

EECS E6893 Big Data Analytics HW2: Friends Recommendation, GraphFrame (2)

Yunan Lu, yl4021@columbia.edu

10/11/2019

Yield

- When you use yield statement in any function, it turns it into a generator function.
- Generator functions are a special kind of function that return a lazy iterator. These are objects that you can loop over like a list. However, unlike lists, lazy iterators do not store their contents in memory.
- Reading Large File

```
csv gen = csv reader ("some csv. txt")
row count = 0
for row in csv_gen:
    row count += 1
def csv reader (file name):
    file = open(file name)
    result = file.read().split("\n")
    return result
def csv_reader(file_name):
    for row in open (file name, "r"):
        vield row
```

Yield vs Return

def pairs (group):

result = []

```
for i in range(len(group[1])):
       result.append((group[0], group[1][i]))
   return result
edges = data.flatMap(pairs)
edges. take (5)
[('0', '1'), ('0', '2'), ('0', '3'), ('0', '4'), ('0', '5')]
def pairs(group):
    for i in range(len(group[1])):
        yield (group[0], group[1][i])
edges = data.flatMap(pairs)
edges. take (5)
```

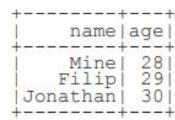
[('0', '1'), ('0', '2'), ('0', '3'), ('0', '4'), ('0', '5')]

```
data. take (5)
```

```
[('0',
   '8',
   '9',
   '10',
   '11',
   '12',
   '13',
```

Spark DataFrames

- df.groupBy("age").count().show()
- df.select("name").distinct().show()
- df.filter(df["age"]>24).show()
- df.sort("age", ascending=False).show()
- df.orderBy(["age","city"],ascending=[0,1]).show() # orderby multiple columns
- df.dropDuplicates()
- df.na.fill(50).show() # Replace null values
- df.na.drop().show()



Reference

https://www.datacamp.com/community/blog/pyspark-sql-cheat-sheet