



EECS E6893 Big Data Analytics

HW2: Friends Recommendation, GraphFrame (2)

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Yield

- When you use yield statement in any function, it turns it into a generator function.
- Generator functions are a special kind of function that return a lazy iterator. These are objects that you can loop over like a list. However, unlike lists, lazy iterators do not store their contents in memory.
- Reading Large File

```
csv_gen = csv_reader("some_csv.txt")
row_count = 0

for row in csv_gen:
    row_count += 1

def csv_reader(file_name):
    file = open(file_name)
    result = file.read().split("\n")
    return result

def csv_reader(file_name):
    for row in open(file_name, "r"):
        yield row
```

Yield vs Return

```
def pairs(group):  
    result = []  
    for i in range(len(group[1])):  
        result.append((group[0], group[1][i]))  
    return result  
edges = data.flatMap(pairs)  
edges.take(5)
```

```
[('0', '1'), ('0', '2'), ('0', '3'), ('0', '4'), ('0', '5')]
```

```
def pairs(group):  
    for i in range(len(group[1])):  
        yield (group[0], group[1][i])  
  
edges = data.flatMap(pairs)  
edges.take(5)
```

```
[('0', '1'), ('0', '2'), ('0', '3'), ('0', '4'), ('0', '5')]
```

```
data.take(5)
```

```
[('0',  
  '1',  
  '2',  
  '3',  
  '4',  
  '5',  
  '6',  
  '7',  
  '8',  
  '9',  
  '10',  
  '11',  
  '12',  
  '13',
```

Spark DataFrames

- `df.groupBy("age").count().show()`
- `df.select("name").distinct().show()`
- `df.filter(df["age"]>24).show()`
- `df.sort("age", ascending=False).show()`
- `df.orderBy(["age","city"],ascending=[0,1]).show()` # orderby multiple columns
- `df.dropDuplicates()`
- `df.na.fill(50).show()` # Replace null values
- `df.na.drop().show()`

name	age
Mine	28
Filip	29
Jonathan	30

Reference

- <https://www.datacamp.com/community/blog/pyspark-sql-cheat-sheet>