#### CPSC 2150 Project 4 Report

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#### **Requirements Analysis**

#### **Functional Requirements:**

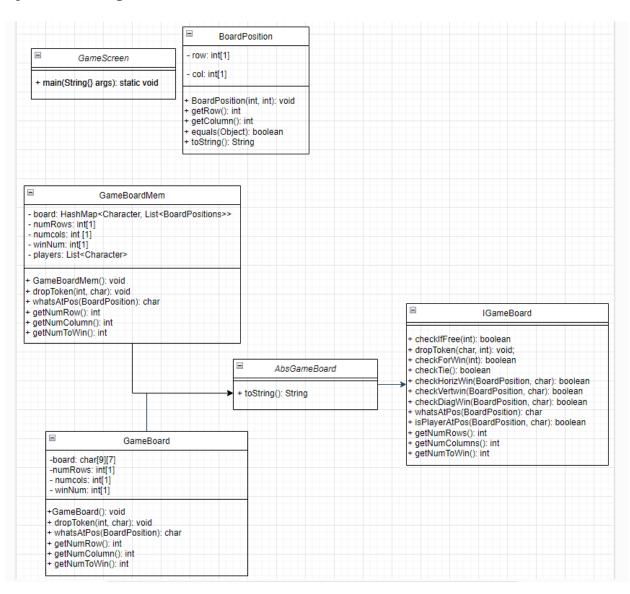
- 1. As a player, I need the game to let me know if I picked a nonexistent or full column and allow me to try again.
- 2. As a player, I need the tokens to drop to the most bottom available row after they select their column to imitate how gravity affects the game in the real world.
- 3. As a player, I need to alternate turns on the board between the players because the point of the game is to alternate turns and see who can win.
- 4. As a player, I need each slot to have its own "space" so that tokens can interact with each other
- 5. As a player, I need blank characters to represent each empty slot in the board so the space can be recognized as unoccupied.
- 6. As a player, I need a function that runs after every turn to see if a winner can be declared due to however many vertical tokens in a row I chose
- 7. As a player, I need a function that runs after every turn to see if a winner can be declared due to however many horizontal tokens in a row I chose
- 8. As a player, I need a function that runs after every turn to see if a winner can be declared due to however many diagonal tokens in a row I chose
- 9. As a player, I need each column to be checked so I can't place a token in a full column.
- 10. As a player, I need a message that the game is a draw if the board completely fills up and there are no more available spaces.
- 11. As a player, I need the columns labeled so that I know which column is which while I am playing the game.
- 12. As a player, I need a way to input or select the column I want to put the marker/token on the board so that I can place my token where i want it.
- 13. As a player, I need an option after the game ends to play again, so I do not need to restart the program every time I want to play again.
- 14. As a player, I should be able to clearly see the board so i can track the place/location of game pieces within the game.
- 15. As a player, it needs to be a simple board, so the game is accessible to all ages.
- 16. As a player, I need to know when the column is full, in case I accidentally try to place a marker in a full column.

- 17. As a player, I need the game to say who won before a new round starts so we can confirm the score.
- 18. As a player i need to be able to choose how many rows on the board so the board can be built for me to play on
- 19. As a player i need to be able to choose how many columns on the board so the board can be built for me to play on
- 20. As a player i need to be able to choose how many tokens in a row on the board win so the board can be built for me to play on
- 21. As a player i need to be able to choose how many people are playing so that I can include everyone.

#### **Non-Functional Requirements**

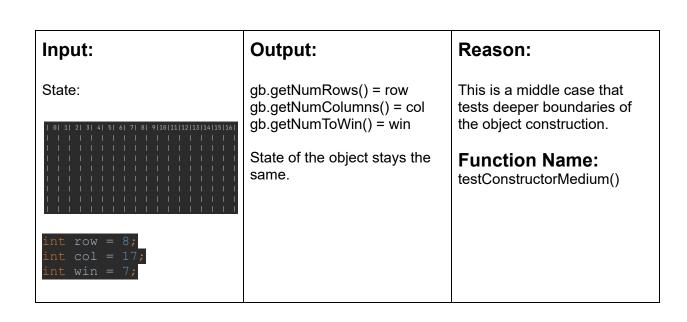
- 1. There needs to be a board that is resizable from 100 x 100 to 3 x 3 using lines to give the player a visual of the game board.
- 2. The numToWin must be resizable from 3 to 25
- 3. The game must always begin with player 1 going first.
- 4. There should be messages that pop up indicating which player's turn it is or if they need to redo their turn for playing an illegal move to help guide the game more directly.
- 5. The code must be in java.
- 6. The program must run on unix.
- 7. The boards bottom left corner should always begin at 0,0 to not create problems and keep uniformity.

#### **System Design**

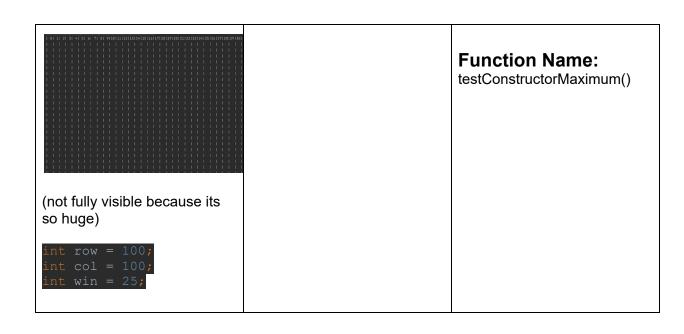


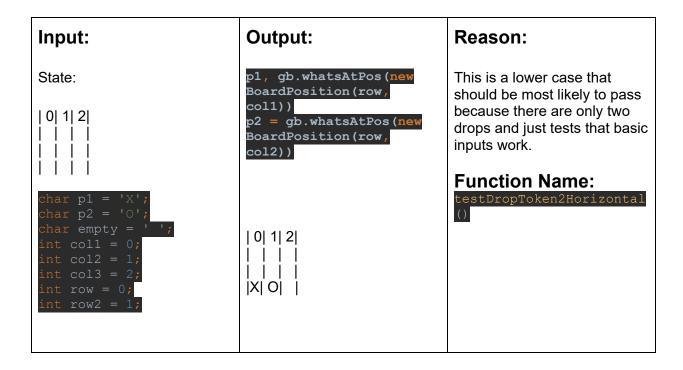
#### **Testing**

Input:	Output:	Reason:
State:   0  1  2	gb.getNumRows() = 3 gb.getNumColumns() = 3 gb.getNumToWin() = 3 State of the object stays the same.	This is the most simple constructor test with minimum values, just to make sure the process of creating the object works.
small = 3		Function Name: testConstructorMinimum()



Input:	Output:	Reason:
State:	gb.getNumRows() = row gb.getNumColumns() = col gb.getNumToWin() = win State of the object stays the same.	This is a boundary case, because it tests the creation of the biggest possible board allowed by the program, making sure it is capable of reaching its limit.





## State: Output: P1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new BoardPosition(row, BoardPosition(row, so making sure it does this

```
col1))
                                                        correctly.
| 0| 1| 2|
                            p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                                                        Function Name:
                            BoardPosition(row,
                                                         testDropToken2InAColumn(
                            co12))
                            p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
                            BoardPosition(row2,
                            col1))
nt row = 0;
                            0 1 2
 nt row2 = 1;
                            |X| | |
                            |X| O|
```

```
Input:
                                                          Reason:
                             Output:
                             p1 = qb.whatsAtPos(new
                                                          This tests to make sure a
                             BoardPosition(row, col_{1})
                                                          whole row can get filled with
State:
                            p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>ne</mark>w
                                                          no conflict producing from
                            BoardPosition(row,
                                                          running out of columns
                            co12))
0 1 2
                                                          unoccupied.
                            p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new)
                            BoardPosition(row2,
                             co13))
                                                          Function Name:
                                                          testDropTokenFillRow()
                            0 1 2
                             I I I I
                            |X| |X| |X|
nt row2 = 1
```

# Input: State: Output: p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new BoardPosition(row1, col1)) p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new BoardPosition(row2, being able to reach the top. Reason: This tests full verticals reaching the top of a column and not having any issues being able to reach the top.

```
Input:
                             Output:
                                                           Reason:
                             p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
                                                           This is the hardest test case
                             BoardPosition(row1,
                                                           as it tests the ability of the
State:
                             col1))
                                                           program place into every
                             p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
                                                           single position possible on
0 1 2
                             BoardPosition(row2,
                                                           the board with more than 2
                             col1))
I I I I
                                                           characters also.
                             p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                             BoardPosition(row3,
                             col1))
                                                           Function Name:
                             p2 = qb.whatsAtPos(new
                                                           testDropTokenFillBoard()
                             BoardPosition(row1,
                             co12))
                             p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
                             BoardPosition(row2,
                             co12))
                             p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                             BoardPosition(row3,
                             co12))
                             p3 = qb.whatsAtPos(new
                             BoardPosition(row1,
                             co13))
                             p3 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                             BoardPosition(row2,
                             co13))
                             p3 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
                             BoardPosition(row3,
                             co13))
                             | 0| 1| 2|
                             IXI OIA I
                             IXIO | AI
                             |X| O| A|
```

## 

#### **Output:**

p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark> BoardPosition(0, col))

State of object stays the same.

#### Reason:

This is the simplest case, all it has is 1 position where it drops a token and it makes sure the function is able to find that its there.

#### **Function Name:**

testWhatsAtPosSingleToke n()

## 

#### **Output:**

p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,
col1))
p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,
col2))

State of object stays the same.

#### Reason:

Slightly harder case check two distinct characters at different locations making sure both were placed.

#### **Function Name:**

testWhatsAtPosMultipleTo kens()

#### Input:

State:

| 0| 1| 2|

#### Output:

p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,
col1))
p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,

#### Reason:

Very similar to the last test, but tests boundary cases a bit better with far left and right column, also making sure the center is empty to test all cases.

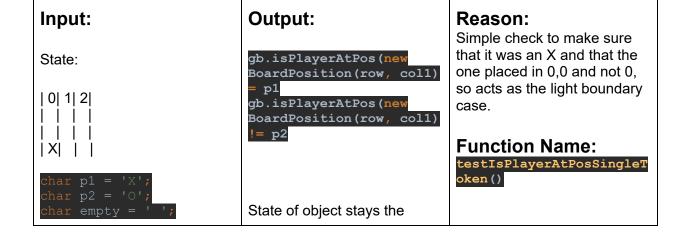
```
col3))
empty =
gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,
col2))

State of object stays the
same.

col3))
empty =
gb.whatsAtPos(new
BoardPosition(row,
col2))

Function Name:
testWhatsAtPosEmptySpace
BetweenTokens()
```

```
Input:
                                                          Reason:
                             Output:
                                                          This is basically the same as
                                                          the second one fro whats at
                             p1 = gb.whatsAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
State:
                                                          pos, but checks other spaces
                             BoardPosition(row,
                                                          around the board better.
                             col1))
| 0| 1| 2|
                             p2 = gb.whatsAtPos(new
1 1 1 1
                             BoardPosition(row,
| | | | |
                             co12))
IX IOI I
                              gb.whatsAtPos(new
                                                          Function Name:
                             BoardPosition(row,
                                                          testWhatsAtPosEmptySpace
                             co13))
                                                          AfterTokens()
                             State of object stays the
                             same.
```



```
int col1 = 0;
int col2 = 1;
int col3 = 2;
int row = 0;
same.
```

```
State:
                              Output:
                                                            Reason:
                                                            This one is making sure the
0 1 2
                                                            player is not at an empty
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                                                            space this time instead of
| | | | |
                              BoardPosition(row, col1)
                                                            being another character.
                              = p1
| \ | \ | \ |
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
| X| | |
                              BoardPosition(col3,
                                                            Function Name:
                              Lrow) != p1
                                                            testIsPlayerAtPosEmptySp
                                                            ace()
                              State of object stays the
int Lrow =
                              same.
gb.getNumRows() -
```

```
Input:
                             Output:
                                                           Reason:
                                                           This function makes sure that
                                                           multiple positions are working
State:
                             gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                                                           and it accurately reads at all of
                             BoardPosition(row, col1)
                                                           these different cases.
| 0| 1| 2|
                             gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
I I I I
                             BoardPosition(row, col2)
                                                           Function Name:
| | |
                                                           testIsPlayerAtPosMultipl
| X|O|
                             qb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                                                           ePlayers()
                             BoardPosition(row, col1)
                              != p2
                             State of object stays the
                             same.
```

```
int Lrow =
gb.getNumRows() - 1;
```

```
Input:
                            Output:
                                                        Reason:
                                                        This one is very similar to the
                                                        last one but checks more
State:
                            gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                                                        boundary cases to make sure
                            BoardPosition(row, col1)
                                                        they are empty.
0 1 2
                            gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
I I I I
                            BoardPosition(row, col2)
                                                        Function Name:
testIsPlayerAtPosOverlap
| X|O| |
                            gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                                                        pingPositions()
                            BoardPosition(row2,
                            col2) != p1
char empty = '
                            State of object stays the
                            same.
int Lrow =
gb.getNumRows() - 1;
```

```
Input:
                              Output:
                                                            Reason:
                                                            This one is also very similar, but
                                                            uses more assert falses to make
State:
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                                                            sure its able to correctly
                              BoardPosition(row, col1)
                                                            distinguish the character
                              = p1
0 1 2
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
\cup
                              BoardPosition(row, col2)
                                                            Function Name:
testIsPlayerAtPosNonOver
lappingPositions()
IXIOI
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(new
                              BoardPosition(row2,
                              col1) != p2
                              gb.isPlayerAtPos(<mark>new</mark>
                              BoardPosition(row2,
                              col2) != p1
```

<pre>int Lrow = gb.getNumRows() - 1;</pre>	State of object stays the same.	
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Input: State:  Initial empty board	Output: assertTrue(gb.checkIf Free(col)): Expected to be true for any column (col), as the board is empty.	Reason: The test is checking if the method correctly identifies that all cols are free on an empty board. *Note*: since the board is empty, all columns should be free. Function Name: testCheckIfFreeEmpty Board
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	Input: State:					
	Χ					
•						

#### Output: assertTrue(gb.checkl fFree(col)):

Expected to be true for columns other than the one where the token was dropped (col).

**Reason:** The test checks if the method correctly identifies that a column is free if it's not the column where a token has been dropped.

#### **Function Name:**

testCheckIfFreeColum
nPartiallyFull

Input: State:	Output: assertFa IfFree(co		
			is not free.
Х			assertTru
Х			Free(col2
X			free.

#### Output: assertFalse(gb.check IfFree(col1)): Column 0

assertTrue(gb.checklf Free(col2)): Column 1 is free.

#### Reason:

The test checks if the method correctly identifies that a column is not free if it is full.

#### **Function Name:**

testCheckIfFreeColum nFull

Inp State	ut: e:			
Χ	Χ	Χ		
Х	Χ	Х		
Χ	Χ	Χ		

#### Output: assertFalse(gb.check IfFree(col1)): Column 0

is not free.

assertFalse(gb.check
IfFree(col2)): Column 1

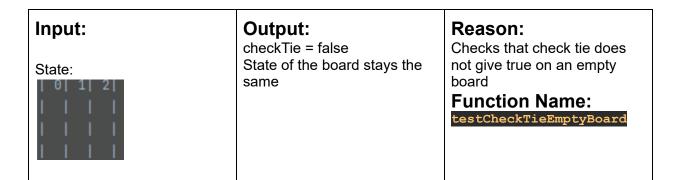
is not free.

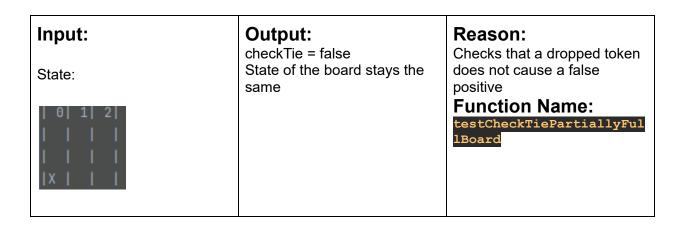
#### Reason:

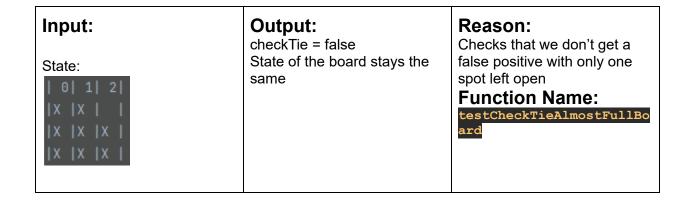
The test checks if the method correctly identifies that all cols are not free when the entire board is full.

#### **Function Name:**

x x x x a assertFalse(gb.check IfFree(col3)): Column 2 is not free.	testCheckIfFreeBoard Full
---	---------------------------







State:



#### **Output:**

checkTie = true State of the board stays the same

#### Reason:

Checks that the function recognizes a full board as a tie

#### **Function Name:**

testCheckTieFullBoard

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkHorizWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if the function works from the left to the right

#### **Function Name:**

testHorizontalWinLeftToR ight

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkHorizWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if the function works from the right to the left

#### **Function Name:**

testHorizontalWinRightTo Left

State:



#### **Output:**

checkHorizWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

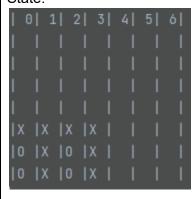
Checks from the middle position

#### **Function Name:**

testHorizontalWinMiddle

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkHorizWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

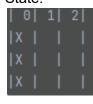
Checks bigger board and number to win

#### **Function Name:**

testHorizontalWinMedium

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkVertWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks from top position to bottom position

#### **Function Name:**

testVerticalWinBottomToT



#### **Output:**

checkVertWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks from top position to bottom position

#### **Function Name:**

testVerticalWinTopToBott om

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkVertWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

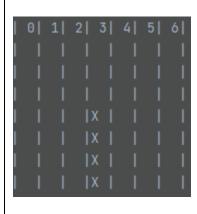
Checks from middle position

#### **Function Name:**

testVerticalWinFromMiddl

#### Input:

State:



#### **Output:**

checkVertWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

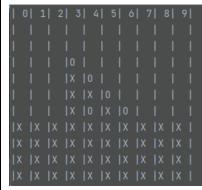
#### Reason:

Checks with bigger board and win size

#### **Function Name:**

testVerticalWinDifferent WinSize

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

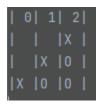
Checks with a board that has had multiple inputs in all columns

#### **Function Name:**

testDiagonalWinMedium1

#### Input:

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if function works from lower left to upper right

#### **Function Name:**

testDiagonalWinBottomLef tToUpperRight

#### Input:

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if the function works from the upper right to the lower left

#### **Function Name:**

testDiagonalWinUpperRigh tToBottomLeft

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if function works from lower Right to upper left

#### **Function Name:**

testDiagonalWinlowerRigh tToUpperLeft

#### Input:

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = true

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

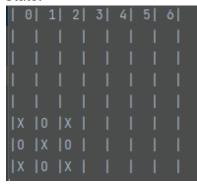
Checks if it works from upperLeft to LowerRight

#### Function Name:

testDiagonalWinUpperLeft ToLowerRight

#### Input:

State:



#### OutPut:

checkDiagWin = false

State of the board is unchanged

#### Reason:

Checks if we get a false positive when it is one token away from a win

#### **Function Name:**

testDiagonalWinFalse

Input:	OutPut: checkDiagWin = true	Reason: Checks with a bigger board
State:    0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9	State of the board is unchanged	and a bigger win num and check against the right side of the board  Function Name: testDiagonalWinMedium2