LSTM Without Google Trend and Financial Indicators

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[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import datetime
     import pytz #function of time region
     import statsmodels.api as sm # Unit root test
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     import matplotlib.dates as mdate
     from keras.layers import Dropout
     from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA #ARIMA model
     from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf
     from datetime import datetime
     from pmdarima.arima import auto arima
     from math import sqrt
     from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
[3]: bitcoin = pd.read_csv(r"E:\PhD study\ELEG5491 Introduction to Deep_
     →Learning\bitcoin\datasets\bitcoin1dimtrain.csv")
     training set1=bitcoin.values
                                             #converting to 2d array
     training_set1
[3]: array([[ 382.845],
            [ 386.475],
            [ 383.158],
            [7152.302],
            [6932.48],
            [6640.515]])
[4]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
     sc = MinMaxScaler()
                                                    #scaling using normalisation
     training_set1 = sc.fit_transform(training_set1)
     xtrain=training_set1[0:1884]
                                                   #input values of rows_

□ [0-2694]

     ytrain=training_set1[1:1885]
```

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[5]: today=pd.DataFrame(xtrain)
                                   #assigning the values of xtrain to_
    \hookrightarrow today
   tomorrow=pd.DataFrame(ytrain)
                                   #assigning the values of xtrain to
    \hookrightarrow tomorrow
   ex= pd.concat([today,tomorrow],axis=1)
                                     #concat two columns
   ex.columns=(['today','tomorrow'])
   xtrain = np.reshape(xtrain, (1884, 1, 1))
[6]: from keras.models import Sequential
   from keras.layers import Dense
   from keras.layers import LSTM
[7]: regressor=Sequential()
                                                            ш
    →#initialize the RNN
   regressor.add(LSTM(units=4,activation='sigmoid',input_shape=(None,1)))
   regressor.add(Dropout(0.01))
                           #adding input layerand the LSTM layer
   regressor.add(Dense(units=1))
                                                            Ш
    →#adding output layers
   regressor.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mean_squared_error')
                                                            ш
    \rightarrow#compiling the RNN
   regressor.fit(xtrain,ytrain,batch_size=25,epochs=30)
   Epoch 1/30
   76/76 [============= ] - 0s 682us/step - loss: 0.0843
   Epoch 2/30
   76/76 [============= ] - 0s 656us/step - loss: 0.0427
   Epoch 3/30
   Epoch 4/30
   76/76 [============ ] - 0s 696us/step - loss: 0.0327
   Epoch 5/30
   Epoch 6/30
   Epoch 7/30
   76/76 [============ ] - Os 630us/step - loss: 0.0285
   Epoch 8/30
   Epoch 9/30
   76/76 [============= ] - Os 656us/step - loss: 0.0254
   Epoch 10/30
   76/76 [============= ] - 0s 669us/step - loss: 0.0244
   Epoch 11/30
   Epoch 12/30
   76/76 [============== ] - 0s 669us/step - loss: 0.0212
   Epoch 13/30
```

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76/76 [============= ] - 0s 720us/step - loss: 0.0195
  Epoch 14/30
  76/76 [=========== ] - Os 709us/step - loss: 0.0188
  Epoch 15/30
  76/76 [============ ] - 0s 643us/step - loss: 0.0171
  Epoch 16/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 643us/step - loss: 0.0153
  Epoch 17/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 653us/step - loss: 0.0145
  Epoch 18/30
  Epoch 19/30
  Epoch 20/30
  Epoch 21/30
  Epoch 22/30
  Epoch 23/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 709us/step - loss: 0.0078
  Epoch 24/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 643us/step - loss: 0.0068
  Epoch 25/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 682us/step - loss: 0.0063
  Epoch 26/30
  Epoch 27/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 630us/step - loss: 0.0068
  Epoch 28/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 617us/step - loss: 0.0041
  Epoch 29/30
  Epoch 30/30
  76/76 [============= ] - 0s 643us/step - loss: 0.0059
[7]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x1e42fd10fd0>
[9]: #Get the test set
   test_set = pd.read_csv(r"E:\PhD study\ELEG5491 Introduction to Deep_
   →Learning\bitcoin\datasets\bitcoin1dimtest.csv")
   test_set.head()
[9]:
      Close
  0 7276.803
```

1 7202.844 2 7218.816

```
3 7191.159
4 7511.589
```

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[13]: #Get the prediction result
inputs = test_set.values  #converting to 2D array
inputs = sc.fit_transform(inputs)
inputs = np.reshape(inputs, (471, 1, 1))
predicted_price = regressor.predict(inputs)
predicted_price = sc.inverse_transform(predicted_price)
testScore = sqrt(mean_squared_error(predicted_price, test_set))
print('Test Score: %.2f RMSE' % (testScore))
```

Test Score: 3094.80 RMSE

[]: