```
rm(list = ls())
library(car)
library(MASS)
library(LambertW)
setwd("C:/Users/user/Desktop/ST3131")
data <- read.csv("FEV.csv")</pre>
data[[5]] <- as.factor(data[[5]])</pre>
data[[6]] <- as.factor(data[[6]])</pre>
attach(data)
model1 <- lm(FEV ~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Hgt_m, data = data)</pre>
summary(model1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = FEV ~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Hgt_m, data = data)
## Residuals:
##
                 1Q
                                   3Q
       Min
                      Median
                                           Max
## -1.41306 -0.25696 0.00108 0.26249 1.89828
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -4.436160
                          0.222961 -19.897 < 2e-16 ***
               0.065435
                          0.009477 6.904 1.21e-11 ***
## Age
## Sex1
               0.160431
                          0.033255 4.824 1.75e-06 ***
## Smoke1
               -0.082226
                          0.059267 -1.387
                                             0.1658
## Hgt
               0.312051
                          0.142227
                                   2.194
                                             0.0286 *
## Hgt_m
              -8.197478
                          5.605713 -1.462
                                             0.1441
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4117 on 648 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7762, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7744
## F-statistic: 449.4 on 5 and 648 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(model1)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Response: FEV
##
             Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
              1 280.893 280.893 1657.0034 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Age
              1 17.040 17.040 100.5212 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Sex
                                   6.7503 0.009586 **
                         1.144
## Smoke
              1
                 1.144
              1 81.478 81.478 480.6441 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Hgt
             1 0.363
                         0.363
                                   2.1384 0.144132
## Hgt m
## Residuals 648 109.848
                          0.170
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(Hgt,Hgt_m, main = "Hgt against Hgt_m")
```

### 

From the above plot, we can see that the variables Hgt is nearly linearly dependent on Hgt\_M. Since this gives rise to the possibility of multicollinearity, and from anova table of model1, I know that Hgt\_m has a larger p-value than Hgt, I will remove Hgt m since it is not as significant as Hgt.

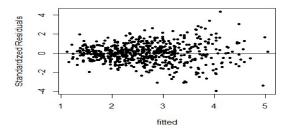
Additionally, since logically we can see that certain regressors will affect another, we will introduce certain interaction terms in the model. For now, the interaction terms that will be introduced will be (Smoke \* Age), (Sex \* Smoke), (Sex \* Hgt), (Age \* Hgt). (Smoke \* Hgt) will be excluded since it makes the least sense to me. Just because someone is tall does not mean that the person is more likely to smoke.

Lastly, I will also add in quadratic terms as I want to maximise the fit for now.

```
model2 <- lm(FEV ~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Smoke * Age + Sex * Smoke + Age * Hgt +
Sex * Hgt + I(Age ** 2) + I(Hgt ** 2), data = data)
summary(model2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = FEV ~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Smoke * Age + Sex *
##
      Smoke + Age * Hgt + Sex * Hgt + I(Age^2) + I(Hgt^2), data = data)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   30
                                           Max
##
  -1.49590 -0.22845 0.01279 0.23456
                                      1.67474
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.558e-01 2.314e+00
                                      0.197 0.84390
              -3.560e-01 1.416e-01 -2.514 0.01219 *
## Age
## Sex1
              -8.601e-01 3.916e-01 -2.197 0.02841 *
## Smoke1
               4.995e-01 3.328e-01
                                     1.501 0.13387
## Hgt
               1.542e-02 9.359e-02
                                      0.165
                                             0.86920
## I(Age^2)
              -2.903e-03 2.997e-03
                                     -0.969
                                             0.33313
               2.959e-05 9.539e-04
                                      0.031
                                             0.97526
## I(Hgt^2)
                                             0.05210
## Age:Smoke1 -4.914e-02 2.525e-02
                                     -1.946
## Sex1:Smoke1 6.187e-02 1.109e-01
                                      0.558
                                             0.57706
## Age:Hgt
               7.937e-03
                          2.976e-03
                                      2.667
                                             0.00784 **
## Sex1:Hgt
               1.585e-02 6.530e-03
                                      2.427 0.01551 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3903 on 643 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8004, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7973
## F-statistic: 257.9 on 10 and 643 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(model2)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: FEV
             Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
```

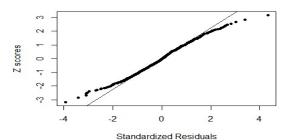
```
1 280.893 280.893 1843.9343 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Age
## Sex
               1 17.040 17.040 111.8613 < 2.2e-16 ***
                                    7.5119 0.006300 **
## Smoke
                   1.144
                           1.144
               1
                  81.478
                         81.478
                                  534.8669 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Hgt
               1
                                   27.1043 2.597e-07 ***
## I(Age^2)
               1
                   4.129
                           4.129
                                   33.7680 9.774e-09 ***
## I(Hgt^2)
                   5.144
                           5.144
               1
## Age:Smoke
                   0.520
                           0.520
                                    3.4148
                                            0.065075 .
               1
                                    2.6798
## Sex:Smoke
               1
                   0.408
                           0.408
                                            0.102117
## Age:Hgt
                   1.162
                           1.162
                                    7.6268
                                            0.005915 **
               1
## Sex:Hgt
                   0.897
                           0.897
                                    5.8886
                                            0.015513 *
               1
## Residuals 643 97.950
                           0.152
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(model2$fitted.values,rstandard(model2), xlab="fitted", ylab= "Standardized Residu
als", main = "Model 2 SR vs Fitted", pch = 20)
abline(h = 0)
```

### Model 2 SR vs Fitted



qqnorm(rstandard(model2),datax = TRUE, ylab = "Standardized Residuals", xlab = "Z scor
es", main = "Model 2 residual Plot", pch = 20)
qqline(rstandard(model2),datax = TRUE)

## Model 2 residual Plot

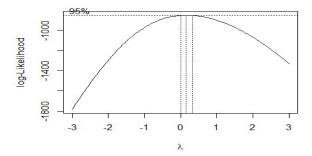


From the summary, even though Sex \* Smoke still has quite a high p-value, I will just leave it in the model for now since the R\*\*2 is somewhat strong, at 0.8. Next up, I will proceed to test the adequacy of the model, using the residual plot and the residual vs fitted plot.

From the fitted values vs residual plot, we can see that the constant variance assumption is violated and the points are ranging from close to -4 to 4, which is not very ideal.

From the residual plots, we can see that the normality assumption is also violated since we can see a trend whereby the right and left tail deviates from the straight line. Hence, I will attempt to do some transformation to make the variance more constant. For the transformation, I will do a boxcox transformation.

```
boxcox(model2, lambda = seq(-3,3, by = 0.5), optimize = TRUE, plotit = TRUE)
## Warning: In lm.fit(x, y, offset = offset, singular.ok = singular.ok, ...) :
## extra argument 'optimize' will be disregarded
```

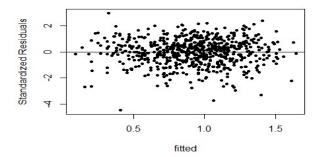


From the boxcox diagram, I will take 0 to transform my response since it is easier to interpret as compared to 0.2. As such, my response will be transformed to log(FEV).

```
model3 <- lm(log(FEV)~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Smoke * Age + Sex * Smoke + Age * Hg
t + Sex * Hgt + I(Age ** 2) + I(Hgt ** 2), data = data)
summary(model3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(FEV) ~ Age + Sex + Smoke + Hgt + Smoke * Age +
       Sex * Smoke + Age * Hgt + Sex * Hgt + I(Age^2) + I(Hgt^2),
       data = data)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
## -0.64357 -0.08702 0.01360
                               0.09503
                                        0.42723
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                     -4.159 3.63e-05 ***
## (Intercept) -3.5833218 0.8615887
## Age
               -0.0643388
                           0.0527379
                                      -1.220
                                               0.2229
## Sex1
               -0.1003664
                           0.1458068
                                      -0.688
                                               0.4915
                0.1251306
                           0.1239266
                                       1.010
## Smoke1
                                               0.3130
                                               0.0013 **
## Hgt
                0.1126094
                           0.0348499
                                       3.231
## I(Age^2)
               -0.0010640
                           0.0011161
                                      -0.953
                                               0.3408
## I(Hgt^2)
               -0.0007350
                           0.0003552
                                      -2.069
                                               0.0389 *
                           0.0094032
## Age:Smoke1
               -0.0129784
                                      -1.380
                                               0.1680
                                       0.232
## Sex1:Smoke1 0.0095665
                           0.0412876
                                               0.8168
## Age:Hgt
                0.0018119
                           0.0011081
                                       1.635
                                               0.1025
## Sex1:Hgt
                0.0022023
                           0.0024315
                                       0.906
                                               0.3654
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1453 on 643 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8127, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8097
## F-statistic: 278.9 on 10 and 643 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(model3)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: log(FEV)
##
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                  F value
                                             Pr(>F)
               1 43.192 43.192 2045.0700 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Age
## Sex
                         1.568
                                  74.2639 < 2.2e-16 ***
               1 1.568
## Smoke
               1 0.262
                          0.262
                                  12.3828 0.0004639 ***
## Hgt
               1 13.740 13.740
                                650.5752 < 2.2e-16 ***
## I(Age^2)
               1 0.007 0.007
                                   0.3501 0.5542517
```

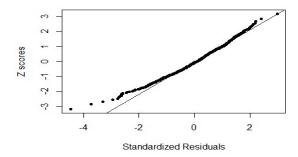
```
## I(Hgt^2)
              1 0.010
                         0.010
                                   0.4812 0.4881399
## Age:Smoke
              1 0.041
                         0.041
                                   1.9592 0.1620779
                                   0.5250 0.4689785
## Sex:Smoke
                         0.011
              1
                 0.011
## Age:Hgt
               1 0.059
                         0.059
                                   2.7918 0.0952344 .
                         0.017
                                   0.8204 0.3654153
## Sex:Hgt
               1 0.017
## Residuals 643 13.580
                         0.021
## -
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(model3$fitted.values,rstandard(model3), xlab="fitted", ylab= "Standardized Residu
als", main = "Model 3 SR vs Fitted", pch = 20)
abline(h = 0)
```

### Model 3 SR vs Fitted



```
qqnorm(rstandard(model3),datax = TRUE, ylab = "Standardized Residuals", xlab = "Z scor
es", main = "Model 3 Residual Plot", pch = 20)
qqline(rstandard(model3),datax = TRUE)
```

## Model 3 Residual Plot



```
vif(model3)
##
           Age
                       Sex
                                  Smoke
                                                Hgt
                                                       I(Age^2)
                                                                   I(Hgt^2)
##
   750.355261
                164.456604
                             42.568344 1221.537411
                                                    155.003704 1865.808259
##
     Age:Smoke
                 Sex:Smoke
                               Age:Hgt
                                            Sex:Hgt
    46.285015
                  2.015118 1961.201395 179.709062
```

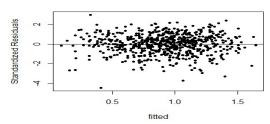
From Model3 SR vs fitted plot, it appears that the variance is acceptable as there is no obvious non-constant variance and now there is only one point that is less than -4. However, the VIF values are not acceptable since they are in the hundreds and even thousands. As such, I will conduct unit length scaling to reduce VIF.

```
#scaled regressors - have smaller VIF values compared to unscaled regressors
age_new <- (Age - mean(Age)) / sqrt(var(Age)*142)
hgt_new <- (Hgt - mean(Hgt)) / sqrt(var(Hgt)*142)

model4 <- lm(log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new + Smoke * age_new + Sex * Smoke + age_new * hgt_new + Sex * hgt_new + I(age_new ** 2) + I(hgt_new ** 2), data = dat</pre>
```

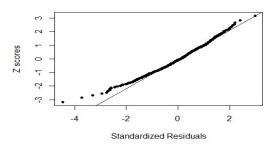
```
a)
summary(model4)
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(FEV) ~ age new + Sex + Smoke + hgt new + Smoke *
       age new + Sex * Smoke + age new * hgt new + Sex * hgt new +
       I(age_new^2) + I(hgt_new^2), data = data)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 10
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.64357 -0.08702 0.01360 0.09503 0.42723
##
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                              0.010160 89.635 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                   0.910684
                                        6.095 1.89e-09 ***
                   0.890967
                              0.146186
## age_new
                              0.013000
## Sex1
                   0.034291
                                        2.638 0.00855 **
                              0.038808
                                        -0.097 0.92284
## Smoke1
                  -0.003760
                              0.180379 15.346 < 2e-16 ***
## hgt new
                   2.768092
## I(age_new^2)
                              1.382910
                                        -0.953 0.34077
                  -1.318409
                  -3.394948
                              1.640610
## I(hgt_new^2)
                                        -2.069 0.03891 *
## age_new:Smoke1 -0.456841
                              0.330995
                                        -1.380 0.16800
## Sex1:Smoke1
                   0.009566
                              0.041288
                                         0.232 0.81684
## age_new:hgt_new 4.334717
                              2.650975
                                         1.635 0.10251
## Sex1:hgt_new
                   0.149681
                              0.165259
                                         0.906 0.36542
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1453 on 643 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8127, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8097
## F-statistic: 278.9 on 10 and 643 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(model4)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Response: log(FEV)
                    Df Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                       F value
## age_new
                    1 43.192 43.192 2045.0700 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Sex
                    1 1.568
                              1.568
                                       74.2639 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Smoke
                    1 0.262
                               0.262
                                       12.3828 0.0004639 ***
## hgt new
                    1 13.740 13.740
                                      650.5752 < 2.2e-16 ***
## I(age new^2)
                    1 0.007
                               0.007
                                        0.3501 0.5542517
## I(hgt new^2)
                    1 0.010
                               0.010
                                        0.4812 0.4881399
## age new:Smoke
                    1 0.041
                               0.041
                                        1.9592 0.1620779
                               0.011
                                        0.5250 0.4689785
## Sex:Smoke
                    1 0.011
                               0.059
## age_new:hgt_new
                    1 0.059
                                        2.7918 0.0952344 .
                               0.017
                                        0.8204 0.3654153
## Sex:hgt_new
                    1 0.017
                               0.021
## Residuals
                  643 13.580
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(model4$fitted.values,rstandard(model4), xlab="fitted", ylab= "Standardized Residu
als", main = "Model 4 SR vs Fitted", pch = 20)
abline(h = 0)
```

### Model 4 SR vs Fitted



```
qqnorm(rstandard(model4),datax = TRUE, ylab = "Standardized Residuals", xlab = "Z scor
es", main = "Model 4 residual Plot", pch = 20)
qqline(rstandard(model4),datax = TRUE)
```

#### Model 4 residual Plot



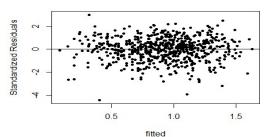
```
vif(model4)
##
           age_new
                                Sex
                                               Smoke
                                                              hgt_new
                                                                          I(age_new^2)
##
          4.653080
                           1.307371
                                            4.174384
                                                             7.084445
                                                                              6.160395
                      age_new:Smoke
##
                                                                           Sex:hgt_new
      I(hgt_new^2)
                                           Sex:Smoke age_new:hgt_new
##
          6.207006
                           4.628144
                                            2.015118
                                                            12.849294
                                                                              3.794035
```

After the scaling, it is evident that the VIF values have decreased tremendously. However, there is still one VIF value belonging to age\_new \* hgt\_new that is too large (above 10). Hence, I will remove the regressor from the model.

```
model5 <- lm(log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new + Smoke * age_new + Sex * Smo
ke + Sex * hgt_new + I(age_new ** 2) + I(hgt_new ** 2), data = data)
summary(model5)
##
## Call:
   lm(formula = log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new + Smoke *
##
       age_new + Sex * Smoke + Sex * hgt_new + I(age_new^2) + I(hgt_new^2),
##
       data = data)
##
## Residuals:
##
                  1Q
                       Median
                                            Max
        Min
                                    3Q
##
   -0.63865 -0.08616
                     0.01331 0.09575
                                        0.43123
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   0.906677
                              0.009873 91.836 < 2e-16 ***
## age_new
                              0.145725
                   0.868455
                                         5.960 4.17e-09 ***
## Sex1
                   0.034563
                              0.013016
                                         2.655 0.00812 **
## Smoke1
                  -0.002629
                              0.038852
                                       -0.068
                                                0.94607
## hgt new
                   2.747201
                              0.180160 15.249
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## I(age_new^2)
                   0.436501
                              0.873245
                                        0.500 0.61734
                  -1.164072
                              0.912335
                                       -1.276
                                                0.20244
## I(hgt new^2)
## age_new:Smoke1 -0.509199  0.329870 -1.544  0.12317
```

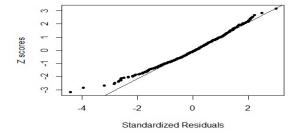
```
## Sex1:Smoke1
                  0.017854
                             0.041028
                                        0.435 0.66359
                                        0.967 0.33366
## Sex1:hgt_new
                  0.159978
                             0.165354
## --
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1455 on 644 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8119, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8092
## F-statistic: 308.8 on 9 and 644 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
anova(model5)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: log(FEV)
                 Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
##
                                                Pr(>F)
                  1 43.192 43.192 2039.7689 < 2.2e-16 ***
## age_new
                  1 1.568
## Sex
                             1.568
                                     74.0714 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Smoke
                  1 0.262
                             0.262
                                     12.3507 0.0004717 ***
## hgt_new
                  1 13.740 13.740
                                    648.8888 < 2.2e-16 ***
## I(age_new^2)
                  1 0.007
                             0.007
                                      0.3492 0.5547651
                             0.010
                                      0.4799 0.4887036
## I(hgt_new^2)
                  1 0.010
## age_new:Smoke
                  1 0.041
                             0.041
                                      1.9542 0.1626214
## Sex:Smoke
                  1 0.011
                             0.011
                                      0.5236 0.4695545
## Sex:hgt new
                  1 0.020
                             0.020
                                      0.9360 0.3336622
## Residuals
                644 13.637
                             0.021
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(model5$fitted.values,rstandard(model5), xlab="fitted", ylab= "Standardized Residu
als", main = "Model 5 SR vs Fitted", pch = 20)
abline(h = 0)
```

### Model 5 SR vs Fitted



qqnorm(rstandard(model5),datax = TRUE, ylab = "Standardized Residuals", xlab = "Z scor
es", main = "Model 5 residual Plot", pch = 20)
qqline(rstandard(model5),datax = TRUE)

## Model 5 residual Plot



# vif(model5)

```
##
         age new
                           Sex
                                       Smoke
                                                    hgt new I(age new^2)
##
        4.611807
                                    4.173058
                                                   7.048902
                                                                 2.450000
                      1.307158
##
                                   Sex:Smoke
                                               Sex:hgt_new
   I(hgt_new^2) age_new:Smoke
                                                  3.788526
##
        1.914491
                     4.584832
                                    1.984749
```

After removing age\_new \* hgt\_new from the model, we can see that the qqplot is still approximately a straight line and the variance of the SR vs fitted model is still acceptable. And all the VIF values are now below 10, which is a good sign. Since the model is now adequate, i.e. the SR vs fitted diagram has constant variance, residual plots more or less follows a straight line, and all VIF values are acceptable, I will conduct variable selection now using backward selection.

```
bw <- step(model5, direction = c("backward"))</pre>
## Start: AIC=-2511.21
## log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new + Smoke * age_new +
##
       Sex * Smoke + Sex * hgt_new + I(age_new^2) + I(hgt_new^2)
##
##
                   Df Sum of Sq
                                   RSS
                                           AIC
## - Sex:Smoke
                    1 0.004010 13.641 -2513.0
## - I(age_new^2)
                    1 0.005291 13.642 -2513.0
## - Sex:hgt_new
                   1 0.019820 13.656 -2512.3
## - I(hgt_new^2)
                    1 0.034472 13.671 -2511.6
## <none>
                                13.637 -2511.2
## - age_new:Smoke 1 0.050456 13.687 -2510.8
##
## Step: AIC=-2513.02
## log(FEV) \sim age new + Sex + Smoke + hgt new + I(age new^2) + I(hgt new^2) +
##
       age new:Smoke + Sex:hgt new
##
##
                   Df Sum of Sq
                                   RSS
## - I(age_new^2)
                    1 0.005138 13.646 -2514.8
## - Sex:hgt_new
                    1 0.026899 13.668 -2513.7
## - I(hgt_new^2)
                    1 0.034446 13.675 -2513.4
## <none>
                                13.641 -2513.0
## - age_new:Smoke 1 0.047715 13.688 -2512.7
##
## Step: AIC=-2514.77
## log(FEV) ~ age new + Sex + Smoke + hgt new + I(hgt new^2) + age new:Smoke +
##
       Sex:hgt new
##
##
                   Df Sum of Sq
                                   RSS
                                           AIC
## - Sex:hgt_new
                   1 0.026412 13.672 -2515.5
## - I(hgt_new^2)
                   1 0.030764 13.677 -2515.3
## <none>
                                13.646 -2514.8
## - age_new:Smoke 1 0.042861 13.689 -2514.7
## Step: AIC=-2515.51
## log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new + I(hgt_new^2) + age_new:Smoke
##
##
                   Df Sum of Sq
                                   RSS
                         0.0147 13.687 -2516.8
## - I(hgt_new^2)
                   1
## - age_new:Smoke
                         0.0369 13.709 -2515.7
                   1
## <none>
                                13.672 -2515.5
## - Sex
                    1
                         0.1587 13.831 -2510.0
## - hgt new
                    1
                        11.9183 25.590 -2107.5
## Step: AIC=-2516.8
## log(FEV) ~ age new + Sex + Smoke + hgt new + age new:Smoke
##
                   Df Sum of Sq
                                   RSS
                                           AIC
## - age_new:Smoke 1 0.0396 13.726 -2516.9
## <none>
                                13.687 -2516.8
```

```
## - Sex
                         0.1446 13.832 -2511.9
## - hgt_new
                        12.0771 25.764 -2105.1
                    1
##
## Step: AIC=-2516.91
## log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new
##
             Df Sum of Sq
##
                             RSS
                                     ATC
## <none>
                          13.726 -2516.9
## - Smoke
                   0.1025 13.829 -2514.1
## - Sex
                   0.1317 13.858 -2512.7
              1
## - age_new 1
                   1.0323 14.759 -2471.5
## - hgt new 1
                 13.7401 27.467 -2065.3
summary(bw)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(FEV) ~ age new + Sex + Smoke + hgt new, data = data)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    30
                                            Max
## -0.63443 -0.08644 0.01167 0.09492 0.40904
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.905221
                           0.008657 104.571 < 2e-16 ***
                0.823228
                           0.117836
                                      6.986 7.01e-12 ***
## age new
## Sex1
                0.029236
                           0.011716
                                      2.496
                                              0.0128 *
## Smoke1
               -0.046015
                           0.020905
                                    -2.201
                                              0.0281 *
## hgt_new
                2.907738
                          0.114082 25.488 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1454 on 649 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8106, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8095
## F-statistic: 694.6 on 4 and 649 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

From the summary, the final model that I will pick is  $log(FEV) = 0.905221 + 0.823228 * age_new + 0.029236 * Sex - 0.046015 * Smoke + 2.907738 * hgt_new. We can interpret the model as follows: If age_new increases by 1 unit, with all variables being constant, FEV increases by <math>(0.069084 * 100)$  percent. If hgt\_new increases by 1 unit, with all variables being constant, FEV increases by (0.0244012 \* 100) percent. With this fitted model, the estimated mean FEV for Sex = 1 (ie male) is (0.029236 \* 100) percent more than for Sex = 0 (ie female) With this fitted model, the estimated mean FEV for Smoke = 1 (ie current smoker) is (0.046015 \* 100) percent more than for Smoke = 0 (ie current non-smoker)

```
model6 <- lm(formula = log(FEV) ~ age_new + Sex + Smoke + hgt_new, data = data)</pre>
anova(model6)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: log(FEV)
##
             Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                            Pr(>F)
## age_new
              1 43.192 43.192 2042.151 < 2.2e-16 ***
                                 74.158 < 2.2e-16 ***
                        1.568
## Sex
              1 1.568
                                 12.365 0.0004679 ***
## Smoke
              1 0.262
                        0.262
## hgt_new
              1 13.740 13.740 649.647 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Residuals 649 13.726
                        0.021
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```