

# 新唐无线充电参考方案培训

CX Zhang www.nuvoton.com

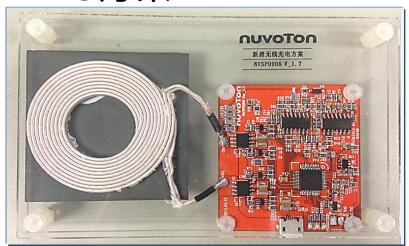
## 内容

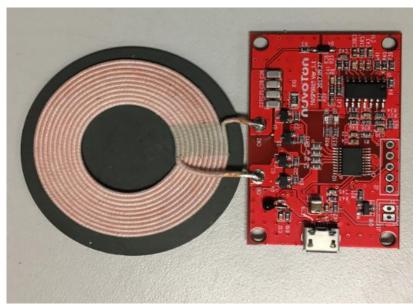
- □ 新唐低功率 5W无线充方案硬件调试讲解
- □ 新唐低功率 5W无线充方案SDK讲解
- □ 新唐中功率 15W无线充方案硬件调试讲解
- □ 新唐中功率 15W无线充方案SDK讲解



## 新唐无线充方案DEMO

## • W5方案

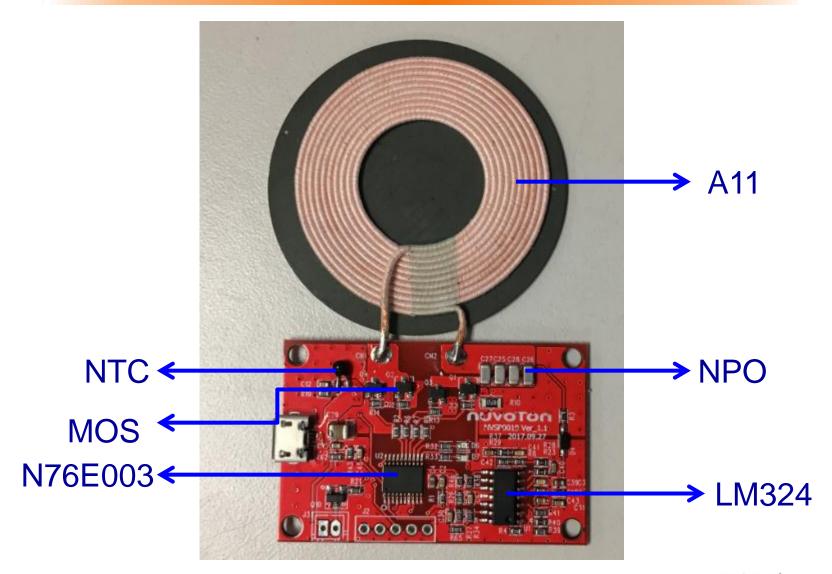




· 15W方案



# 新唐低功率 5W无线充方案DEMO



# 硬件资源

## 系统硬件

• MCU芯片: N76E003

• MCU频率: 16MHz

• RAM空间: 1KBytes

• FLASH: 18KBytes

• I/O: 18PIN

# 实际使用

• RAM空间: 300Bytes

• FLASH: 6KBytes

I/O: 12PIN

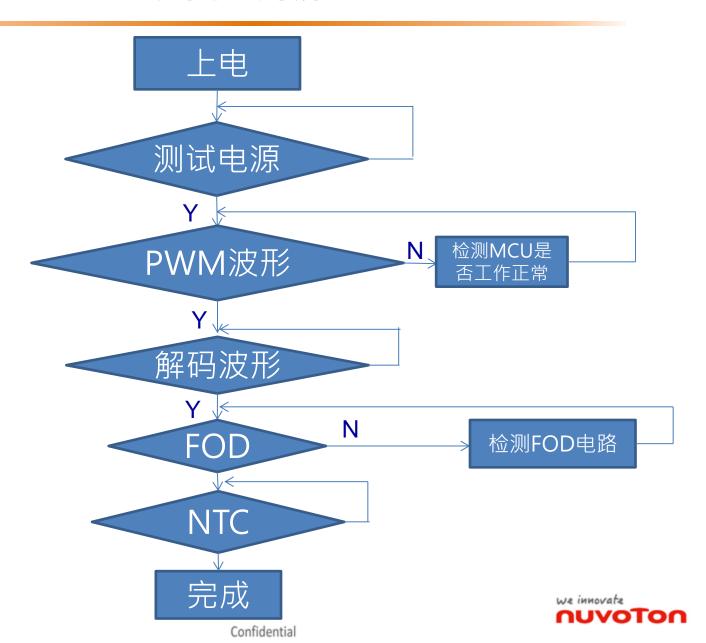
FLASH: 12K

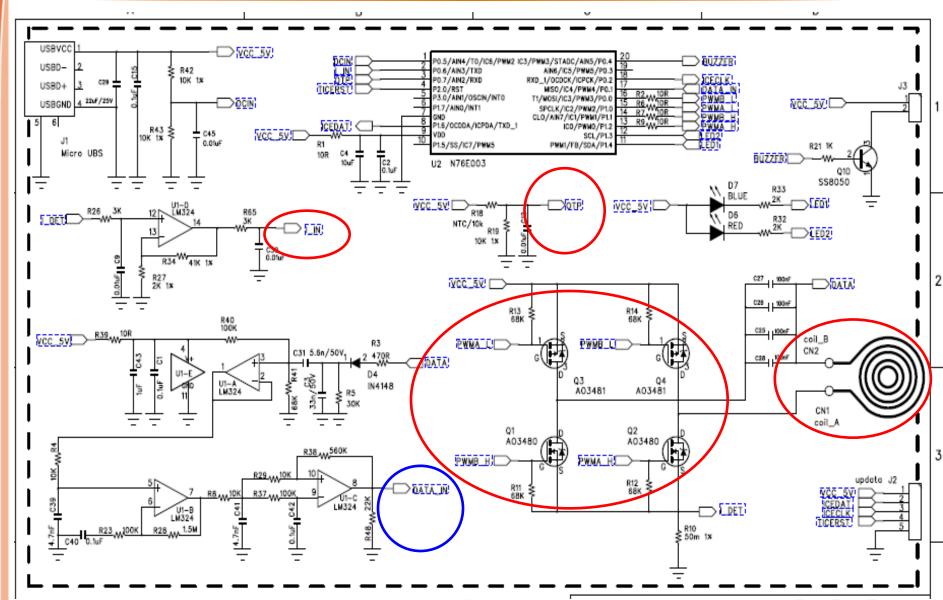
RAM: 724Bytes

I/O: 6PIN

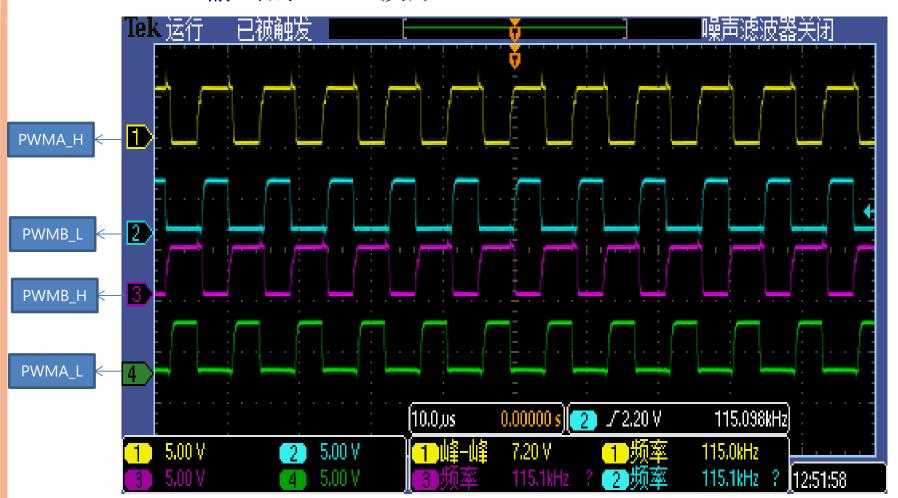


## 硬件检测流程



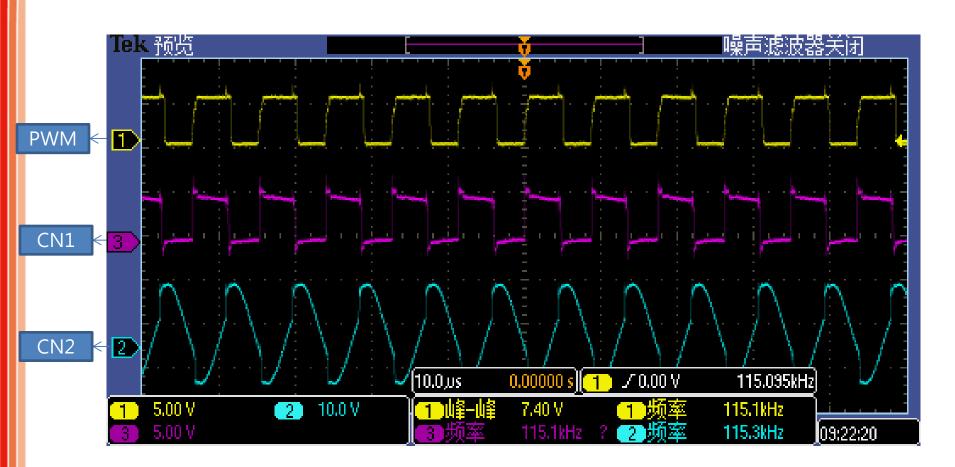


#### ➤ MCU输出的PWM波形



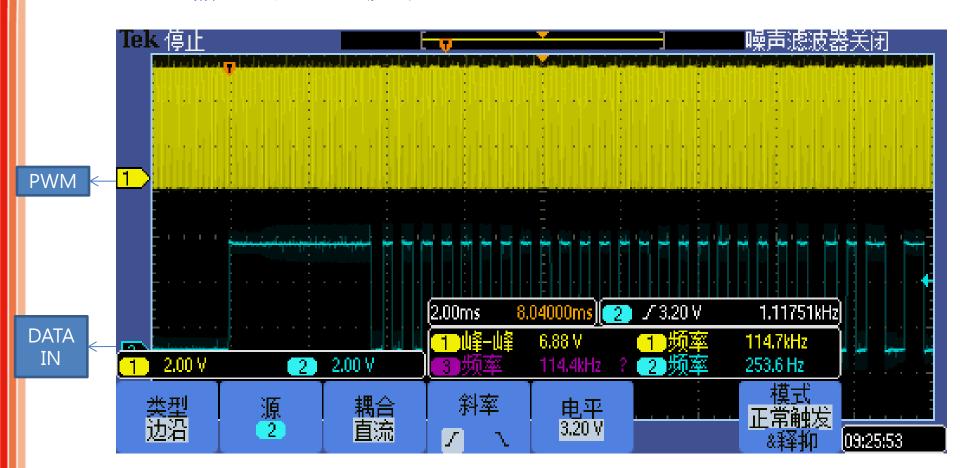


➤ MCU输出的PWM波形&线圈两端的波形



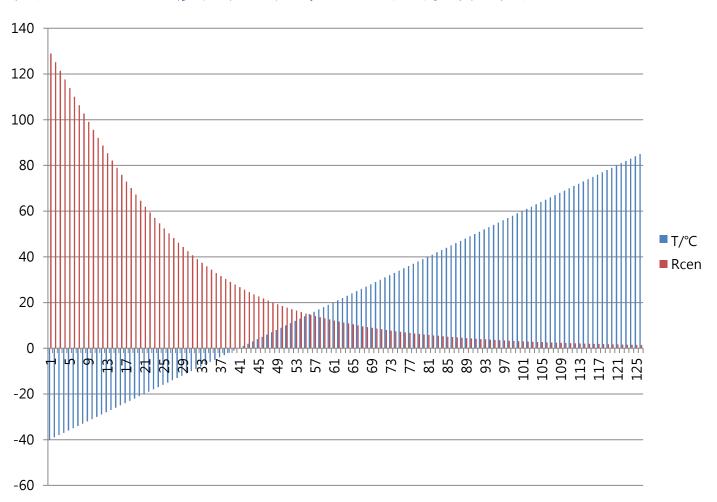


#### ➤ MCU输出的PWM波形&DATA





#### 图4 NTC 温度与电阻值之间的变化图





#### 函数说明

```
Main.c 主函数说明
  void main(void)
   Set_All_GPIO_Quasi_Mode;
   Timer0_Init();
   Timer2Capture_Init();
   WPCQi_Phase = Selection_Phase;
   set_EA; //enable interrupts
       while(1)
             WPC_Qi(); 处理无线充协议的函数
             Display(); 处理充电指示的函数
```

## 显示函数说明

```
void Display(void)
switch(QiPowerChargeState)
  case State_Charge_Standby:
    Led_Standby();
    break:
  case State_Charge_Ping:
    Led_Charge_Off();
    break;
  case State_Charge_On:
    Led_Charge_On();
    break:
  case State_Charge_Full:
    Led_Charge_Full();
    break:
  case State_Charge_FOD:
    Led_Charge_FOD();
    break:
  case State_Charge_OverTemper:
    Led_Charge_OverTermper();
    break;
  default:
    break;
```

- ➤ WPC\_QI\_MAX\_FREQ:提供给线圈PWM信号的最高频率 (205KHz)
- ➤ WPC\_QI\_INIT\_FREQ:提供给线圈PWM信号的初始频率,改变这参数能微调发射端和接收端的通信距离。
- ➤ WPC\_QI\_MIN\_FREQ:提供给线圈PWM信号的最低频率 (110KHz)
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_OTP\_V: 无线充发射端板子的热敏电阻电压的保护值,达到这个值后停止PWM输出即停止充电(3.845V保护)

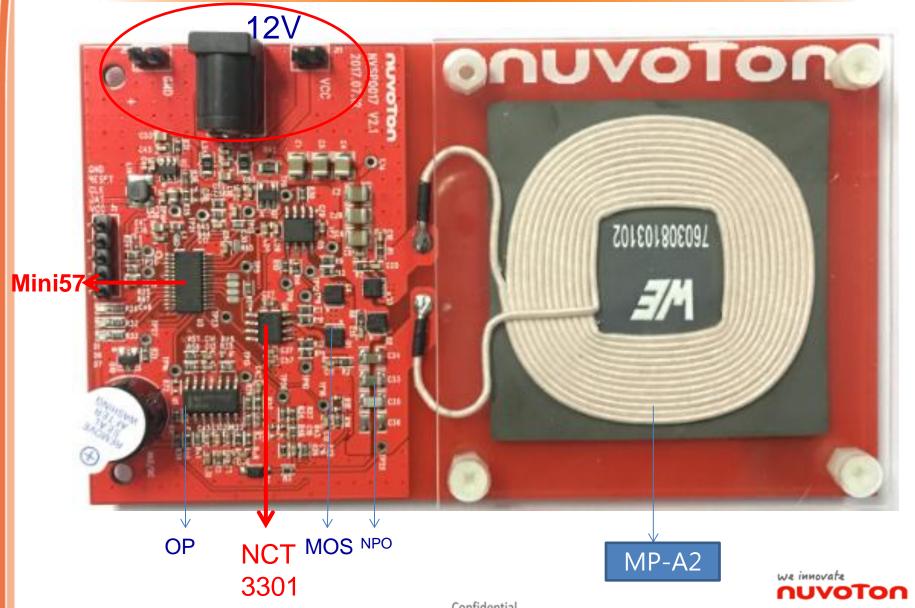


#### FOD参数

- ➤ TX\_POWER\_A:无线充发射端传输功率系数A值。调整此 参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_B:无线充发射端传输功率系数B值。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_P\_LOSS: 无线充发射端传输功率值减去无线充接收端返回过来的接收功率值若大于 TX\_POWER\_P\_LOSS值,则判定充电过程中检测到异物。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_P\_LOSS 设置越小越灵敏



## 新唐中功率 15W无线充方案DEMO



# 硬件资源

## 系统硬件

• MCU芯片: MINI57

• 频率: 48MHz

• RAM空间: 4KBytes

• FLASH: 29.5KBytes

• I/O: 22PIN

## 实际使用

• RAM空间: 1.5KBytes

• FLASH: 15KBytes

I/O: 14PIN

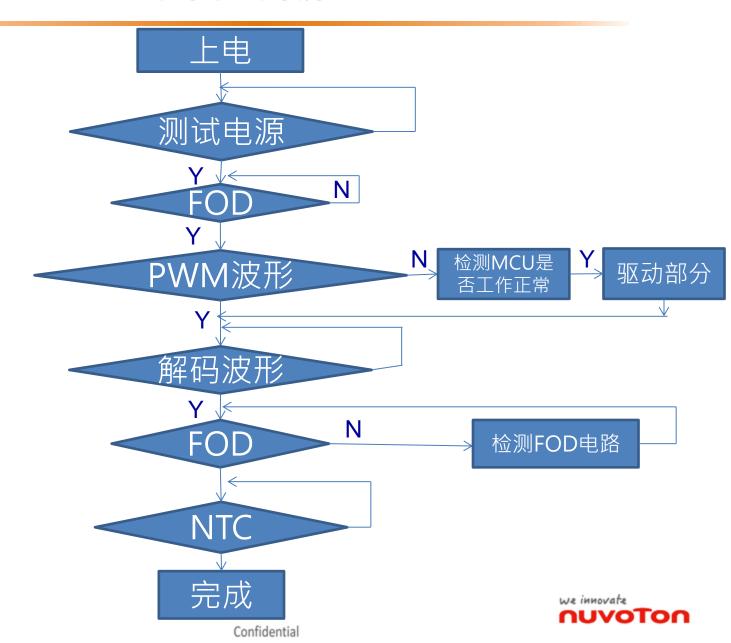
■ RAM: 2.5K

FLASH: 14.5K

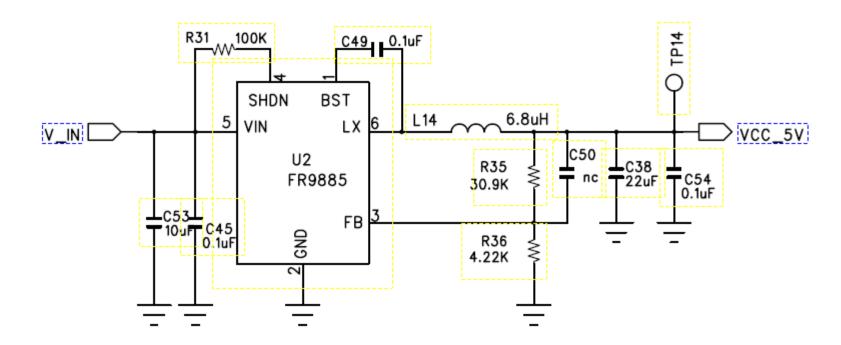
I/O: 8PIN



## 硬件检测流程



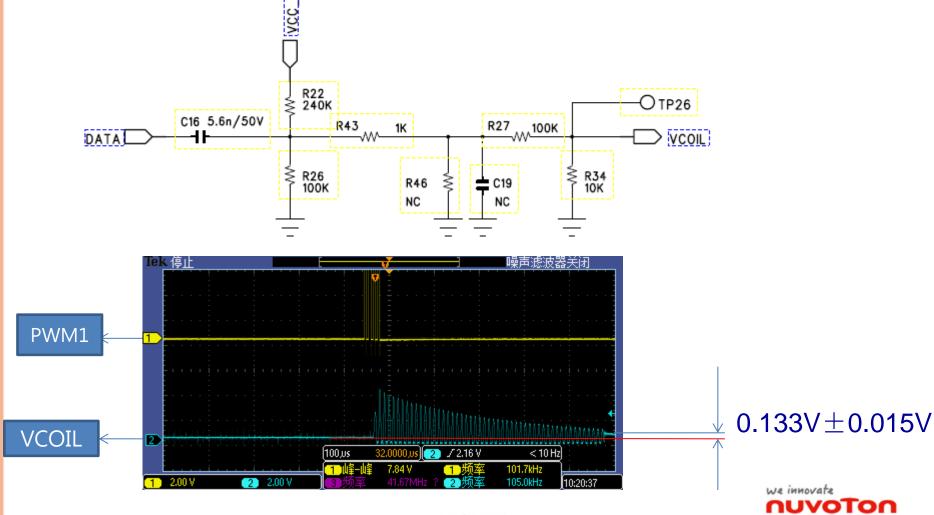
#### ➤ DC-DC 12转5V



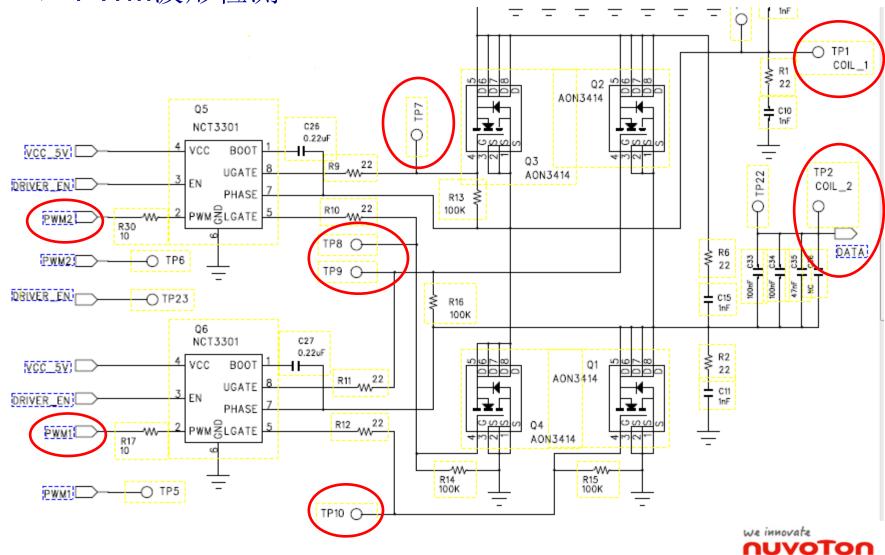


# Q值检测原理图

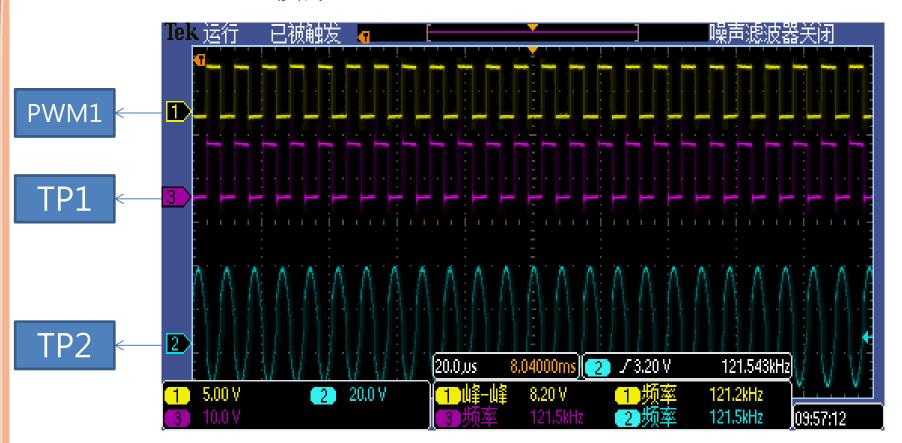
#### ➤ Q值检测



#### ➤ PWM波形检测



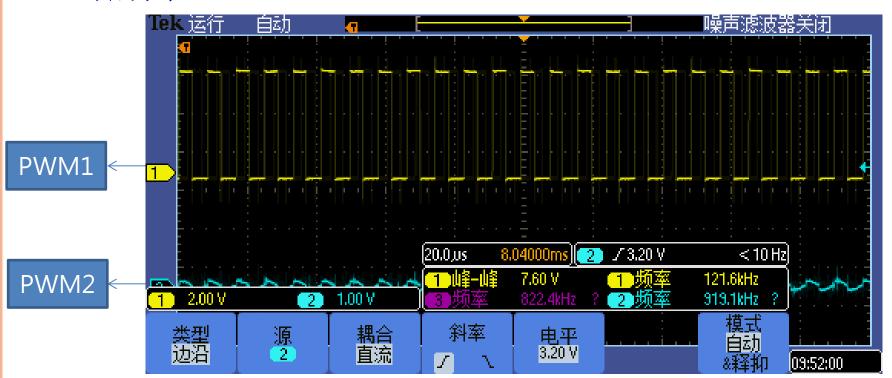
#### ➤ PWM&COIL波形





## PWM波形图

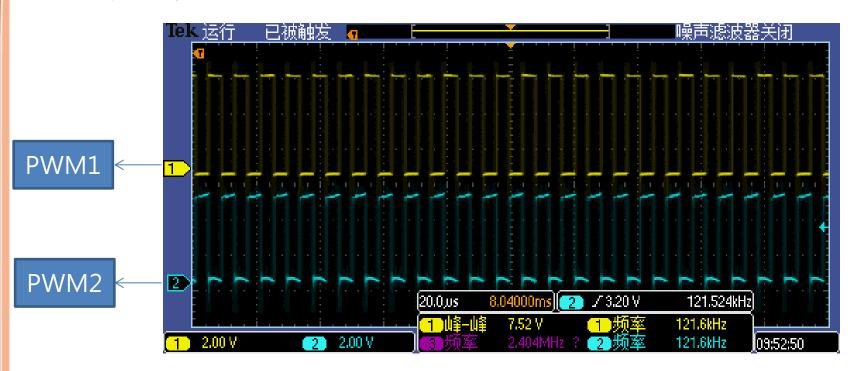
#### ➤ 低功率5W





## PWM波形图

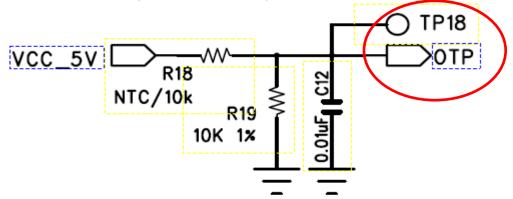
#### ▶ 中功率15W

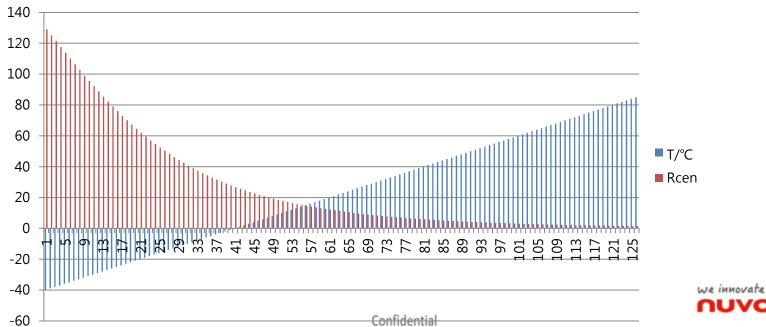




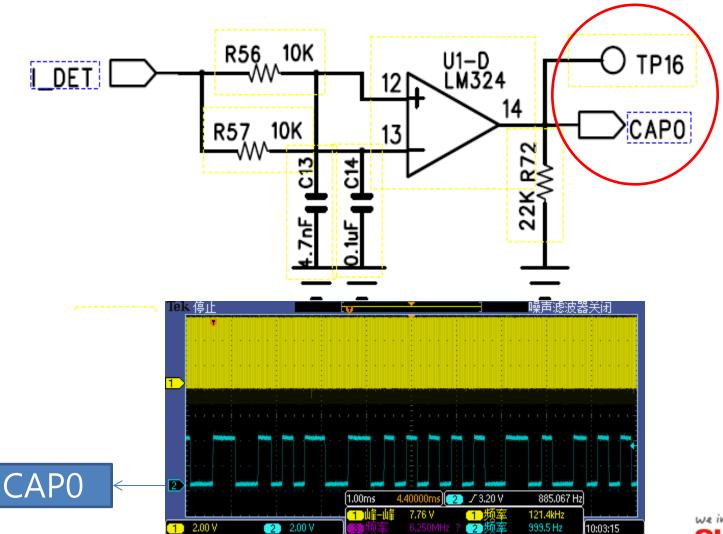
#### > 温度保护检测

Over temperature protection





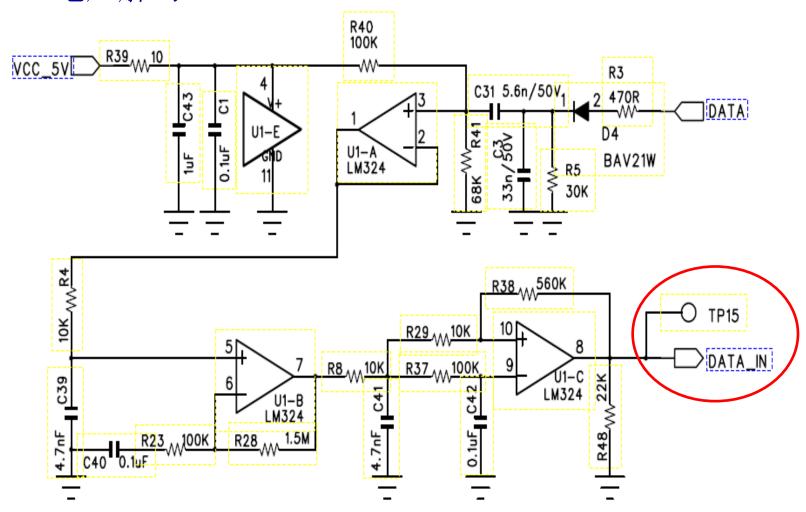
#### ▶ 电流解码





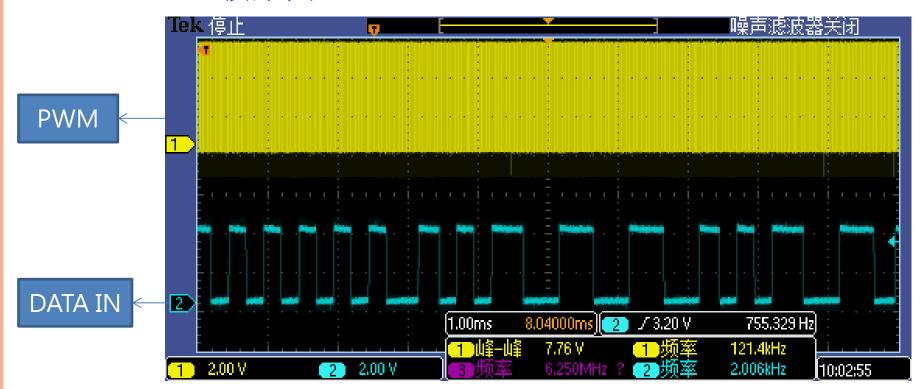
Confidential

#### > 电压解码



## DATA IN波形图

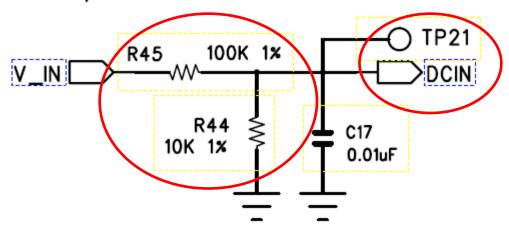
#### ➤ DATA IN 波形图





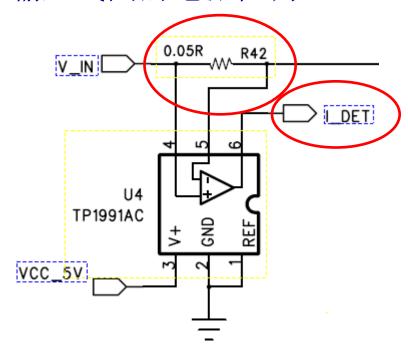
### ▶ 输入电压检测

#### DC input detect





> 输入线圈的电流检测



#### 函数说明

## Main.c 主函数说明 int main(void) Clock\_Init(); Gpio\_Init(); Gpio\_Interrupt\_Init(); Pwm01\_Init(); ADC\_Init(); Timer0\_Init(); SysTick\_Init(); WPCQi\_Phase = Selection\_Phase; while(1) WPC\_Qi(); Display();

## 显示函数说明

```
void Display(void)
switch(QiPowerChargeState)
  case State_Charge_Standy:
    Led_Standby();
    break:
  case State_Charge_Ping:
    Led_Charge_Off();
    break;
  case State_Charge_On:
    Led_Charge_On();
    break:
  case State_Charge_Full:
    Led_Charge_Full();
    break:
  case State_Charge_FOD:
    Led_Charge_FOD();
    break:
  case State_Charge_OverTemper:
    Led_Charge_OverTermper();
    break;
  default:
    break;
```

- ➤ WPC\_QI\_INIT\_FREQ:提供给线圈PWM信号的初始频率,改变这参数能微调发射端和接收端的通信距离(120KHz)。
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_OTP\_V: 无线充发射端板子的热敏电阻电压的保护值,达到这个值后停止PWM输出即停止充电(3.845V)



#### FOD参数

- ➤ TX\_POWER\_5W\_A:5W模式无线充发射端传输功率系数A 值。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_5W\_B: 5W模式无线充发射端传输功率系数B 值。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_5W\_P\_LOSS: 5W模式无线充发射端传输功率 值减去无线充接收端返回过来的接收功率值若大于 TX\_POWER\_5W\_P\_LOSS值,则判定充电过程中检测到异物。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度。
- ▶TX\_POWER\_P\_LOSS 设置越小越灵敏



- ➤ TX\_POWER\_15W\_A:15W模式无线充发射端传输功率系数A 值。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_15W\_B: 15W模式无线充发射端传输功率系数B 值。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度
- ➤ TX\_POWER\_15W\_P\_LOSS: 15W模式无线充发射端传输功率值减去无线充接收端返回过来的接收功率值若大于TX\_POWER\_15W\_P\_LOSS值,则判定充电过程中检测到异物。调整此参数值即可调整检测异物的灵敏度



# 谢谢

