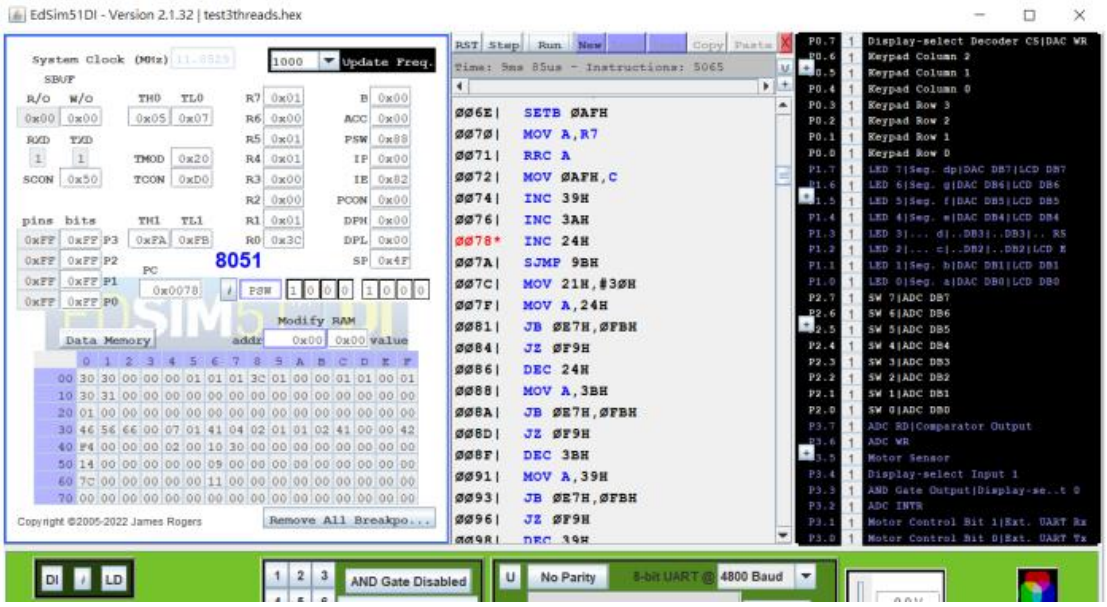
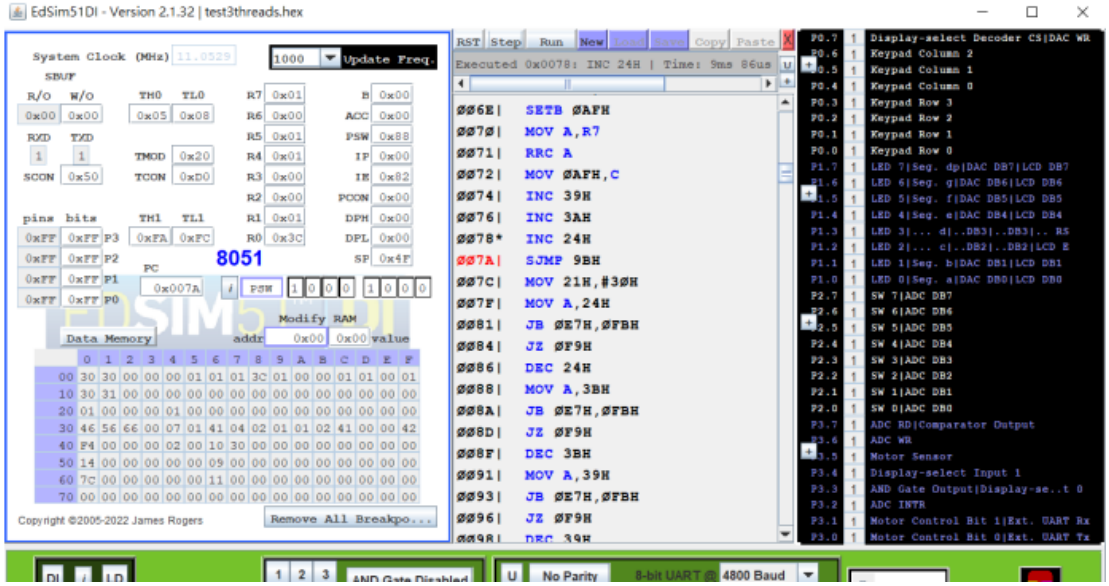
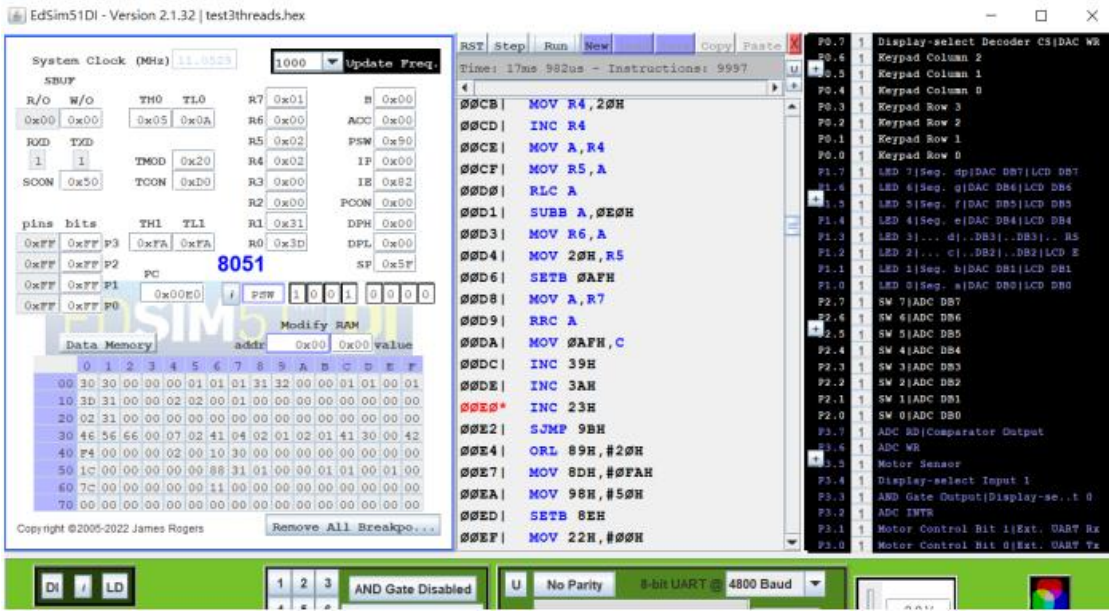
Name: 吳嘉濬 Student ID: 109021115

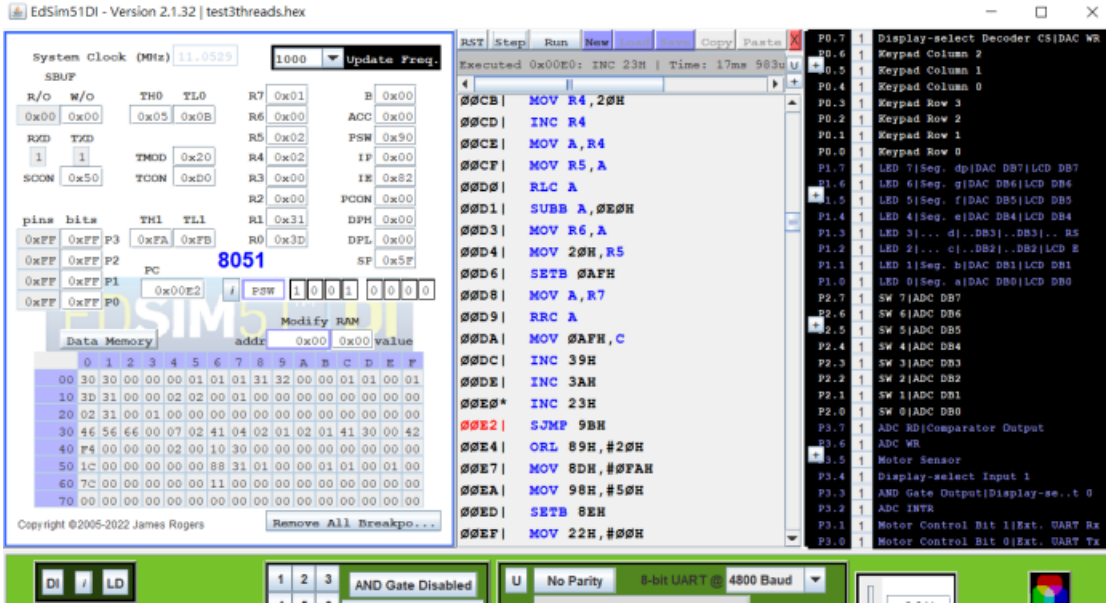
```
User@MSI MINGW64 ~/Desktop/OS/checkpoint4
$ ls
Makefile        preemptive.h    preemptive.rst    test3threads.c    test3threads.lst  test3threads.rel
preemptive.asm  preemptive.lst  preemptive.sym    test3threads.hex  test3threads.map  test3threads.rst
preemptive.c    preemptive.rel  test3threads.asm  test3threads.lk   test3threads.mem  test3threads.sym

User@MSI MINGW64 ~/Desktop/OS/checkpoint4
$ make clean
rm *.hex *.ihx *.lnk *.lst *.map *.mem *.rel *.rst *.sym *.asm *.lk
rm: cannot remove '*.ihx': No such file or directory
rm: cannot remove '*.lnk': No such file or directory
make: *** [Makefile:25: clean] Error 1

User@MSI MINGW64 ~/Desktop/OS/checkpoint4
$ ls
Makefile  preemptive.c  preemptive.h  test3threads.c

User@MSI MINGW64 ~/Desktop/OS/checkpoint4
$ make
sdcc -c  test3threads.c
test3threads.c:136: warning 158: overflow in implicit constant conversion
sdcc -c  preemptive.c
preemptive.c:210: warning 85: in function ThreadCreate unreferenced function argument : 'fp'
sdcc  -o test3threads.hex test3threads.rel preemptive.rel

User@MSI MINGW64 ~/Desktop/OS/checkpoint4
$ ls
Makefile        preemptive.h    preemptive.rst    test3threads.c    test3threads.lst  test3threads.rel
preemptive.asm  preemptive.lst  preemptive.sym    test3threads.hex  test3threads.map  test3threads.rst
preemptive.c    preemptive.rel  test3threads.asm  test3threads.lk   test3threads.mem  test3threads.sym
```



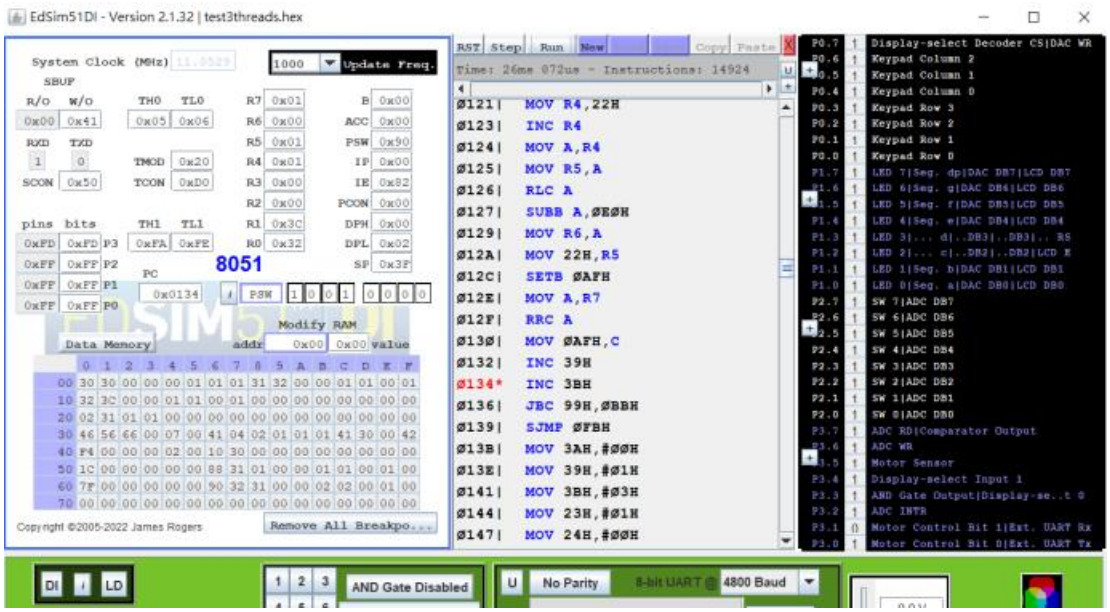


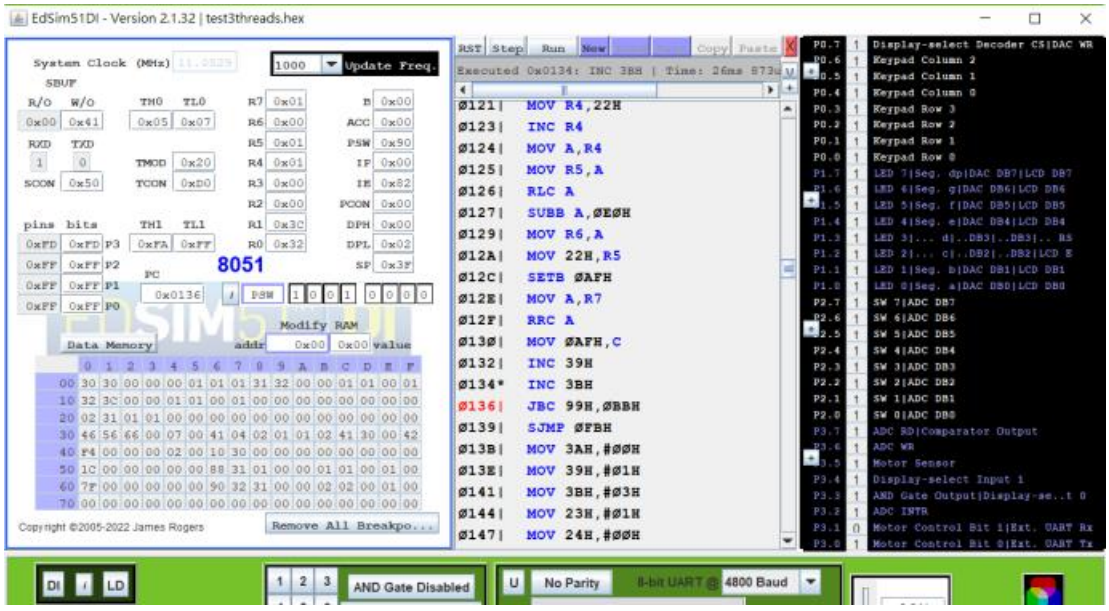
Producer1 is running since the semaphore for preventing starvation “ok2” (at 0x24), (which is used to unlock Producer2) gets increased from 0 to 1.



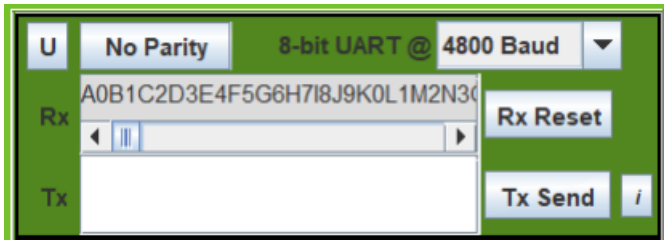


Producer2 is running since the semaphore for preventing starvation “ok1”(at 0x23), (which is used to unlock Producer1) gets increased from 0 to 1.





Consumer is running since the semaphore “empty”(at 0x3B) gets increased from 1 to 2.



Fair version: Producer1 and Producer2 have their own additional mutex ok1 and ok2, which ok1 is initialized to 1 and ok2 is initialized to 0. So after Producer1 has produced a character, it can’t produce the following one until Producer2 increases ok1, so this ensures that two producers will produce characters and numbers in turns one by one, without anyone having starvation.