

DUE: OCTOBER 30TH

LAB 4: ATTACK LAB

CONTENTS

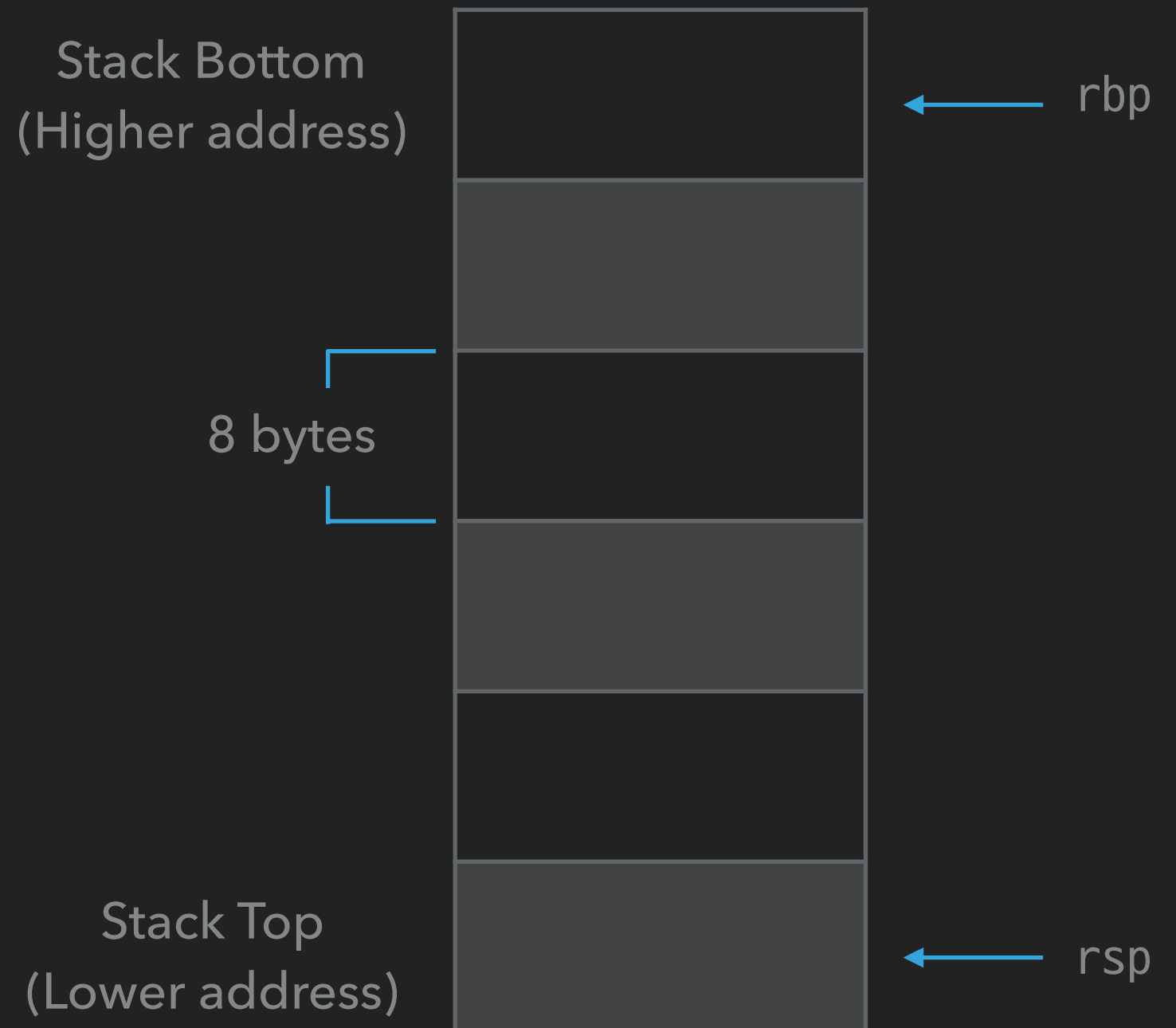
- ▶ Objective
- ▶ Stack
- ▶ Buffer Overflow
- ▶ Return Oriented Programming
- ▶ Tips

OBJECTIVE

- ▶ Attack the binary!
- ▶ Total 5 levels to attack
 - ▶ Buffer Overflow - 3 levels (./ctarget)
 - ▶ Return Oriented Programming - 2 levels (./rtarget)

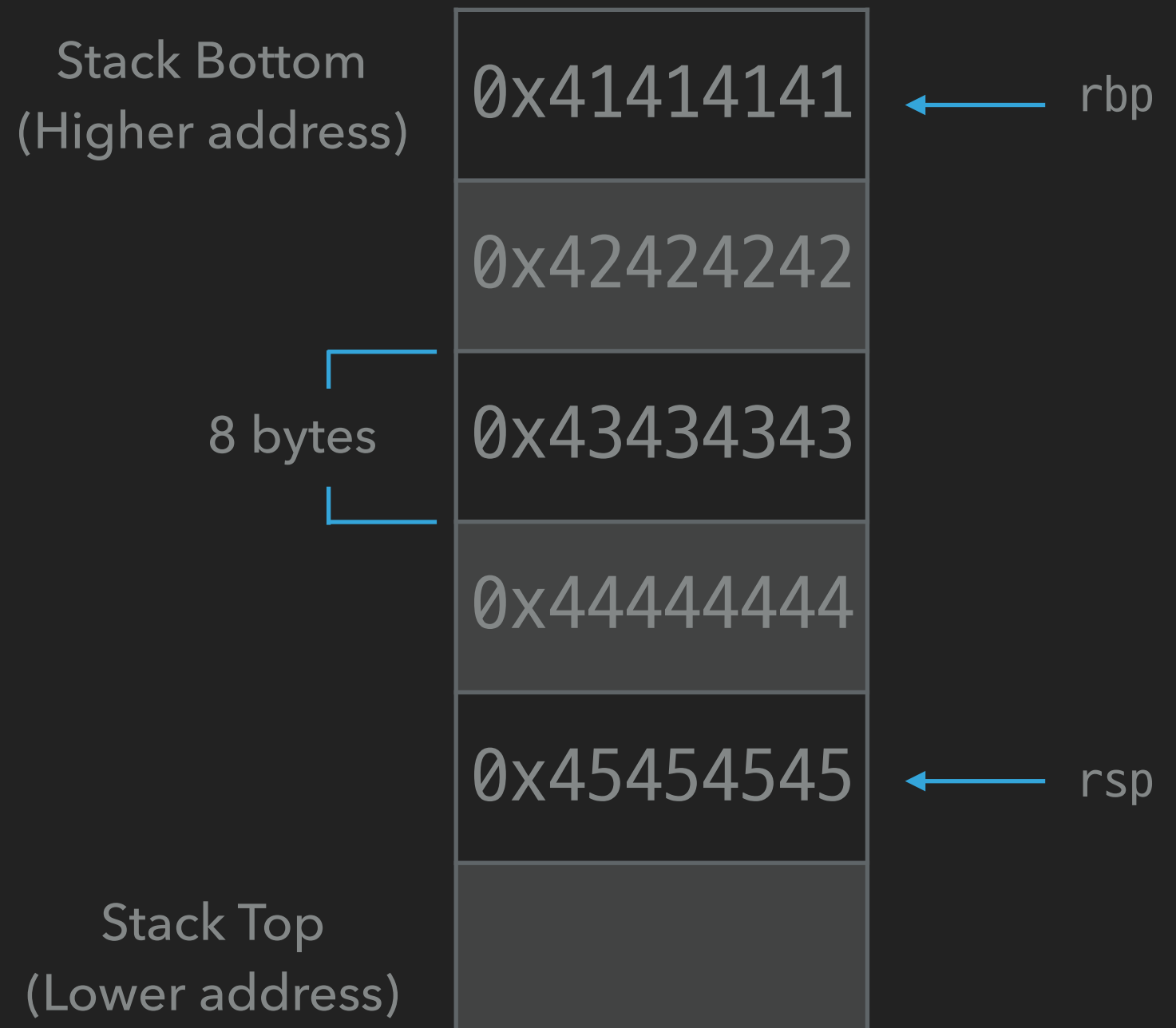
STACK

- ▶ Last-in-first-out (LIFO) area in memory that stores data
- ▶ Grows from higher to lower address



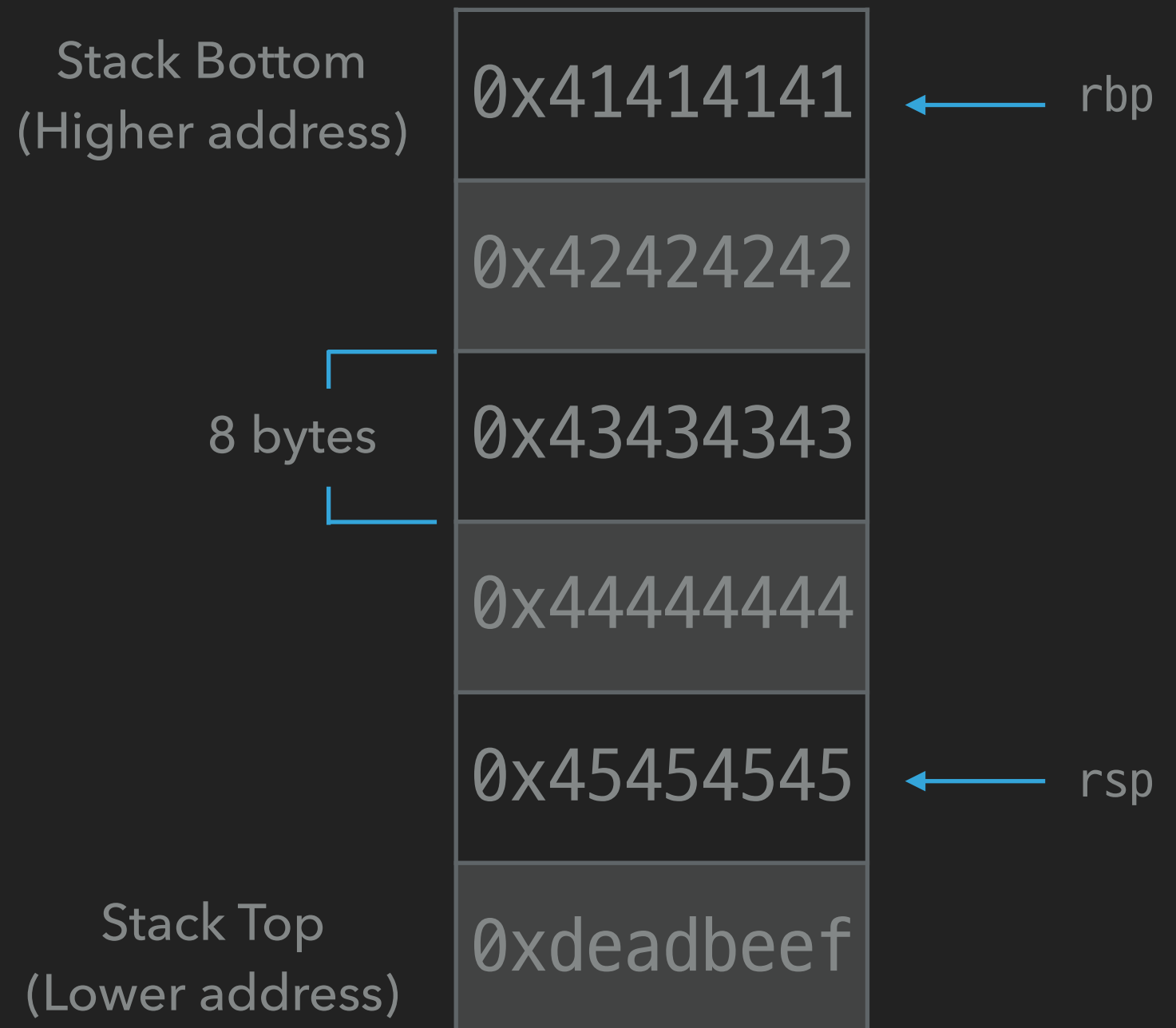
STACK

- ▶ `pushq src`
 - ▶ Store data from `src` to top of the stack
 - ▶ Decrease `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `pushq 0xdeadbeef`



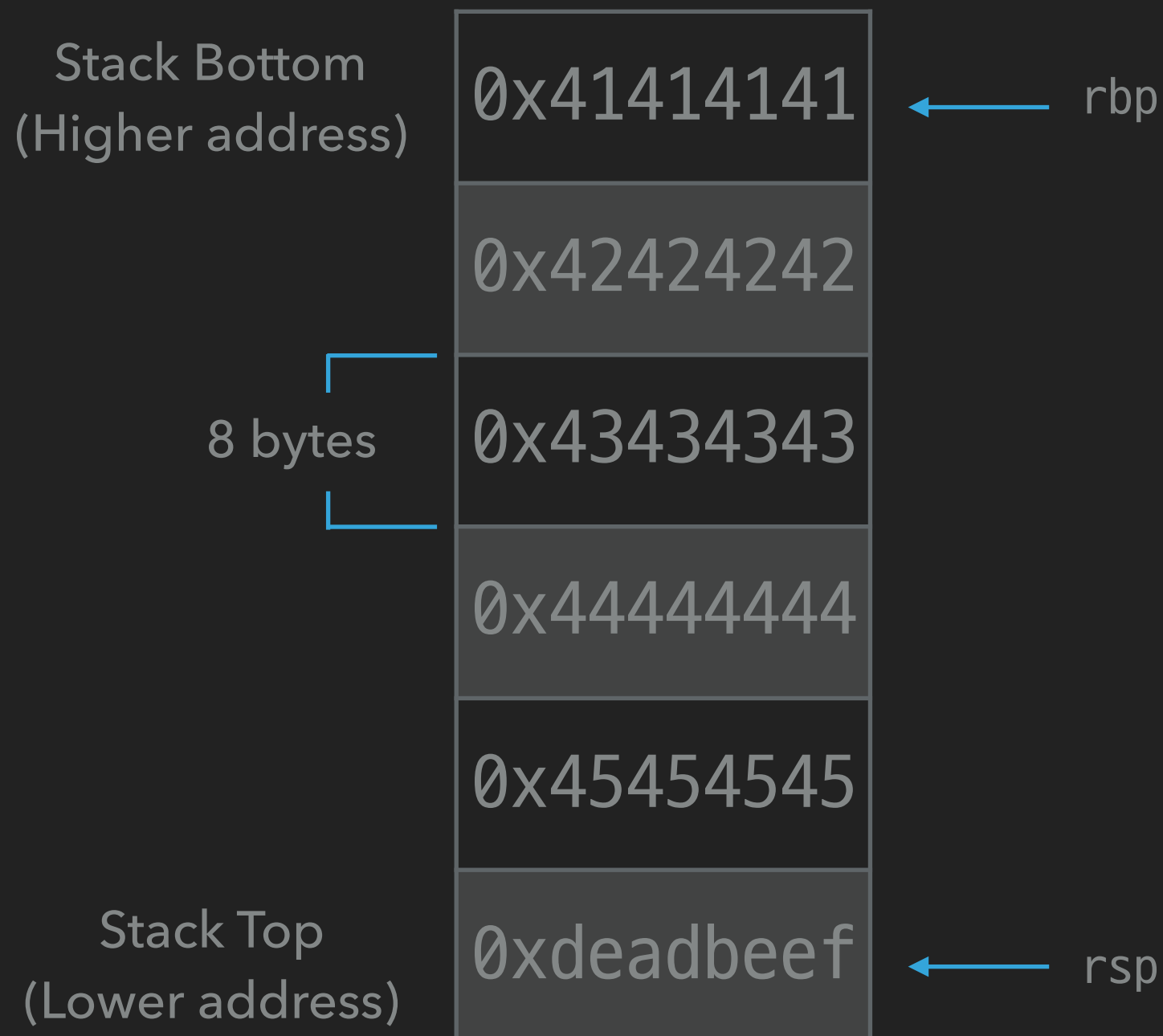
STACK

- ▶ `pushq src`
 - ▶ Store data from `src` to top of the stack
 - ▶ Decrease `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `pushq 0xdeadbeef`



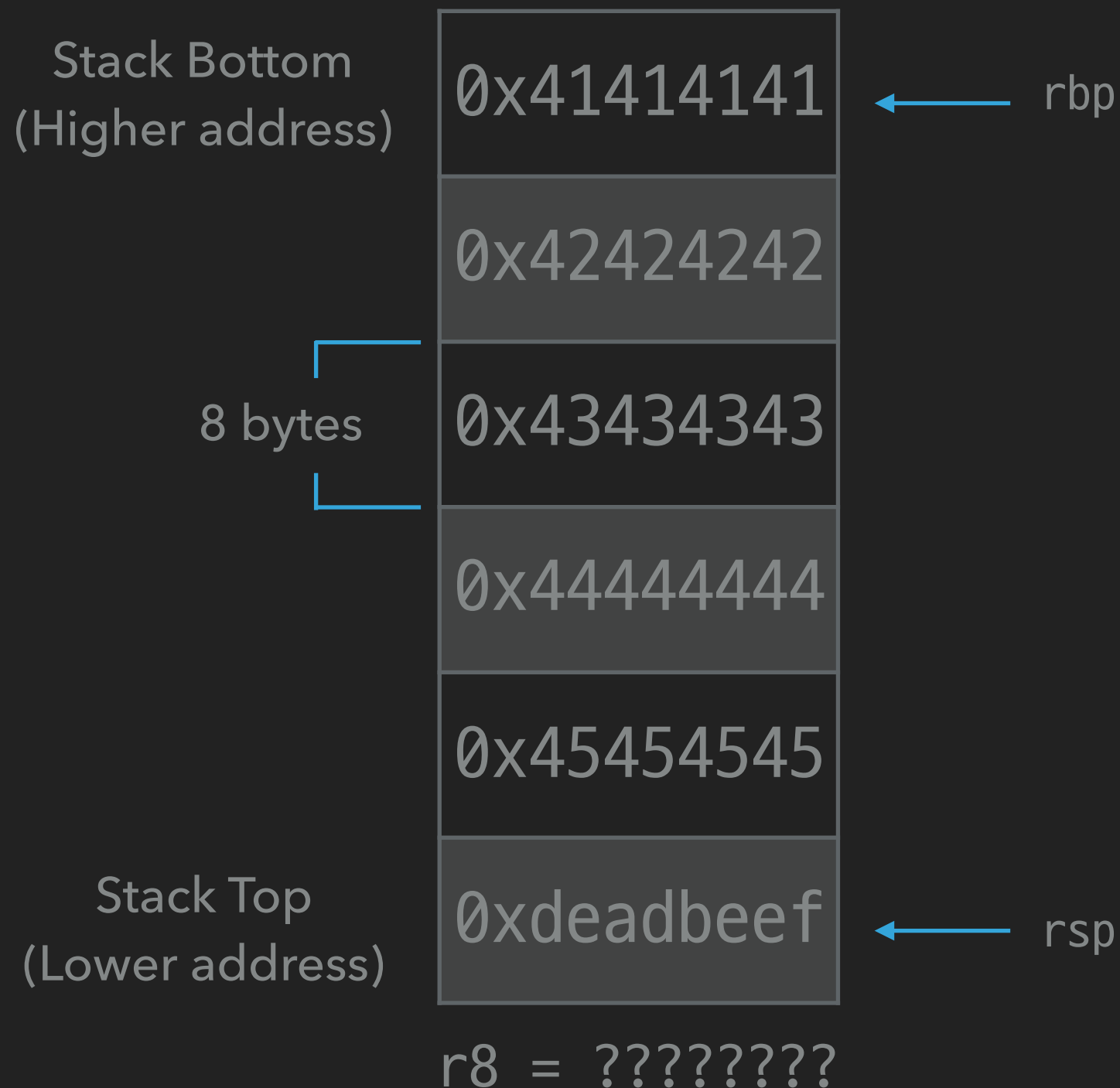
STACK

- ▶ `pushq src`
 - ▶ Store data from `src` to top of the stack
 - ▶ Decrease `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `pushq 0xdeadbeef`



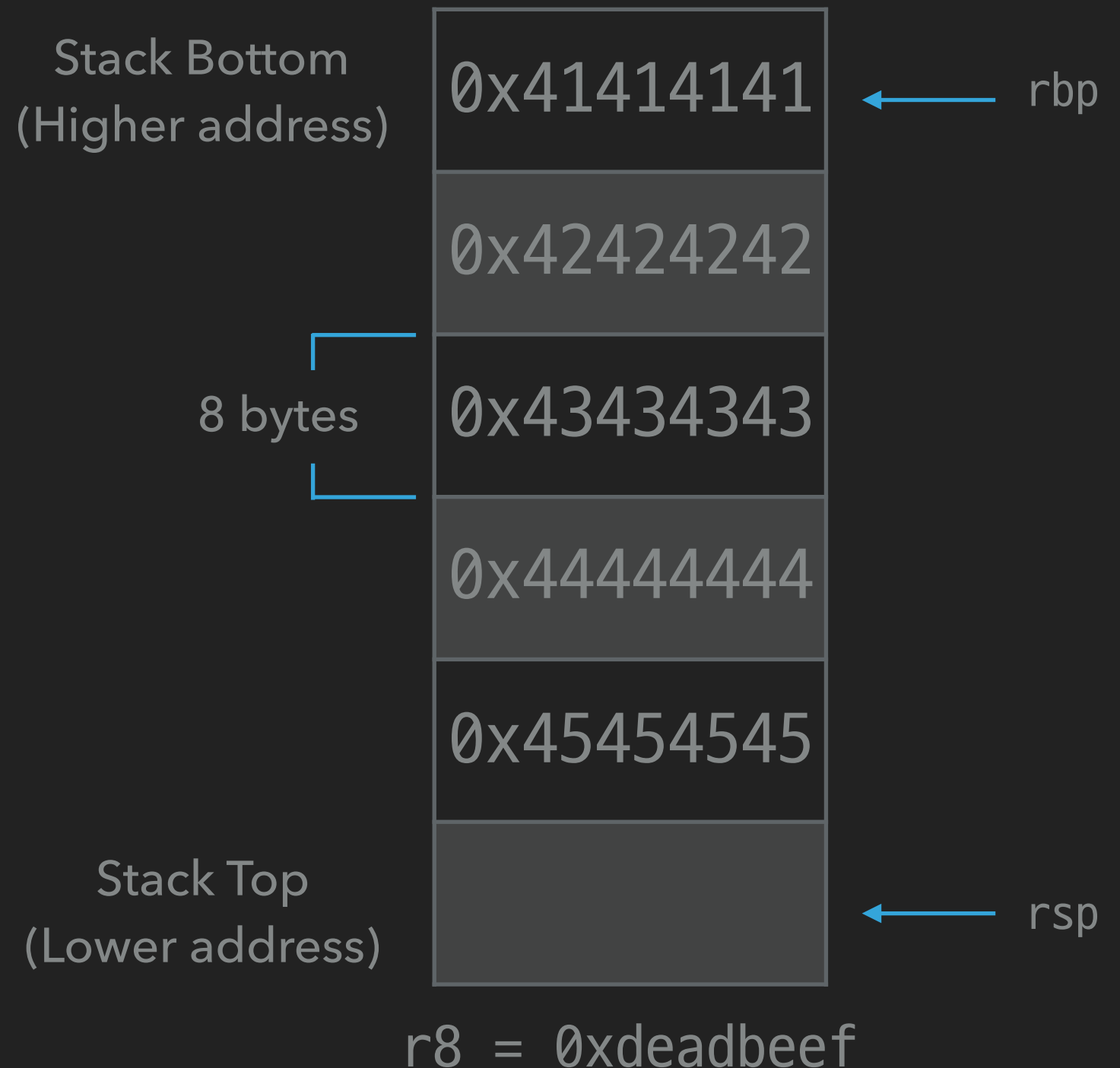
STACK

- ▶ `popq src`
 - ▶ Store data from the top of the stack to `src`
 - ▶ Increase `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `popq %r8`



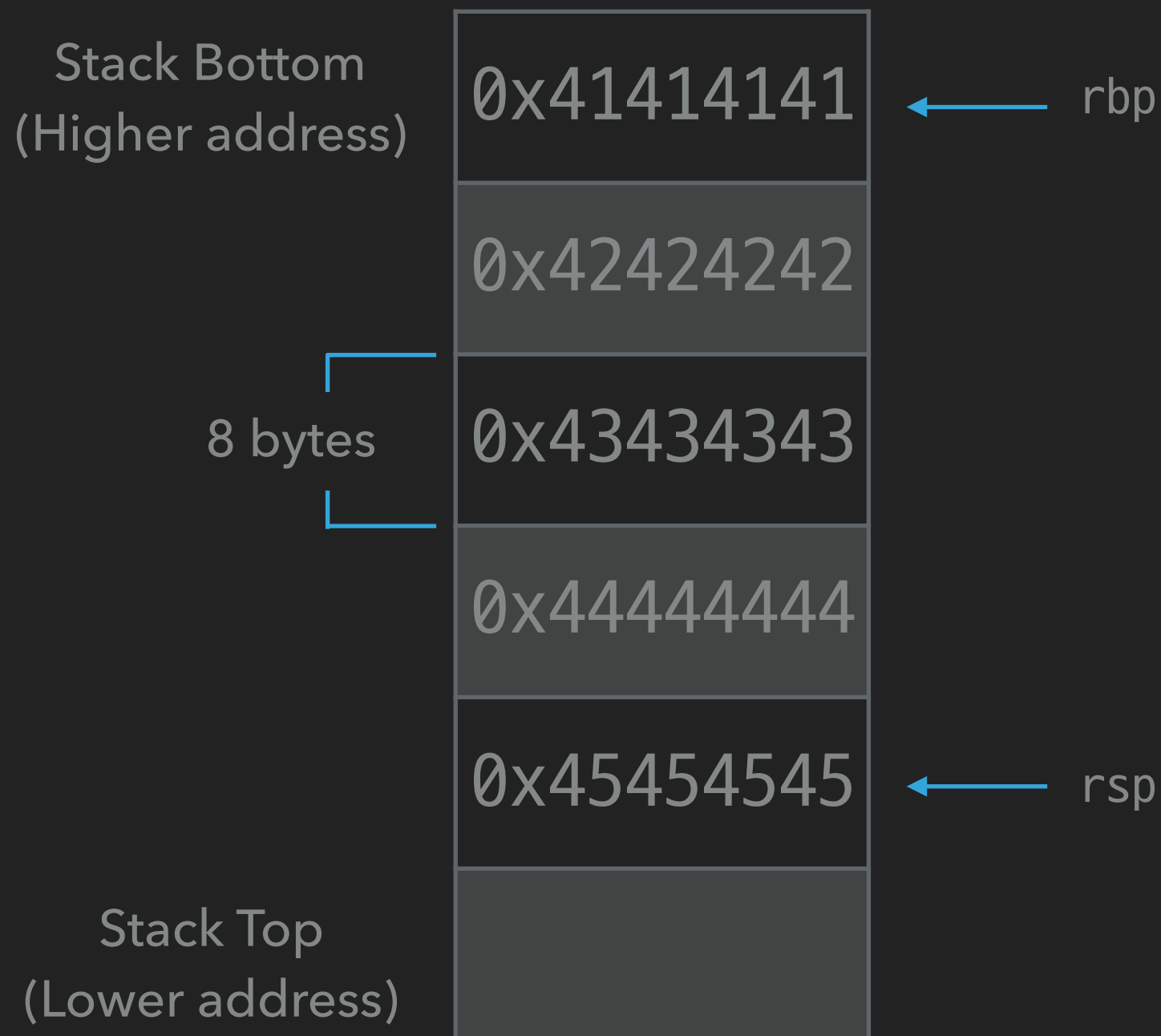
STACK

- ▶ `popq src`
 - ▶ Store data from the top of the stack to `src`
 - ▶ Increase `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `popq %r8`



STACK

- ▶ `popq src`
 - ▶ Store data from the top of the stack to `src`
 - ▶ Increase `rsp` by 8
- ▶ Ex) `popq %r8`



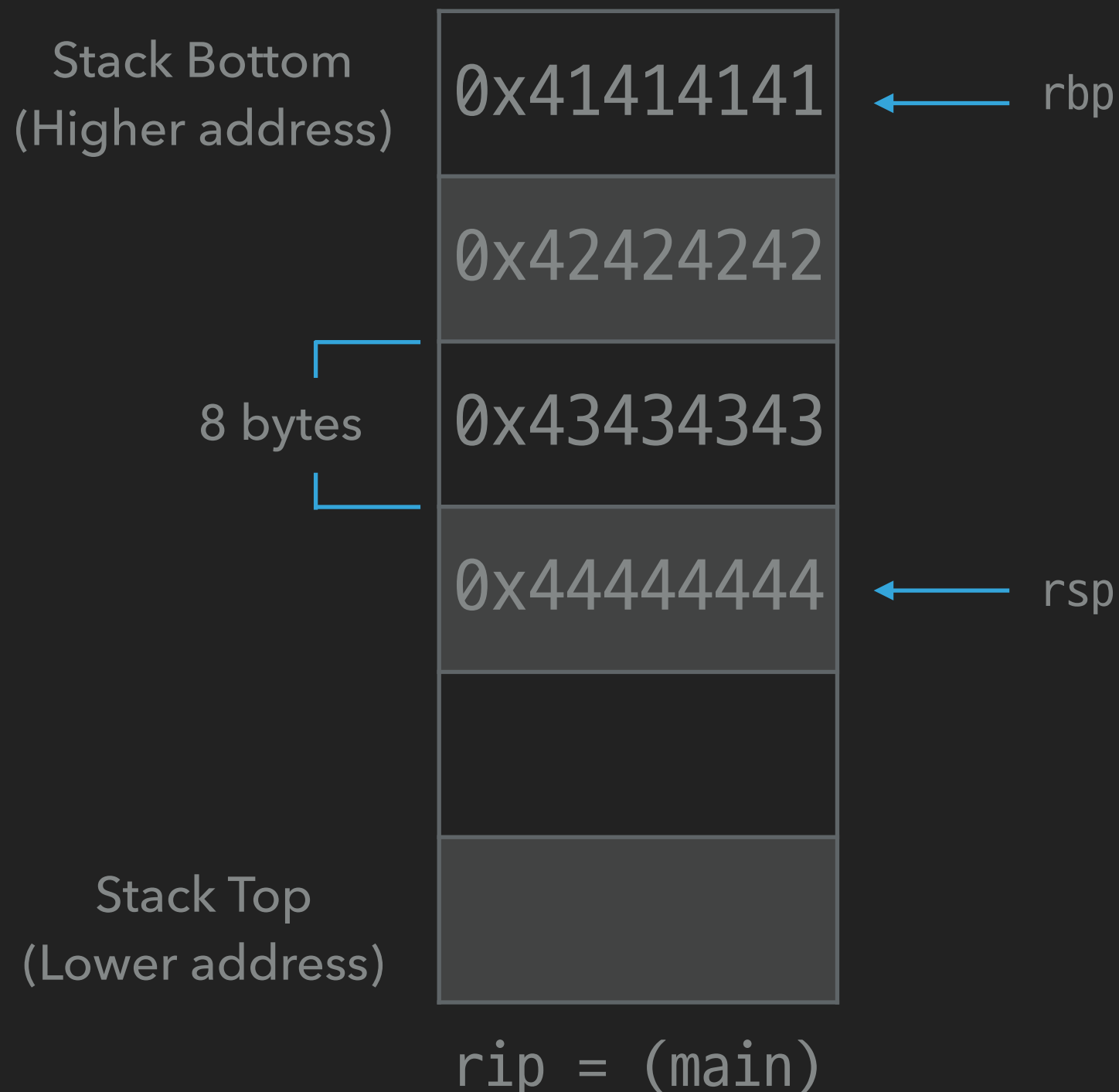
`r8 = 0xdeadbeef`

STACK

- ▶ `call label`
 - ▶ Push return address to stack and jump to label

- ▶ Ex) From function `main`:

`call hello`

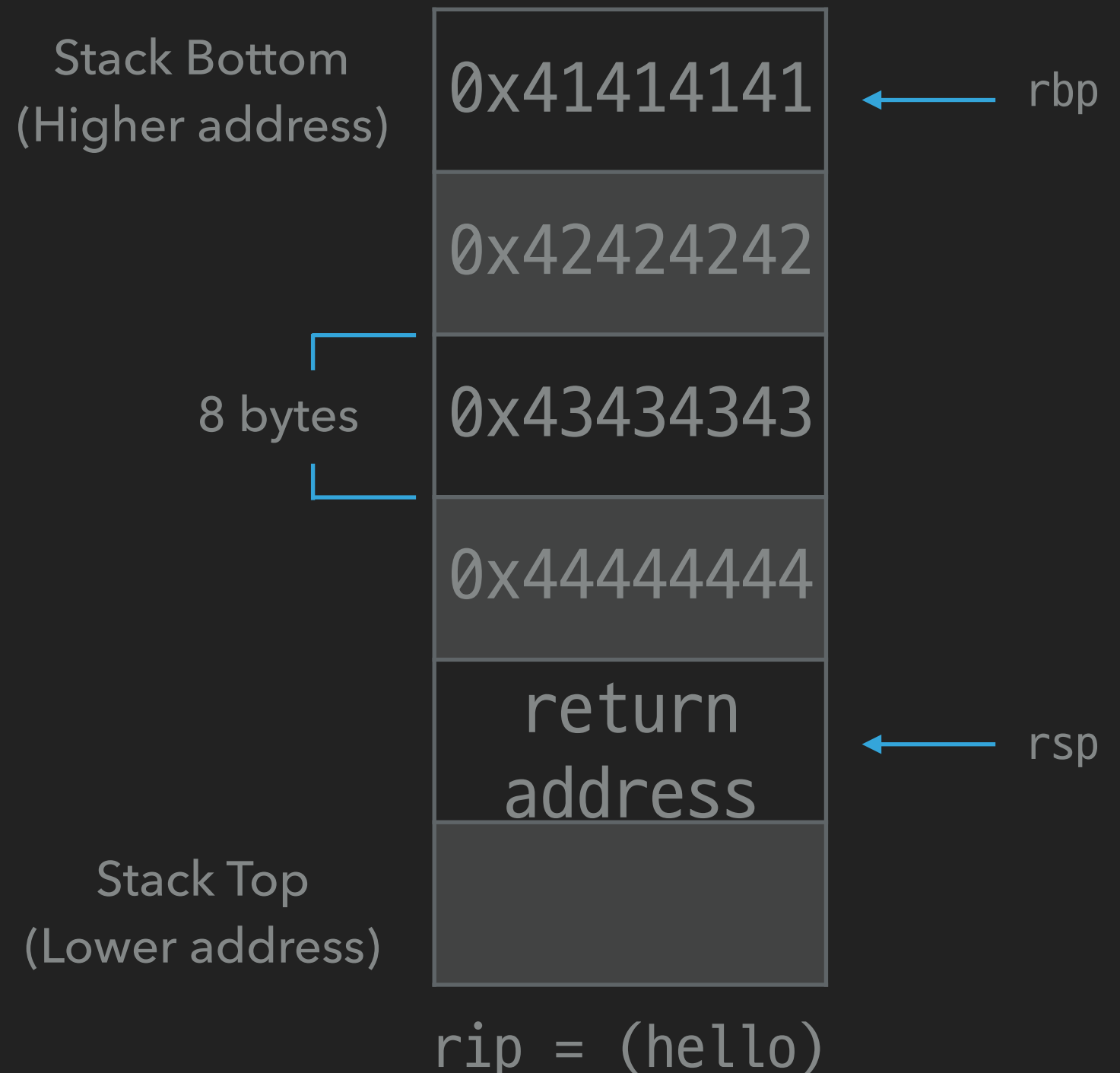


STACK

- ▶ `call label`
 - ▶ Push return address to stack and jump to label

- ▶ Ex) From function main:

`call hello`

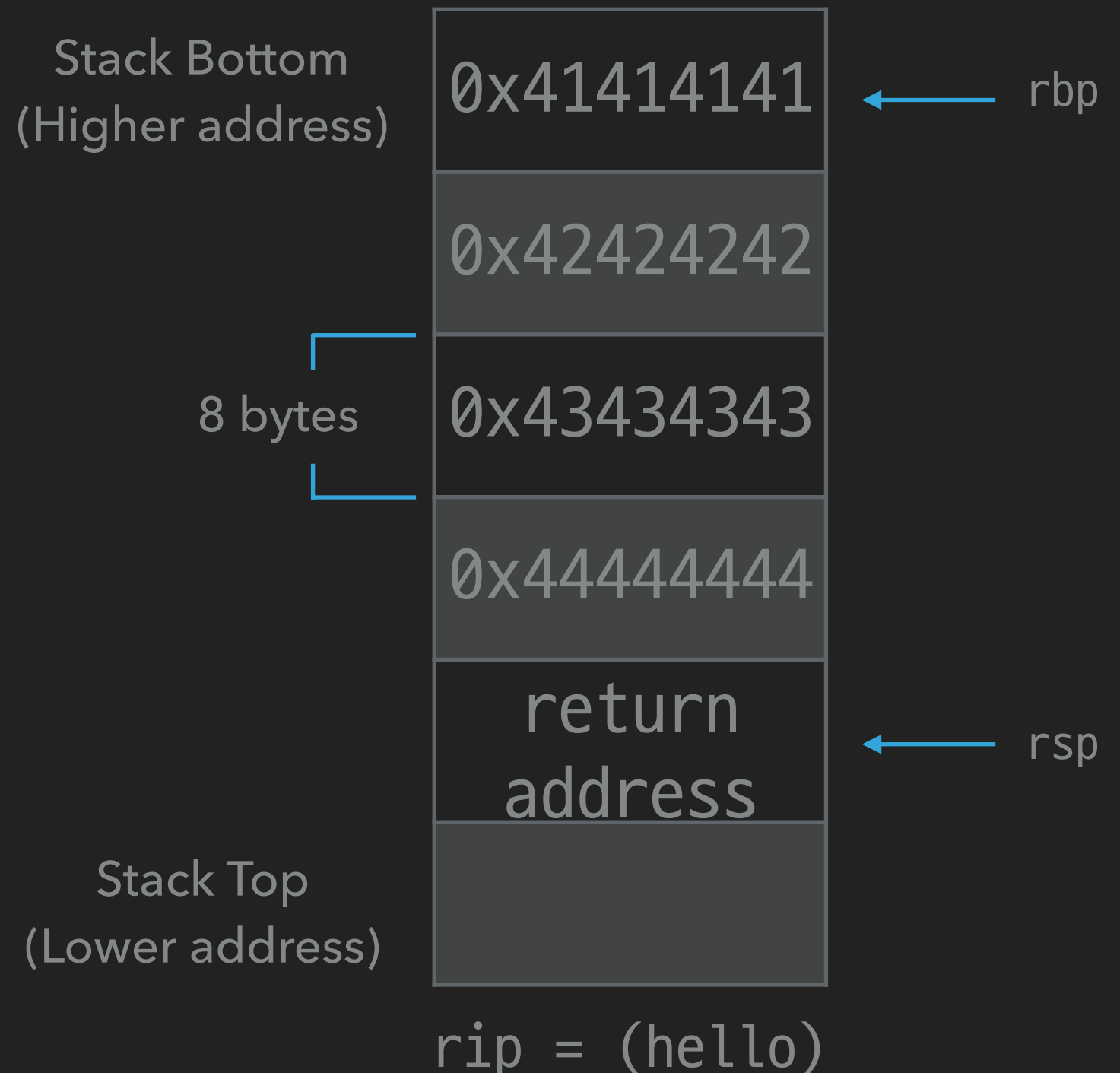


STACK

- ▶ `ret`
 - ▶ Pop return address to stack and jump to the address

- ▶ Ex) From function `hello`:

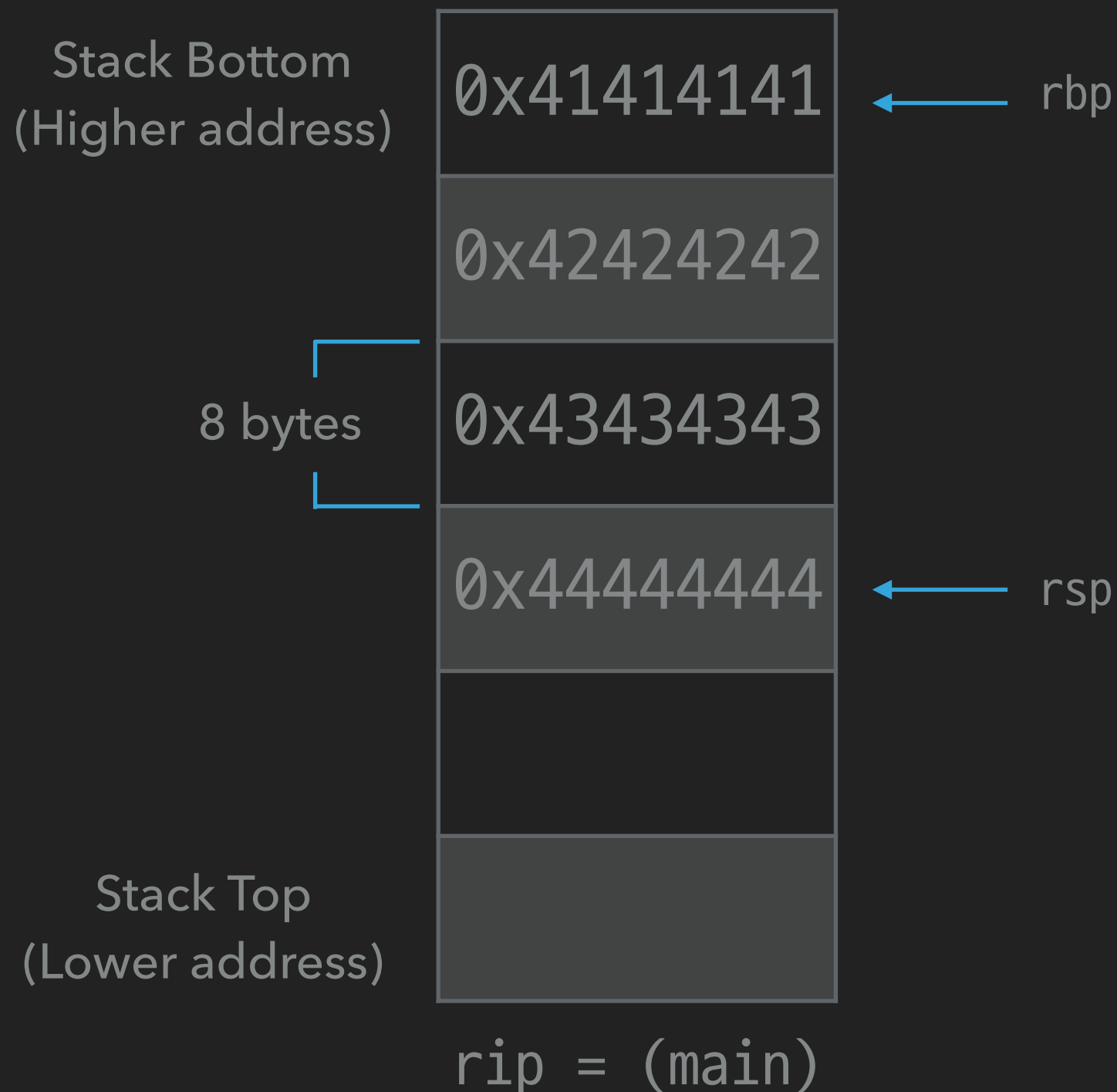
`ret`



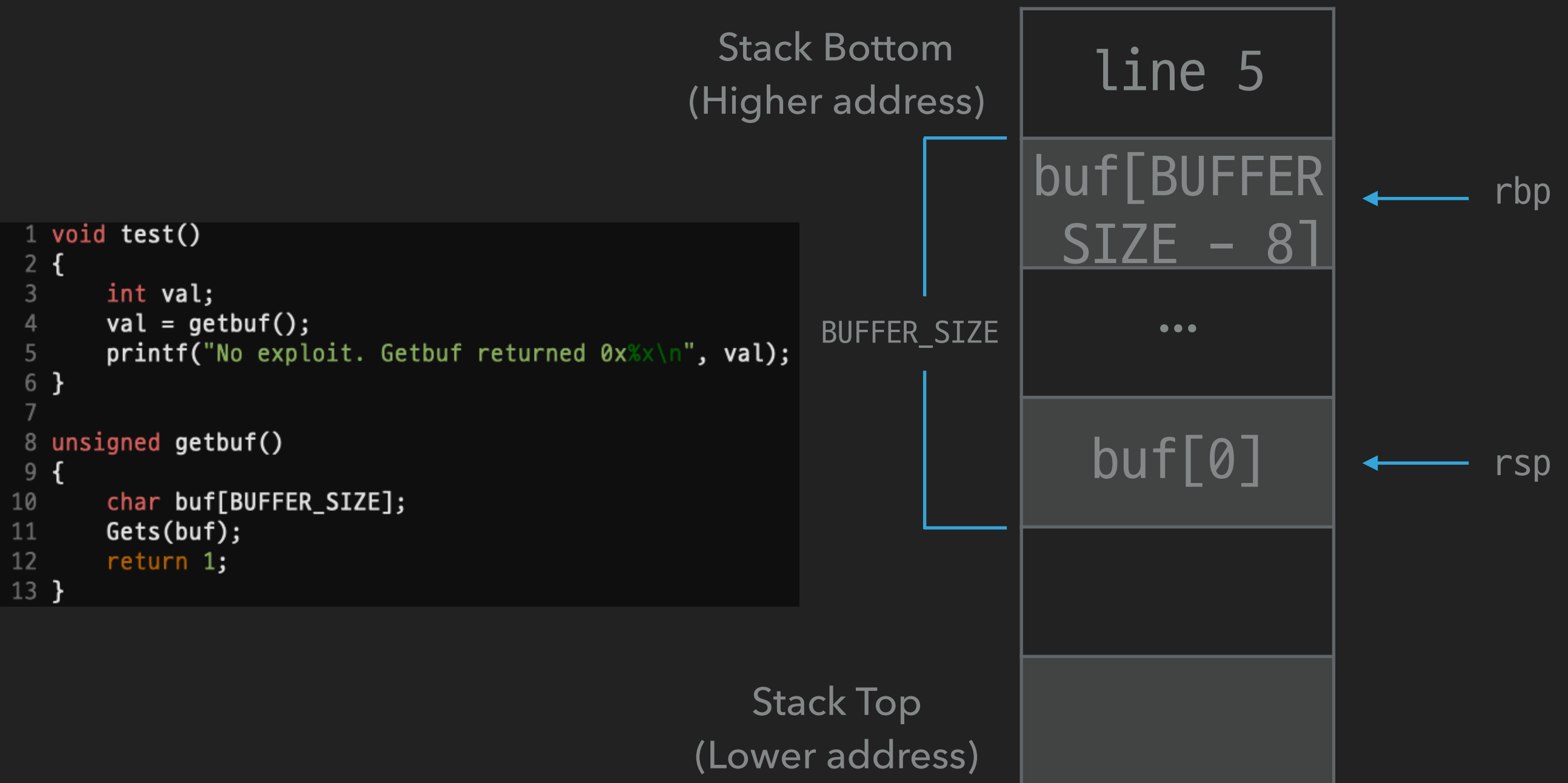
STACK

- ▶ `ret`
 - ▶ Pop return address to stack and jump to the address
- ▶ Ex) From function `hello`:

`ret`

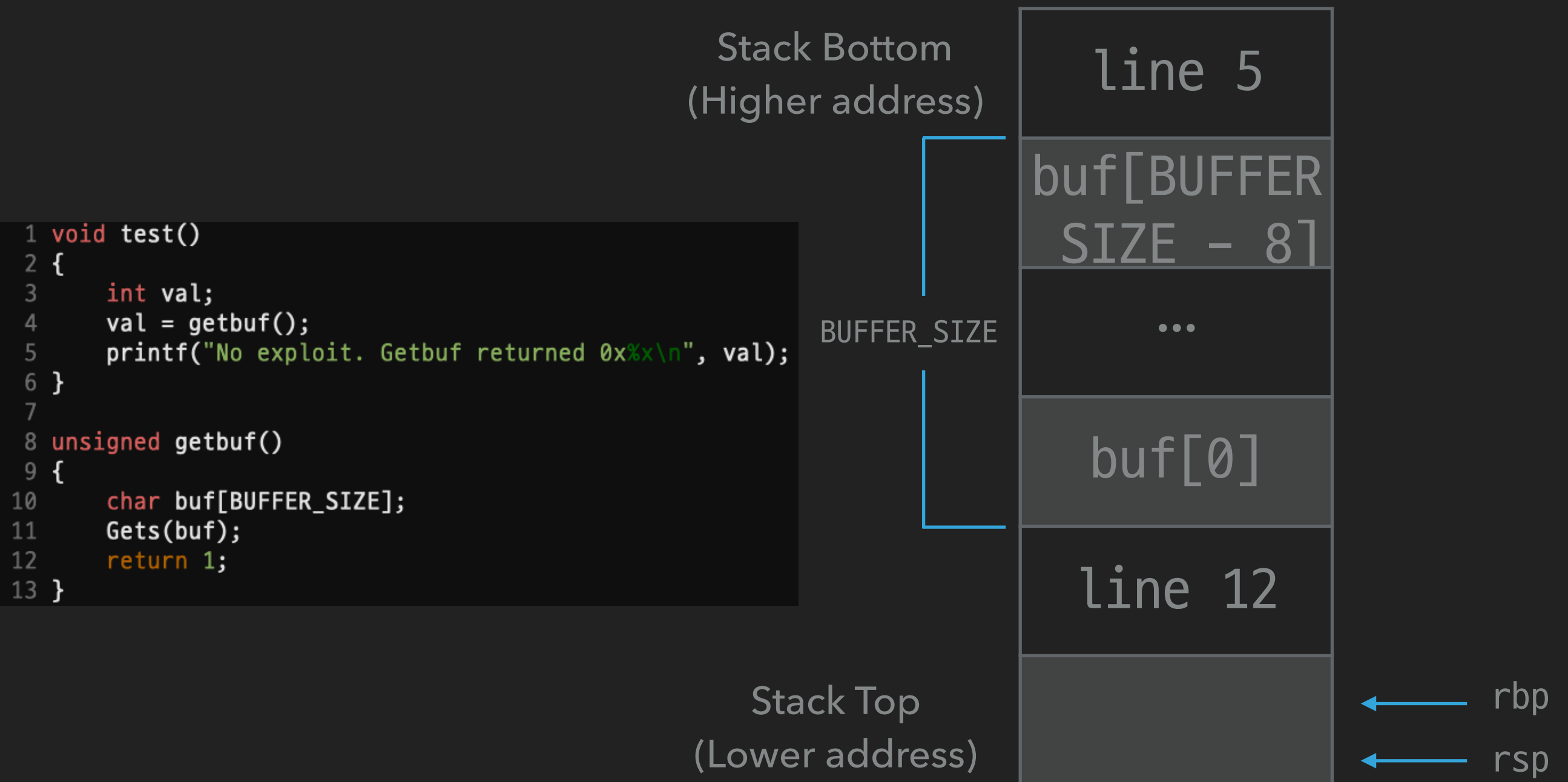


BUFFER OVERFLOW



This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

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BUFFER OVERFLOW

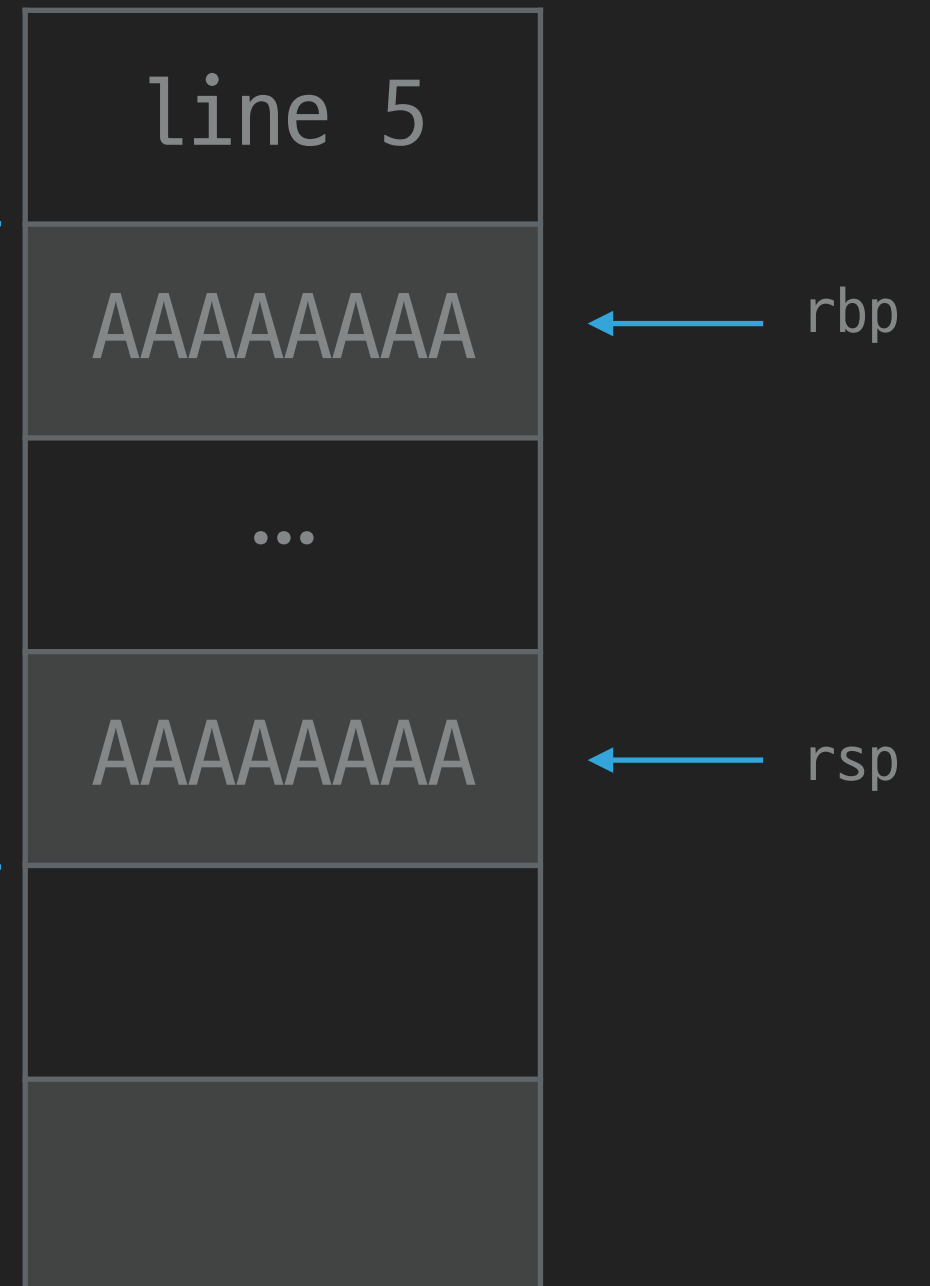
Gets: $A * \text{BUFFER_SIZE}$

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

BUFFER_SIZE

Stack Top
(Lower address)



This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In getbuf - Line 12

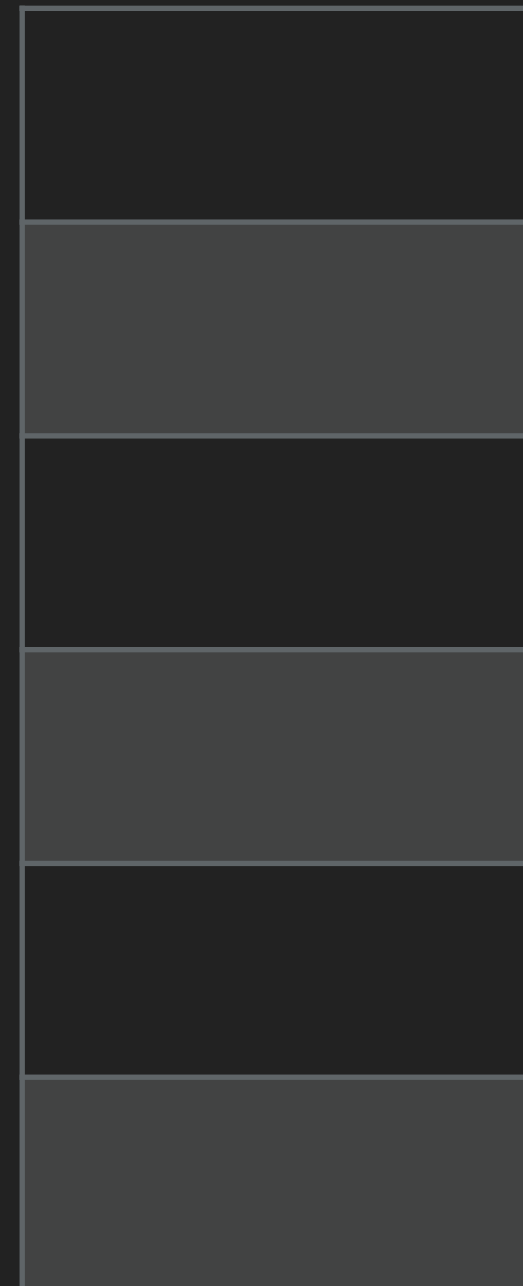
BUFFER OVERFLOW

ret

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Top
(Lower address)



This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In test - rip: Line 5

BUFFER OVERFLOW

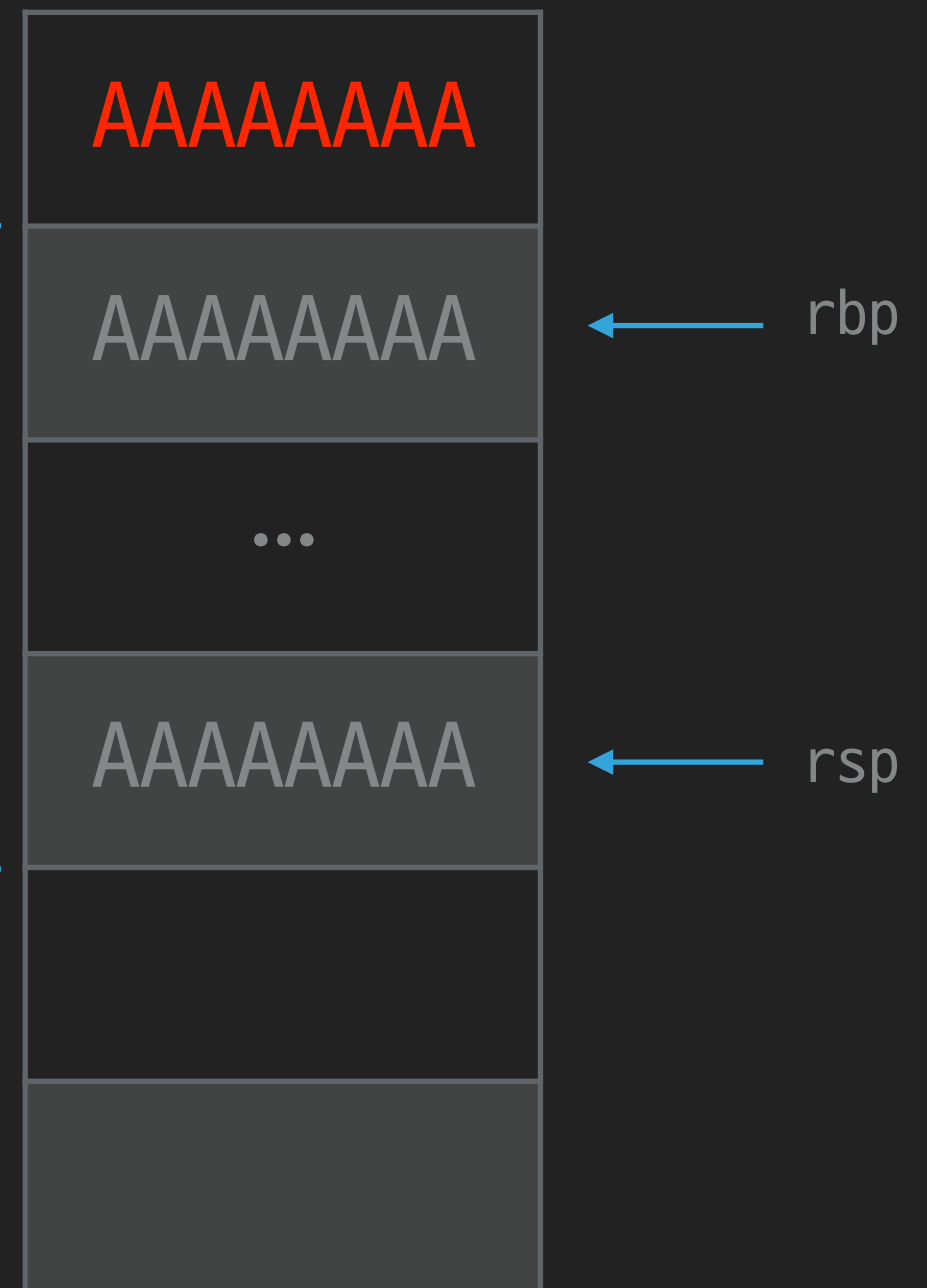
Gets: A *
(BUFFER_SIZE + 8)

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

BUFFER_SIZE

Stack Top
(Lower address)



In getbuf - Line 12

This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

BUFFER OVERFLOW

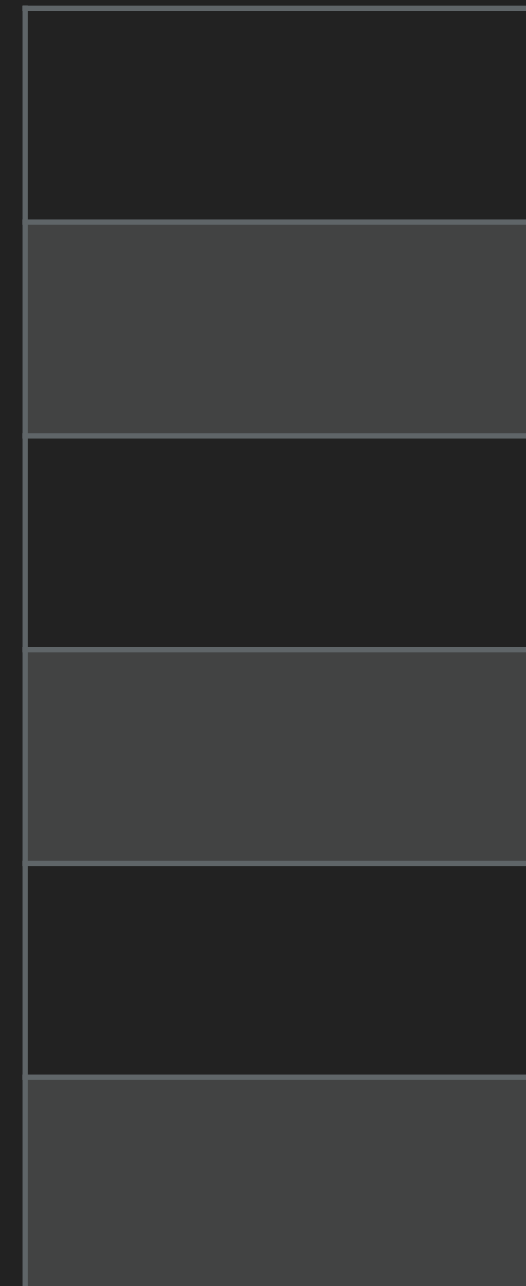
ret

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

(ASCII) A == 0x41 (Hex)

Stack top
(Lower address)



In (??????)

This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

rip: 0x4141414141414141

BUFFER OVERFLOW

Gets: $A * (\text{BUFFER_SIZE}) + (\text{Target address})$

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

BUFFER_SIZE

Stack Top
(Lower address)

Target
Addr.

AAAAAAAA

...

AAAAAAAA

← rbp

← rsp

This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In getbuf - Line 12

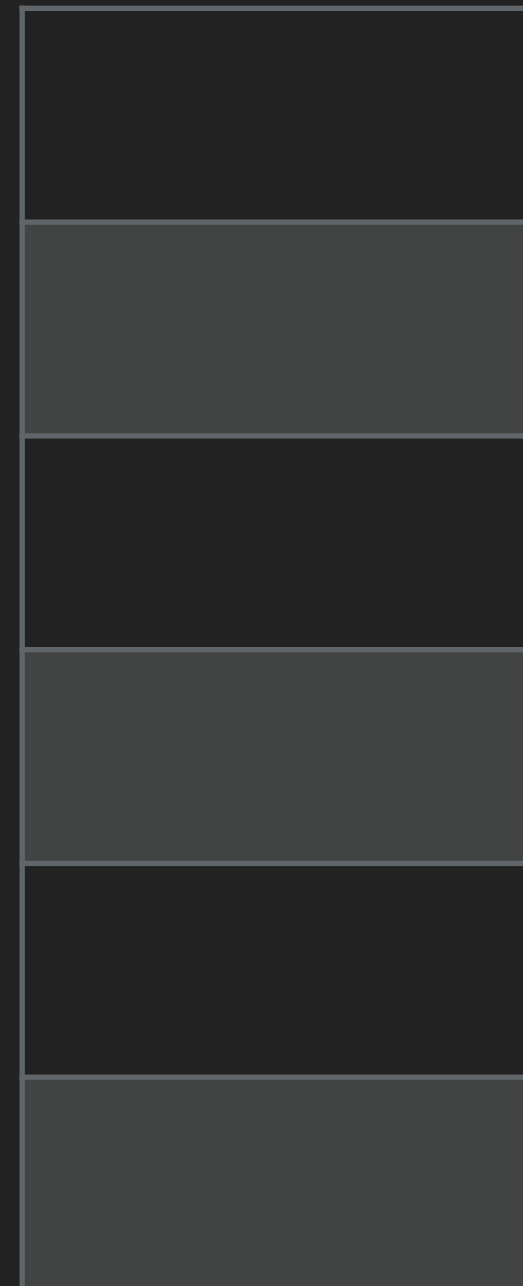
BUFFER OVERFLOW

ret

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Top
(Lower address)



This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In target function
rip: **Target address**

BUFFER OVERFLOW

- ▶ Why does it work?
 - ▶ No boundary checks!
- ▶ Prevention?
 - ▶ Address space layout randomization (ASLR)
 - ▶ Non-eXecutable stack (NX)

BUFFER OVERFLOW

- ▶ `./ctarget`: Executable stack (x present in stack permission)

```
ta@canis01:~/target1$ ps aux | grep ctarget
ta      8333  0.0  0.0  5372  872 pts/10   S+   22:03   0:00 ./ctarget
ta      8341  0.0  0.0 11748  908 pts/27   S+   22:03   0:00 grep --color=auto ctarget
ta@canis01:~/target1$ cat /proc/8333/maps
00400000-00404000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 55445836      /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00603000-00604000 r--p 00003000 08:01 55445836      /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00604000-00605000 rw-p 00004000 08:01 55445836      /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00605000-00606000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
01d41000-01d62000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
55586000-55686000 rwxp 00000000 00:00 0      [heap]
7fb05c258000-7fb05c416000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7fb05c416000-7fb05c616000 ---p 001be000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7fb05c616000-7fb05c61a000 r--p 001be000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7fb05c61a000-7fb05c61c000 rw-p 001c2000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7fb05c61c000-7fb05c621000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fb05c621000-7fb05c644000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7fb05c826000-7fb05c829000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fb05c841000-7fb05c843000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fb05c843000-7fb05c844000 r--p 00022000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7fb05c844000-7fb05c845000 rw-p 00023000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7fb05c845000-7fb05c846000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ffd0f989000-7ffd0f9aa000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ffd0f9e2000-7ffd0f9e4000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0      [vdso]
fffffffff600000-fffffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0      [vsyscall]
```


BUFFER OVERFLOW

► ./ctarget: Address space not randomized

```

ta@canis01:~/target1$ ps aux | grep ctarget
ta      8403  0.0  0.0  5372  868 pts/10   S+   22:05   0:00 ./ctarget
ta      8406  0.0  0.0 11748  908 pts/27   S+   22:05   0:00 grep --color=auto ctarget
ta@canis01:~/target1$ cat /proc/8403/maps
00400000-00404000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 55445836 /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00603000-00604000 r--p 00003000 08:01 55445836 /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00604000-00605000 rw-p 00004000 08:01 55445836 /home/ta/target1/ctarget
00605000-00606000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
0204a000-0206b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
55586000-55686000 rwxp 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
7f5db63f5000-7f5db65b3000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323766 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f5db65b3000-7f5db67b3000 ---p 001be000 08:01 39323766 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f5db67b3000-7f5db67b7000 r--p 001be000 08:01 39323766 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f5db67b7000-7f5db67b9000 rw-p 001c2000 08:01 39323766 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f5db67b9000-7f5db67be000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f5db67be000-7f5db67e1000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323754 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f5db69c3000-7f5db69c6000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f5db69de000-7f5db69e0000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f5db69e0000-7f5db69e1000 r--p 00022000 08:01 39323754 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f5db69e1000-7f5db69e2000 rw-p 00023000 08:01 39323754 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f5db69e2000-7f5db69e3000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fff8a60b000-7fff8a62c000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fff8a7e0000-7fff8a7e2000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vdso]
fffffffff600000-fffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vsyscall]

```

BUFFER OVERFLOW

- ▶ `./rtarget`: Stack not executable (x not present in stack permission)

```
ta@canis01:~/target1$ ps aux | grep rtarget
ta      8468  0.0  0.0   4412   608 pts/10   S+   22:09   0:00  ./rtarget
ta      8474  0.0  0.0  11748   904 pts/27   S+   22:09   0:00  grep --color=auto rtarget
ta@canis01:~/target1$ cat /proc/8468/maps
00400000-00405000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00604000-00605000 r--p 00004000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00605000-00606000 rw-p 00005000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00606000-00607000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
0091f000-00940000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f93c317a000-7f93c3338000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f93c3338000-7f93c3538000 ---p 001be000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f93c3538000-7f93c353c000 r--p 001be000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f93c353c000-7f93c353e000 rw-p 001c2000 08:01 39323766      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f93c353e000-7f93c3543000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f93c3543000-7f93c3566000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f93c3748000-7f93c374b000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f93c3763000-7f93c3765000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f93c3765000-7f93c3766000 r--p 00022000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f93c3766000-7f93c3767000 rw-p 00023000 08:01 39323754      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f93c3767000-7f93c3768000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fffd3b27b000-7fffd3b2ab000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fffd3b3c7000-7fffd3b3c9000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0
ffffffffffff60000-ffffffffffff60100 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0
[heap]
[stack]
[vdso]
[vsyscall]
```

BUFFER OVERFLOW

► ./rtarget: Address space randomized

```
ta@canis01:~/target1$ ps aux | grep rtarget
ta      8509  0.0  0.0  4640  868 pts/10   S+   22:10   0:00  ./rtarget
ta      8512  0.0  0.0 11748  904 pts/27   S+   22:10   0:00  grep --color=auto rtarget
ta@canis01:~/target1$ cat /proc/8509/maps
00400000-00405000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00604000-00605000 r--p 00004000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00605000-00606000 rw-p 00005000 08:01 55445837          /home/ta/target1/rtarget
00606000-00607000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
02382000-023a3000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f4644ceb000-7f4644ea9000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323766          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f4644ea9000-7f46450a9000 ---p 001be000 08:01 39323766          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f46450a9000-7f46450ad000 r--p 001be000 08:01 39323766          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f46450ad000-7f46450af000 rw-p 001c2000 08:01 39323766          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc-2.19.so
7f46450af000-7f46450b4000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f46450b4000-7f46450d7000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 39323754          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f46452b9000-7f46452bc000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f46452d4000-7f46452d6000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f46452d6000-7f46452d7000 r--p 00022000 08:01 39323754          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f46452d7000-7f46452d8000 rw-p 00023000 08:01 39323754          /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
7f46452d8000-7f46452d9000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ffe3e5f9000-7ffe3e662000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7ffe3e6e1000-7ffe3e6e3000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0
ffffffff600000-ffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0
[heap]
[stack]
[vdso]
[vsyscall]
```


RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

- ▶ What space is not randomized and executable?
 - ▶ Text section! (Binary instructions)
- ▶ How do we exploit text section?
 - ▶ Think about ret instruction!
- ▶ Similar to coding in assembly
 - ▶ Need to find instructions that do what you desire

RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

- ▶ Gadgets
 - ▶ Piece of machine instruction
 - ▶ Usually ends with ret instruction
 - ▶ Need to disassemble functions to look for gadgets

RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

► Gadgets - Example

```
void setval_210(unsigned *p)
{
    *p = 3347663060U;
}
```

movq %rax, %rdi

```
0000000000400f15 <setval_210>:
 400f15:    c7 07 d4 48 89 c7    movl    $0xc78948d4, (%rdi)
 400f1b:    c3                  retq
```

0x400f18: movq %rax, %rdi; retq;

RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Gets: A *
(BUFFER_SIZE) +
(\x18\x0f\x40\x00\x00
\x00\x00\x00)

```
1 void test()  
2 {  
3     int val;  
4     val = getbuf();  
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);  
6 }  
7  
8 unsigned getbuf()  
9 {  
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];  
11     Gets(buf);  
12     return 1;  
13 }
```

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

BUFFER_SIZE

Stack Top
(Lower address)

0x400f18

AAAAAAAA

...

AAAAAAAA

← rbp

← rsp

This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In getbuf - Line 12

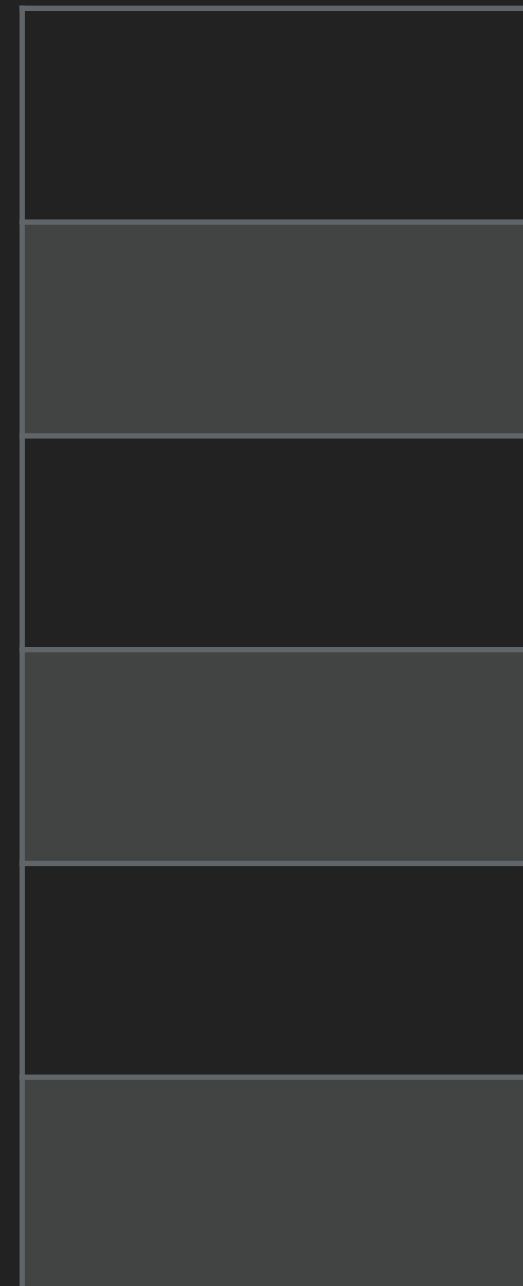
RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

ret

Stack Bottom
(Higher address)

```
1 void test()
2 {
3     int val;
4     val = getbuf();
5     printf("No exploit. Getbuf returned 0x%x\n", val);
6 }
7
8 unsigned getbuf()
9 {
10     char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
11     Gets(buf);
12     return 1;
13 }
```

Stack Top
(Lower address)



This is an approximation. You need to disassemble the functions to get correct offsets.

In gadget - 0x400f18

RETURN ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

- ▶ You can chain multiple gadgets
 - ▶ Gadgets end with ret instruction (`ret` \approx `pop %rip`)
 - ▶ Put another gadget's return address to appropriate position in order to create ROP chain!

TIPS

- ▶ `hex2raw`
 - ▶ Your answer must be in binary data, but you can only type hex-formatted strings
 - ▶ `hex2raw` is provided for this lab to convert a hex-formatted string to binary data

TIPS

- ▶ hex2raw - Example
 - ▶ answer.txt -> ee ff c0 00 00 00 00 00
- ▶ Convert to binary string
 - ▶ ./hex2raw < answer.txt
- ▶ Convert to binary string and save to answer_raw.txt
 - ▶ ./hex2raw < answer.txt > answer_raw.txt

TIPS

- ▶ hex2raw - Example
 - ▶ answer.txt -> ee ff c0 00 00 00 00 00
- ▶ Feed the converted string to target binary
 - ▶ ./ctarget -i answer_raw.txt
 - ▶ ./rtarget -i answer_raw.txt

TIPS

- ▶ Be careful of the endianness of your code!
 - ▶ x86, x86_64 - Little endian
 - ▶ Ex) Providing 0xdeadbeef to the machine
 - ▶ If you give de ad be ef to hex2raw, it will be interpreted as 0xefbeadde by the machine
 - ▶ In order to provide proper input, you must give ef be ad de