Observer Pattern

Context:

An object (the *Subject*) is the source of interesting events. Other objects (*Observers*) want to know when an event occurs.

Solution:

- (1) Subject provides a method for Observers to register themselves as interested in the event.
- (2) Subject calls a known method (*notify*) of each Observer when event occurs.

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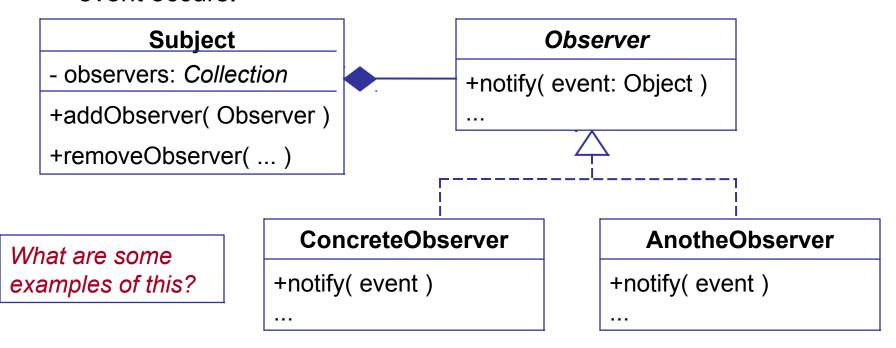
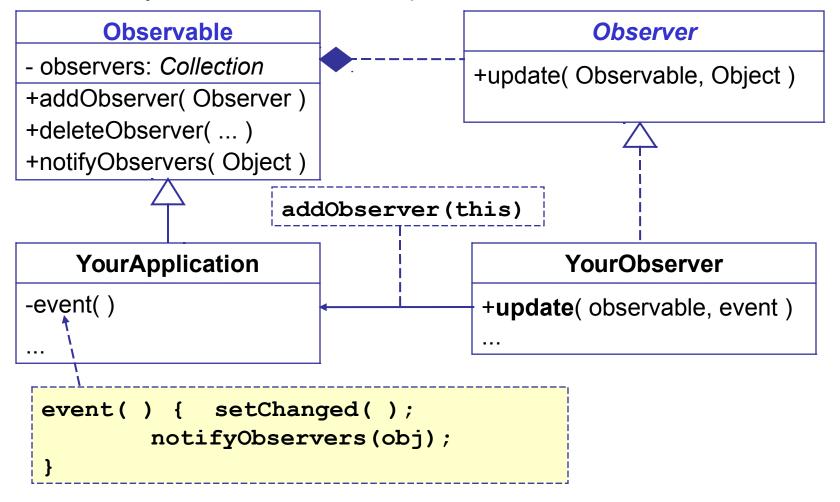


Table for Identifying a Pattern

Name In Pattern	Name in Application: this is for a JButton
Subject	JButton
Observer	ActionListener
Concrete Observer	a class that implements ActionListener
addObserver(Observer)	addActionListener()
notify(Event) [in the observer]	actionPerformed(ActionEvent)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Observer Pattern in Java

Java provides an **Observable** class and **Observer** interface that make it *easy* to use the Observer pattern..



Using the Observable class

(1) Declare that your class extends Observable

```
public class MySubject extends Observable
   Object myinfo;
                  (2) When an event occurs, invoke
                   setChanged() and notifyObservers()
  /** An event the observers want to know about */
  public void event() {
  doSomeWork();
  // now notify the observers
  setChanged( );
  notifyObservers( ); // can include a parameter
```

Writing an Observer

(3) Declare that observers *implement* the Observer interface.

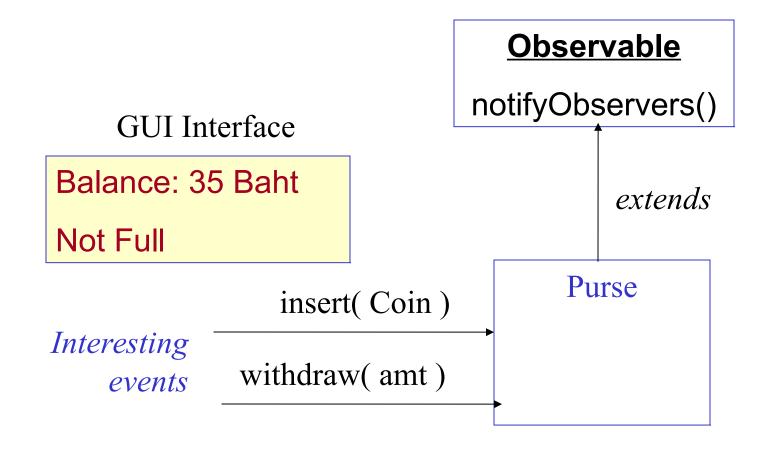
```
public class MyObserver implements Observer {
  /* This method receives notification from the
   * subject (Observable) when something happens
   * @param message is value of parameter sent
      by subject in notifyObservers. May be null.
   */
  public void update (Observable subject,
              Object message ) {
    info = ((MySubject) subject) .getInfo();
                      (4) update takes action using
                      notification from the Subject.
```

Connecting Observer to Subject

Call addObserver() to add Observers to the subject. You can have many Observers.

```
public static void main(String [] args) {
  Observable subject = new MySubject();
 MyObserver observer = new MyObserver();
  subject.addObserver( observer );
  subject.run();
```

Example for Coin Purse



C# Delegates as Observers

- □ Delegate is a type in the C# type system.
- □ It describes a group of functions with same parameters.
- Delegate can act as a collection for observers.

```
/** define a delegate that accepts a string **/
public delegate void WriteTo( string msg );
```

```
/** create some delegates **/
WriteTo observers = new WriteTo( out.WriteLine );
observers += new WriteTo( button.setText );
observers += new WriteTo( textarea.append );
/** call all the observers at once! **/
observers("Wake Up!");
```