



**CHRIST HIGH SCHOOL PLOT 5, CHS
STREET, KM 32, ABUJA-KEFFI ROAD
UKE, NASARAWA STATE SECOND
TERM EXAMINATION (2024/2025
SESSION)**

**SUBJECT: HISTORY CLASS: J. S. 1
Time Allowed: 2 hours March, 2024**

NAME.....

.....
CANDIDATE'S ADMISSION NO.

.....
INSTRUCTION

Write your name and number in the space provided. Write your name on any extra sheet used.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, staple all your work securely together.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE	
Total Score:	+

OBJECTIVES: ANSWER ALL

1. Ife is a town in present day state.
 - A. Osun
 - B. Oyo
 - C. Ogun
 - D. Lagos
 - E. Ekiti
2. The following are major Historical sites in Nigeria except....?
 - A. Igbo Ukwu
 - B. Ekene
 - C. Ife
 - D. Nok
 - E. Benin
3. The first major excavation on Ile-Ife site was carried out by
 - A. Graham Connah
 - B. Joel Vanderurg
 - C. Leo Frobenius
 - D. Thurstan Shaw
 - E. Willett Frank
4. Which of the following archaeologists excavated the the Igbo-ukwu site?
 - A. Graham Connah
 - B. Gustavas Vasta
 - C. Leo Frobenius
 - D. Thurstan Shaw
 - E. Willett Frank
5. Which of the following archaeologists excavated the the Benin site?
 - A. Gustavas Vasta
 - B. Leo Frobenius
 - C. Thurstan Shaw
 - D. Willett Frank
 - E. Graham Connah
6. ----- is an ancient Yoruba city in the southwestern part of Nigeria.
 - A. Egba land
 - B. Iyemodo land
 - C. Ile –Ife
 - D. Ilesha
 - E. Oshodi
7. Ife is a home to one of Nigeria’s most prestigious universities -----
 - A. University of lagos
 - B. Ekiti state university
 - C. Obafemi Awolowo University
 - D. Osun state university

- E. University of Ibadan
8. Ile Ife, literally means-----
- A. Place of joy
 - B. Place of relaxation
 - C. Place of dispersion
 - D. Place of distraction
 - E. Place of disruption
9. Ife art work is characterized by the following Except -----
- A. Terra-cotta
 - B. Bronze casting
 - C. Wool work
 - D. brass casting,
 - E. Wood sculpture
10. Ife artifacts were unique because of their
- A. Colour
 - B. Facial marks
 - C. Natural beauty
 - D. Size
 - E. Texture
11. Ife and Nok artists showed their interest in making ----- figurines
- A. Animal
 - B. Building
 - C. Human
 - D. Plant
 - E. Utensils
12. The following are examples of centralized states in pre-colonial Nigeria except....?
- A. Kanem-Borno
 - B. Hausa
 - C. Igbo
 - D. Nupe
 - E. Oyo
13. Which of the following was classified as centralized state in pre-colonial Nigeria?
- A. Ebira
 - B. Igbo
 - C. Benin
 - D. Tiv
 - E. Urhobo
14. For Centralised states to emerge and expand there is need to have
And leaders.
- A. Weak and noise making
 - B. Young and Shattered

- C. Able and energetic
 - D. Strong and Lazy
 - E. Unserious but powerful
15. Who were the original founders of Kanuri Empire before they were later conquered?
- A. The Kanuri People
 - B. The Bulala people
 - C. The So people
 - D. The Hausa people
 - E. The Mali people
16. Is perhaps the longest dynasty in the world established by a nomadic tribe of the Kanuri?
- A. Sefawa dynasty
 - B. David dynasty
 - C. Eweka dynasty
 - D. Mandela dynasty
 - E. Sultan dynasty
17. The title of the king that heads Kanuri Empire is.....?
- A. Mai
 - B. Sarki
 - C. Sultan
 - D. Alaafin
 - E. Etsu
18. was the founder and first Mai of Kanem Borno.
- A. Mai Sayf Ibn Yazan
 - B. Mai Hume Jilmi
 - C. Mai Dunama 1
 - D. Mai Dunama Dabbalemi 2
 - E. Mai Daud
19. Societies celebrate their heroes and heroines because
- A. Of their good deeds
 - B. Of their wealth
 - C. Of their high social classes
 - D. They could not meet them alive
 - E. They were brave
20. History is important to the society in the following ways except that it helps
- A. In encouraging ethnic rivalry
 - B. To guide against repetition of past mistakes
 - C. In leadership training
 - D. In identity discovery
 - E. In developing good citizenship

21. The findings of Nok culture were mostly human and animal
- A. Bones
 - B. Heads
 - C. Skins
 - D. Feeds
 - E. Skeleton
22. Which of these statements is not correct about the importance of history to man? History
- A. Deepens people's knowledge about their society
 - B. Enables an individual to recognize his/her potentials
 - C. Helps people to avoid repeating past mistakes
 - D. Helps people to know the truth about their past
 - E. Helps people to know and appreciate themselves
23. The pleasure in knowing the past and shaping one's imaginations about the present and future is known as
- A. Social studies
 - B. History
 - C. Government
 - D. National values
 - E. Civic education
24. Nok culture spread over the Territories of Jos-Plateau to ---- valley
- A. Bauchi
 - B. Kaduna
 - C. Benue
 - D. Nasarawa
 - E. Taraba
25. The study of history helps a nation to develop good citizenship through these methods **except**
- A. Participating in elections
 - B. Disregarding the culture of a people
 - C. Payment of taxes
 - D. Protection of public properties
 - E. Respecting the rights of others
26. The following are the importance of objects found at Nok site **except** that it
- A. Contributed to the cultural heritage of Nigeria
 - B. Shows earliest evidence of metal work in the area
 - C. Shows that Nok people were skilled
 - D. Shows that the people practiced agriculture
 - E. Shows the activities of slave traders in the area
27. Nok discoveries were the earliest naturalistic ---- in Africa
- A. Ornaments

- B. Pottery
 - C. Products
 - D. Sculptures
 - E. Arts
28. Potters in the present day Nigeria still use the Nok pottery techniques to produce
- A. Beads
 - B. Bricks
 - C. Drum
 - D. Stool
 - E. Pots
29. History is important to individuals in the following ways **except** that it
- A. Enhances knowledge of identity
 - B. Determines who you are in the society
 - C. Projects the successes and failures of past leaders
 - D. Promotes mutual understanding of issues
 - E. Encourages critical and rational thinking
30. The Ife figurines were produced from
- A. Barite
 - B. Emerald
 - C. Granite
 - D. Tanzanite
 - E. Clay
31. The people of Ile-Ife were ruled by a monarchical king called
- A. Alaafin
 - B. Arole
 - C. Baale
 - D. Kabiyesi
 - E. Ooni
32. The artefacts found in Benin were produced by a mixture of bronze and
- A. Aluminium
 - B. Brass
 - C. Copper
 - D. Iron
 - E. Tin
- 33.** Benin art works were used for the following **except**
- A. Building construction
 - B. Decoration of Obas palaces
 - C. Decoration of shrines as religious objects
 - D. Decoration of wealthy people and chiefs
 - E. Remembrance of the dead
34. Benin and Ife artists showed the natural beauty of human body using

- A. Aluminium
- B. Brass
- C. Bronze
- D. Copper
- E. Tin

35. The bronze sculpture called the bas reliefs is associated with the

- A. Benin
- B. Daima
- C. Igbo-ukwu
- D. Ile-Ife
- E. Nok

36. Bronze casting were used to show different works of art in Edo and

- A. Benin
- B. Daima
- C. Igbo-ukwu
- D. Ile-Ife
- E. Yelwa

37. The Igbo-ukwu objects were cast in lost wax

- A. Culture
- B. Fabrication
- C. Preservation
- D. Production
- E. Technique

38. Igbo-ukwu artifacts provided evidence for the use of ---- in Africa

- A. Aluminium
- B. Bronze
- C. Copper
- D. Iron
- E. Ivory

39. The objects found at Igbo-ukwu site show the culture of

- A. Circumcision
- B. Leadership
- C. Ritual ceremony
- D. Social interaction
- E. Social wealth

40. The artefacts found in the Igbo-ukwu sites suggested the regalia of a

- A. Chief
- B. Priest
- C. Prince
- D. Queen
- E. Trader

ESSAY: ANSWER ANY FOUR

1. Mention five (5) items found at Igbo-ukwu sites.
2. Write five (5) characteristics of centralized states.
3. List Five (5) Mai's that ruled in the second Kanuri Empire.
4. State five (5) factors that are responsible for the rise of Kanem-Borno Empire.
5. List any five (5) original Hausa-states (known as Hausa Bakwai).
6. State five (5) effects of Usman Dan Fodio jihad of 1804