哈尔滨工业大学(深圳)

数据库实验指导书

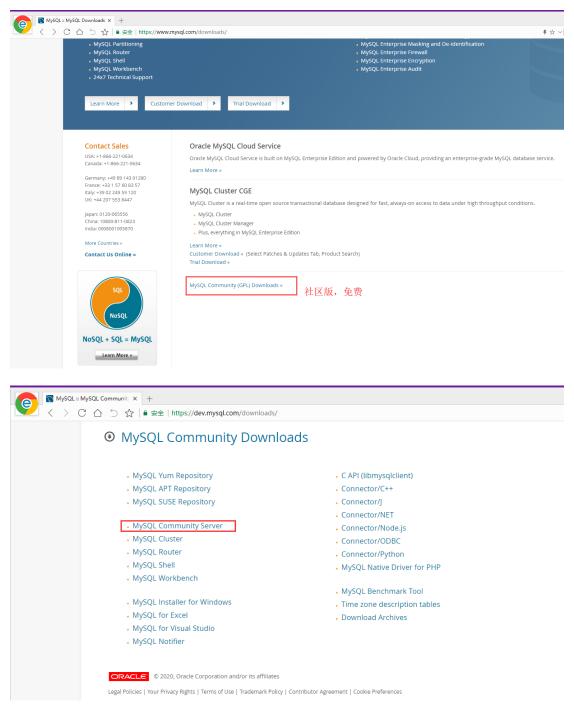
实验前准备 MySQL 的下载与安装

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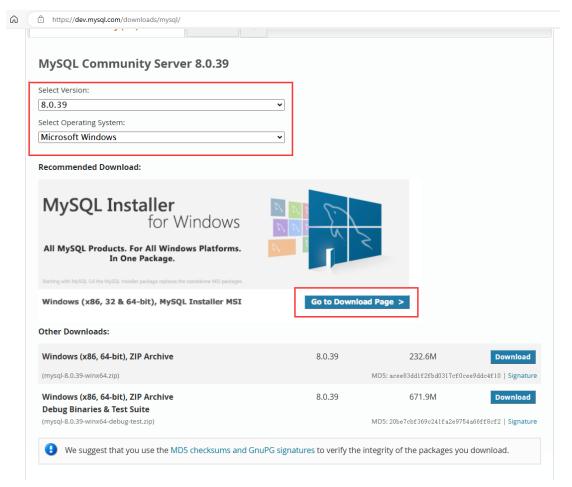
1.1 下载

官网: https://www.mysql.com/downloads/



选择匹配电脑操作系统的版本(建议安装 8.0.39 版本,与实验室保持一致):

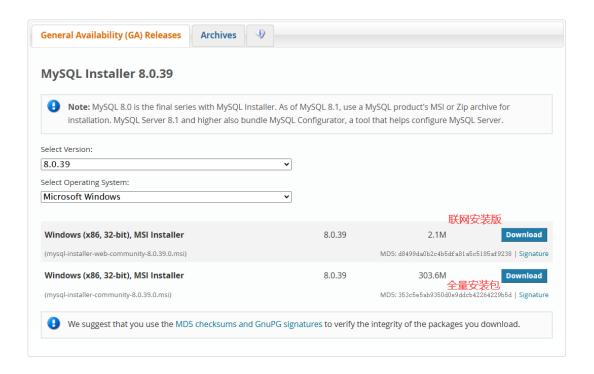
下面以64位 Windows 操作系统为例演示:



点击 Go to Download Page 按钮:

MySQL Community Downloads

MySQL Installer



这里演示下载全量安装包:

MySQL Community Downloads

Login Now or Sign Up for a free account.

An Oracle Web Account provides you with the following advantages:

- Fast access to MySQL software downloads
- Download technical White Papers and Presentations
- Post messages in the MySQL Discussion Forums
- Report and track bugs in the MySQL bug system



MySQL.com is using Oracle SSO for authentication. If you already have an Oracle Web account, click the Login link. Otherwise, you can signup for a free account by clicking the Sign Up link and following the instructions.

No thanks, just start my download.

可以免登录下载



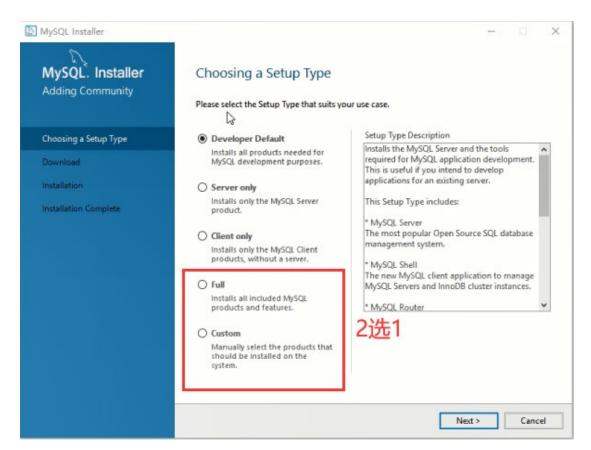
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下载后的安装包:

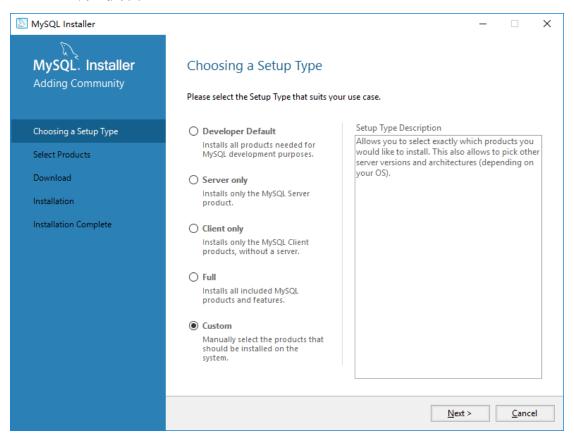
🬄 mysql-installer-community-8.0.39.0.msi

1.2 安装

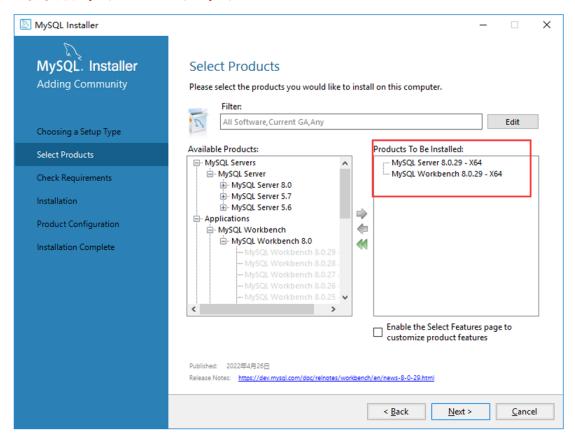
双击安装包开始安装。

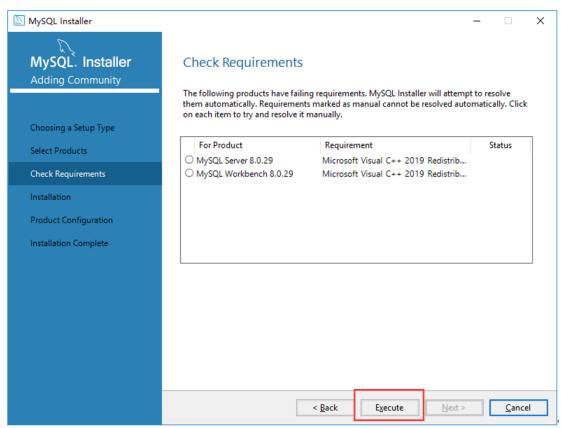


安装的时候可以选 Full 模式,全量安装;也可以选 Customer 方式。下面以 Customer 方式为例。

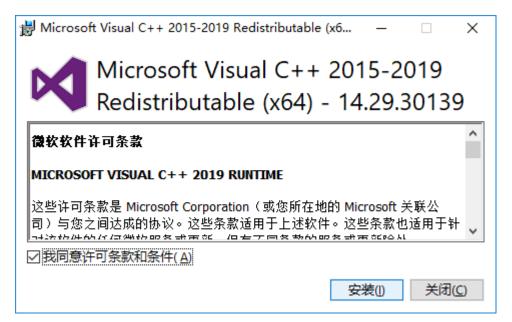


至少安装 MySQL Server 和 MySQL Workbench:



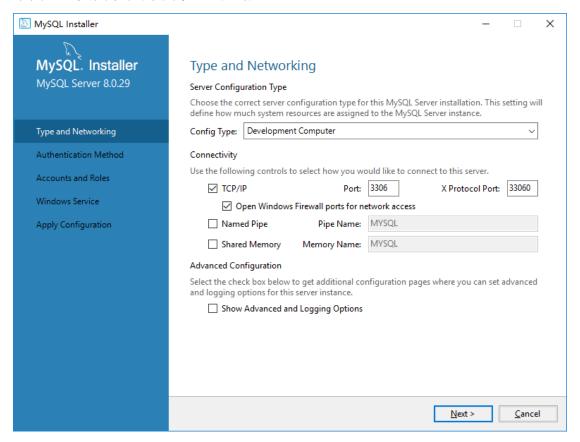


安装过程中可能会提示:



点安装就好。

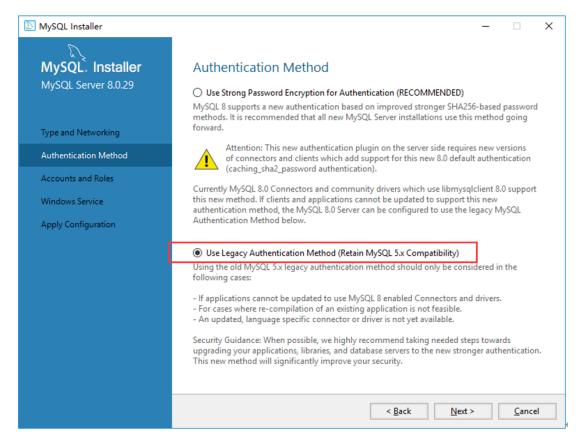
下面一些页面默认的就好,这里略过。



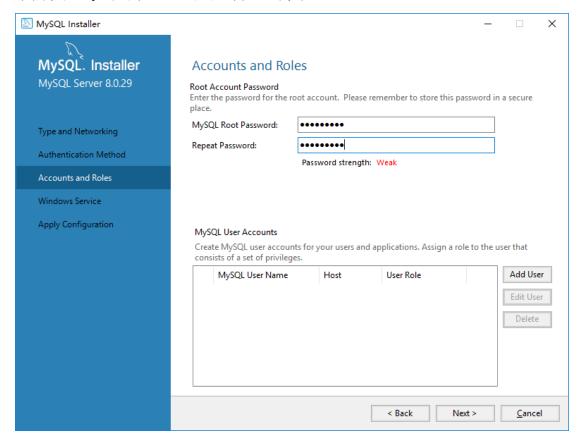
正常来说,上面这些配置都不用改,改了还怕忘记了。

下面这步很重要, MySQL8.0 提供两种身份认证方式:

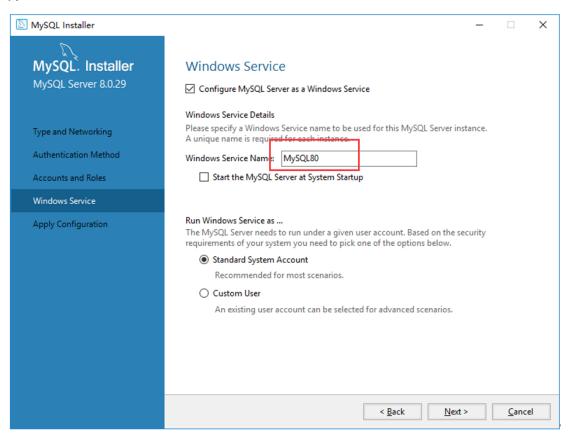
caching_sha2_password、mysql_native_password,但目前第三方客户端基本都不支持 caching_sha2_password 加密方式,所以如果选这种方式,在连接数据库的时候会有问题,建议还是先选 mysql native password 方式:

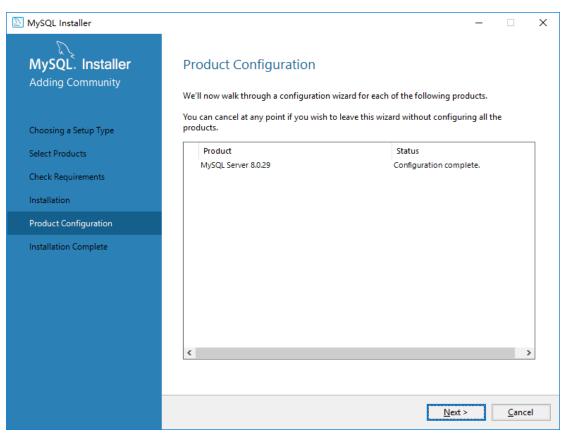


如果选了第一个也不要紧,装好了还可以改的,放心! 下面设置 MySQL 的 root 密码,自己记好了。



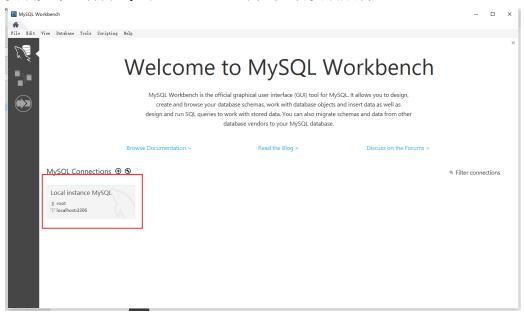
下面这是 MySQL 服务名,用默认的就好。以后可以用这个 MySQL80 来启停服务。



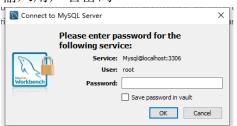


1.3 测试

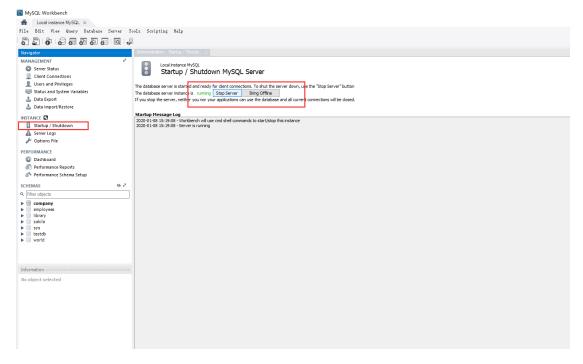
安装完毕, 打开 MySQL Workbench 测试是否安装成功:



输入用户名密码

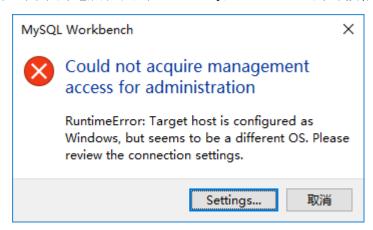


到左边菜单栏,点击"Startup/Shutdown",进入 MySQL 服务管理页面启动服务,如下图启动成功:



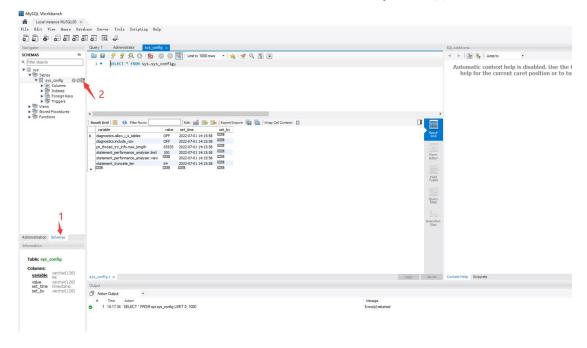
说明:

有些同学的电脑在点击 "Startup/Shutdown"的时候报错:



没关系,不代表没装好,换成下面这个方法检验:

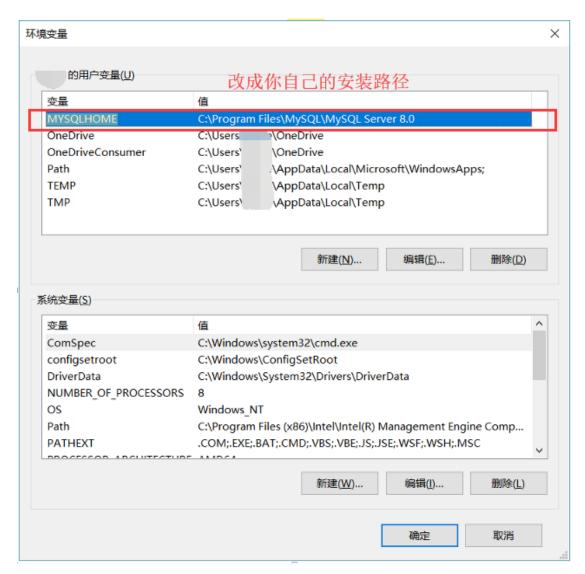
到 Schemas 页面,对表进行查询,如下图表示已正常安装 MySQL 服务。



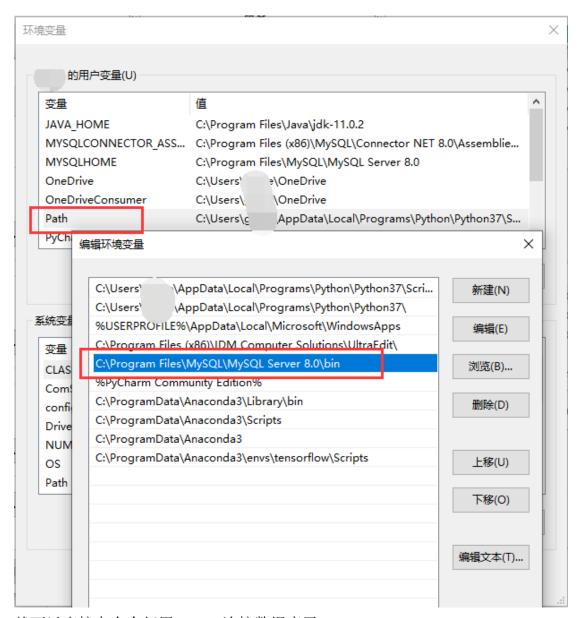
1.4 配置 MySQL 的环境变量

如果想直接在命令行,用管理员身份运行 cmd,直接 mysql,还需要配置系统环境变量。(如果不想这么做的,可以不执行本节。)

新增一条 MYSQLHOME 用户变量:



在 Path 后增加一句:



就可以直接在命令行用 mysql 连接数据库了:

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.17134.472]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation。 保留所有权利。

C:\Windows\system32\mysql hlocalhost uroot p

ERROR 1045 (28000): hccess denied for user 'ODBC'®'localhost' (using password: NO)

C:\Windows\system32\mysql hlocalhost uroot p

Enter password: ***********
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 20

Server version: 8.0.13 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql>
```