3) AB (A:[-2:0:-1]; F(4;1:5)) B(K[0;0;3]; ~(12;+1;+2); ~2(0;7;1)) $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 15 \\ 2 & 12 \\ 0 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ dina (Wir in) = 3 =7 /13/10 34) q(A[2101]; 7(1;3; -1) o(x[1;0;1];7=(1,3;-1); (3;-3) (13-1) ~ (13 ~1) ~ dim(272)= (23-3) ~ (0-3-1) ~ 2=74110 Zichin, rola Ac V: X-17+y-2=XA (1:0:0) (12 1) (13 0) (33 0) (0-11) (0-6 0)} SPOR =7 A & B => 9 ng = 8 36) N(A(1)(1); 2(-7; k; -2)) S: X+2y-2-10=0 N=(1;2i-1) SIIN 67 2 L REDER - 7=-7+26+2 Nest b=-2: 5/12 NEST HERS =7 Q + 2-2-10=0 C=7 a = 10 7 dyr d= - 2 1a=10 : n=8 14dya b: - 1 n n x 10; MS= \$

38)s: x = 3+1-k2 = -1+2k 2x + 2 = 6+1 S: 2x-y+2-1=0 NT= (2i-7i8) 0: x= 3+0-4N y = 6 + 2p - 3p x = 7 + 5pZNAy = 0+00-5/ 0-2x-y+2-1=0 m=m=7 | 1/2 Evidente S = 0 34) p: = (7; li) = (2;4;-1)~(-a;-4;1) Pla ← n=k· m ← a=-1 1 k=-4 b) Klyristove a e R-513 v f e R-5-43 c) Staro = 70= m2, m= 0+th-1= 7 a= 1-4 h (=7 (N, b) 6 [[k; 1-4 R] | RORS 40) a) ~= (2,-1;1); ~=(1;1;3); ~=(3;2;-4 (2 1 3) ~ (1 1 3) ~ (1 1 3) =7 din (1 1 1 2) = 34) roving pour podore

rungbeine. S|| $N = -\frac{1}{2}$ | $N = -\frac{1}{2}$ | (797) ~ (192) =7 din (il il il) = 2 4-12) ~ (192) =7 din (il il il) = 2 52 leiny v roune = 2 prinsienie you romoberne Briseik 2 1 12 2000 - 1 = P = 0 - 1000