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May 17, 2019

**Exercise 1.** An element is called idempotent if  $x^2 = x$ . Show that if each element a in the ring R is idempotent, then R is a commutative ring. (Note: R is called a boolean ring)

Proof. Let  $x, y \in R$ .

$$(x+y)^2 = (x+y)(x+y)$$
 (1)

$$= x^2 + xy + yx + y^2 (2)$$

$$= x + xy + yx + y \tag{3}$$

We also have the  $(x+y)^2 = x + y$  (4) by the idempotent property, so we combine (3) and (4) to get

$$x + y = x + xy + yx + y \implies 0 = xy + yx \implies -xy = yx$$

By squaring both sides of this last expression we get

$$xy = yx$$