WINNING A KAGGLE COMPETITION IN PYTHON



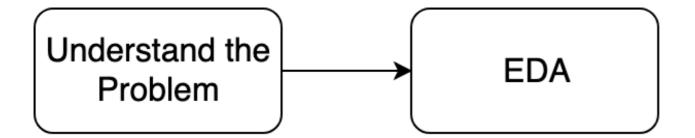
Yauhen Babakhin Kaggle Grandmaster



Understand the Problem

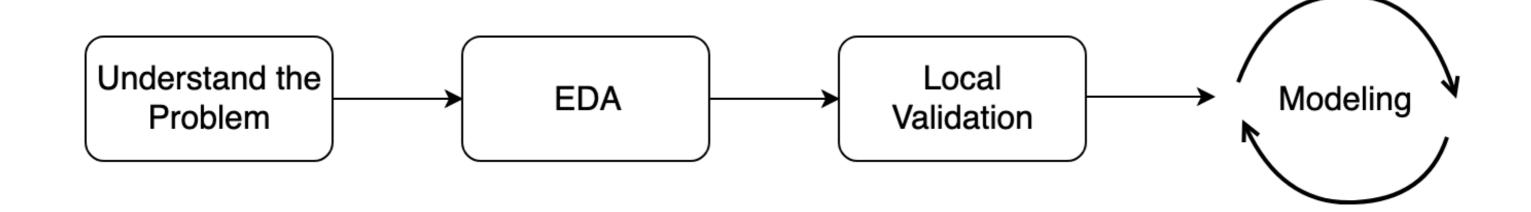
, ,

EDA .



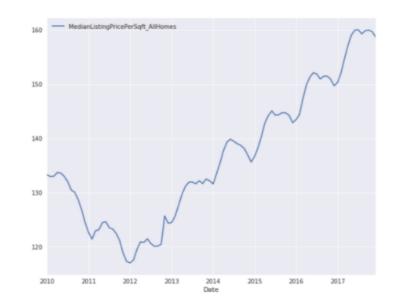




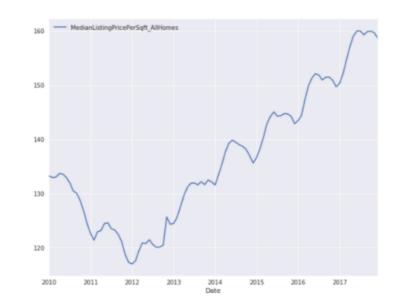


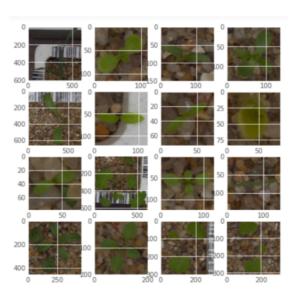
	Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0

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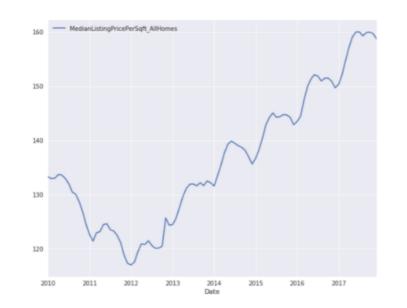


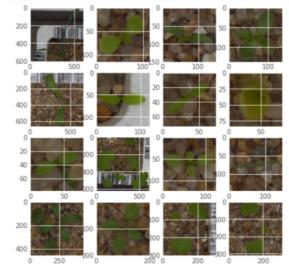
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- Problem type: classification, regression, ranking, etc.
- Evaluation metric: ROC AUC, F1-Score, MAE, MSE, etc.

Metric definition

```
# Some classification and regression metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score, f1_score, mean_squared_error
```

$$RMSLE = \sqrt{rac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}\left(\log(y_i+1) - \log(\hat{y}_i+1)
ight)^2}$$

```
import numpy as np

def rmsle(y_true, y_pred):
    diffs = np.log(y_true + 1) - np.log(y_pred + 1)
    squares = np.power(diffs, 2)
    err = np.sqrt(np.mean(squares))
    return err

DACE
```

RMSE

RMSE: MSE

MSE

RMSE

Let's practice!

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Initial EDA

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Goals of EDA

EDA 가 ㄹ

- Size of the data
- Properties of the target variable
- Properties of the features
- Generate ideas for feature engineering

Two sigma connect: rental listing inquiries

Problem statement

Predict the popularity of an apartment rental listing

target 3

Target variable

interest_level

Problem type

Classification with 3 classes: 'high', 'medium' and 'low'

Metric

Multi-class logarithmic loss



EDA. Part I

```
# Size of the data
twosigma_train = pd.read_csv('twosigma_train.csv')
print('Train shape:', twosigma_train.shape)

twosigma_test = pd.read_csv('twosigma_test.csv')
print('Test shape:', twosigma_test.shape)
```

```
Train shape: (49352, 11)
Test shape: (74659, 10)
```

EDA. Part I

```
tolist 가
                                                  column
                                          value_counts
print(twosigma_train.columns.tolist())
                                                       가
['id', 'bathrooms', 'bedrooms', 'building_id', 'latitude', 'longitude',
'manager_id', 'price', 'interest_level']
twosigma_train.interest_level.value_counts()
low
          34284
medium
          11229
```

high

3839

EDA. Part I

```
# Describe the train data
twosigma_train.describe()
```

	bathrooms	bedrooms	latitude	longitude	price
count	49352.00000	49352.000000	49352.000000	49352.000000	4.935200e+04
mean	1.21218	1.541640	40.741545	-73.955716	3.830174e+03
std	0.50142	1.115018	0.638535	1.177912	2.206687e+04
min	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	-118.271000	4.300000e+01
25%	1.00000	1.000000	40.728300	-73.991700	2.500000e+03
50%	1.00000	1.000000	40.751800	-73.977900	3.150000e+03
75%	1.00000	2.000000	40.774300	-73.954800	4.100000e+03
max	10.00000	8.000000	44.883500	0.000000	4.490000e+06

EDA. Part II

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('ggplot')

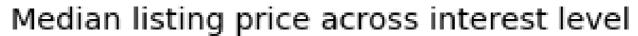
# Find the median price by the interest level
prices = twosigma_train.groupby('interest_level', as_index=False)['price'].median()

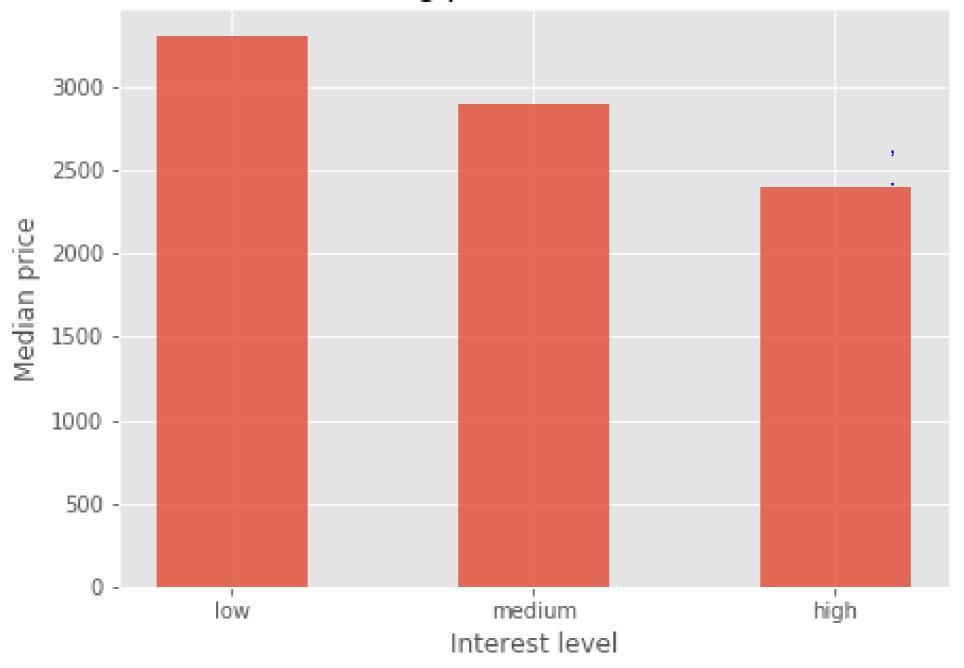
// groupby
(as_index=False interest_level .)
```

EDA. Part II

```
# Draw a barplot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(7, 5))
plt.bar(prices.interest_level, prices.price, width=0.5, alpha=0.8)
# Set titles
plt.xlabel('Interest level')
plt.ylabel('Median price')
plt.title('Median listing price across interest level')
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

bar .





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Local validation

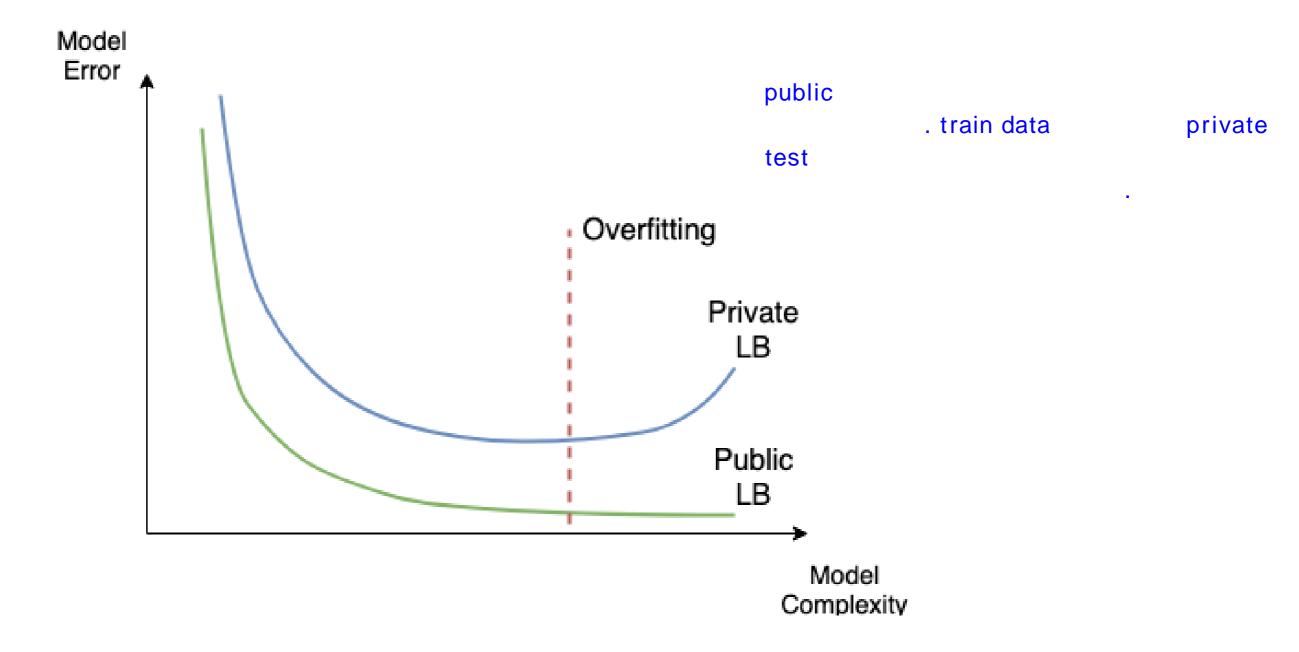
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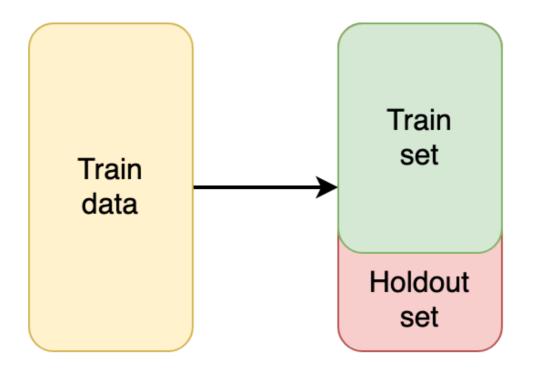


Motivation



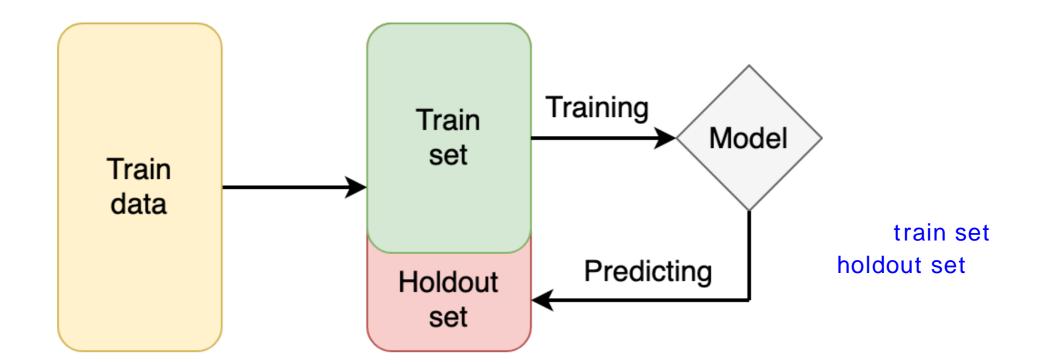


Holdout set

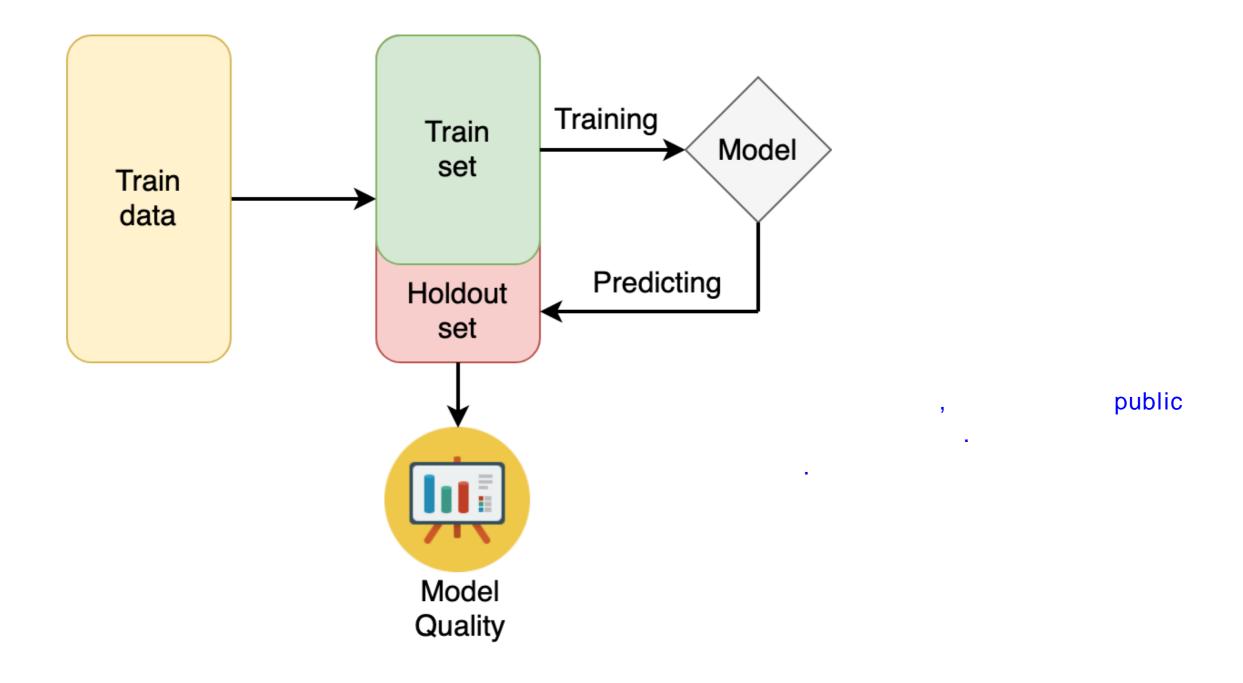


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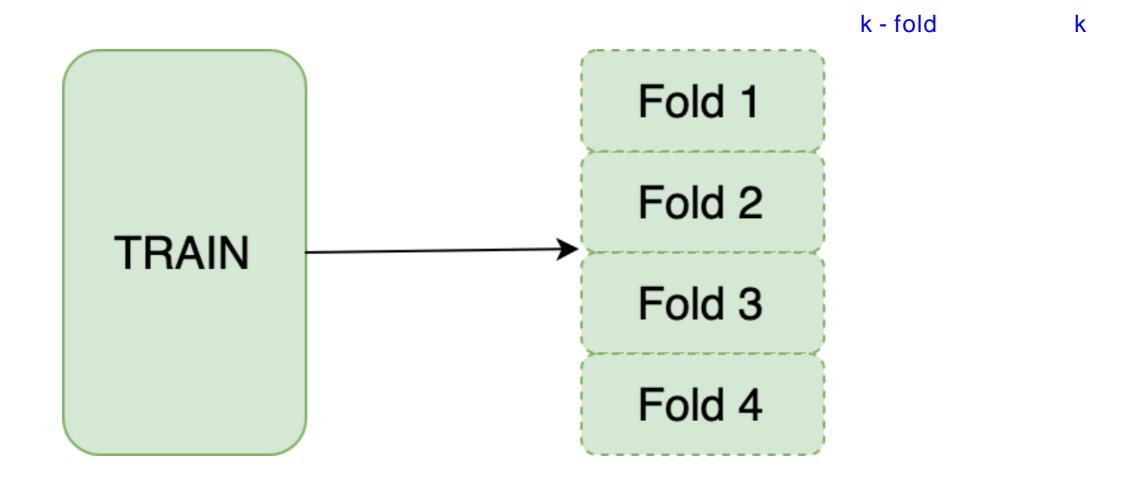
Holdout set



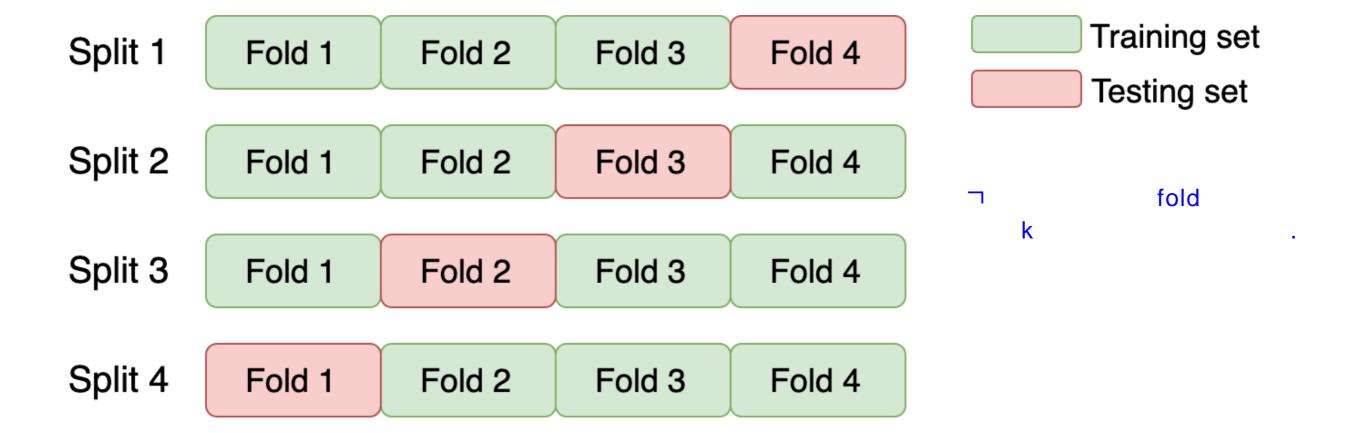
Holdout set



K-fold cross-validation



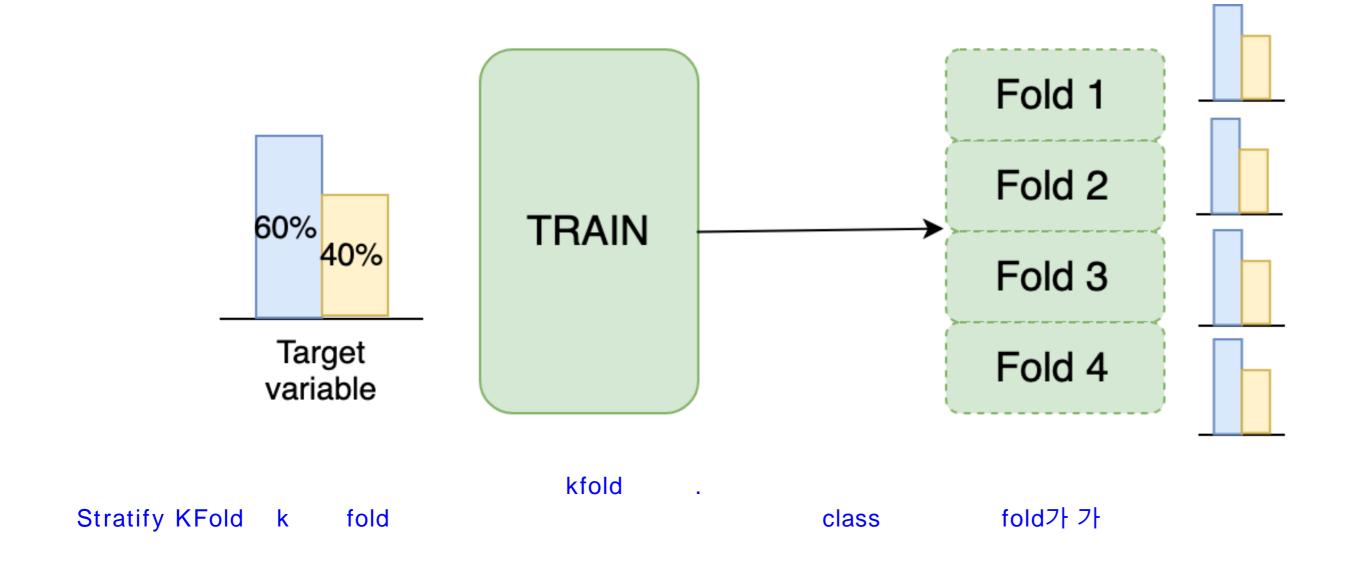
K-fold cross-validation



K-fold cross-validation

```
# Import KFold
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
# Create a KFold object
                                                            KFold
                                                                                 shuffle
kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=123)
                                                            True
                                                                random_state seed
                                                                                        for
# Loop through each cross-validation split
                                                                                    train, test
                                                            set
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(train):
    # Get training and testing data for the corresponding split
    cv_train, cv_test = train.iloc[train_index], train.iloc[test_index]
```

Stratified K-fold



Stratified K-fold

```
# Import StratifiedKFold
from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold
# Create a StratifiedKFold object
str_kf = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=123)
# Loop through each cross-validation split
for train_index, test_index in str_kf.split(train, train['target']):
    cv_train, cv_test = train.iloc[train_index], train.iloc[test_index]
```

K-fold sklearn model_selection . K-fold .

Let's practice!

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Validation usage

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Data leakage

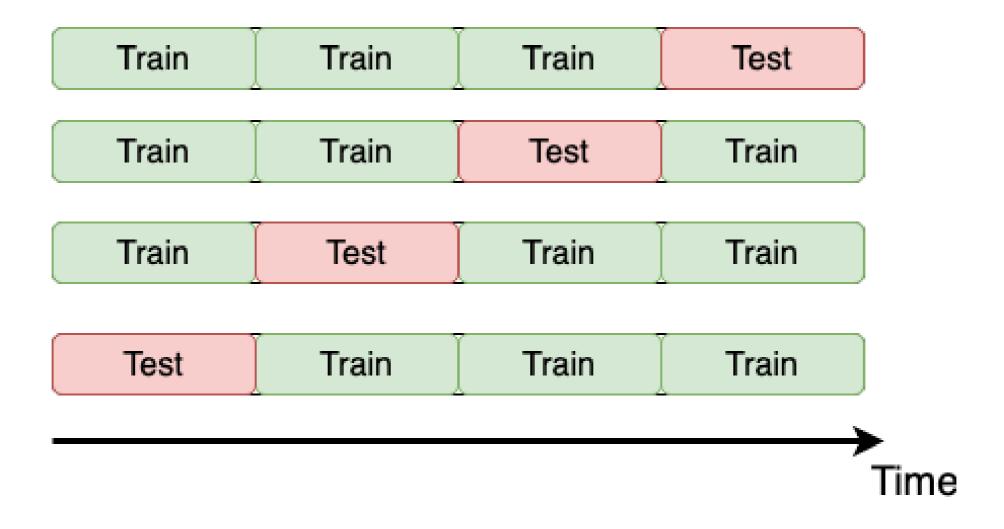


- Leak in features using data that will not be available in the real setting
- Leak in validation strategy validation strategy differs from the real-world situation

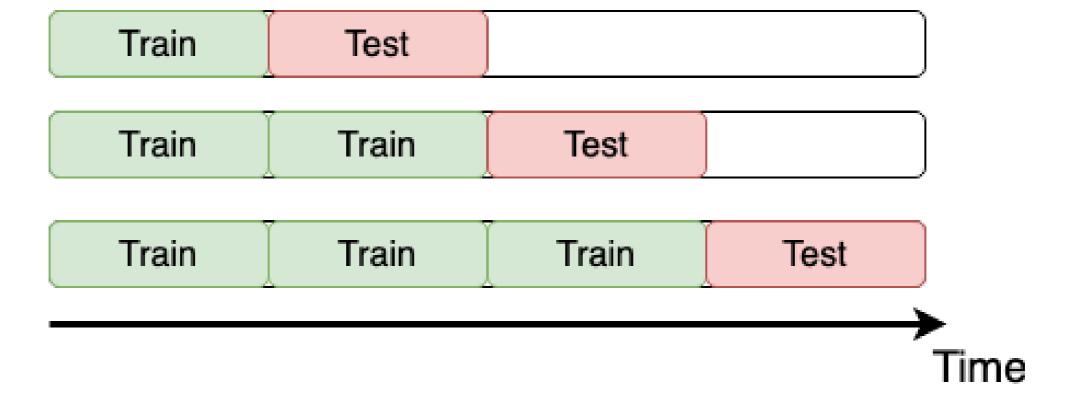
가 , data leakage ,

P datacamp

Time data



Time K-fold cross-validation



Time K-fold cross-validation

```
# Import TimeSeriesSplit
from sklearn.model_selection import TimeSeriesSplit
# Create a TimeSeriesSplit object
                                                         TimeSeriesSplit
time_kfold = TimeSeriesSplit(n_splits=5)
# Sort train by date
train = train.sort_values('date')
# Loop through each cross-validation split
for train_index, test_index in time_kfold.split(train):
    cv_train, cv_test = train.iloc[train_index], train.iloc[test_index]
```

Validation pipeline

```
# List for the results
fold_metrics = []
for train_index, test_index in CV_STRATEGY.split(train):
    cv_train, cv_test = train.iloc[train_index], train.iloc[test_index]
    # Train a model
    model.fit(cv_train)
    # Make predictions
    predictions = model.predict(cv_test)
    # Calculate the metric
    metric = evaluate(cv_test, predictions)
    fold_metrics.append(metric)
```

Model comparison

Fold number	Model A MSE	Model B MSE
Fold 1	2.95	2.97
Fold 2	2.84	2.45
Fold 3	2.62	2.73
Fold 4	2.79	2.83



Overall validation score

```
fold
import numpy as np
# Simple mean over the folds
mean_score = np.mean(fold_metrics)
# Overall validation score
overall_score_minimizing = np.mean(fold_metrics) + np.std(fold_metrics)
# Or
overall_score_maximizing = np.mean(fold_metrics) - np.std(fold_metrics)
```

Model comparison

Fold number	Model A MSE	Model B MSE
Fold 1	2.95	2.97
Fold 2	2.84	2.45
Fold 3	2.62	2.73
Fold 4	2.79	2.83
Mean	2.80	2.75
Overall	2.919	2.935

fold model B 가 A가

Let's practice!

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