

Jinyang Li

DOB: 02/28/1998 **Email:** lijinyang@pku.edu.cn

Research Interests: databases, data analysis, stream processing

Personal Homepage: <https://lijinyang0228.github.io/>

EDUCATION BACKGROUND

Peking University

Beijing, China

Major: Computer Science

09/2016-06/2020

Degree: Bachelor of Science

GPA: 3.619/4.000

Related Courses:

Mathematics: Linear Algebra, Advanced Mathematics, Set Theory and Graph Theory, Probability Theory and Statistics (A), Algebraic Architecture and Combinatorial Mathematics, Game Theory

Computer Science: Practice of Programming in C&C++, Data Structure and Algorithm (A), Introduction to Computer Systems, Algorithm Design and Analysis, Computer Architectures, Operating Systems (A), Introduction to Database Systems, Big Data Management Technology

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCES

Project name: Data Spread

07/2019-Present

Individual Research, instructed by Prof. Kevin Chen-Chuan Chang, UIUC

Objective: Combine spreadsheets with databases to benefit from both

- ✧ Designed a indexing data structure to maintain the mapping from positions of tuples (to represent a tuple in spreadsheets) to rowIDs (to query a tuple in database), which supported queries, updates (insertions, deletions) and order manipulations (reorder, swap, move)
- ✧ The new data structure mainly deals with three challenges: 1) an update causes cascading updates of other tuples; 2) order manipulations need collective updates; and 3) balance performance between queries and updates.
- ✧ The new indexing data structure has achieved shorter average response time and more stable performance than traditional methods (standard array, linked list and Counted-Btree)

Outcome: I am preparing the paper draft and planning to submit it to VLDB in December

Project: Windows Sketches

01/2019-05/2019

Instructed by Prof. Tong Yang, Peking University

Objective: Propose a data structure to estimate the frequency, persistency and recency of all items at the same time in a data stream

- ✧ Key idea was to use counters to record persistency that emphasizes on the number of time windows, and logged the last time window an item appears to avoid duplicates, which also represents recency

Outcome: The final paper is in preparation (second author)

Project: Elastic Cuckoo filter

01/2019-06/2019

Instructed by Prof. Tong Yang, Peking University

Objective: Overcome two shortcomings of the Cuckoo filter to get a full use of memory space

- ✧ Used a hash function to decide the virtual Cuckoo filter for each item, which made the size of a Cuckoo filter flexible without losing its elegance
- ✧ Extended a Cuckoo filter by copying and performing lazy updates: delete redundant copies in a bucket only when it is accessed in an insertion; shrank a Cuckoo filter by moving each fingerprint from bucket i to $i/2$
- ✧ Achieved the same performance as the standard Cuckoo filter but better space usage thanks to its elasticity

Outcome: The paper has been submitted to TPDS (first author)

PUBLICATIONS

- Fast and accurate stream processing by filtering the cold. Tong Yang, Jie Jiang, Yang Zhou, Long He, **Jinyang Li**, Bin Cui, Steve Uhlig, Xiaoming Li. **VLDBJ 2019**.
 - HeavyKeeper: An Accurate Algorithm for Finding Top- k Elephant Flows. Tong Yang, Haowei Zhang, **Jinyang Li**, Junzhi Gong, Steve Uhlig, Xiaoming Li. **IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking 2019**.
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SKILLS

Programming language: C, C++, Java, Python, Go, Verilog, SQL

Computer skill: MapReduce, Hadoop, Hbase, Hive, Pig, ZooKeeper, NoSQL, Spark, GraphX

AWARDS

Peking University awards for excellent research, 2019

Peking University awards for excellent learning, 2017
