

CptS 591: Elements of Network Science

Review & Wrap Up



Goals (what we set out to do...)

Students will be introduced to select

- mathematical and computational methods used to *analyze* networks
- models used to understand and *predict* behavior of networked systems
- theories used to reason about network *dynamics*

And students will apply what they learn by completing a semester project and a set of assignments



Topics we covered

1. Graph theory (one lecture)

Nodes and edges. Paths. Cycles. Connectivity. Components. Distance. BFS.

Material: lecture slides + Chap 2 of Easley-Kleinberg.

2. Basic network properties (two lectures)

Degree distribution. Path lengths and distributions. Clustering coefficient.

Material: lecture notes + slides.

3. Random graphs (two lectures)

Random graphs as a concept. Random variables and expectation.

Graph invariants in random graphs. Phase transition.

Random graphs vs real-world networks.

Material: lecture notes + slides.

4. Spectral analysis (two lectures)

Basic linear algebra review.

Spectrum of three matrices associated with a graph:

the adjacency matrix, the Laplacian and the normalized Laplacian.

The second eigenvalue of the Laplacian and its significance.

Isoperimetry. Spectra of subgraphs and supergraphs.

Material: lecture notes.



Topics we covered

5. Centrality (two lectures)

Elementary common denominator formalization.

Centrality around distances and neighbors. Centrality around shortest paths.

Feedback centrality (Katz Index).

Material: lecture slides + lecture notes.

6. PageRank (one lecture)

Random surfer derivation of PageRank. Markov chains.

Solving the PageRank vector system.

Material: lecture notes.

7. Hubs and Authorities (one lecture)

Hub score, Authority score, and the HITS algorithm.

Material: Chap 14 of Easley-Kleinberg.

8. Signed networks (one lecture)

Structural balance.

Trust and distrust.

Weakly balanced networks.

Balance in general networks.

Material: lecture slides + Chap 5 of Easley-Kleinberg



Topics we covered

9. Community identification (two lectures)

Overview of community detection paradigms and algorithms

Minimum-cut. Edge Betweenness. Modularity maximization (Louvian).

Label propagation.

Overview of methods available in igraph.

Direction-optimizing label propagation (DOLPA) algorithms and applications

Material: lecture slides

10. Similarity between nodes in a graph (one lecture)

Structural equivalence – cosine similarity. Pearson coefficients.

Regular equivalence (Katz similarity).

Material: lecture slides + sec 7.2 of Newman.

11. Similarity between graphs and applications (one lecture)

Graph embeddings.

Factorization-based methods. Random walk approaches. Encoder-decoder architectures.

Graph convolutional based approaches.

Graph similarity with known node correspondence.

Similarity with unknown node correspondence.

Material: lecture slides + ICDM 2014 tutorial



Topics we covered

12. Cascading behaviors (one lecture)

Diffusion in networks. Cascades and clusters.
Thresholds and the role of weak ties. Heterogeneous thresholds.
Collective action and pluralistic ignorance.

Material: lecture slides + Chap 19 of Easley-Kleinberg

13. Influence maximization (one lecture)

Viral marketing.
Independent Cascade Model. Linear Threshold Model.
Maximizing spread of influence under ICM and LTM.
Hill-climbing algorithm. Nemhauser-Wolsey-Fisher theorem. Submodularity.

Material: lecture slides + Kempe-Kleinberg-Tardos KDD03 paper.

14. Epidemics (one lecture)

Branching processes.
The SIR model. The SIS model.
Synchronization. Transient contacts and concurrency. Genetic inheritance.
Analysis of branching and coalescent processes.

Material: lecture slides + Chap 21 of Easley-Kleinberg.



Other lectures incorporated in the semester

- **igraph** (network analysis software)
 - Tutorials (two lectures)
- **Semester project setup discussion**
 - (one lecture)
- **Future of the US power grid**
 - Webinar



Pointers to a couple things we didn't quite cover...

- Power-Laws
 - See the tutorial by Lada Adamic titled Zipf, Power-laws and Pareto:
<http://www.hpl.hp.com/research/idl/papers/ranking/ranking.html>
- Chris Anderson's 2004 Wired-article titled The Long Tail
<https://www.wired.com/2004/10/tail/>
- Small-world phenomenon
 - Milgram's experiment (six degrees of separation)
 - Watts-Strogatz model (Nature, 1998)
 - Kleinberg's decentralized search model
 - Material: Chapter 20 of Easley-Klienberg
- Community detection in networks: A user guide (S. Fortunato and D. Hric, Physics Reports 2016).
<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0370157316302964#s000115>
- Temporal networks
- For a good overview of temporal network mining models and algorithms, visit this KDD 2019 tutorial:
<https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3292500.3332295>



Assignments, Home works and Mid-term

- Assignment 1
 - Basic network analysis (using igraph)
 - * Calculating basic network properties.
 - * Plotting degree distributions.
 - * Plotting pathlength distributions.
- Assignment 2
 - Spectral analysis and centrality (using igraph)
 - * Calculating various centrality measures (degree, PageRank, Authority score, Hub score, betweenness, closeness, eccentricity).
 - * Generating synthetic random graphs (Erdos-Renyi, Barabasi-Albert).
 - * Calculating eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Laplacian. * Plotting eigenvectors.
- Homework 1
 - Graph theory (paper-and-pencil problems; in-class submission)
- Homework 2
 - Quick reflections on the future of the US power grid webinar
- Mid Term (take-home)
 - Network properties, Affiliation networks , Hubs-And-Authorities Algorithm, Spectral Graph Theory



Semester Project

- Reaction Paper
 - Aim: read a couple of research papers on a chosen course topic(s) and provide a 2-3 page systematic critique
- Project
 - Proposal
 - Presentation
 - Scheduled for 4/27, 4/29
 - Final Report
 - In: 5/3 by 11:59pm



Guidelines (details posted on Canvas, please read the guidelines before starting to prepare your report/presentation)

- **Final Report**

- Length: 10 – 20 pages (excluding appendix)
- Content:
 - Abstract
 - Introduction
 - Problem Definition
 - Models/Algorithms/Measures
 - Implementation/Analysis
 - Results and Discussion
 - Related Work
 - Conclusion
 - Bibliography
 - Appendix (code listing + pointer to electronic copy of code)

- **Presentation**

- Length: 8 min talk + 2 min discussion
- Format: flexible
- Remember to provide background and context (for your classmates)



Project presentations schedule

Tuesday, April 27

1. Team 1

Probabilistic synthesis of temporal graphs

2. Team 5

Adversarial social interaction: case study on MMO Eve Online dataset

3. Team 13

Game-theoretic analysis of information campaigns on Twitter networks

4. Team 6

Community detection for product recommendation

5. Team 11

Community detection for analysis of Bitcoin networks

6. Team 8

Information flow analysis on Bitcoin datasets

Thursday, April 29

1. Team 3

Analysis of hospital transfer networks

2. Team 4

Semi-supervised learning using graph signals

3. Team 2

Analysis of subreddits with a view on conflicts and attacks

4. Team 7

Core-Periphery structure analysis of Bitcoin data

5. Team 9

Graph similarity

6. Team 10

Analysis of geographic networks of Covid data

7. Team 12

Improving collaborative filtering recommender system using optimization



Grading reminder...

Final Grade:

- **Project: 50%**
 - Reaction paper: 6%
 - Project proposal: 4%
 - **Presentation: 10%**
 - **Final report: 30%**
- **Assignments: 30%**
 - Assignment 1: 13%
 - Assignment 2: 13%
 - Homework 1: 2%
 - Homework 2: 2%
- **Mid Term: 18%**
- **Class participation: 2%**



Learning outcomes we set out to achieve...

(check each item and see if you would give yourself a nod)

- Explain basic metrics and measures used to characterize networks
- Analyze a network using the various measures and a suitable network analysis software tool
- Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of random graph models
- Understand and apply key algorithms for node ranking, community identification, and network similarity
- Understand and apply models and theories used to reason about cascading behaviors, information diffusion, contagion, decentralized navigation
- Understand and explain the interdisciplinary nature of network science
- Critique research papers in the area
- Apply knowledge gained in the course to carry out a project and write a scientific report



Thanks!

- And good luck with your projects and your presentations and final reports!