

FIT5171 Applied Session 4 and 5

Blackbox Testing

Week 4–5, 2024

Please do try the questions before coming to the tutorial. Your active participation is the most important!

1. In Lecture 4 we discussed Boundary Value Testing (BVT) and the (minimum) number of test cases for the “normal” (non-robust) version of BVT for n variables ($4n + 1$). In this question, work out a formula for the number of test cases for each of the following cases and briefly explain why.
 - (a) The robust BVT (with additional values $min-$ and $max+$ for each variable).
 - (b) Weak normal equivalence class testing.
 - (c) Weak robust equivalence class testing.

2. In the last lecture we showed a triangle example to demonstrate test case generation for BVT (slide 11). In the example each of the three variables a , b and c is the length of a side from the range $[1, 200]$. Come up with test cases for weak normal equivalence class testing that cover the same expected outputs (isosceles, equilateral, scalene, not a triangle).

3. For the triangle problem above, come up with a decision table for testing.

4. Under the tutorial resources, you will find a pdf document which includes the **NextDate method**, which, given a day, a month, and a year, returns the date of the following day.
 - (a) Complete the decision table on slide 37 for NextDate by filling in the missing conditions and associated actions.

- (b) How many test cases are needed to completely cover the entire decision table?

(c) For the NextDate method, assuming the year variable ranges over [1812, 2016], how many test cases are needed for strong, normal boundary value testing?

(d) Compare and comment on the effort and effectiveness of BVT and decision table testing.