modelbuild.py

```
import librosa
 1
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
 2
 3
    import numpy as np
    from scipy.signal import butter, lfilter
 4
 5
    from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report, confusion matrix,
    mean absolute error
    from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 6
    from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
 7
 8
    from joblib import dump
 9
    from joblib import load
    import seaborn as sns
10
11
    def butter_bandpass(lowcut, highcut, fs, order=5):
12
        nyq = 0.5 * fs
13
        low = lowcut / nyq
14
        high = highcut / nyq
15
16
        b, a = butter(order, [low, high], btype='band')
        return b, a
17
18
    def bandpass_filter(data, lowcut, highcut, fs, order=5):
19
        b, a = butter_bandpass(lowcut, highcut, fs, order=order)
20
        y = lfilter(b, a, data)
21
22
        return y
23
    # Example function to handle non-finite values
24
25
    def handle_non_finite(y):
        if not np.all(np.isfinite(y)):
26
            y = np.nan to num(y) # Replace NaN with 0 and Inf with large finite numbers
27
28
        return y
29
30
    # Load and Preprocess Audio Files
31
    audio paths = ['sounds/1 car 1.WAV', 'sounds/1 car 2.WAV', 'sounds/1 car 3.WAV', 'sounds/1
    car 4.WAV', 'sounds/1 car 5.WAV',
                    'sounds/2 car 1.WAV', 'sounds/2 car 2.WAV', 'sounds/2 car 3.WAV', 'sounds/2
32
    car_4.WAV', 'sounds/2 car_5.WAV',
                    'sounds/3 car 1.WAV', 'sounds/3 car 2.WAV', 'sounds/3 car 3.WAV', 'sounds/3
33
    car_4.WAV', 'sounds/3 car_5.WAV',
                    'sounds/4 car 1.WAV', 'sounds/4 car 2.WAV', 'sounds/4 car 3.WAV', 'sounds/4
34
    car 4.WAV', 'sounds/4 car_5.WAV',
    'sounds/5 car_1.WAV','sounds/5 car_2.WAV', 'sounds/5 car_3.WAV', 'sounds/5 car_4.WAV', 'sounds/5 car_5.WAV', ] # List of your audio files
35
    labels = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5] #
36
    Corresponding labels indicating the number of cars
37
38
    features = []
39
    for audio path, label in zip(audio paths, labels):
        y, sr = librosa.load(audio path, sr=None)
40
        filtered signal = bandpass filter(y, 20.0, 2000.0, sr, order=6)
41
        filtered signal = handle non finite(filtered signal) # Handle non-finite values
42
        mfcc = librosa.feature.mfcc(y=filtered signal, sr=sr, n mfcc=13)
43
44
        mfcc scaled = np.mean(mfcc.T, axis=0)
        features.append(mfcc scaled)
45
46
47
    # Prepare Data and Train the Model
48
    # Convert the list of features to a NumPy array
```

```
49 | X = np.array(features)
50
    y = np.array(labels)
 51
 52 # Split the data
53 X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42)
 54
55
    # Train a Random Forest Classifier
56
    model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100, random state=42)
57
    model.fit(X train, y train)
58
59
    # Save the model
    dump(model, 'car count model.joblib')
60
61
    model = load('car count model.joblib')
62
63
 64
    # Predict on the test set and evaluate
    y pred = model.predict(X test)
65
66
67
    # Calculate and print accuracy
68
    accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}")
69
70
    # Print a classification report
71
72
    print(classification report(y test, y pred))
73
74 # Generate and display a confusion matrix
75
    conf matrix = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
76
    sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='g', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
77
    yticklabels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    plt.xlabel('Predicted labels')
78
79
    plt.ylabel('True labels')
80 plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
81
    plt.show()
82
83
    # List of test audio files
84
    test_audio_paths = ['test_sounds/1 car_t.WAV','test_sounds/2 car_t.WAV',
85
                          'test sounds/3 car t.WAV',
86
                         'test sounds/4 car t.WAV',
87
88
                         'test sounds/5 car t.WAV']
    test labels = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] # Actual number of cars for evaluation, if available
89
90
91
    predictions = []
    # Process each test audio file
92
    for audio path in test audio paths:
93
         y test, sr test = librosa.load(audio path, sr=None)
94
95
         filtered signal test = bandpass filter(y test, 20.0, 2000.0, sr test, order=6)
         mfcc test = librosa.feature.mfcc(y=filtered_signal_test, sr=sr_test, n_mfcc=13)
96
97
         mfcc scaled test = np.mean(mfcc test.T, axis=0).reshape(1, -1) # Reshape for prediction
98
         prediction = model.predict(mfcc scaled test)
         predictions.append(prediction[0])
99
100
101
    # Output predictions for the test dataset
    for pred, actual in zip(predictions, test_labels):
102
103
         print(f"Predicted: {pred}, Actual: {actual}")
```

```
104
     # Calculate the Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for the test dataset
105
     mae test = mean absolute error(test labels, predictions)
106
     print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) on new test set: {mae test:.2f}")
107
108
     # Generate and display a confusion matrix for the new test data
109
110
     test conf matrix = confusion matrix(test labels, predictions)
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
111
112
     sns.heatmap(test conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='g', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
     yticklabels=[1, \overline{2}, 3, \overline{4}, 5])
113
     plt.xlabel('Predicted labels')
     plt.ylabel('True labels')
114
115 plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Test Audio Paths')
116
    plt.show()
117
118
     # List of test audio files (differnt posistion)
119
120 test audio paths = ['test sounds/1 car noise.WAV', 'test sounds/2 car noise.WAV',
121
                          'test sounds/3 car noise.WAV',
                         'test sounds/4 car noise.WAV',
122
                         'test sounds/5 car noise.WAV']
123
    test labels = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] # Actual number of cars for evaluation, if available
124
125
126 predictions = []
     # Process each test audio file
127
128 for audio path in test audio paths:
         y test, sr test = librosa.load(audio path, sr=None)
129
130
         filtered signal test = bandpass filter(y test, 20.0, 2000.0, sr test, order=6)
131
         mfcc test = librosa.feature.mfcc(y=filtered signal test, sr=sr test, n mfcc=13)
         mfcc scaled test = np.mean(mfcc test.T, axis=0).reshape(1, -1) # Reshape for prediction
132
133
         prediction = model.predict(mfcc scaled test)
134
         predictions.append(prediction[0])
135
     # Output predictions for the test dataset
136
137
     for pred, actual in zip(predictions, test labels):
         print(f"Predicted: {pred}, Actual: {actual}")
138
139
     # Calculate the Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for the test dataset
140
141
     mae test = mean absolute error(test labels, predictions)
     print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) on new test set: {mae test:.2f}")
142
143
     # Generate and display a confusion matrix for the new test data
144
     test conf matrix = confusion matrix(test labels, predictions)
145
146
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
     sns.heatmap(test conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='g', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
147
     yticklabels=[1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
148 plt.xlabel('Predicted labels')
149 plt.ylabel('True labels')
150 plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Test Audio Paths')
151 plt.show()
```