputs, output for outputs) (Line 12)
- define the type of variable (Currently only `Real` variables are supported) (Line 13)
- give the unit of the variable (Currently only valid *Modelica* units are supported) (Line 14)
- give a start value for the input variable (This is optional) (Line 15)

To parametrize the `ScalarVariable` as an output variable, the user needs to

- define the name of the variable (Line 18),
- give a brief description of the variable (Line 19)
- give the causality of the variable (input for inputs, output for outputs) (Line 20)
- define the type of variable (Currently only `Real` variables are supported) (Line 21)
- give the unit of the variable (Currently only valid *Modelica* units are supported) (Line 22)

## Configuring the Python Wrapper Simulator

To export Simulator as an FMU, the user needs to write a Python wrapper which will interface with the Simulator. The wrapper will be embedded in the FMU when the Simulator is exported and used at runtime on the target machine.

The user needs to extend the Python wrapper provided in `parser/utilities/simulator_wrapper.py` and implements the function `exchange`.

The following snippet shows the Simulator function.

```
1  # Main Python function to be modified to interface with the main simulator.
2
3  def exchange(configuration_file, time, input_names,
4               input_values, output_names, write_results):
5
6      """
7      Return a list of output values from the Python-based Simulator.
8      The order of the output values must match the order of the output names.
9
10     :param configuration_file (String): Model configuration name
11     :param time (Float): Simulation time
12     :param input_names (Strings): Input names
13     :param input_values (Floats): Input values (same length as input_names)
14     :param output_names (Strings): Output names
15     :param write_results (Float): Store results to file (1 to store, 0 else)
16
17     Example:
18     >>> configuration_file = 'config.json'
19     >>> time = 0
20     >>> input_names = ['v']
21     >>> input_values = [220.0]
22     >>> output_names = ['i']
23     >>> write_results = 0
24     >>> output_values = simulator(configuration_file, time, input_names,
25                                input_values, output_names, write_results)
26
27     """
28
29     #####
```

```

28  # EDIT AND INCLUDE CUSTOM CODE FOR TARGET SIMULATOR
29  # Include body of the function used to compute the output values
30  # based on the inputs received by the simulator function.
31  # This function currently returns dummy output values.
32  # This will need to be adapted so it returns the correct output_values.
33  # If the list of output names has only one name, then only a scalar
34  # must be returned.
35  if (len(output_names) > 1):
36      output_values = [1.0] * len(output_names)
37  else:
38      output_values = 1.0
39  #####
40  return output_values
41

```

The arguments of the functions are in the next table

Arguments	Description
configuration_file	The Simulator model path or configuration file
time	The current simulation model time
input_values	The list of input values of the FMU
input_names	The list of input names of the FMU
output_values	The list of output values of the FMU
output_names	The list of output names of the FMU
write_results	A flag for writing results to a file

---

**Note:**

- The function exchange must return a list of output values which matches the order of the output names.
  - The function exchange can be used to invoke external programs/scripts which do not ship with the FMU. In this situation, the FMU will must be exported with the option `<-n>` set to `true`. The external programs/scripts will have to be installed on the target machine where the FMU is run. See [Creating an FMU](#) for details on command line options.
  - Once `simulation_wrapper.py` is implemented, it must be saved under the same name and used as required argument for `SimulatorToFMU.py`.
-



## CREATING AN FMU

This chapter describes how to create a Functional Mockup Unit. It assumes you have followed the [Installation and Configuration](#) instructions, and that you have created the Simulator model description file as well as the Python script required to interface the Simulator following the [Best Practice](#) guidelines.

### Command-line use

To create an FMU, open a command-line window (see [Notation](#)). The standard invocation of the SimulatorToFMU tool is:

```
> python <scriptDir>SimulatorToFMU.py -s <python-scripts-path>
```

where `scriptDir` is the path to the scripts directory of SimulatorToFMU. This is the `parser` subdirectory of the installation directory. See [Installation and Configuration](#) for details.

An example of invoking SimulatorToFMU.py on Windows is

```
# Windows:
> python parser\SimulatorToFMU.py -s parser\utilities\simulator_wrapper.py, d:\calc.py
```

Following requirements must be met when using SimulatorToFMU

- All file paths can be absolute or relative.
- If any file path contains spaces, then it must be surrounded with double quotes.

SimulatorToFMU.py supports the following command-line switches:

Options	Purpose
-s	Paths to python scripts required to run the Simulator. The main Python script must be an extension of the <code>simulator_wrapper.py</code> script which is provided in <code>parser/utilities/simulator_wrapper.py</code> . The name of the main Python script must be <code>simulator_wrapper.py</code> .
-c	Path to the Simulator model file.
-i	Path to the XML input file with the inputs/outputs of the FMU. Default is <code>parser/utilities/SimulatorModelDescription.xml</code>
-v	FMI version. Options are <code>1.0</code> and <code>2.0</code> . Default is <code>2.0</code>
-a	FMI API version. Options are <code>cs</code> (co-simulation) and <code>me</code> (model exchange). Default is <code>me</code> .
-t	Modelica compiler. Options are <code>dymola</code> (Dymola) and <code>omc</code> (OpenModelica). Default is <code>dymola</code> .
-n	Flag to indicate if FMU needs an external execution tool to run. Options are <code>true</code> and <code>false</code> . Default is <code>false</code> .

The main functions of SimulatorToFMU are

- reading, validating, and parsing the Simulator XML input file. This includes removing and replacing invalid characters in variable names such as `*+-` with `_`,
- writing Modelica code with valid inputs and outputs names,
- invoking a Modelica compiler to compile the *Modelica* code as an FMU for model exchange or co-simulation 1.0 or 2.0.

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**Note:**

- If option `<-n>` is `true` then the simulation program/script which will be invoked in the Python scripts provided for option `<-s>` must be installed on the target machine where the FMU will be run.
  - If option `<-n>` is `false` then the FMU only needs the Python scripts provided for option `<-s>` to run.
- 

## Outputs of SimulatorToFMU

The main output from running `SimulatorToFMU.py` consists of an FMU named after the `modelName` specified in the input file. The FMU is written to the current working directory, that is, in the directory from which you entered the command.

Any secondary output from running the `SimulatorToFMU` tools can be deleted safely.

Note that the FMU is a zip file. This means you can open and inspect its contents. To do so, it may help to change the `“.fmu”` extension to `“.zip”`.

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**Note:**

- FMUs exported using OpenModelica 1.11.0 needs almost 10 times more compilation/simulation time compared to Dymola 2017 FD01.
  - FMUs exported using Dymola 2017 FD01 needs a Dymola runtime license to run. A Dymola runtime license is not needed if the FMU is exported with a version of Dymola which has the `Binary Model Export` license.
-



## DEVELOPMENT

The development site of this software is at <https://github.com/tsnoudui/SimulatorToFMU>.

To clone the master branch, type

git clone <https://github.com/tsnoudui/SimulatorToFMU.git>



This chapter lists potential issues encountered when using SimulatorToFMU.

## Compilation failed with Dymola

If the export of the Simulator failed when compiling the model with Dymola, comment out `"exit()"` in `parser/utilities/SimulatorModelica_Template_Dymola.mos` with `"//exit()"`, and re-run `SimulatorToFMU.py` to see why the compilation has failed.

## Simulation failed with Dymola FMUs

If an FMU exported using Dymola fails to run, check if the version of Dymola which exported the FMU had the Binary Model Export license. The Binary Model Export license is required to export FMUs which can be run without requiring a Dymola runtime license. You can also inspect the model description of the FMU to see if a Dymola runtime license is required to run the FMU.

## Compilation failed with OpenModelica

If the export of the Simulator failed when compiling the model with OpenModelica, check if the variable `OPENMODELICALIBRARY` is defined in the Windows Environment Variables.

`OPENMODELICALIBRARY` is the path to the libraries which are required by OpenModelica to compile Modelica models.



## NOTATION

This chapter shows the formatting conventions used throughout the User Guide.

The command-line is an interactive session for issuing commands to the operating system. Examples include a DOS prompt on Windows, a command shell on Linux, and a Terminal window on MacOS.

The User Guide represents a command window like this:

```
# This is a comment.  
> (This is the command prompt, where you enter a command)  
(If shown, this is sample output in response to the command)
```

Note that your system may use a different symbol than “>” as the command prompt (for example, “\$”). Furthermore, the prompt may include information such as the name of your system, or the name of the current subdirectory.



## GLOSSARY

**Dymola** Dymola, Dynamic Modeling Laboratory, is a modeling and simulation environment for the Modelica language.

**Functional Mock-up Interface** The Functional Mock-up Interface (FMI) is the result of the Information Technology for European Advancement (ITEA2) project *MODELISAR*. The FMI standard is a tool independent standard to support both model exchange and co-simulation of dynamic models using a combination of XML-files, C-header files, C-code or binaries.

**Functional Mock-up Unit** A simulation model or program which implements the FMI standard is called Functional Mock-up Unit (FMU). An FMU comes along with a small set of C-functions (FMI functions) whose input and return arguments are defined by the FMI standard. These C-functions can be provided in source and/or binary form. The FMI functions are called by a simulator to create one or more instances of the FMU. The functions are also used to run the FMUs, typically together with other models. An FMU may either require the importing tool to perform numerical integration (model-exchange) or be self-integrating (co-simulation). An FMU is distributed in the form of a zip-file that contains shared libraries, which contain the implementation of the FMI functions and/or source code of the FMI functions, an XML-file, also called the model description file, which contains the variable definitions as well as meta-information of the model, additional files such as tables, images or documentation that might be relevant for the model.

**Modelica** Modelica is a non-proprietary, object-oriented, equation-based language to conveniently model complex physical systems containing, e.g., mechanical, electrical, electronic, hydraulic, thermal, control, electric power or process-oriented subcomponents.

**MODELISAR** MODELISAR is an ITEA 2 (Information Technology for European Advancement) European project aiming to improve the design of systems and of embedded software in vehicles.

**PyFMI** PyFMI is a package for loading and interacting with Functional Mock-Up Units (FMUs), which are compiled dynamic models compliant with the Functional Mock-Up Interface (FMI).

**Python** Python is a dynamic programming language that is used in a wide variety of application domains.





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