



**CHRIST HIGH SCHOOL PLOT 5, CHS
STREET, KM 32, ABUJA-KEFFI ROAD
UKE, NASARAWA STATE**

**END OF SECOND TERM
EXAMINATION 2024/2025
ACADEMIC SESSION**

**SUBJECT: GOVERNMENT
CLASS: SS 2
TIME: 2 Hour 30 Minutes**

NAME.....

CANDIDATE'S ADMISSION NO.

INSTRUCTION

Write your name and number in the space provided on your answer booklet. Write your name on any extra sheet used.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, staple all your work securely together.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE	
Total Score:	+

1. Profit maximization against the welfare of the people is a disadvantage of

- A. Public corporation.
- B. Public partnership.
- C. Privatization.
- D. Enterprise.
- E. Ownership.

2. A system of government that promotes the rights and freedom of the citizens is called

- A. Oligarchy.
- B. Autocracy.
- C. Democracy.
- D. Plutocracy.
- E. Totalitarianism.

3. A court can declare any action of a local government that is outside its area of jurisdiction as

- A. Ultra vires.
- B. Defection.
- C. Habeas corpus.
- D. Constitutional.
- E. Concord.

4. In civil service, neutrality means

- A. Bye election.
- B. Delegated election.
- C. Civil servants are not expected to play partisan politics.
- D. Quota way of carrying out duties.
- E. Eligible civil servant.

5. A manifesto can be defined as the

- A. Power to rule the people.
- B. Proposed programmes of a political party.
- C. Opportunity to form a political party.

D. Policy of government in power.

E. Policy of the people.

6. Another word for bureaucracy is called

- A. Student union election.
- B. Red-tapism.
- C. Bye election.
- D. Grassroots' democracy.
- E. Permanent voters Card.

7. Which of these is not in the group

- A. Administrative Class.
- B. Personal assistant.
- C. Executive class.
- D. Messengerial.
- E. Auxiliary class.

8. A factor that could make elections to be free and fair is the

- A. Existence of independent electoral commission.
- B. Adoption of a flexible. Constitution.
- C. Registration of eligible voters.
- D. Opportunity for everybody to vote.
- E. Registration of ineligible voters.

9. Which of the following does not promote democratic electoral process?

- A. Periodic election.
- B. Up-to-date voters register.
- C. Political consciousness.
- D. Popularity of the governor.
- E. Free and fair election.

10. Nigerian Port Authority is a good example of

- A. Public corporation.
- B. It ensures the anonymity of the voter.

- C. Government cooperation.
- D. Private Corporation.
- E. Nigeria foreign policy.

11. The employees of public corporation is called

- A. The presidency.
- B. Political leaders.
- C. Public trustees.
- D. Political socialization.
- E. Public servants.

12. The highest paid grade in the Nigerian Civil Service is the

- A. Messenger class.
- B. Administrative class.
- C. Secretarial class.
- D. Auxiliary class.
- E. Messengerial class.

13. Civil servants are also referred to as

- A. Experts.
- B. Bureaucrats.
- C. Technicians.
- D. Government candidates.
- E. Opinion givers.

14. The executive can control the civil service through

- A. Making bye laws.
- B. Drafting promotion plan.
- C. Granting of loan to the civil service.
- D. The appointment of top civil servant.
- E. Making available executive order.

15. Which of the following is a function of Electoral Commission?

- A. Organizing political Parties.
- B. Arbitrating among political parties.
- C. Supporting political parties.

D. Taking part in presenting candidate for elections.

E. Arrangement and conduction of elections.

16. Public Administration means the

- A. Right granted to French citizens to vote.
- B. Right to vote in an election.
- C. Ability to conduct an election.
- D. Body of principles governing the conduct of an election.
- E. Administrative procedure.

17. In a democracy, franchise is given to all

- A. Loyal party members.
- B. Resident's adults.
- C. Qualified adult's citizens.
- D. Citizens except members of the armed forces.
- E. Citizens.

18. Which of the following is not public corporation?

- A. VERITAS University
- B. Nigerian Television Authority
- C. Power Holding Company of Nigeria
- D. First Bank of Nigeria
- E. FRCN

19. One of the following activities is NOT performed by a public corporation?

- A. Provision of public services.
- B. Generation of revenue for government.
- C. Promoting economic growth.
- D. Taking over functions of government, Ministries/departments.
- E. Providing employment for the citizens.

20. Which of the following is NOT a civil servant?

- A. An administrative officer in the ministry of environment.
- B. A clerical officer in the local government.
- C. An executive officer in the ministry of mines and solid minerals.
- D. A cashier in domino ice-cream.
- E. A driver in the ministry of finance.

21. Public corporation are controlled by all the following EXCEPT

- A. Legislators.
- B. Convicts.
- C. Ministers.
- D. Judges.
- E. Tax-payers.

22. Who is the political head of a public Corporation?

- A. Senator.
- B. Head of Civil Service.
- C. Minister.
- D. Comptroller general.
- E. Director.

23. One of the following is NOT the way Public corporation could be controlled

- A. legislative control
- B. public control
- C. control of the press
- D. general election control
- E. ministerial Control

24. Which of the following categories of people can vote in periodic election?

- A. Citizens.
- B. Minors.
- C. Aliens.
- D. Lunatics.
- E. Convicts.

25. Elections are conducted to

- A. Provide permanent employment for the people.
- B. Know the number of people in a country.
- C. Make the people choose their leaders.
- D. Know the social amenities in the country.
- E. Provide revenue for government.

26. What is the full meaning of NRC?

- A. Nigerian Railway Corporation.
- B. Nigerian Right Control.
- C. National Railway Corporation.
- D. Nigerian Railway Center.
- E. National Republican Company.

27. Expertise in the civil service means

- A. Civil servants should be loyal to the government and non- partisan.
- B. The government can replace top civil servants.
- C. Civil servant should be experts in what they do.
- D. Officials can only be removed from office due to ill-health.
- E. Civil servants be discharge their duties in an unjust manner.

28. Red-tapism in the civil service is a product of

- A. Democracy.
- B. Autocracy.
- C. Bureaucracy.
- D. Monarchy.
- E. Gerontocracy.

29. Public corporation are set up by

- A. A Minister.
- B. An act of parliament.
- C. A director.
- D. An act of the president.

- E. A permanent secretary.
30. The Public Complaints Commission helps to promote all the following EXCEPT
- A. Democracy.
 - B. The rule of law.
 - C. Justice.
 - D. Transparency.
 - E. Dictatorship.
31. The number of local government areas in Nigeria is
- A. 709
 - B. 774
 - C. 776
 - D. 779
 - E. 750
32. Local Government impose tax because
- A. Government wants the rich to become richer
 - B. Of the need for the chairman to feed his family.
 - C. Of the need to sponsor workers.
 - D. Government wants to punish the local government residents
 - E. Of the need to provide essential amenities for the citizen
33. Which of the following is NOT an independent source of revenue for Local governments?
- A. Markets and motor parks fees.
 - B. Grants.
 - C. Rates.
 - D. Radio and television license fee.
 - E. Income from investment.
34. In democratic Nigeria, the third most powerful office is that of the
- A. Senate president.
 - B. President.
 - C. Vice president.
 - D. Speaker.
 - E. Chief justice.
35. Power is transferred into authority through
- A. Force.
 - B. Judiciary.
 - C. Legitimacy.
 - D. Sovereignty.
 - E. Ideology.
36. The concept of sovereignty was propounded by
- A. Jean Bodin.
 - B. Adam Smith.
 - C. Jeremy Bentham.
 - D. Karl Marx.
 - E. John Locke.
37. Democracy originated from
- A. Greece.
 - B. Britain.
 - C. USA.
 - D. Germany.
 - E. India.
38. Local Government in Nigeria are usually accused of
- A. Election irregularities and disloyalty.
 - B. Imposing of candidates.
 - C. Corruption.
 - D. Under compensation and confiscation.
 - E. Lack of Competent Manpower
39. A minister controls public corporation by
- A. Providing the corporation with finance.
 - B. Auditing the accounts of corporation personally.
 - C. Criticizing the corporation through the media.

- D. Ensuring the effective administration of the corporation.
- E. Punishing the workforce of the corporation.

40. The civil service is an administrative institution of

- A. Public corporations.
- B. Para-military organization.
- C. The executive arm of government.
- D. A business enterprise.

42. Nationalism prior to the Second World War was led by

- A. Chiefs and the elders.
- B. Aggrieved cocoa farmers.
- C. Educated elites and chiefs.
- D. African merchants.
- E. West African students.

43. Nationalist agitation in British West Africa after the World War II led to the

- A. Disregard from traditional rulers who supported the British.
- B. Killing of British administrative officials
- C. Formation of political parties.
- D. Cooperation of the ex-service men with the governor.
- E. Encouragement military rule.

44. An African-American who contribute greatly to the growth of nationalism in West Africa was

- A. Martin Luther King.
- B. Jesse Jack.
- C. William Du Bois.
- D. Nelson Mandela.
- E. Kenneth Kaunda.

45. The first inter-related association organized by some educated Africans elite in the Gold Coast was the

- E. A community based organization.

41. Which of the following is an advantage of local governments in West Africa? Acting as

- A. Agents for money politics.
- B. Electoral commission.
- C. Training ground for future political leaders.
- D. Agents of pressure group.
- E. Agents for ethnic sentiments.

A. National Congress of British West Africa (NCBWA).

B. Movement of Educated Elites in West Africa (MEEWA).

C. West African Frontier Forces (WAFF).

D. Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA).

E. Aborigines' Right Protection Society (ARPS).

46. Which of the following factors didn't slow the growth of nationalism in Africa?

- A. Policy of assimilation.
- B. Abuse of fundamental human rights.
- C. Indigent policy.
- D. People's vision for freedom and independent states was strangled and not until after the 2nd world war.
- E. The influence and support of UN

47. One of these didn't carry out any nationalist activity

- A. WASU.
- B. NYM.
- C. NCBWA.
- D. Nnamdi Azikiwe.
- E. Royal Niger Company.

48. The power of Nigerian electorates in any election signifies

- A. Political sovereignty.
 - B. Legal sovereignty.
 - C. External sovereignty.
 - D. Internal sovereignty.
 - E. PVC sovereignty.
49. Nigerians' action as shown in the just concluded general election is a demonstration of political
- A. Sovereignty.
 - B. Legitimacy.
 - C. Political apathy.
 - D. Decision.
 - E. And act of civil disobedience.
50. Under a federal system of government, a citizen living in any part of the country is expected to obey laws made by
- A. Federal Government only
 - B. Local and local Governments
 - C. Local Government only
 - D. Federal, State and Local Governments.....
 - E. Federal and State Governments
51. The principle for sharing the wealth of a nation among the different levels of government is called
- A. Delegated legislation.
 - B. Revenue allocation.
 - C. Bicameralism.
 - D. Checks and balances.
 - E. Taxation.
52. The regionalization of the Civil Service in Nigeria could be traced to the
- A. Nigerian Council of 1914
 - B. Clifford Constitution of 1922
 - C. Richards Constitution of 1946
 - D. General Conference of 1950
 - E. Littleton Constitution of 1954.....
53. Government control of Public Corporations in Nigeria is mainly to
- A. Ensure public accountability.....
 - B. Allow freedom of action on the part of the corporations.
 - C. Guarantee profit maximization of the corporations.
 - D. Protect the appointment of foreigners in the corporations.
 - E. Encourage the ethnic domination in the corporation.
54. Who among the following is a civil servant in Nigeria?
- A. The managing Director of a Bank
 - B. A Director in the Ministry of Defense.....
 - C. A major in the Army
 - D. A Commissioner of Police
 - E. A Pilot with the Nigeria Airways
55. Who among these people doesn't belong to Pan-Africanism movement
- A. David Cameroon
 - B. Marcus Garvey,
 - C. W.E DuBois
 - D. Edward Blyden
 - E. George Padmore
56. The West African Student Union was formed in
- A. 1920
 - B. 1925
 - C. 1945
 - D. 1952
 - E. 1800
57. The second World War ended in
- A. 1914
 - B. 1925

- C. 1945
- D. 1939
- E. 1960

58. What is the meaning of USSR?

- A. Union Soviet Socialist Republic
- B. United Sovereign State Republic
- C. Unity for Standard States Revolution
- D. Unionist Soviet Socialist Revolution
- E. United State of Socialist Republic

59. NRC means

- A. Nigerian Railways Committee
- B. National Republican Council
- C. National Railways Committee
- D. Nigerian Railway Corporation
- E. National Republic Community

60. NPA means

- A. Nigerian Power Authority
- B. National Port Authority
- C. Nigerian Peoples' Authority
- D. National Product Affairs
- E. Nigerian Ports Authority

SECTION B THEORY

(40Mks)

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer *two* questions of your choice, *two* questions from every section.

Section A

Element of Government

1. Define Civil Service?

b. Explain *five* problems that can hinder the performance of civil servants in Nigeria.

(10Mks)

2. Describe privatization and what are its advantages to Nigerian Economy?

(10Mks)

3. What is Public Corporation?

b. Explain *five* ways in which public corporations are controlled.

(10Mks)

Section B
Political and Constitutional Development in West Africa and International Relations

4. Explain the term Local Government.

b. Outline *five* significant provisions of 1979 local Government Reform which deepened the democratic development of Nigeria.

(10Mks)

5. What is Nationalism?

b. Give and explain *four* nationalist movements in British West Africa.

(10Mks)

6. Nationalist movement moved faster in British West Africa give *five* reasons why it was slow in French West African colonies.

(10Mks)