

PARUL UNIVERSITY

Faculty Of Engineering & Technology
Department of Applied Sciences & Humanities

1st year B.Tech Programme (All branches)

Mathematics-II (Subject Code :303191151)

Tutorial-1 (A) Higher Order Differential Equation

1 Solve the following homogeneous linear differential equations with constant coefficients

1.
$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$$
.

2.
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 9y = 0$$
.

3.
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0; \ y(0) = y'(0) = 1.$$

4.
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0.$$

5.
$$(D^2 - 2D + 5)y = 0$$
.

6.
$$y''' - 2y'' - y' + 2y = 0$$
.

7.
$$y''' + y'' - 16y' + 20y = 0; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 3.$$

$$8. \quad \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = 0.$$

9.
$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 8\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 16y = 0.$$

2 Solve the following differential equations using Undetermined coefficient method

1.
$$(D^2 - 6D + 7)y = e^{2x}$$
.

2.
$$y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^x$$
.

3.
$$(D^2+16)y = \cos 4x$$

4.
$$(D^2 + 4)y = 8x^2$$
.

5.
$$y''' + 3y'' + 3y' + y = 30e^x$$
.

3 Solve the following differential equation by variation of parameter

1.
$$(D^2 + 1)y = \sec x$$
.

2.
$$(D^2 + 4D + 4)y = x^2 e^x$$
.

3.
$$(D^2-1)y = e^{-x}\sin(e^{-x}) + \cos(e^{-x})$$
.