实验一: 典型连续时间信号描述及运算

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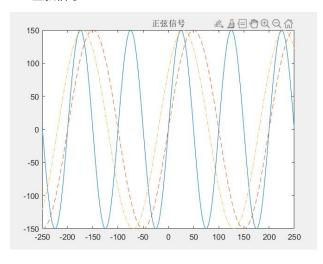
1 报告要求

- 1. 典型连续时间信号波形绘制:正弦信号、衰减正弦信号、钟型信号
- 2. 奇异信号波形绘制: 符号函数、阶跃信号、单位冲激信号
- 3. 利用信号运算,完成6个小题
- 4. 按照实验要求,求解如下信号的直流/交流分量并显示在同一图中

2 实验过程

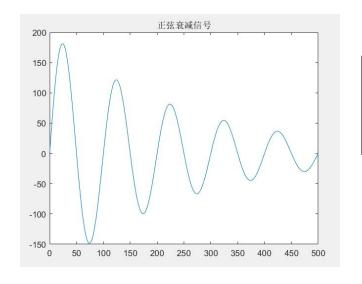
2.1 时间信号波形绘制

<1>正弦信号



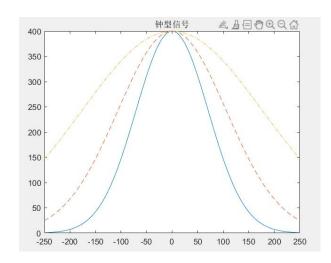
```
t = -250:1:250;
f1 = 150.0 * sin(2.0*pi*t./100+0);
f2 = 150.0 * sin(2.0*pi*t./200+0);
f3 = 150.0 * sin(2.0*pi*t./200+pi/5.0);
plot(t,f1,'-',t,f2,'--',t,f3,'-.');
title('正弦信号')
```

<2> 衰减正弦信号



```
t = 0:1:500;
f = 200.0 * sin(2.0*pi*t/100.00).*exp(-1*t/250.0);
plot(t,f);
title('正弦衰减信号')
```

<3> 钟型信号



```
t = -250:1:250;

f1 = 400.0 * exp(-1*t.^2/100.0^2);

f2 = 400.0 * exp(-1*t.^2/150.0^2);

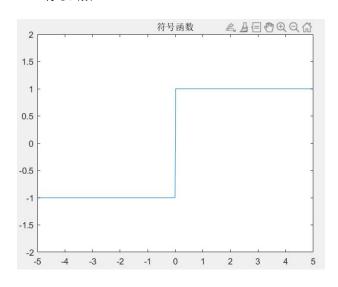
f3 = 400.0 * exp(-1*t.^2/250.0^2);

plot(t,f1,'-',t,f2,'--',t,f3,'-.');

title('钟型信号')
```

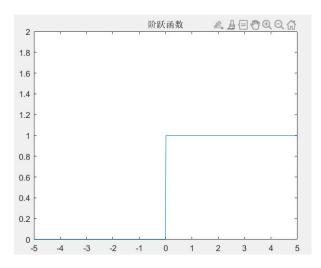
2.2 奇异信号波形绘制:

<1> 符号函数



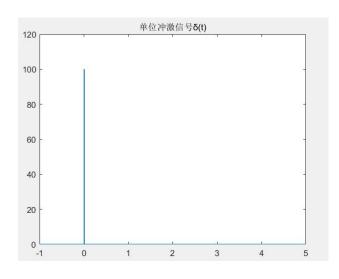
```
t = -5:0.01:5;
f = sign(t);
plot(t,f);
ylim([-2,2])
title('符号函数')
```

<2> 阶跃函数



```
t= -5:0.01:5;
f = 1/2 + 1/2 * sign(t);
plot(t,f)
ylim([0,2])
title('阶跃函数')
```

<3>单位脉冲信号

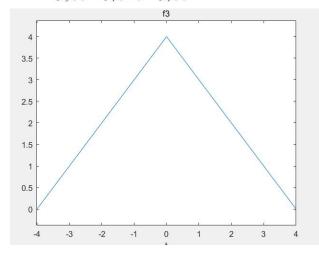


```
% 引用函数
y = first_func1(-1,5,0);
```

```
function y = first_func1(t1,t2,t0) % 文件名
和函数名相同
dt = 0.01;
t = t1:dt:t2;
n = length(t);
x = zeros(1,n);
x(1,(-t0-t1)/dt+1) = 1/dt; % 定位+赋值
y = stairs(t,x);
axis([t1,t2,0,1.2/dt]);
title('单位脉冲信号');
```

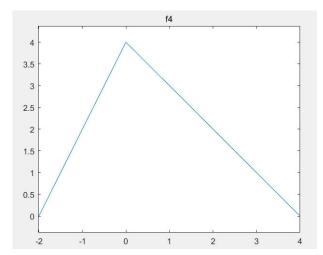
2.3 信号运算

$$<1> f_3(t) = f_1(-t) + f_1(t)$$



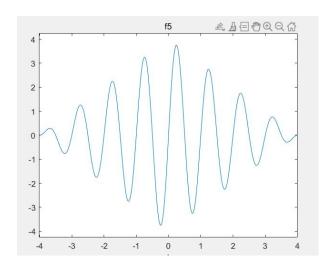
```
syms t
f1 =
str2sym('(-t+4)*(heaviside(t)-heavis
ide(t-4))');
y1 = subs(f1,-t);
f3 = f1+y1;
ezplot(f3)
```

$$f_4(t) = -[f_1(-2t) + f_1(t)]$$



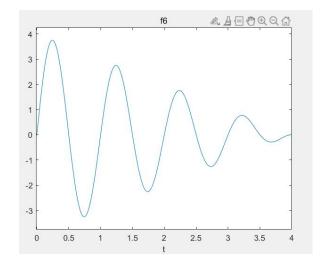
```
syms t
f1 =
str2sym('(-t+4)*(heaviside(t)-heavi
side(t-4))');
f2 = subs(f1,-2*t);
f4 = f2+f1;
ezplot(f4)
```

$$f_{5}(t) = f_{2}(t) \times f_{3}(t)$$



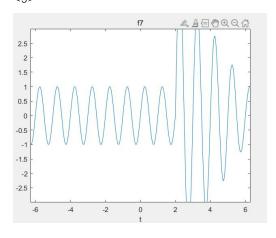
```
syms t
f1 =
str2sym('(-t+4)*(heaviside(t)-he
aviside(t-4))');
y1 = subs(f1,-t);
f3 = f1+y1;
f2 = str2sym('sin(2*pi*t)');
f5 = f2*f3;
ezplot(f5)
title('f5')
```

```
f_{6}(t) = f_{1}(t) \times f_{2}(t)
```



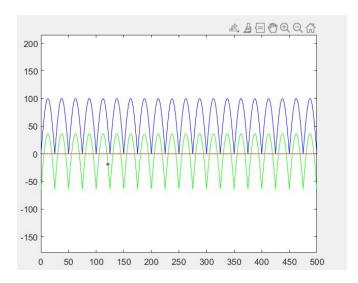
```
syms t
f1 =
str2sym('(-t+4)*(heaviside(t
)-heaviside(t-4))');
f2 = str2sym('sin(2*pi*t)');
f6 = f2*f1;
ezplot(f6);
title('f6')
```

```
f_7(t) = f_6(t-2) + f_2(t)
```



```
syms t
f1 =
str2sym('(-t+4)*(heaviside(t)
-heaviside(t-4))');
f2 = str2sym('sin(2*pi*t)');
f6 = f2*f1;
f7 = subs(f6,t-2)+f2;
ezplot(f7);
title('f7')
```

2.4 绘制信号直流/交流分量并显示在同一张图



```
t = 0:0.1:500;
f1 = 100 * abs(sin(2*pi*t./50));
f2 = fDC(f1);
n = length(t);
f2_new = zeros(1,n);
f3 = fAC(f1,f2);
plot(t,f1,'b',t,f2_new,'r',t,f
3,'g');
axis equal;
```

```
function fA = fAC(f,fD)
fA = f-fD;
```

```
function fD = fDC(f)
fD = mean(f);
```