

Power BI Dashboard

Company Revenue & Profitability Analysis

Objective:

To analyze the revenue, expense, and profit performance of the company over the year 2024 across departments and categories, and to identify key drivers of profitability using an interactive Power BI dashboard.

Step 1: Dataset

- Department-wise revenue & expense
- Category-wise revenue & profit
- Monthly revenue & expense
- Profit by department & category

| | | | | | |
|----|------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| A3 | | | | | 15/01/2024 |
| | A | B | C | D | E |
| 1 | Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category |
| 2 | 10/01/2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing |
| 3 | 15/01/2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities |
| 4 | 10/02/2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing |
| 5 | 20/02/2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries |
| 6 | 05/03/2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing |
| 7 | 18/03/2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research |
| 8 | 10/04/2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising |
| 9 | 22/04/2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities |
| 10 | 12/05/2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research |
| 11 | 25/05/2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising |
| 12 | 15/06/2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries |
| 13 | 28/06/2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research |
| 14 | 10/07/2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing |

Step 2: Next Steps in Power BI

Import Data:

Navigator

Display Options ▾

financial_data.xlsx [1]

Sheet1

Sheet1

| Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category |
|------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| 10/01/2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing |
| 15/01/2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities |
| 10/02/2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing |
| 20/02/2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries |
| 05/03/2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing |
| 18/03/2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research |
| 10/04/2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising |
| 22/04/2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities |
| 12/05/2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research |
| 25/05/2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising |
| 15/06/2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries |
| 28/06/2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research |
| 10/07/2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing |
| 20/07/2024 | Operations | 24000 | 19000 | Utilities |
| 05/08/2024 | R&D | 17000 | 14000 | Research |
| 18/08/2024 | Sales | 22000 | 10000 | Advertising |
| 10/09/2024 | Operations | 25000 | 20000 | Salaries |
| 25/09/2024 | R&D | 18000 | 15000 | Research |
| 12/10/2024 | Sales | 23000 | 10500 | Marketing |
| 28/10/2024 | Operations | 26000 | 21000 | Utilities |
| 05/11/2024 | R&D | 19000 | 16000 | Research |
| 15/11/2024 | Sales | 24000 | 11000 | Advertising |
| 10/12/2024 | Operations | 27000 | 22000 | Salaries |
| 20/12/2024 | R&D | 20000 | 17000 | Research |

Load

Transform Data

Cancel

Check Data:

Untitled - Power BI Desktop

Search

File Home Help **Table tools** Share

Name: Sheet1

Manage relationships Relationships

New measure Quick measure New column New table

Mark as date table Calendars

Structure

| Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category |
|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| 10 January 2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing |
| 15 January 2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities |
| 10 February 2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing |
| 20 February 2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries |
| 05 March 2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing |
| 18 March 2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research |
| 10 April 2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising |
| 22 April 2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities |
| 12 May 2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research |
| 25 May 2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising |
| 15 June 2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries |
| 28 June 2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research |
| 10 July 2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing |
| 20 July 2024 | Operations | 24000 | 19000 | Utilities |
| 05 August 2024 | R&D | 17000 | 14000 | Research |
| 18 August 2024 | Sales | 22000 | 10000 | Advertising |
| 10 September 2024 | Operations | 25000 | 20000 | Salaries |
| 25 September 2024 | R&D | 18000 | 15000 | Research |
| 12 October 2024 | Sales | 23000 | 10500 | Marketing |
| 28 October 2024 | Operations | 26000 | 21000 | Utilities |
| 05 November 2024 | R&D | 19000 | 16000 | Research |
| 15 November 2024 | Sales | 24000 | 11000 | Advertising |

Data

Search

Sheet1

- Category
- Date
- Department
- Expense
- Revenue

able: Sheet1 (24 rows)

Create New Columns/Measures:

Create a new column Profit:

$$\text{Profit} = [\text{Revenue}] - [\text{Expense}]$$

Table: Sheet1 (24 rows) Column: Profit (12 distinct values)

| Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category | Profit |
|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------|
| 10 January 2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing | 8000 |
| 15 January 2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 10 February 2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing | 10000 |
| 20 February 2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 05 March 2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing | 9500 |
| 18 March 2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research | 2000 |
| 10 April 2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising | 10500 |
| 22 April 2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 12 May 2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research | 3000 |
| 25 May 2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising | 11000 |
| 15 June 2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 28 June 2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research | 3000 |
| 10 July 2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing | 11500 |
| 20 July 2024 | Operations | 24000 | 19000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 05 August 2024 | R&D | 17000 | 14000 | Research | 3000 |
| 18 August 2024 | Sales | 22000 | 10000 | Advertising | 12000 |
| 10 September 2024 | Operations | 25000 | 20000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 25 September 2024 | R&D | 18000 | 15000 | Research | 3000 |
| 12 October 2024 | Sales | 23000 | 10500 | Marketing | 12500 |
| 28 October 2024 | Operations | 26000 | 21000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 05 November 2024 | R&D | 19000 | 16000 | Research | 3000 |
| 15 November 2024 | Sales | 24000 | 11000 | Advertising | 13000 |
| 10 December 2024 | Operations | 27000 | 22000 | Salaries | 5000 |

Create Key Metrics (Measures)

Total Revenue

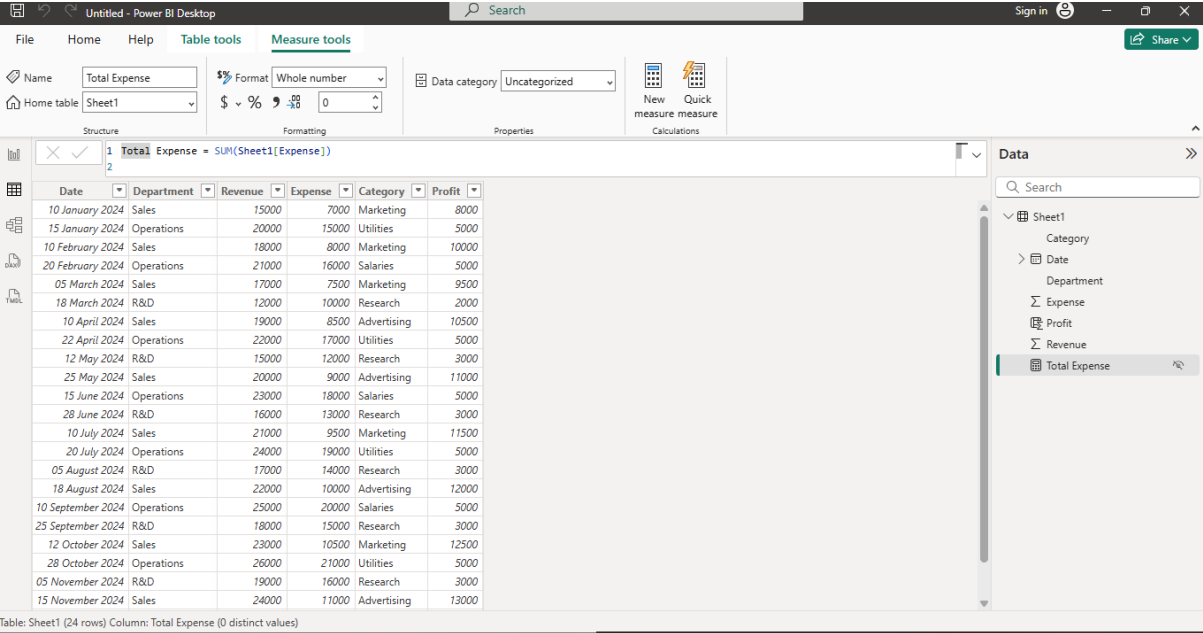
$$\text{Total Revenue} = \text{SUM}(\text{Sheet1}[\text{Revenue}])$$

Table: Sheet1 (24 rows) Column: Total Revenue (0 distinct values)

| Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category | Profit |
|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------|
| 10 January 2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing | 8000 |
| 15 January 2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 10 February 2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing | 10000 |
| 20 February 2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 05 March 2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing | 9500 |
| 18 March 2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research | 2000 |
| 10 April 2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising | 10500 |
| 22 April 2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 12 May 2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research | 3000 |
| 25 May 2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising | 11000 |
| 15 June 2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 28 June 2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research | 3000 |
| 10 July 2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing | 11500 |
| 20 July 2024 | Operations | 24000 | 19000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 05 August 2024 | R&D | 17000 | 14000 | Research | 3000 |
| 18 August 2024 | Sales | 22000 | 10000 | Advertising | 12000 |
| 10 September 2024 | Operations | 25000 | 20000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 25 September 2024 | R&D | 18000 | 15000 | Research | 3000 |
| 12 October 2024 | Sales | 23000 | 10500 | Marketing | 12500 |
| 28 October 2024 | Operations | 26000 | 21000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 05 November 2024 | R&D | 19000 | 16000 | Research | 3000 |
| 15 November 2024 | Sales | 24000 | 11000 | Advertising | 13000 |

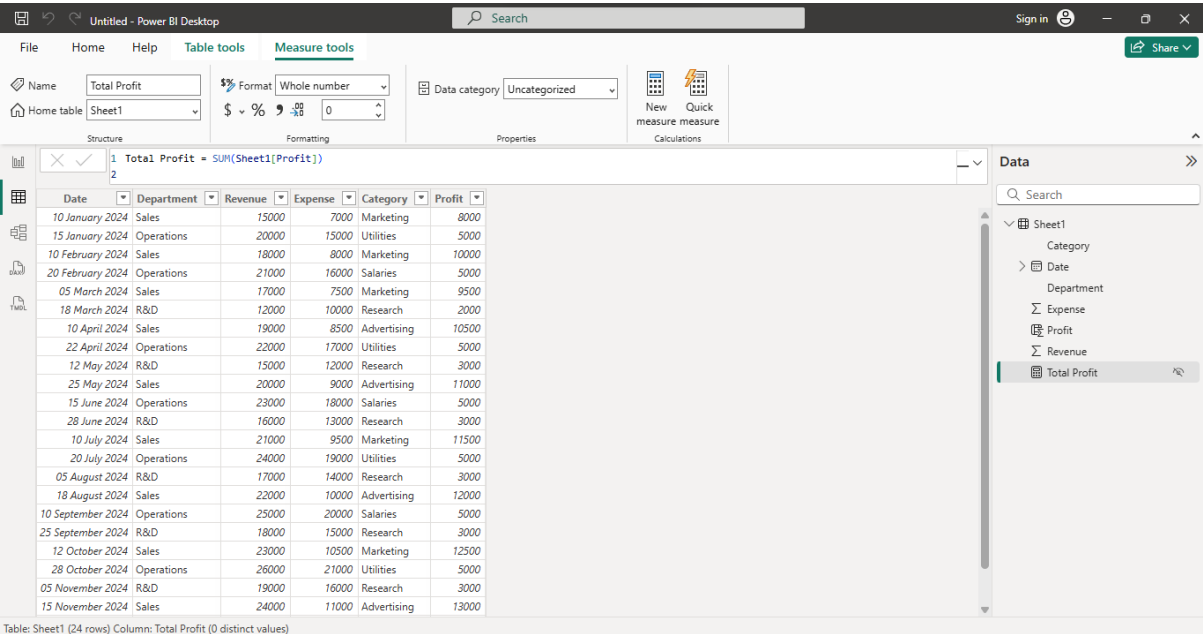
Total Expense

Total Expense = SUM(Sheet1[Expense])



Total Profit

Total Profit = SUM(Sheet1[Profit])



Profit Margin

$$\text{Profit Margin} = \text{DIVIDE}([\text{Total Profit}], [\text{Total Revenue}], 0)$$

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Measure tools' ribbon active. The formula bar displays the measure: `1 Profit Margin = DIVIDE([Total Profit], [Total Revenue], 0)`. A warning message states: 'The value for 'Total Profit' cannot be determined. Either the column doesn't exist, or there is no current row for this column.' The data table below has columns: Date, Department, Revenue, Expense, Category, and Profit. It contains 24 rows of data.

| Date | Department | Revenue | Expense | Category | Profit |
|-------------------|------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------|
| 10 January 2024 | Sales | 15000 | 7000 | Marketing | 8000 |
| 15 January 2024 | Operations | 20000 | 15000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 10 February 2024 | Sales | 18000 | 8000 | Marketing | 10000 |
| 20 February 2024 | Operations | 21000 | 16000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 05 March 2024 | Sales | 17000 | 7500 | Marketing | 9500 |
| 18 March 2024 | R&D | 12000 | 10000 | Research | 2000 |
| 10 April 2024 | Sales | 19000 | 8500 | Advertising | 10500 |
| 22 April 2024 | Operations | 22000 | 17000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 12 May 2024 | R&D | 15000 | 12000 | Research | 3000 |
| 25 May 2024 | Sales | 20000 | 9000 | Advertising | 11000 |
| 15 June 2024 | Operations | 23000 | 18000 | Salaries | 5000 |
| 28 June 2024 | R&D | 16000 | 13000 | Research | 3000 |
| 10 July 2024 | Sales | 21000 | 9500 | Marketing | 11500 |
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| 18 August 2024 | Sales | 22000 | 10000 | Advertising | 12000 |
| 10 September 2024 | Operations | 25000 | 20000 | Salaries | 5000 |
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| 12 October 2024 | Sales | 23000 | 10500 | Marketing | 12500 |
| 28 October 2024 | Operations | 26000 | 21000 | Utilities | 5000 |
| 05 November 2024 | R&D | 19000 | 16000 | Research | 3000 |
| 15 November 2024 | Sales | 24000 | 11000 | Advertising | 13000 |

Table: Sheet1 (24 rows) Column: Profit Margin (0 distinct values)

Cumulative Revenue

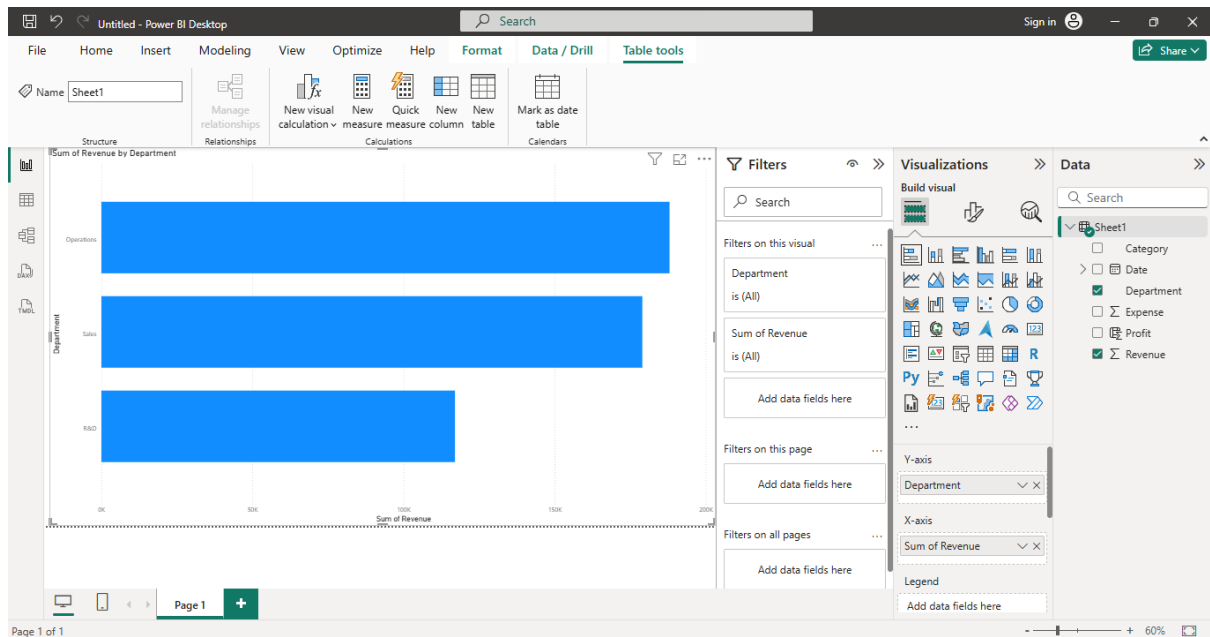
The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the 'Measure tools' ribbon active. The formula bar displays the measure: `1 Cumulative Revenue = CALCULATE([Total Revenue], FILTER(ALLSELECTED(Sheet1[Date]), Sheet1[Date] <= MAX(Sheet1[Date])))`. The Data pane on the right shows the hierarchy: Sheet1 > Category > Date > Department > Expense > Measure > Revenue. The 'Measure 2' field is selected.

| Measure |
|--------------------|
| Cumulative Revenue |

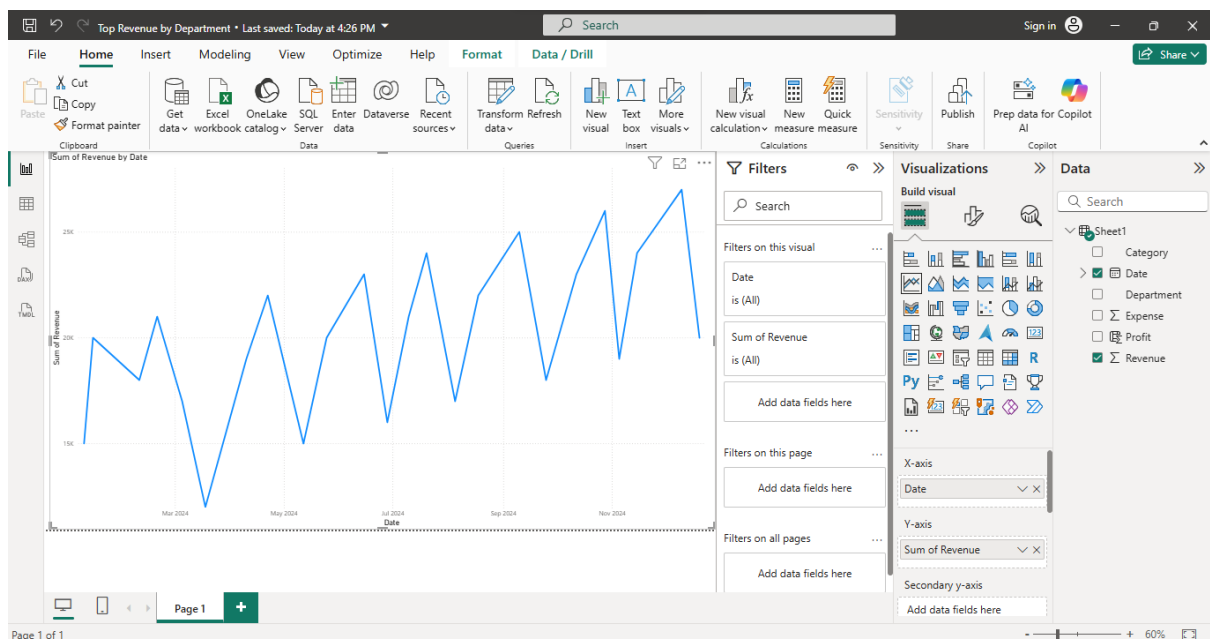
Page 1 of 1

Create Visuals

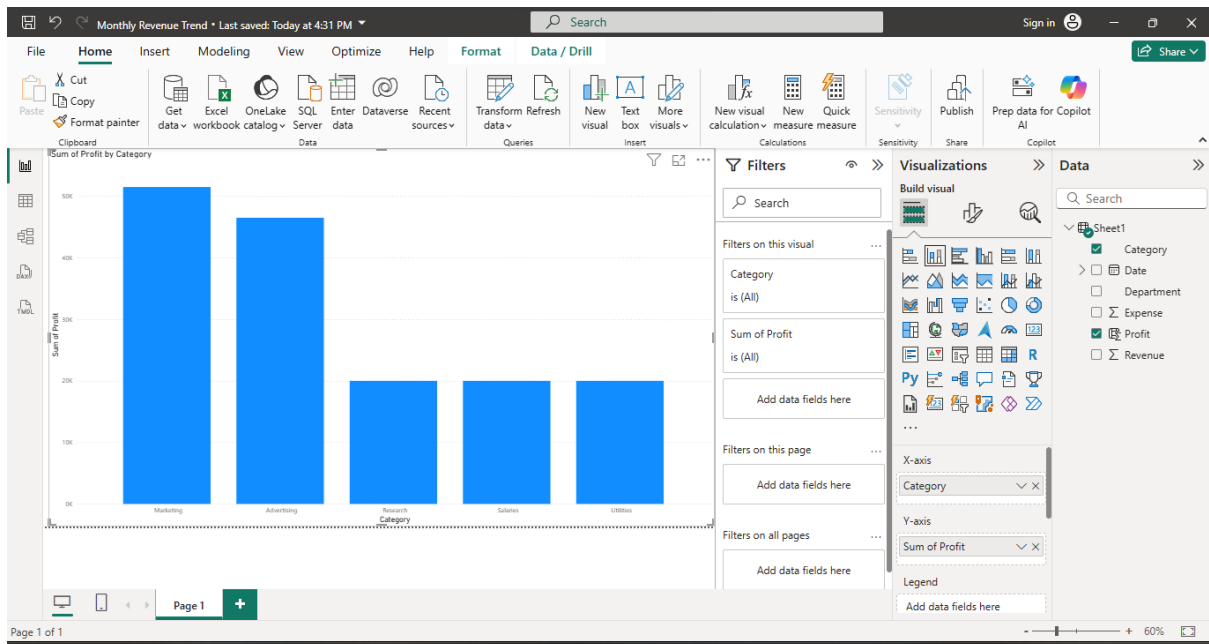
Top Revenue by Department



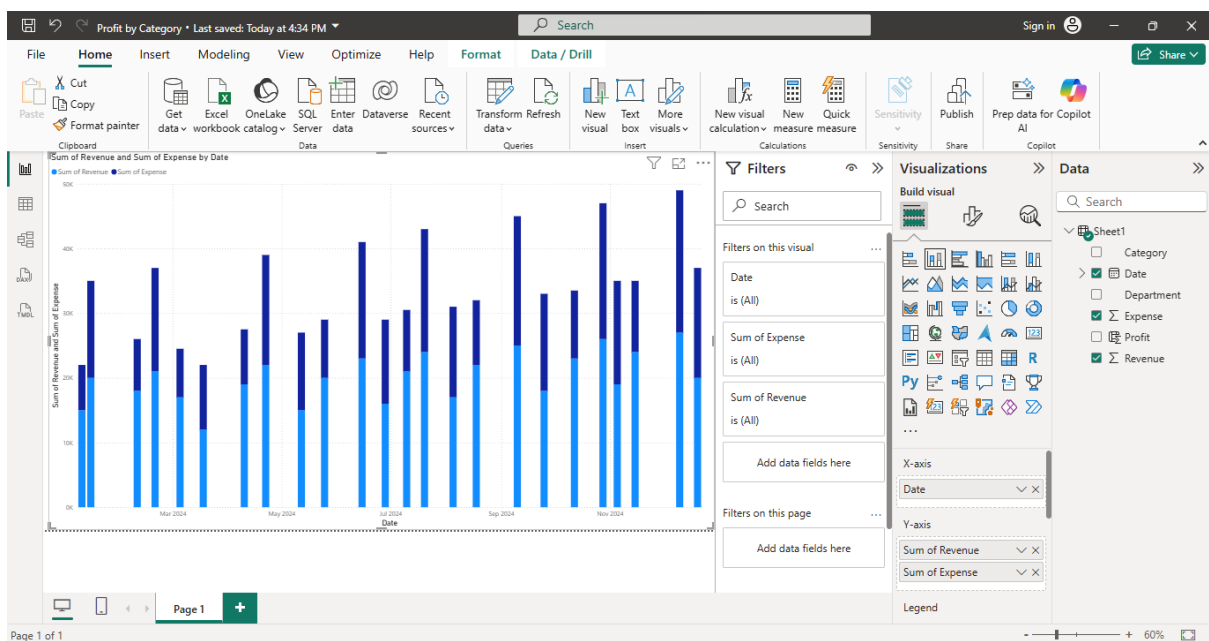
Monthly Revenue Trend



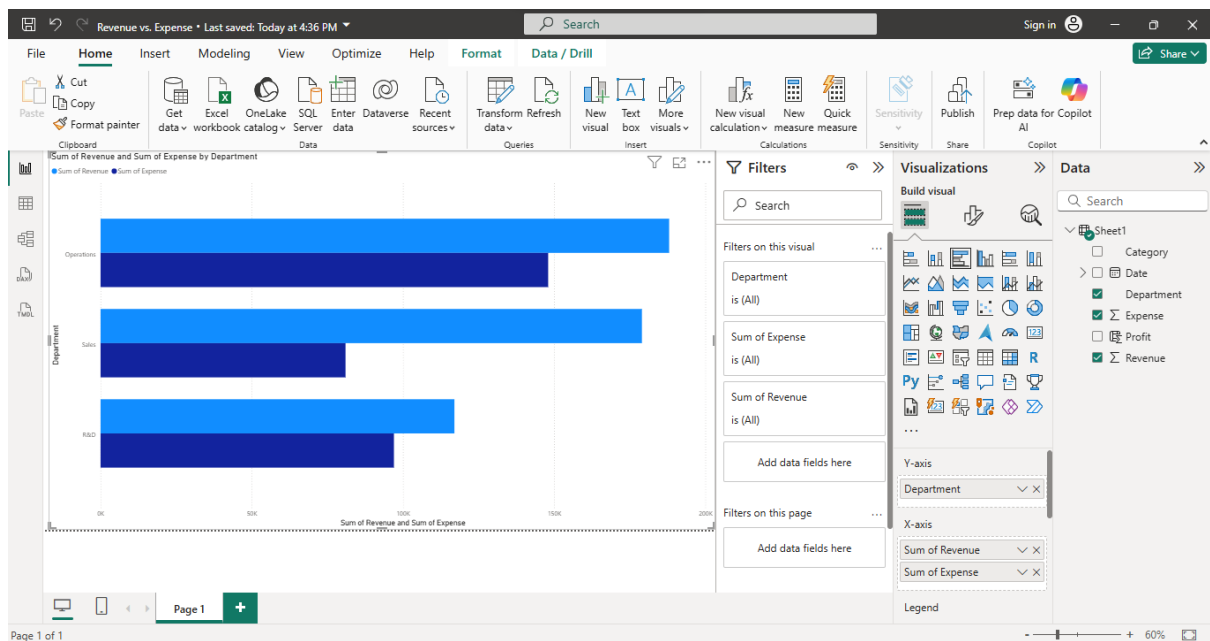
Profit by Category



Revenue vs. Expense

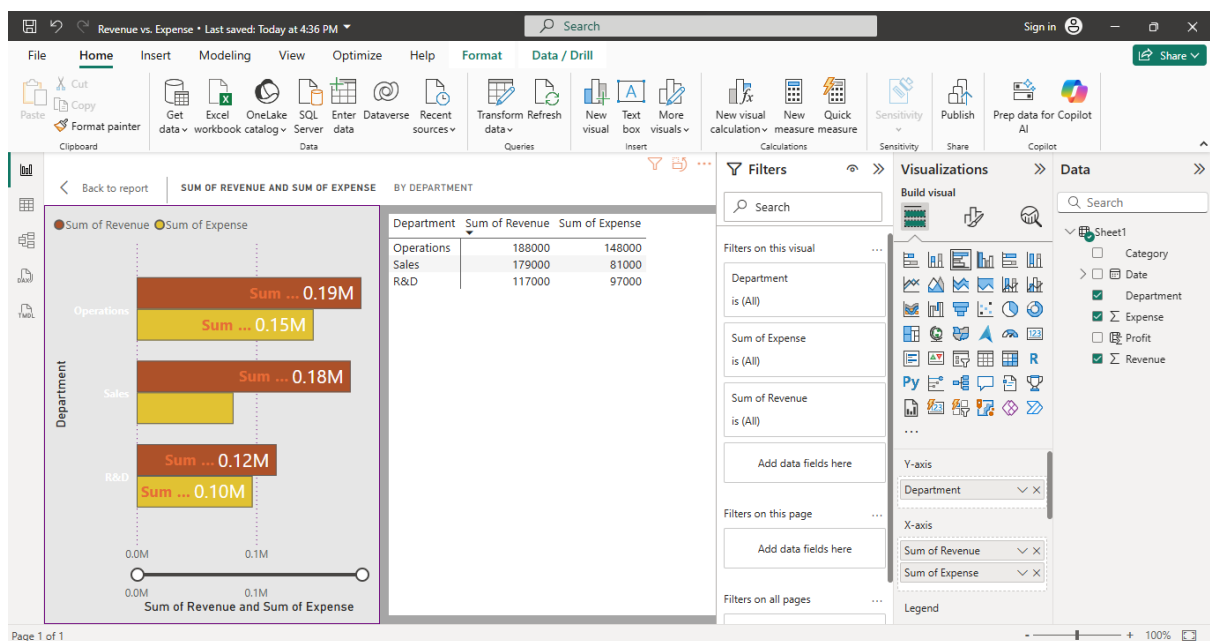


Revenue vs Expense Bar Chart per Department.



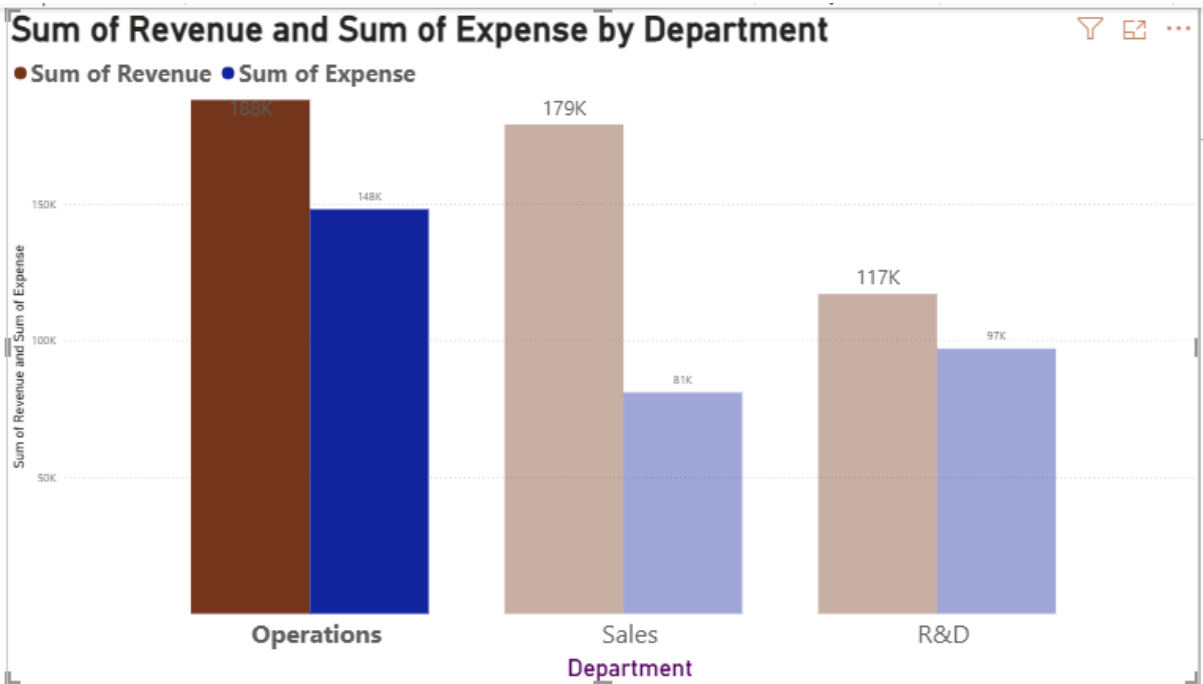
Steps to Add KPI Cards in Power BI

Add a Card visual

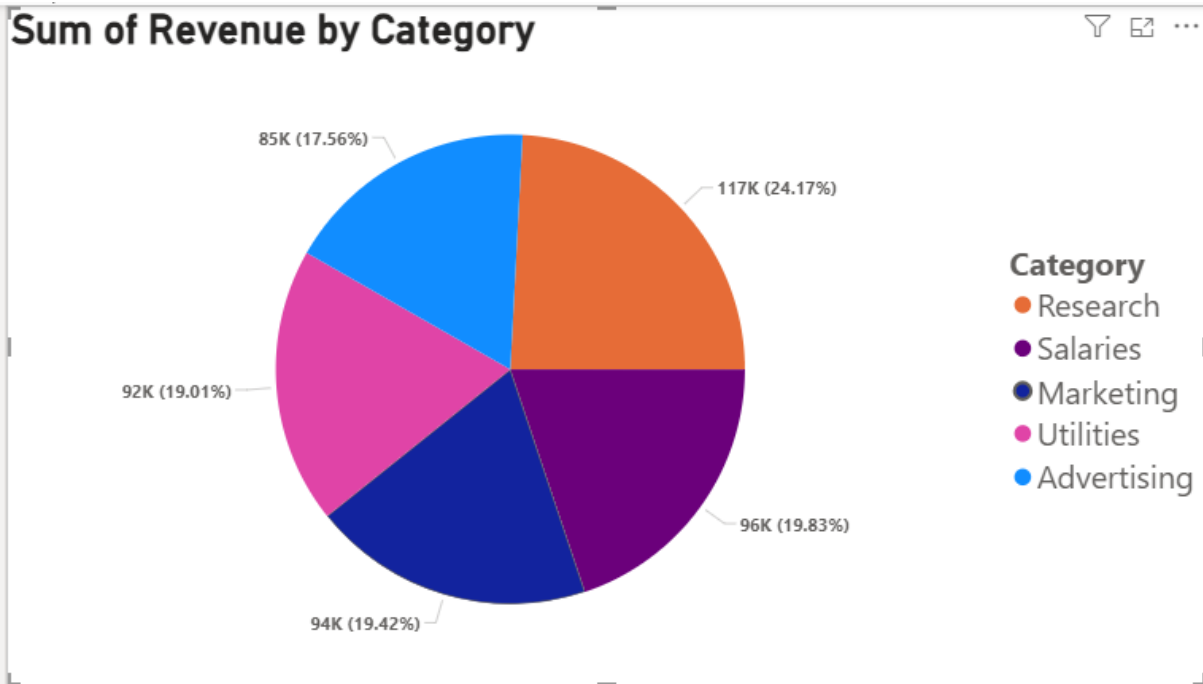


Revenue vs Expense Analysis – 2024 Sections & Visuals

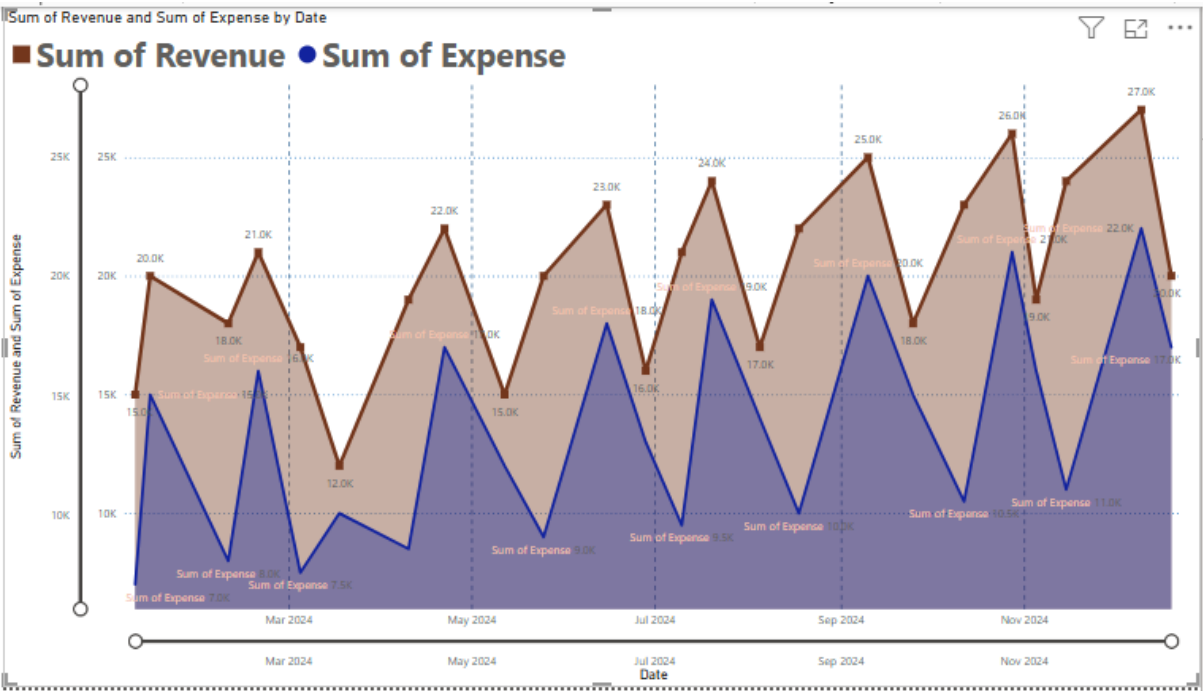
Row 1 — Bar Chart: Department Analysis



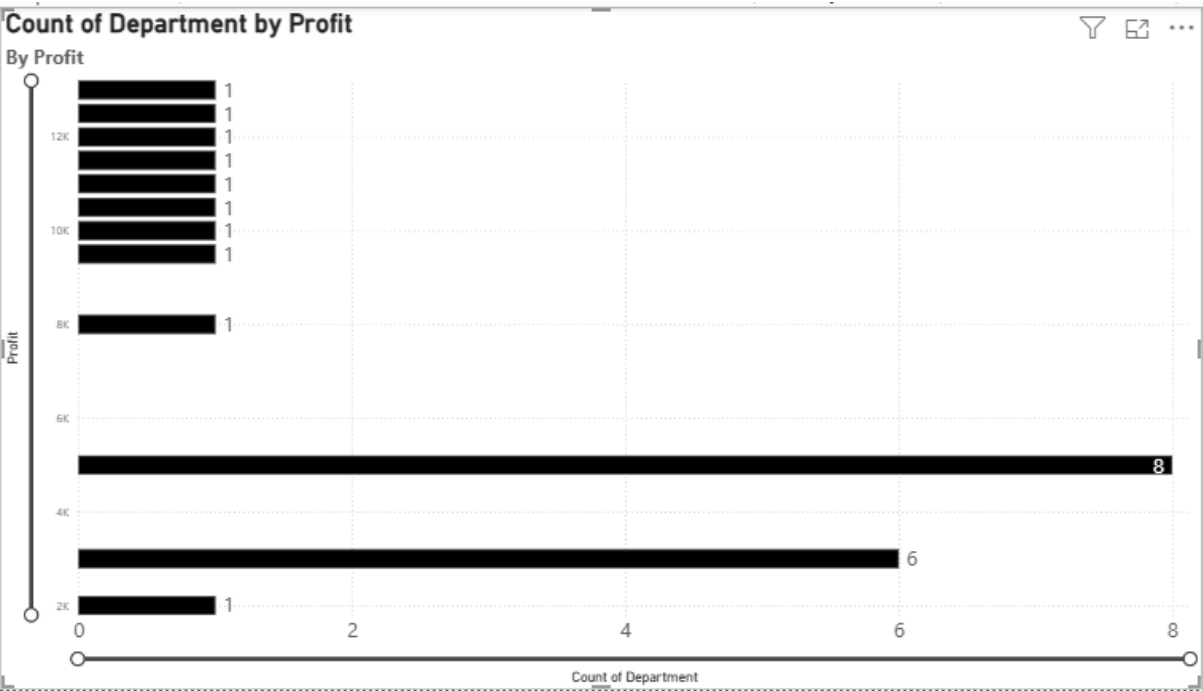
Row 2 — Pie Chart: Category Analysis



Row 3 — Monthly Trend



Row 4 — Profit by Department



DAX Measures

Total Revenue

Total Revenue = SUM(Sheet1[Revenue])

Total Expense

Total Expense = SUM(Sheet1[Expense])

Total Profit

Total Profit = [Total Revenue] - [Total Expense]

Profit Margin (%)

Profit Margin (%) =

DIVIDE([Total Profit], [Total Revenue], 0)

Cumulative Revenue (optional – to show running total over time)

Cumulative Revenue =

CALCULATE(

[Total Revenue],

FILTER(

ALLSELECTED(Sheet1[Date]),

Sheet1[Date] <= MAX(Sheet1[Date])

Revenue per Department

Revenue per Department = [Total Revenue]

Key Metrics:

| Metric | Value |
|---------------|---------|
| Total Revenue | 484,000 |
| Total Expense | 326,000 |
| Total Profit | 158,000 |
| Profit Margin | 32.64% |

Department-wise Performance:

| Department | Revenue | Expense | Profit |
|------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Operations | 188,000 | 148,000 | 40,000 |
| Sales | 179,000 | 81,000 | 98,000 |
| R&D | 117,000 | 97,000 | 20,000 |

- Most Profitable Department: *Sales*
- Highest Revenue: *Operations*
- Highest Expense: *Operations*
- Best Profit Margin: *Sales*

Category-wise Analysis:

| Category | Revenue | Profit |
|-----------|---------|--------|
| Research | 117,000 | 20,000 |
| Salaries | 96,000 | 20,000 |
| Marketing | 94,000 | 51,500 |
| Utilities | 92,000 | 20,000 |

| Category | Revenue | Profit |
|----------|---------|--------|
|----------|---------|--------|

| | | |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| Advertising | 85,000 | 46,500 |
|-------------|--------|--------|

- Top Revenue Category: *Research*
- Top Profit Contributor: *Marketing*
- *Advertising* also shows strong profitability.

Monthly Analysis:

Month Revenue Expense

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Jan | 35,000 | 22,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Feb | 39,000 | 24,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Mar | 29,000 | 17,500 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Apr | 41,000 | 25,500 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| May | 35,000 | 21,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Jun | 39,000 | 31,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Jul | 45,000 | 28,500 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Aug | 39,000 | 24,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Sep | 43,000 | 35,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Oct | 49,000 | 31,500 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Nov | 43,000 | 27,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

| | | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| Dec | 47,000 | 39,000 |
|-----|--------|--------|

- *Highest Revenue Month*: December — 47,000
- *Lowest Expense Month*: March — 17,500
- *Highest Profit Month*: Likely July / October

Insights:

- Sales department leads in profit despite not having the highest revenue.
- Marketing & Advertising provide excellent ROI compared to cost-heavy Research & Operations.
- Expenses tend to peak in June & December — possibly due to seasonal factors.
- Profitability dips slightly in months where expenses rise significantly (e.g., June, December).

Dashboard Features:

- KPI Cards: Total Revenue, Expense, Profit, Margin
- Bar Chart: Revenue & Expenses by Department
- Pie Chart: Revenue & Profit by Category
- Line Chart: Monthly Trends of Revenue & Expense
- Clustered Chart: Profit by Month
- Filters: By Department, Category, Month

Skills Showcased:

- Data Cleaning & Transformation
- DAX Measures: Profit & Margin Calculations
- Data Visualization Best Practices
- Business Insight Generation
- Stakeholder-ready Presentation

Tools & Technologies Used

| Tool / Technology | Purpose / Usage |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Microsoft Power BI | Building the interactive dashboard, creating visualizations, and sharing insights. |
| Microsoft Excel / CSV | Data cleaning, formatting, and initial exploration of raw data before importing to Power BI. |
| DAX (Data Analysis Expressions) | Writing measures and calculated columns for KPIs like Profit, Profit Margin, etc. |
| Power Query (M language) | Data transformation & shaping while loading into Power BI. |
| Data Visualization Techniques | Best practices for creating intuitive and meaningful charts & KPIs. |