

$$I, S$$

$$P(\overline{I \rightarrow I_s}, k)$$

$$P(S \rightarrow S_I, k)$$

$$P(\text{Infected in the } k \text{ turn}) = (1 - P_{SI})^{k-1} P_{SI} (1 - P_{IR})^k$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_Q &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (1 - P_{SI})^{k-1} P_{SI} (1 - P_{IR})^k \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} [(1 - P_{SI})(1 - P_{IR})]^{k-1} \frac{P_{SI}}{(1 - P_{IR})} \\ &= \frac{P_{SI}}{(1 - P_{IR})} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} [(1 - P_{SI})(1 - P_{IR})]^{k-1} \\ &= \frac{P_{SI}}{(1 - P_{IR})} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} [(1 - P_{SI})(1 - P_{IR})]^k \\ &= \frac{P_{SI}}{(1 - P_{IR})} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - (1 - P_{SI})(1 - P_{IR})} \\ &= \frac{P_{SI}}{(1 - P_{IR})} \cdot \frac{1}{P_{SI} + P_{IR} - P_{SI}P_{IR}} \end{aligned}$$