

Conformal Transformations in Riemannian Geometry

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1 Conformal Metric and Connections

$$\tilde{g}_{\mu\nu} \equiv g_{\mu\nu} e^{2w}, \quad \tilde{g}^{\mu\nu} = g^{\mu\nu} e^{-2w}, \quad (1)$$

where w is a scalar and $\tilde{g}_{\mu\nu} \tilde{g}^{\mu\nu} = 4$. The new Christoffel symbols, Riemann tensor, Ricci tensor, Ricci scalar, Einstein tensor and Weyl tensor can be defined at once by replacing all the $g^{\mu\nu}$ s with $\tilde{g}^{\mu\nu}$ s. However, we would like to do it slightly different here. We first define $\tilde{R}^{\rho}_{\mu\sigma\nu}$, $\tilde{R}_{\mu\nu}$ and $\tilde{\nabla}_{\mu}$ by replacing the original

$$\Gamma^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} = \frac{g^{\rho\sigma}}{2} (\partial_{\mu} g_{\nu\sigma} + \partial_{\nu} g_{\sigma\mu} - \partial_{\sigma} g_{\mu\nu}) \quad (2)$$

in them with a new connection $\tilde{\Gamma}^{\rho}_{\mu\nu}$. Assume that

$$\tilde{\nabla}_{\rho} \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \partial_{\rho} \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu} = \tilde{\Gamma}^{\lambda}_{\nu\rho} \tilde{g}_{\mu\lambda} + \tilde{\Gamma}^{\lambda}_{\mu\rho} \tilde{g}_{\nu\lambda} \quad (3)$$

still holds. After writing down the similar expressions for $\partial_{\mu} \tilde{g}_{\nu\sigma}$, $\partial_{\nu} \tilde{g}_{\sigma\mu}$ and $\partial_{\sigma} \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu}$, we have

$$\tilde{\Gamma}^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} = \frac{\tilde{g}^{\rho\sigma}}{2} (\partial_{\mu} \tilde{g}_{\nu\sigma} + \partial_{\nu} \tilde{g}_{\sigma\mu} - \partial_{\sigma} \tilde{g}_{\mu\nu}) = \Gamma^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} + (\delta^{\rho}_{\nu} \partial_{\mu} + \delta^{\rho}_{\mu} \partial_{\nu} - g_{\mu\nu} \partial^{\rho}) w. \quad (4)$$

Thus $\Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} \equiv \tilde{\Gamma}^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} - \Gamma^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} = (\delta^{\rho}_{\nu} \nabla_{\mu} + \delta^{\rho}_{\mu} \nabla_{\nu} - g_{\mu\nu} \nabla^{\rho}) w$. Under a coordinate transformation,

$$\Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^{\rho}_{\mu\nu} = \frac{\partial x^{\alpha}}{\partial x'^{\mu}} \frac{\partial x^{\beta}}{\partial x'^{\nu}} \frac{\partial x'^{\rho}}{\partial x^{\gamma}} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^{\gamma}_{\alpha\beta}. \quad (5)$$

2 Riemann Tensor, Ricci Tensor and Ricci Scalar

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta \tilde{R}^\rho_{\sigma\mu\nu} &\equiv \tilde{R}^\rho_{\sigma\mu\nu} - R^\rho_{\sigma\mu\nu} \\
&= \partial_\mu \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} + \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \partial_\mu \Gamma^\rho_{\nu\sigma} - \Gamma^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Gamma^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu \\
&= \partial_\mu \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} + \Gamma^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} + \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Gamma^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} + \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu \\
&= \partial_\mu \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} + \Gamma^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \Gamma^\lambda_{\mu\sigma} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\lambda} + \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu \\
&= \nabla_\mu \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} + \Gamma^\lambda_{\mu\nu} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\lambda\sigma} + \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu \\
&= \nabla_\mu \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} + \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu,
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla_\mu \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\nu\sigma} &= \nabla_\mu (\delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\sigma + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\nu - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla^\rho) w \\
&= [\delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu \nabla_\sigma + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla^\rho - (\nabla_\mu g_{\sigma\nu}) \nabla^\rho] w \\
&= (\delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu \nabla_\sigma + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla^\rho) w,
\end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\rho_{\mu\lambda} \Delta \tilde{\Gamma}^\lambda_{\nu\sigma} &= (\delta^\rho_\lambda \nabla_\mu + \delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\lambda - g_{\mu\lambda} \nabla^\rho) w \cdot (\delta^\lambda_\nu \nabla_\sigma + \delta^\lambda_\sigma \nabla_\nu - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla^\lambda) w \\
&= \delta^\rho_\lambda (\nabla_\mu w) \delta^\lambda_\nu (\nabla_\sigma w) + \delta^\rho_\lambda (\nabla_\mu w) \delta^\lambda_\sigma (\nabla_\nu w) - \delta^\rho_\lambda (\nabla_\mu w) g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla^\lambda w) \\
&\quad + \delta^\rho_\mu (\nabla_\lambda w) \delta^\lambda_\nu (\nabla_\sigma w) + \delta^\rho_\mu (\nabla_\lambda w) \delta^\lambda_\sigma (\nabla_\nu w) - \delta^\rho_\mu (\nabla_\lambda w) g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla^\lambda w) \\
&\quad - g_{\mu\lambda} (\nabla^\rho w) \delta^\lambda_\nu (\nabla_\sigma w) - g_{\mu\lambda} (\nabla^\rho w) \delta^\lambda_\sigma (\nabla_\nu w) + g_{\mu\lambda} (\nabla^\rho w) g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla^\lambda w)
\end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\sigma w + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\nu w - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu w \nabla^\rho w + \delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\sigma w + \delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\sigma w \nabla_\nu w - \delta^\rho_\mu g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla w)^2 \\
&\quad - g_{\mu\nu} \nabla^\rho w \nabla_\sigma w - g_{\mu\sigma} \nabla^\rho w \nabla_\nu w + g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla^\rho w \nabla_\mu w \\
&= \delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\sigma w + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\nu w + 2\delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\sigma w - \delta^\rho_\mu g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla w)^2 - g_{\mu\nu} \nabla^\rho w \nabla_\sigma w - g_{\mu\sigma} \nabla^\rho w \nabla_\nu w; \\
\Delta \tilde{R}^\rho_{\sigma\mu\nu} &= (\delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu \nabla_\sigma - \delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\nu \nabla_\sigma - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla^\rho + g_{\sigma\mu} \nabla_\nu \nabla^\rho) w + \delta^\rho_\mu \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\sigma w - \delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\sigma w \\
&\quad - (\delta^\rho_\mu g_{\sigma\nu} - \delta^\rho_\nu g_{\sigma\mu}) (\nabla w)^2 - g_{\mu\sigma} \nabla_\nu w \nabla^\rho w + g_{\nu\sigma} \nabla_\mu w \nabla^\rho w.
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta \tilde{R}_{\rho\sigma\mu\nu} &= \tilde{g}_{\rho\lambda} \Delta \tilde{R}^\lambda_{\sigma\mu\nu} \\
&= [(g_{\rho\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\sigma - g_{\rho\mu} \nabla_\nu \nabla_\sigma - g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\rho + g_{\sigma\mu} \nabla_\nu \nabla_\rho) w + g_{\rho\mu} \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\sigma w - g_{\rho\nu} \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\sigma w \\
&\quad - (g_{\rho\mu} g_{\sigma\nu} - g_{\rho\nu} g_{\sigma\mu}) (\nabla w)^2 - g_{\mu\sigma} \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\rho w + g_{\nu\sigma} \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\rho w] e^{2w} \\
&= [- (g_{\rho\mu} \nabla_\nu \nabla_\sigma + g_{\sigma\nu} \nabla_\mu \nabla_\rho) w + g_{\rho\mu} \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\sigma w + g_{\nu\sigma} \nabla_\mu w \nabla_\rho w - g_{\rho\mu} g_{\sigma\nu} (\nabla w)^2 - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu] e^{2w}.
\end{aligned} \tag{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta \tilde{R}_{\mu\nu} &= \Delta \tilde{R}^\rho_{\mu\rho\nu} = \delta^\sigma_\rho \Delta \tilde{R}^\rho_{\mu\sigma\nu} \\
&= \delta^\sigma_\rho [(\delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\sigma \nabla_\mu - \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\nu \nabla_\mu - g_{\mu\nu} \nabla_\sigma \nabla^\rho + g_{\mu\sigma} \nabla_\nu \nabla^\rho) w + \delta^\rho_\sigma \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\mu w - \delta^\rho_\nu \nabla_\sigma w \nabla_\mu w \\
&\quad - (\delta^\rho_\sigma g_{\mu\nu} - \delta^\rho_\nu g_{\mu\sigma}) (\nabla w)^2 - g_{\sigma\mu} \nabla_\nu w \nabla^\rho w + g_{\nu\mu} \nabla_\sigma w \nabla^\rho w] \\
&= (\nabla_\nu \nabla_\mu - 4\nabla_\nu \nabla_\mu - g_{\mu\nu} \square + \nabla_\nu \nabla_\mu) w + 4\nabla_\nu w \nabla_\mu w - \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\mu w - (4g_{\mu\nu} - g_{\mu\nu}) (\nabla w)^2 \\
&\quad - \nabla_\nu w \nabla_\mu w + g_{\nu\mu} (\nabla w)^2 \\
&= - (2\nabla_\nu \nabla_\mu + g_{\mu\nu} \square) w + 2\nabla_\mu w \nabla_\nu w - 2g_{\mu\nu} (\nabla w)^2 \\
&= - (2\nabla_\mu \nabla_\nu + g_{\mu\nu} \square) w + 2\nabla_\mu w \nabla_\nu w - 2g_{\mu\nu} (\nabla w)^2.
\end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta\tilde{R} &\equiv \tilde{R} - R = \tilde{g}^{\mu\nu}\Delta\tilde{R}_{\mu\nu} + (\tilde{g}^{\mu\nu} - g^{\mu\nu})R_{\mu\nu} \\
&= \left[-(2\Box + 4\Box)w + 2(\nabla w)^2 - 8(\nabla w)^2 \right] e^{-2w} + (e^{-2w} - 1)R \\
&= -6\left[\Box w + (\nabla w)^2\right] e^{-2w} + (e^{-2w} - 1)R.
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

3 Einstein Tensor

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta\tilde{G}_{\mu\nu} &\equiv \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu} - G_{\mu\nu} = -(2\nabla_\mu\nabla_\nu + g_{\mu\nu}\Box)w + 2\nabla_\mu w\nabla_\nu w - 2g_{\mu\nu}(\nabla w)^2 + 3g_{\mu\nu}\left[\Box w + (\nabla w)^2\right] \\
&= 2(g_{\mu\nu}\Box - \nabla_\mu\nabla_\nu)w + 2\nabla_\mu w\nabla_\nu w + g_{\mu\nu}(\nabla w)^2.
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

When $w \rightarrow 0$, $\Delta\tilde{G}_{\mu\nu} = 2(g_{\mu\nu}\Box - \nabla_\mu\nabla_\nu)w$.

4 Weyl Tensor

For

$$C_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = R_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} - \frac{1}{2}\left(g_{\mu\rho}R_{\nu\sigma} + R_{\mu\rho}g_{\nu\sigma} - \frac{g_{\mu\rho}g_{\nu\sigma}R}{3} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu\right), \tag{14}$$

one can easily check that $\Delta\tilde{C}_{\nu\rho\sigma}^\mu \equiv \tilde{C}_{\nu\rho\sigma}^\mu - C_{\nu\rho\sigma}^\mu = 0$ or

$$\Delta\tilde{C}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = \tilde{C}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} - C_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}e^{2w} = \Delta\tilde{R}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\tilde{g}_{\mu\rho}\Delta\tilde{R}_{\nu\sigma} + \Delta\tilde{R}_{\mu\rho}\tilde{g}_{\nu\sigma} - \frac{\tilde{g}_{\mu\rho}\tilde{g}_{\nu\sigma}\Delta\tilde{R}}{3} - \mu \leftrightarrow \nu\right) = 0, \tag{15}$$

with all properties above.